

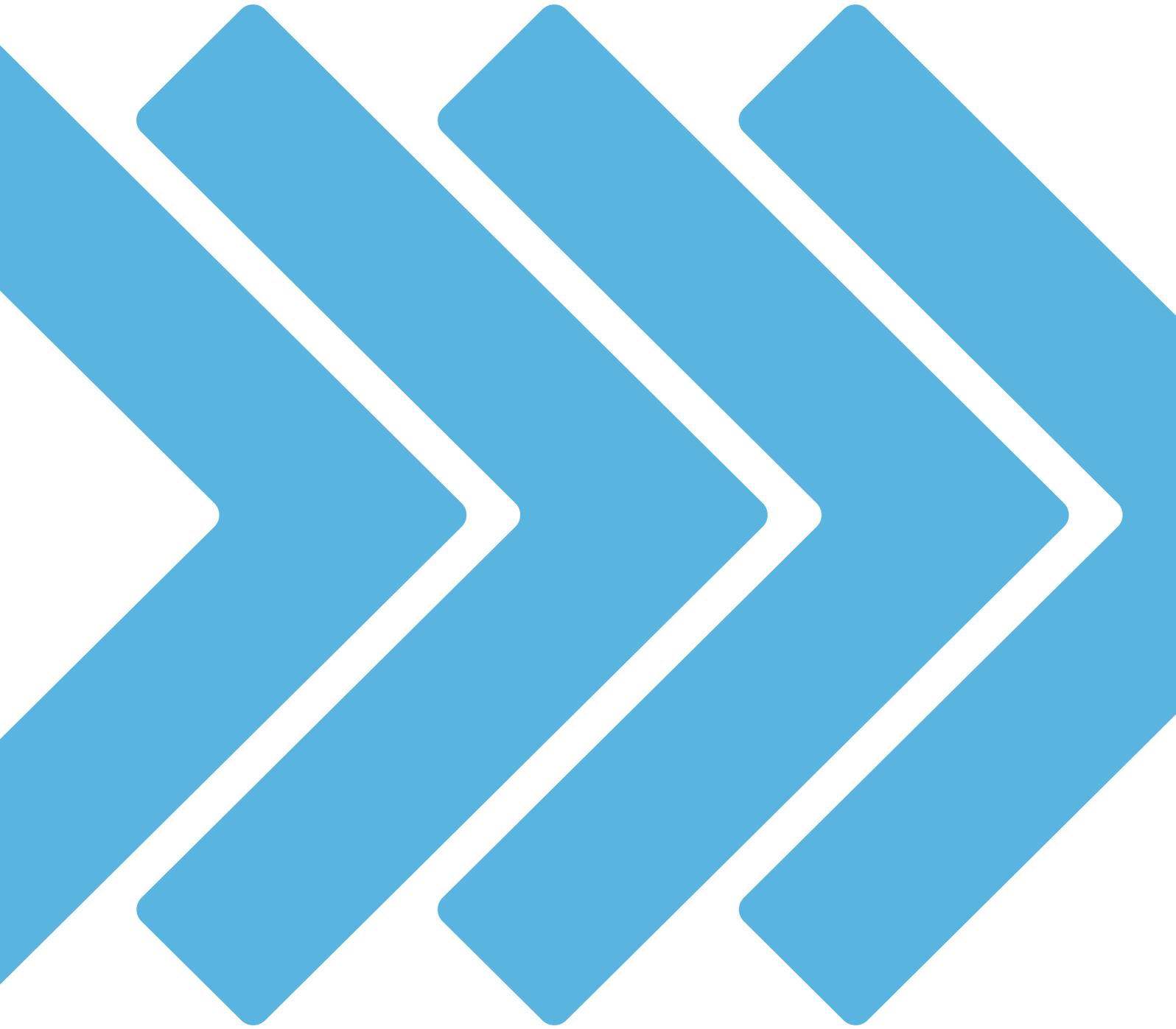
2023 UNIVERSAL REGISTRATION DOCUMENT

Including the Annual Financial Report



Savannah
Living with fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva
Texas, U.S.A.





2023 UNIVERSAL REGISTRATION DOCUMENT

including the Annual Financial Report

This is a translation into English of the universal registration document of the Company issued in French and it is available on the website of the Issuer.



This Universal Registration Document was filed on 17 April 2024, with the French Financial Markets' Authority (AMF), as the competent authority under (EU) Regulation 2017/1129, without prior approval as allowed by Article 9 of the Regulation.

The Universal Registration Document may be used as a prospectus for a public offer of financial instruments or the admission of financial instruments for trading on a regulated market, provided that it is accompanied by an information memorandum (or listing particulars) and, if necessary, summary and detailed descriptions of all the amendments made to the Universal Registration Document. In this case, the prospectus comprising the Universal Registration Document and the information memorandum or listing particulars is submitted to the AMF for approval in accordance with (EU) Regulation 2017/1129.

This is a translation into English of the (universal) registration document of the Company issued in French and it is available on the website of the Issuer (cf. article 3 of AMF instruction DOC-2019-21).

Incorporation by reference:

Pursuant to Article 19 of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of the European Parliament and of Council of 14 June 2017, the following financial information are included by reference: (i) historical consolidated financial statement for 2022 fiscal year (including the auditors' reports) and management report for the financial year presented in the universal registration document registered by *Autorité des marchés financiers* on 6 April 2023 under number D.23-0249, and (ii) historical consolidated financial statement for 2021 fiscal year (including the auditors' reports) and management report for the financial year presented in the universal registration document registered by *Autorité des marchés financiers* on 12 April 2022 under number D.22-0283.

SUMMARY

GENERAL COMMENTS	5	3.2 Consolidated financial statements 2023 RFA	79
INTRODUCTION: KEY FIGURES RFA	6	3.2.1 Consolidated income statement	79
1 PRESENTATION OF IPSEN AND ITS ACTIVITY	8	3.2.2 Consolidated balance sheet	81
1.1 Group's overview and strategy	10	3.2.3 Consolidated statement of cash flow	82
1.1.1 History and Development of the Company	10	3.2.4 Statement of change in consolidated shareholders' equity	83
1.1.2 Group's Strategy	13	3.2.5 Notes RFA	85
1.2 Group's activity and corporate structure	16	3.2.6 Statutory Auditors' Report on the consolidated financial statements RFA	129
1.2.1 Group's Products	16	3.3 2023 Statutory financial statements RFA	136
1.2.2 Major Contracts	24	3.3.1 Balance Sheet	136
1.2.3 Research and Development	28	3.3.2 Income statement at 31 December 2023	138
1.2.4 Intellectual Property	34	3.3.3 Cash-flow statement at 31 December 2023	139
1.2.5 Main Markets	38	3.3.4 Notes to the annual financial statements	140
1.2.6 Regulation	39	3.3.5 Statutory Auditors' Report on the annual financial statements RFA	152
1.2.7 Group's legal structure	39	3.4 Informations relating to the business of Ipsen S.A.	157
2 RISK AND CONTROL	42	3.4.1 Significant events during the year	157
2.1 Risk governance RFA	44	3.4.2 Business	157
2.1.1 General framework	44	3.4.3 Cash Flow Statement	158
2.1.2 Scope	44	3.4.4 Subsequent events	158
2.1.3 Objectives	44	3.4.5 Business trends and outlook	158
2.1.4 Risk management and internal control players	45	3.4.6 Subsidiaries and affiliates	158
2.1.5 External Audit	50	3.4.7 Accounting principles and methods	158
2.2 Risk factors RFA	51	3.4.8 Payment due dates	159
2.2.1 Introduction	51	3.4.9 Sumptuary spending	159
2.2.2 The Group's major risks	52	3.4.10 Dividend payout	159
3 FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY	60	3.4.11 Company earnings and other financial highlights over the past five years	160
3.1 Management report for the financial year RFA	62	4 COMPANY SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY	162
3.1.1 Significant events during the year RFA	62	4.1 Ipsen's Company social responsibility (CSR) vision and strategy	164
3.1.2 Analysis of results RFA	66	4.1.1 Presentation and governance of Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility strategy	164
3.1.3 Net cash flow and financing RFA	70	4.1.2 The Group's key CSR risks and opportunities	170
3.1.4 Appendices	72	4.2 Improving patients' lives by offering innovative and safe medicines	172
3.1.5 Subsequent events	77	4.2.1 Bringing high quality products to patients	172
3.1.6 Group outlook	78	4.2.2 Ensuring product and patient safety	173
3.1.7 Subsequent events following the Accounts Settlement Date of 31 December 2023	78	4.2.3 Ensuring supply continuity	177
		4.2.4 Fighting counterfeit products	177
		4.2.5 Promoting products responsibly	179
		4.2.6 Expanding access to health	180

4.3	Enhancing integrity to maintain our stakeholders' trust	186	5.3	Executive management	289
4.3.1	Protecting personal data	186	5.3.1	Organization and modus operandi of the Executive Management	289
4.3.2	Fighting corruption	188	5.3.2	Executive Management	289
4.3.3	Avoiding conflict of interest	192	5.4	Compensation of Corporate Officers	291
4.3.4	Promoting and defending Human Rights	193	5.4.1	Compensation policy of Corporate Officers	291
4.4	Driving our employees' excellence and engagement	195	5.4.2	Compensation of Corporate Officers (Article L.22-10-34 I of the French Commercial Code)	301
4.4.1	Anticipating workforce-related needs	195	5.4.3	Comparative table of compensation of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer with respect to other employees compensation and Company performance	315
4.4.2	Attracting the best talents	196	5.4.4	Compensation paid or awarded in 2023 (Article L.22-10-34 II of the French Commercial Code)	316
4.4.3	Enhancing employees' engagement	197	5.5	Auditors' special report on regulated agreements	318
4.4.4	Providing a healthy and safe workplace	205	5.6	Share capital and shareholding	319
4.5	Caring for the planet	207	5.6.1	Share capital	319
4.5.1	Leading action on climate	207	5.6.2	Shareholding	324
4.5.2	Responsible consumption and production	212	5.6.3	Main provisions of the Articles of Association	331
4.5.3	Protecting the environment and healthy ecosystems	213	<hr/>		
4.6	Annex I: scope of risks covered	218	6	ANNEXES	334
4.7	Annex II: correspondence table with GRI standards	219	6.1	Persons responsible	336
4.8	Annex III: summary of our CSR key performance indicators (KPIs)	222	6.1.1	Person responsible for the universal registration document RFA	336
4.9	Annex IV: complying with the European taxonomy	225	6.1.2	Attestation by the person responsible for the universal registration document including the Annual Financial Report	336
4.9.1	Taxonomy Eligible / Aligned Turnover	228	6.1.3	Persons responsible for financial information	336
4.9.2	Taxonomy Eligible / Aligned Capex	229	6.1.4	Persons responsible for account audit and fees	336
4.9.3	Taxonomy Eligible / Aligned Opex	230	6.2	Third party information, statements by experts and declarations of interests	337
4.10	Annex V: reporting methodology	231	6.3	Consultation of legal documents	337
4.11	Annex VI: audit report and reasonable assurance report - FY 2023	235	6.4	Cross-reference tables	337
<hr/>			6.4.1	Cross-reference table for the Universal registration document	338
5	CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND LEGAL INFORMATION	246	6.4.2	Annual Financial Report cross-reference table	341
5.1	Framework for the implementation of Corporate Governance principles	248	6.4.3	Cross-reference table of the Management Report, of the Corporate Governance Report and of the non-financial performance statement RFA	341
5.1.1	The AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code as a reference code	248	6.4.4	Cross-reference table for the filing of the financial statements	344
5.1.2	Summary table of the AFEP-MEDEF Code recommendations which have not been applied	248	6.5	Glossary	345
5.1.3	Ethics of the Board of Directors and Executive Management	249			
5.2	Governance structure	252			
5.2.1	Guiding principles	252			
5.2.2	The Board of Directors	256			

This universal registration document (chapters 1 to 6) has been established in accordance with the Appendix 1 of the European Commission Regulation n° 809/2004 dated April 29, 2004.

[This page is intentionally left blank]

GENERAL COMMENTS

In this universal registration document, unless stated otherwise, the terms “Company” and “Ipsen” refer to Ipsen S.A. and the term “Group” refers to Ipsen and its subsidiaries and shareholdings.

This universal registration document contains forward-looking statements about the Group’s targets and forecasts, especially in section 3.1.6. Such statements may in certain cases be identified by the use of the future or conditional tense or by forward-looking words including but not limited to “believes”, “targets”, “anticipates”, “intends”, “should”, “aims”, “estimates”, “considers”, “wishes” and “may”. These statements are based on data, assumptions and estimates that the Company considers to be reasonable. They are subject to change or adjustment owing to uncertainties arising from the vagaries inherent in all research and development activities, as well as in the economic, financial, competitive, regulatory and climatic environment. In addition, the Group’s business activities and its ability to meet its targets and forecasts may be affected if certain risk factors described in section 2.2 – “Risk Factors” of this universal registration document arise. In addition, attainment of the targets and forecasts implies the success of the strategy presented in section 1.1.2 – “Group Strategy” of this universal registration document.

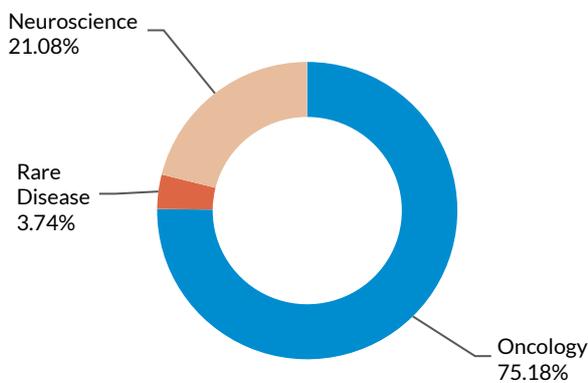
The Company makes no undertaking and gives no guarantee as to the attainment of the targets and forecasts shown in this universal registration document.

Investors are urged to pay careful attention to the risk factors described in the second chapter of this universal registration document before making their investment decision. One or more of these risks may have an adverse effect on the Group’s activities, condition, results of operations or on its targets and forecasts. Furthermore, other risks not yet identified or considered as significant by the Group could have the same adverse effects.

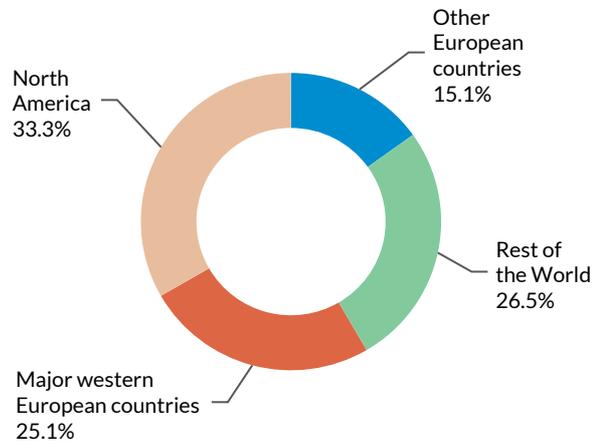
This universal registration document also contains details of the markets in which the Group operates. This information is notably taken from research produced by external organizations. Given the very rapid pace of change in the pharmaceutical sector in France and the Rest of the World, this information may prove to be erroneous or out of date.

Forward-looking statements, targets and forecasts shown in this universal registration document may be affected by risks, either known or unknown, uncertainties or other factors that may lead to the Group’s future results of operations, performance and achievements differing significantly from the stated or implied targets and forecasts. These factors may include changes in economic or trading conditions and regulations, as well as the factors set forth in section 2.2 – “Risk factors” of this universal registration document.

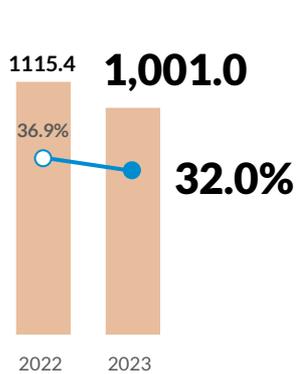
INTRODUCTION: KEY FIGURES



2023 Total sales by therapeutic area



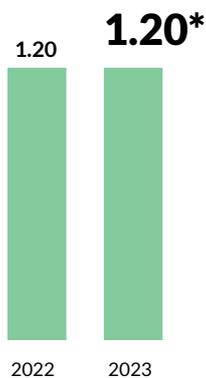
2023 Total sales by geographic area



Core operating income (in million euros) and core operating margin (as a % of sales)

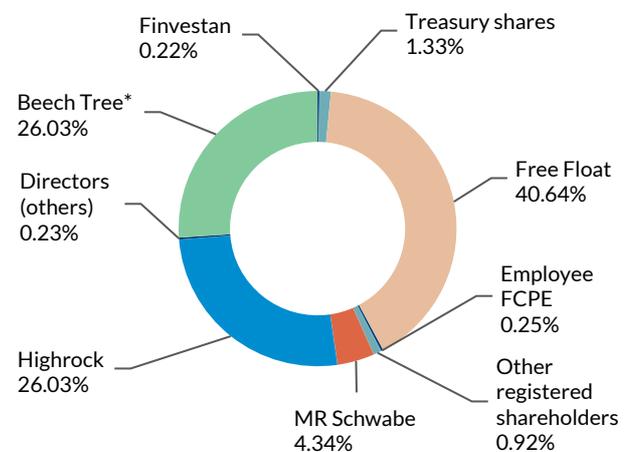


Core consolidated net profit (in million euros)



Dividend per share paid for the financial year (in euros)

* Proposed by the Ipsen S.A. Board of Directors, for vote at the next Annual Shareholders' Meeting.



Ownership of the Company's share capital at 31 December 2023 - Rounded percentage

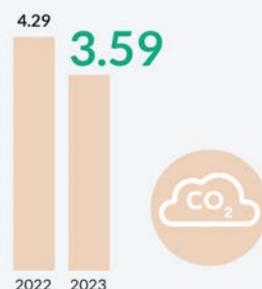
* Directly and indirectly through its subsidiary MR BMH.

KPI 1 - % of Women within the Global Leadership team



KPI 2 - GHG Emissions

GHG Scopes 1 & 2 Emissions Normalized to Revenue (tCO₂e/Million€) Market-based



We have reduced our TCO₂e by 16% year on year, driven by increased renewable electricity, utilities improvement projects and increase electrical vehicles in our fleet.

Key CSR performance indicators

Share price performance on the stock exchange

Shares in Ipsen S.A. have been traded on the Eurolist by Euronext™ market (Compartment A) since 7 December 2005, when the Initial Public Offering price was €22.20 per share.

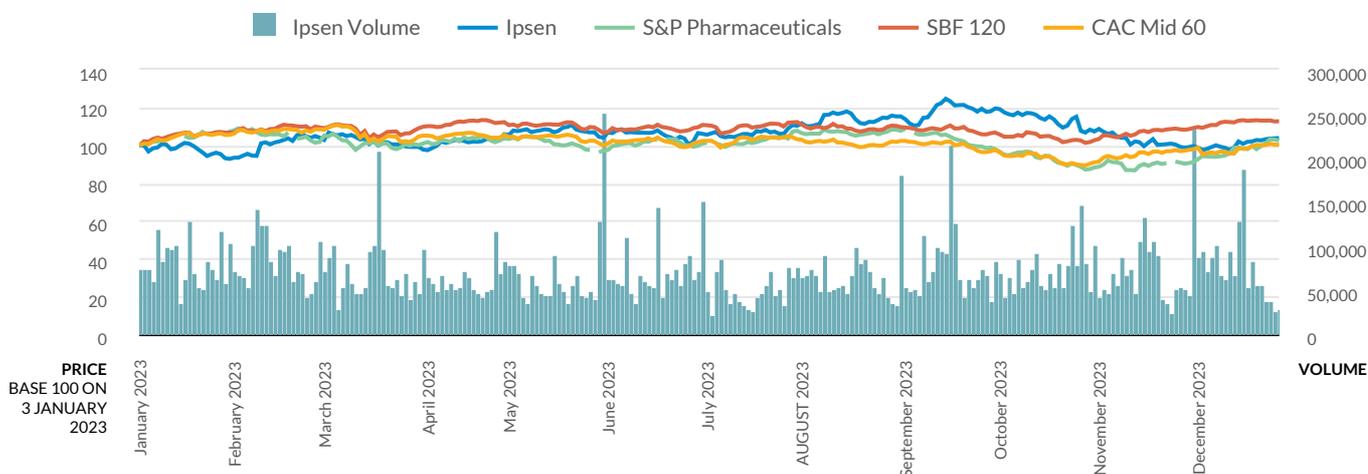
Ipsen shares joined the Deferred Settlement System on 28 March 2007 and joined the SBF 120 index on 24 December 2007.

Ipsen has implemented a Sponsored Level I American Depositary Receipt (ADR) program and trades on the over-the-counter market in the United States under the symbol IPSEY.

Share information		2023 trading data	
ISIN Code	FR0010259150	Average share price	€110.17
Euronext Code	IPN.PA	Highest price (15/09/2023)	€130.70
ADR Code	IPSEY	Lowest price (31/01/2023)	€94.85
SRD / PEA Eligibility	Yes / Yes	Stock market capitalization ⁽¹⁾	€9,043.59M
Total Shares ⁽¹⁾	83.8M	Average daily volume	71,744

⁽¹⁾ As of 31 December 2023.

Comparison between Ipsen's share price performance and the principal stock market indicators between 3 January 2023 and 29 December 2023 (source: Onvista)



1

PRESENTATION OF IPSEN AND ITS ACTIVITY



Sylvie
Laboratory technician
Signes, France

1.1 Group's overview and strategy	10
1.1.1 History and Development of the Company	10
1.1.2 Group's Strategy	13

1.2 Group's activity and corporate structure	16
1.2.1 Group's Products	16
1.2.2 Major Contracts	24
1.2.3 Research and Development	28
1.2.4 Intellectual Property	34
1.2.5 Main Markets	38
1.2.6 Regulation	39
1.2.7 Group's legal structure	39

1.1 Group's overview and strategy

1.1.1 History and Development of the Company

1.1.1.1 Legal Entity Overview

Registered name

Ipsen

Registered office

65 quai Georges Gorse, 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt, France

Telephone number

+33 (0)1 58 33 50 00

Legal Form and applicable laws

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated under French law with a Board of Directors governed by the provisions of Book II of the French Commercial Code.

Registration details

The Company is registered in the Trade and Companies Registry in Nanterre under registration number 419 838 529.

Its Legal Entity Identifier number is 549300M6SGDPB4Z94P11.

Date of incorporation and term

The Company was incorporated on 28 July 1998, for a fixed period, except in the case of early dissolution or extension, of ninety-nine years from its registration in the Trade and Companies Registry, or until 18 August 2097.

1.1.1.2 Group Overview

Ipsen is a global biopharmaceutical group focused on innovation and Specialty Care.

The Group develops and commercializes innovative medicines in three key therapeutic areas - Oncology, Rare Disease and Neuroscience. With total sales of €3,127.50 million in 2022, Ipsen sells more than 28 drugs in 112 countries, with a direct commercial presence in more than 35 countries.

Ipsen has built its strength in Specialty Care through a robust portfolio of medicines with leading international research hubs and solid long-term partnerships.

The Group focuses on:

- Oncology (75.18% of total sales), with Somatuline[®] (lanreotide), a best-in-class somatostatin analog for the treatment of neuroendocrine tumors and acromegaly; Cabometyx[®] (cabozantinib), the first and only tyrosine kinase inhibitor demonstrating overall survival benefit in combination in first-line as well as in monotherapy in second-line renal cell carcinoma, and also a tyrosine kinase inhibitor with proven, significant overall survival in a second-line advanced hepatocellular carcinoma population; Onivyde[®] (irinotecan liposome injection), part of a differentiated regimen addressing a high unmet medical need in pancreatic cancer; and Decapeptyl[®] (triptorelin), an established and growing medicine

in Europe and China notably for the treatment of advanced metastatic prostate cancer; Tazverik[®] (tazemetostat) a first-in-class, chemotherapy-free EZH2a inhibitor, which was granted Accelerated Approval by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in 2020. It is currently indicated for adults with relapsed or refractory follicular lymphoma.

- Rare Diseases (3.74% of total Ipsen sales) with Bylvay[®] (odevixibat), the main active ingredient in Albireo, acquired in March 2023, and the first drug approved for the treatment of progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC), NutropinAq[®] (somatropin), a liquid formulation of recombinant human growth hormone, and Increlex[®] (mecasermin), a recombinant human insulin-like growth factor (IGF-1). U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approval of treatment for patients with fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva, an ultra-rare bone disease, with Sohonos[®] (palovarotene) in August 2023.
- Neuroscience (21.08% of total sales) with the key neurotoxin medicine Dysport[®] (botulinum toxin type A) for the treatment of therapeutic and aesthetic indications.

1.1.1.3 History and Development of the Company

The Group was founded in 1929 when Doctor Henri Beaufour created Laboratoires Beaufour in Dreux for the launch of Romarène[®], a naturally-occurring product derived from rosemary for the treatment of digestive disorders. The 1970s were marked by a period of expansion for the Group's activities in organic products during which Ipsen launched Tanakan and Smecta, which are no longer part of the Group's products portfolio today.

During the 1970s, the Group focused its activities on engineering peptide products and set up Biomeasure (now known as Ipsen Bioscience, Inc.), which became the Group's peptide product research facility based close to universities around Boston. Through Biomeasure, the Group established and fostered strong relationships with several American universities. These partnerships led to the marketing of Decapeptyl, which was launched in 1986 and fueled the Group's international expansion.

In the late 1980s and early 1990s, the Group continued its international expansion by setting up subsidiaries and offices outside of France and acquiring foreign companies.

In 1994, the Group acquired the UK-based company Speywood (known at the time as Porton International), which was responsible for developing Dysport and in 1995, the Group launched its second sustained-release peptide, Somatuline in France.

The Group went public in December 2005 on the Eurolist market of Euronext™ in order to accelerate and support its growth in Specialty Care and to enter the world's largest pharmaceutical market in the United States.

From 2010 onwards, the Group increased its focus and investment in its toxin research platform. The Group's active policy of building partnerships to create value through the licensing of products that arise from its research but are not deemed to be part of its core business (see part 1.2.2 "Major Contracts").

More recently, the Group completed important transactions to accelerate its evolution toward becoming a leading global biopharmaceutical company:

In 2016, the Group acquired the exclusive commercialization rights for Cabometyx, including future indications outside of the United States and Japan from Exelixis.

In early 2017, the Group acquired Onivyde, the oncology asset from Merrimack Pharmaceuticals.

In 2019, the Group acquired Clementia Pharmaceuticals including its key late-stage clinical asset palovarotene, an investigational retinoic acid receptor gamma (RAR γ) selective agonist, for the treatment of ultra-rare and debilitating bone diseases, including fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP).

In 2019, Ipsen expanded its Rare Disease portfolio by signing an exclusive global license agreement with Blueprint Medicines to develop and commercialize fidrisertib, formerly known as IPN60130, a highly selective investigational ALK2 inhibitor, for the treatment of FOP and potential other indications.

In 2021, seven transactions were completed across Ipsen's three therapeutic areas:

- Oncology: Accent Therapeutics, BAKX Therapeutics, Queen's University, Belfast,
- Rare Disease: Genfit,
- Neuroscience: Irlab, Exicure, and BCH/UOS.

In July 2022, Ipsen announced the closing of its agreement to divest its Consumer HealthCare business to Mayoly Spindler, with which it had entered into exclusive negotiations in February 2022. The Company also completed two transactions in Oncology during the year:

- In August 2022, Ipsen acquired Epizyme's lead medicine, Tazverik®, a first-in-class, chemotherapy-free EZH2a inhibitor, which was granted Accelerated Approval by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in 2020.
- In August 2022, Ipsen and Marengo Therapeutics, Inc. announced a strategic partnership to advance two of Marengo's preclinical STAR platform-generated candidates into the clinic.

Finally, in March 2023, Ipsen completed the acquisition of Albireo, expanding the scope of its Rare Disease portfolio. Albireo is a leading innovator in bile-acid modulators to treat rare liver conditions.

This acquisition enriched Ipsen's Rare Disease portfolio, with promising therapeutics for pediatric and adult rare cholestatic-liver diseases, a portfolio of innovative products with real scientific and commercial potential, under development.

The lead medicine, Bylvay, is a potent once-daily ileal bile acid transport inhibitor (IBATI) that received regulatory approvals in 2021 in the U.S. for the treatment of pruritus in patients three months of age and older with progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) and in the E.U. for the treatment of PFIC in patients aged six months or older. The second indication for pediatric and adult Alagille syndrome (ALGS) has been approved by the U.S. FDA in June 2023.

Strong Foundation

Ipsen is built on a strong foundation with a 100-year heritage of family ownership, a solid and diversified portfolio with a fast-growing and dynamic Specialty Care business and with significant competitive advantages:

- *proven financial strength* through a significant and recurring cash flow and strong balance sheet;
- *a global footprint in 112 countries*, with over 50% of total sales generated outside Europe. Ipsen entered the U.S. market in 2008, and North America represents the large region by total sales. The Group also benefits from an important historical presence in markets such as China and Russia;
- *proven expertise in cutting-edge technologies*, such as toxin engineering and advanced drug delivery systems, which can be employed together at an early stage of development;
- *the geographic proximity of its research, development and innovation teams* based in the United States (Cambridge, MA) and in Europe (Oxford, United Kingdom – Paris Saclay, France – Shanghai, China) to highly-regarded university research centers which enable the Group to benefit from available scientific expertise and to hire highly-qualified personnel;
- *a recognized ability to secure and manage large-scale partnerships* with the world's leading and innovative pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies such as Debiopharm, Exelixis, TerSera, Servier, Teijin and Galderma;
- *an effective management team* with significant experience in the pharmaceutical industry.

1.1.1.4 Group's Main Medicines

The following table presents the main therapeutic indications for Ipsen's most significant medicines.

Therapeutic area ⁽¹⁾	Medicine name	2023 sales (in million euros)	2022 sales (in million euros)	Principal therapeutic indications ⁽²⁾
Oncology	Somatuline [®]	1,065.6	1,218.0	Neuroendocrine tumors; acromegaly
Neuroscience	Dysport [®]	648.8	593.6	Motor muscular disorders (cervical dystonia; adult and children spasticity, blepharospasms and hemifacial spasms) and medical aesthetics (glabellar lines, lateral canthal lines, hyperhidrosis)
Oncology	Decapeptyl [®]	545.5	529.7	Advanced metastatic prostate cancer; uterine fibroids; central precocious puberty; endometriosis; female infertility (<i>in vitro</i> fertilization), early stage breast cancer in combination with hormone therapy
Oncology	Cabometyx [®]	534.8	448.7	Renal cell carcinoma, second-line hepatocellular carcinoma
Oncology	Onivyde [®]	163.7	162.4	Second-line metastatic pancreatic cancer
Oncology	Tazverik [®]	37.7	12.7	Third-line follicular lymphoma
Rare Disease	Bylvay [®]	73.8	–	Treatment of progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) and cholestatic pruritus in patients with both PFIC and Alagille syndrom (ALGS)
Rare Disease	Sohonos [®]	7.1	–	Treatment to reduce new, abnormal bone formation in soft and connective tissues, in people living with ultra-rare bone disease, fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP)
Rare Disease	NutropinAq [®]	18.8	27.2	Growth failure in children due to growth hormone (GH) deficiency, Turner syndrome or chronic renal insufficiency and GH deficiency in adults
Rare Disease	Increlex [®]	17.3	13.9	Long-term treatment of growth failure in children and adolescents with severe primary insulin-like growth factor-1 deficiency (severe primary IGF-D)

⁽¹⁾ Products are classified into therapeutic areas based on their primary indications.

⁽²⁾ Therapeutic indications of products vary from country to country.

For more details about the sales geographical breakdown, see the management report (part 3.1.2 "Analysis of results").

1.1.2 Group's Strategy

1.1.2.1 General Context

The pharmaceutical industry is facing several macro-trends, transforming societies and economies, bringing opportunities as well as challenges.

On one hand, the underlying drivers of the pharmaceutical industry open up opportunities:

- demographic and health shifts, with a growing and aging population and a more sedentary lifestyle driving a higher prevalence of unmet medical needs;
- growing patient influence, with patients becoming central to healthcare delivery due to increasing knowledge and willingness to actively manage their health;
- growth in Big Data capabilities, with technology advancements applied to science and medical fields having the potential to vastly increase therapeutic options and accelerate personalized care delivery.

At the same time, the pharmaceutical industry is impacted by the transformation of healthcare across the world and increasing innovation hurdles:

- continuous increase of healthcare costs, leading to a focus on costs and productivity across healthcare systems, resulting in the rise of value-based care, and the reconfiguration of healthcare delivery (e.g. through consolidation);
- increasing innovation hurdles, with patent expires generating an imperative to innovate in an environment of rapid scientific advancements, supportive regulatory frameworks but with high evidence requirements.

These macro-trends, bringing both opportunities and challenges for pharmaceutical companies to continue to save and improve patient lives, are closely monitored and accounted for in the Group's strategy.

1.1.2.2 Group's vision and ambition

Ipsen is a dynamic and growing global specialty-driven biopharmaceutical group with a focus on transformative medicines in Oncology, Rare Disease and Neuroscience. The strong position in Specialty Care provides the Group with the scale, expertise and stability needed to make a sustainable difference for people in a quickly-evolving healthcare environment.

A strengthened leadership position in three therapeutic areas

Innovation is driving the business in a rapidly-transforming healthcare environment. The Group's global footprint and recognized leadership across the core focus areas of Oncology, Rare Disease and Neuroscience position it to take on the challenges faced by patients and caregivers.

Ipsen is focused on three key therapeutic areas: Oncology, Rare Disease and Neuroscience, where Ipsen can establish a leadership position and leverage its expertise from drug development to commercialization and deliver sustainable long-term growth:

- In Oncology where the Group currently has differentiated, best-in-class products in niche indications such as neuroendocrine tumors, renal cell carcinoma, pancreatic cancer, prostate cancer and hepatocellular carcinoma. Lifecycle-management programs are being pursued in additional indications to further grow the existing brands and expand positioning on indications with high unmet needs.
- In Rare Disease, where Ipsen has recently expanded its portfolio, for example, with the 2023 acquisition of Albireo, with the acquisition in April 2019 of Clementia Pharmaceuticals and its key late-stage drug candidate palovarotene for the treatment of fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP) and with the worldwide exclusive license agreement with Blueprint Medicines in October 2019 for the development and commercialization of fidrisertib, (formerly known as IPN60130), an investigational treatment for FOP.
- In Neuroscience Ipsen has expertise in research, development, manufacturing, commercialization, in both the therapeutic area mainly focused on spasticity currently, and the aesthetics area through the partnership with Galderma.

Across these three therapeutic areas, Ipsen's ambition is to fully leverage its broad geographic presence (over 110 countries) and its global commercial powerhouse to grow and roll out its Specialty Care portfolio in all key geographies.

A Development and Commercial Powerhouse driven by innovation

A Development and Commercial Powerhouse driven by innovation, building an innovative and sustainable pipeline is essential for continued growth and is a key objective for the Group. Ipsen has focused its internal resources and efforts on becoming a Development Powerhouse while increasingly turning toward external sourcing for new assets.

Ipsen is built around a culture of open innovation, which drives research, development and commercialization. The Group identifies, develops and integrates innovative products that are a strategic fit for its portfolio and that deliver value to patients. It brings together the best minds to tackle some of the most difficult diseases and it does so by developing long-lasting, mutually-beneficial partnerships and through open and smart collaborative innovation.

Externally-sourcing innovation (see part 1.2.3.1 "Research and Development Activities") is a key tenet of Ipsen's business model. This principle, along with its strong track record and growing U.S. presence has positioned the Group as a partner of choice from early-stage development and academic partnerships to late-stage and product commercialization. With an open innovation model in mind, the Group has placed its four R&D centers at the heart of internationally-reputed scientific hubs: Paris-Saclay in France, Oxford in the United Kingdom, Cambridge in the United States, and Shanghai in China.

The Group's biotech mindset, combined with the scale and advantages of a global pharmaceutical company, has helped establish the Company as a development and commercial powerhouse in its core focus areas, with a proven ability to bring new, life-changing therapies to market.

Business Development

Ipsen will further build on its outstanding achievements of 2022 and 2023:

- Long-term global partnership with GENFIT including an exclusive license agreement for elafibranor, a compound in primary biliary cholangitis to expand Ipsen's portfolio in Rare Diseases. On 7 December 2023, the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) accepted for filing the New Drug Application (NDA) for the investigational drug elafibranor. The FDA's PDUFA (*Prescription Drug User Fee Act*) target date, which is currently under priority review, is 10 June 2024. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) has also validated Ipsen's Marketing Authorization Application (MAA) for elafibranor. Examination of the application by the EMA's Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) began on 26 October 2023. In addition, a third application for regulatory approval of elafibranor submitted simultaneously was validated for review by the UK Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA).
- Acquisition of Bylvay[®] (odevixibat) in March 2023, Albireo's main active ingredient and the first drug approved for the treatment of progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC), with two experimental indications for the treatment of rare liver diseases in pediatric patients. On 13 June 2023, U.S. FDA approved Bylvay[®] for patients living with cholestatic pruritus due to Alagille syndrome.

- In Oncology, Ipsen focuses on solid and hematological tumors. The Group intends to focus its efforts on markets where it can compete effectively with other drugs, by targeting tumor types for which it will be able to deliver unparalleled medical benefit to patients. Ipsen is targeting a wide selection of potential markets, including biomarkers in more common tumor types, and will continue to develop synergies between various priority programs.
- In Neuroscience, Ipsen is prioritizing rare neurological, neurodegenerative and neuromuscular diseases, as well as adjacent disorders where Ipsen is present, including abnormal movements, to further develop its expertise and synergies from previous agreements in these fields.

All transactions should enable to achieve long-term sustainable value and growth potential, meet Group's strategic ambition, be financially viable and generate synergies for the Group.

The ambition for external innovation is to fuel the R&D pipeline across the three therapeutic areas of focus:

- In Oncology, the focus is on both solid tumors and hematology. The ambition is to focus on areas in which the Group can compete effectively by targeting tumor types where a differentiated medical benefit can be brought to patients. Ipsen targets a large panel of potential areas, including biomarker segments of larger tumor types and will continue to build synergies across prioritized pathways.
- In Rare Disease, Ipsen focus on high unmet needs in underserved rare diseases, with all stages of development candidates and marketed products and both established and innovative technologies being considered. To further build this franchise, the Group will expand its synergies in endocrinology, bone disease and liver diseases while pursuing additional attractive opportunities with strong biology validation in other areas where a clinical path can be established.
- In Neuroscience, the priority is on rare neurological, neurodegenerative and neuro-muscular disorders, as well as adjacencies in disease area in which Ipsen is present including movement disorders, to further build up on expertise and synergies derived from previous deals in these areas.

1.1.2.3 Ipsen Business Model

Ipsen's mission:
Improving patients lives

Ipsen's vision:
To be a leading global mid-size biopharmaceutical Company with a focus on transformative medicines in Oncology, Rare Disease & Neuroscience

Our assets and resources...

Intellectual capital

- **Intellectual property** focused company
- **19.8%** of sales invested in R&D
- **4** global R&D hubs in Cambridge, Oxford, Paris & Shanghai
- **900** employees in R&D

Human capital

- **5,234** employees in **42** countries
- **25** countries with external & independent recognition awards
- Medicalized accident frequency rate of **0.52**

Manufacturing network

- **4** internal manufacturing sites
- External CMO partners
- **14.5M** units produced
- **€77.3M** manufacturing investment

Natural resources*

- **20%**⁽¹⁾ reduction in energy consumption
- **11%**⁽²⁾ reduction in water consumption
- **14%**⁽³⁾ reduction in waste

Relationships

- Collaborations with healthcare professionals and patient associations to improve impact for patients
- Partnerships with external organization to accelerate innovation and expand access to medicines

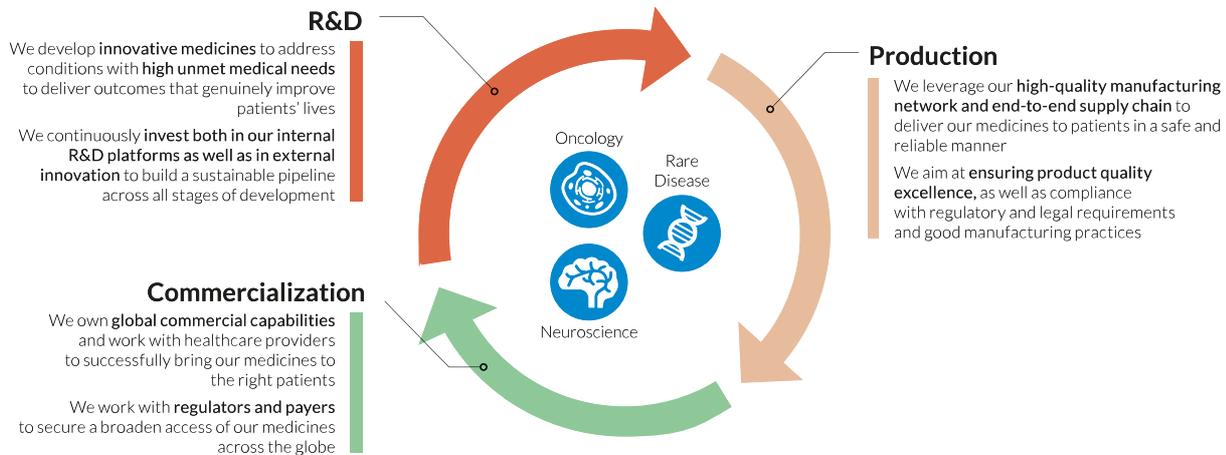
Financial resources

- **€3.1bn** total sales
- Net cash **€65.1m**
- A publicly traded business with a family control

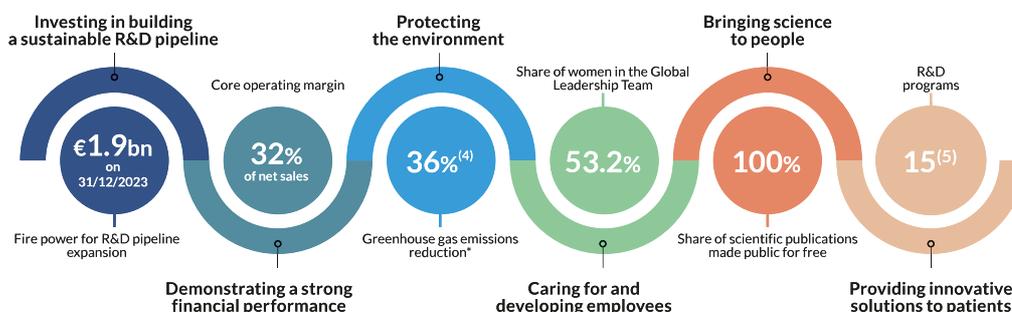
Product portfolio

- **32** medicines in our portfolio
- **112** countries where medicines are registered

... contributing to the sustainability of our Business Model based on a strong ethical culture...



... for patients, employees and society while protecting the environment



Notes:
- Except if stated differently, all figures are at 31 December 2023.
- The Business Model encompasses all geographies and activities of the Group.

* Compared to 2019.
(1) Ipsen Total Energy Normalized to Revenue (MWh/Million€).
(2) Ipsen Total Water consumption Normalized to Revenue (m³/Million€).
(3) Ipsen Total Waste Intensity Normalized to Revenue (Kg/Million€).
(4) Scope 1 & 2 Market based reduction
(5) And 8 early Development.

1.1.2.4 2024 Financial Outlook

Ipsen has set the following financial guidance for FY 2024, which excludes any impact from potential late-stage external-innovation transactions:

- Total-sales growth greater than 6.0%, at constant currency. Based on the average level of exchange rates in January 2024, an adverse impact on total sales of around 1% from currencies is expected

- Core operating margin around 30% of total sales, which includes additional R&D expenses from anticipated early and mid-stage external-innovation opportunities

Guidance on total sales incorporates expectations for Somatuline of further generic lanreotide products in the U.S. and E.U.

1.2 Group's activity and corporate structure

1.2.1 Group's Products

• 1.2.1.1 Oncology

Somatuline® and Somatuline® Autogel® / Depot®

Active substance and indications

Somatuline (*lanreotide*) is a somatostatin analog which inhibits the secretion of growth hormones and certain other hormones by the digestive system.

Somatuline Autogel (marketed as Somatuline Depot in the U.S.) is the first semi-solid formulation for injection without any polymeric excipient since the active substance itself controls the sustained release. Somatuline Autogel releases the active substance over a duration of at least 28 days, thus requiring just one deep subcutaneous injection per month. This unique formulation was launched in 2001 and allows the product to be presented in a pre-filled, ready-to-use syringe for easier administration. A pre-filled ready-to-use device was launched in 2011 with a retractable needle enabling the safe delivery of the full dose with every injection. A more recent, 3rd generation, delivery system with a further improved design is now available since 2019.

The main indications of Somatuline and Somatuline Autogel / Depot are the following:

- *Neuroendocrine tumors*
 - The treatment of grade 1 and a subset of grade 2 (Ki67 index up to 10%) gastroenteropancreatic neuroendocrine tumors (GEP-NETs) of midgut, pancreatic or unknown origin where hindgut sites of origin have been excluded, in adult patients with unresectable locally advanced or metastatic disease;
 - The treatment of symptoms associated with neuroendocrine (particularly carcinoid) tumors.
- *Acromegaly*
 - The treatment of patients with acromegaly when the circulating levels of Growth Hormone (GH) and/or Insulin-like Growth Factor-1 (IGF-1) remain abnormal after surgery and/or radiotherapy, or in patients who otherwise require medical treatment. The goal of treatment in acromegaly is to normalize GH and IGF-1 levels and control symptoms.

Marketing

Somatuline microparticle formulation (30mg) was initially launched in France in 1995 for one intramuscular injection (every 10 to 14 days). In Europe, the Somatuline Autogel formulation was launched in 2001 for the treatment of acromegaly and carcinoid syndrome associated with neuroendocrine tumors. In 2015, the European Medicines Agency (EMA) approved Somatuline Autogel for the treatment of Gastro-Entero-Pancreatic Neuroendocrine Tumors in adults with unresectable locally advanced or metastatic disease.

Somatuline Depot was first approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in 2007 for the treatment of acromegaly. In 2014, Somatuline Depot was approved for the anti-proliferative treatment of Gastro-Entero-Pancreatic Neuroendocrine Tumors in adults with unresectable locally advanced or metastatic disease. The label was extended in 2017 for the treatment of carcinoid syndrome associated with neuroendocrine tumors. Somatuline Depot became the first and only somatostatin analog FDA-approved for these two last indications.

Somatuline Depot received Orphan Drug Designation in the U.S. for the treatment of neuroendocrine tumors with patent exclusivity that ended at the end of 2021.

As of 31 December 2023, Somatuline Autogel / Depot was marketed in 74 countries for the treatment of acromegaly and neuroendocrine tumors.

In 2023, Somatuline Autogel / Depot remained the 1st product for the Group with sales of €1,065.6 million, of which 58% were generated in North America.

Somatuline Autogel / Depot is prescribed mainly by endocrinologists, oncologists, gastroenterologists, and digestive surgeons.

Competition

The main competitor of Somatuline Autogel is Sandostatin[®] LAR[®] (*octreotide*), a somatostatin analog called octreotide developed by Novartis for the treatment of acromegaly and neuroendocrine tumors. However, the approved indications are not identical as Sandostatin does not have the anti-proliferative indication for Gastro-Entero-Pancreatic Neuroendocrine Tumors only in midgut and unknown primary tumors, and Sandostatin has symptom control indication only in the U.S. and some countries *i.e.* China.

Other competitors in the acromegaly market are: Somavert[®] (*pegvisomant*), a daily growth hormone receptor antagonist developed by Pfizer, approved after failure or intolerance of SSAs, and Signifor[®] LAR (*pasireotide*) developed by Novartis.

In April 2019, Teva received European approval under a decentralized procedure for an octreotide LAR generic. The approval included 35 countries, and the first octreotide generic was launched in Germany in July 2019 followed by several additional countries.

In June 2020, Chiasma (now part of Chiesi Farmaceutici through acquisition of Amryt Pharma Group) was granted U.S. FDA approval for Mycapssa[®] (*octreotide*), a somatostatin analog administered orally twice a day, for long-term maintenance treatment in acromegaly patients who have responded to and tolerated treatment with octreotide or lanreotide. Mycapssa is available to patients since 31 August 2020 in the USA. On September 2022, the Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) granted a marketing authorization for the medicinal product Mycapssa[®], intended for the treatment of adult patients with acromegaly in Europe.

In March 2021, Advanz Pharma received positive outcome of the Decentralized Procedure for a lanreotide generic formulation in Europe. Mytolac[®] (lanreotide) was launched in Germany in July 2021 followed by several other European countries (including different brand names *i.e.*, Myrezel[®]) and in Australia in August 2023.

In December 2021, Cipla Limited and its subsidiary Cipla USA, Inc. has received approval of a lanreotide product from the U.S. FDA without the carcinoid syndrom label; the FDA approval was based on a New Drug Application (NDA) submitted under the 505(b)(2) filing pathway. Lanreotide from Cipla has been available in the U.S. since February 2022.

Decapeptyl[®]

Active substance and indications

Decapeptyl is a synthetic hormone with active ingredient triptorelin, a decapeptide analog of GnRH (Gonadotrophin Releasing Hormone). GnRH is a hormone secreted by the hypothalamus, which initially stimulates the release of pituitary gonadotrophins (hormones produced by the pituitary gland) and in turn controls hormonal secretions by the testicles and ovaries.

Decapeptyl is indicated for:

- **Treatment of locally advanced or metastatic prostate cancer:** Decapeptyl temporarily increases the concentration of testosterone and dihydrotestosterone, but continuous administration paradoxically leads to a reduction in plasmatic testosterone concentration. After two to three weeks of treatment, testosterone is reduced to levels below the castration threshold, thereby depriving prostate tumors of one of the main hormones promoting tumor development;
- **Endometriosis:** Decapeptyl is used as a treatment aimed at suppressing estrogen secretion, which deprives the ectopic endometrial tissue of the critical stimulus it needs to grow;

- **Uterine fibroids:** Decapeptyl is used to reduce the risk of blood loss following ablative surgery to remove uterine fibroids and to relieve symptoms such as abdominal pain, dysmenorrhea (painful menstruation), and menorrhagia (excessive menstrual bleeding) associated with uterine fibroids through the reduction in their hormonal stimulation;
- **In vitro fertilization:** Decapeptyl is used in association with gonadotrophins to induce ovulation for *in vitro* fertilization followed by embryo transfer;
- **Central precocious puberty:** Decapeptyl is used to inhibit over-secretion of hormones by the pituitary gland at a premature age, which improves the height age/bone age ratio;
- **Endocrine-responsive early-stage breast cancer:** Decapeptyl monthly is used in pre-menopausal women at high risk of recurrence following chemotherapy, in combination with tamoxifen or an aromatase inhibitor. Triptorelin leads to ovarian function suppression, which in combination with tamoxifen (anti-œstrogen) or aromatase inhibitor (inhibitor of œstrogen synthesis) deprives the breast tumor of the main hormones promoting its development;
- Decapeptyl is available in daily, monthly, three-month, and six-month sustained-release formulations.

Marketing

Decapeptyl was the Group's third largest product in terms of sales in 2023 reaching €545.5m with Major Western European countries (G5) accounting for 41.6% of total sales and China representing a large portion of Decapeptyl sales (20.8%).

As at 31 December 2023, Decapeptyl had marketing authorizations in approximately 90 countries.

Decapeptyl is prescribed primarily by the following specialists: urologists, oncologists, radiation oncologists, pediatric endocrinologists, gynecologists and *in vitro* fertilization specialists.

Decapeptyl stems from a partnership with Debiopharm (paragraph 1.2.2 "Major Contracts").

Competition

Competitors' products vary depending on therapeutic indications and countries. For prostate cancer, the main competitors are: Enantone[®] (leuprorelin) (Takeda), Zoladex[®] (goserelin) (AstraZeneca) and Eligard[®] (leuprorelin) (Recordati).

Eligard's modified syringe variation received EU approval in Q3 2022 with Germany as the Reference Member State. The rollout of the modified syringe started H2 2023 on a market-by-market basis.

The currently available GnRHs (triptorelin, leuprorelin and goserelin) are available as intramuscular and/or subcutaneous injectables with daily, 1M, 3M and 6M dosing options.

New GnRh competitors:

- Orgovyx (Myovant/Accord) a once, daily oral antagonist received EU approval in April 2022 and launched in Germany in October 2022. The roll out has been slower than anticipated with some key markets not expected to launch until Q4 2023 and 2024 onwards.
- Camcevi (Accord/Foresee) a 6M leuprolide mesylate in a pre-filled syringe, received EU approval in May 2022 however no launch currently in EU due to Accord prioritizing Orgovyx.
- Camcevi (Accord/Foresee) a 3M leuprolide mesylate in a pre-filled syringe, earliest anticipated EU approval in Q1 2025.

Cabometyx[®] (cabozantinib tablets)

Active substance and indications

Cabometyx[®] is a small molecule administered orally in the form of a tablet that acts as a targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI).

With a unique mechanism of action targeting c-MET (hepatocyte growth factor receptor) and AXL (GAS6 receptor) beyond VEGFR (Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor) and other molecular targets like RET, Cabometyx has the potential to overcome the resistance induced by prior antiangiogenic therapies. The mechanism of action for Cabometyx has been shown to inhibit angiogenesis as well as the proliferation, the migration and invasive growth of tumor cells. Cabometyx has also been found to disrupt tumor vasculature and induce tumor cell death in pre-clinical models.

- Cabometyx is indicated in monotherapy for the treatment of advanced renal cell carcinoma in both treatment-naïve adults with intermediate or poor risk as well as in adults following prior vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF)-targeted therapy. Cabometyx is the first and only targeted therapy in second-line renal cell carcinoma to demonstrate clinically and statistically significant improvement across three endpoints (progression free survival, overall survival, overall response rate), with a convenient regimen of one tablet daily (METEOR and CABOSUN trials).
- Cabometyx is indicated in combination with nivolumab, for the first-line treatment of advanced renal cell carcinoma in adults. Cabometyx in combination with nivolumab, in the CheckMate-9ER trial, showed superior progression free survival, overall survival, and objective response over sunitinib in patients with previously untreated advanced renal cell carcinoma. Cabometyx is the first and only single agent targeted therapy in first-line treatment of a renal cell carcinoma to demonstrate superiority over sunitinib, the former standard of care across progression free survival and disease control.

- Cabometyx is indicated as monotherapy for the treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma in adults who have previously been treated with sorafenib.

Cabometyx, in the CELESTIAL trial, in patients with previously treated advanced hepatocellular carcinoma, demonstrated longer overall survival and progression-free survival than placebo.

- Cabometyx is indicated in EU as monotherapy for the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid carcinoma (DTC), refractory or not eligible to radioactive iodine (RAI) who have progressed during or after prior systemic therapy.

Cabometyx, in the COSMIC-311 trial, significantly prolonged progression-free survival versus placebo in patients with radioiodine-refractory DTC previously treated with VEGFR-targeted therapy.

Marketing

Cabometyx was first launched in Europe in 2016 for the second-line renal cell carcinoma. As of 31 December 2023, Cabometyx was available in over 60 countries with reimbursement in more than 50 countries in second-line renal cell carcinoma and in more than 25 countries in first-line monotherapy renal cell carcinoma.

In November 2018, Cabometyx received a first approval in Europe as a monotherapy for the treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma in adults who have previously been treated with sorafenib. As of 31 December 2023, Cabometyx was available with reimbursement in 25 countries in second-line treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma.

In April 2021, Cabometyx received a first approval in Europe in combination with nivolumab, for the first-line treatment of advanced renal cell carcinoma in adults. As of 31 December 2023, Cabometyx was available with various levels of reimbursement in 25 countries in this indication.

In April 2022, Cabometyx was approved in Europe for use in previously treated radioactive iodine-refractory differentiated thyroid cancer (RAI-R DTC). As of 31 December 2023, Cabometyx was available with some reimbursement in 15 countries (either in public or private markets). Cabometyx is the only TKI specifically licensed for 2L treatment of RAI-R locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid cancer.

In 2023, total sales of Cabometyx amounted to €534.8 million.

Cabometyx is prescribed primarily by the following specialists: oncologists, endocrinologists, urologists and gastro-enterologists.

Cabometyx stems from a partnership with Exelixis (paragraph 1.2.2 "Major Contracts").

Competition

Renal Cell Carcinoma

Many treatments are approved in Europe for renal cell carcinoma. Some products have been marketed for several years like Sutent[®] (*sunitinib*) (Pfizer), Nexavar[®] (*sorafenib*) (Bayer), Afinitor[®] (*everolimus*) (Novartis), and Inlyta[®] (*axitinib*) (Pfizer). Two other products received approval in 2016 in second-line treatment of renal cell carcinoma: Opdivo[®] (*nivolumab*) (Bristol-Myers Squibb), and Kispplx[®] (*lenvatinib*) (Eisai) in combination with Afinitor.

In January 2019, the combination of Yervoy[®] (*ipilimumab*) and Opdivo[®] (*nivolumab*) received European approval for the initial treatment of advanced renal cell carcinoma patients with intermediate and poor risk. In September 2019, the combination of Keytruda[®] (*pembrolizumab* - Merck) and Inlyta[®] (*axitinib* - Pfizer) received European approval for the frontline treatment of patients with advanced renal cell carcinoma. In October 2019, the combination of Bavencio[®] (*avelumab* - Merck KGaA) and Inlyta[®] (*axitinib* - Pfizer) received European approval for the first line treatment of patients with advanced renal cell carcinoma. In November 2021, the combination of Keytruda[®] (*pembrolizumab* - Merck) and Lenvima[®] (*lenvatinib* - Eisai) received European approval for the frontline treatment of patients with advanced renal cell carcinoma.

Hepatocellular Carcinoma

In second line hepatocellular carcinoma, in Europe, Stivarga[®] (*regorafenib*) (Bayer), is approved after sorafenib treatment as well as Cyramza[®] (*ramucirumab*) - (Lilly) indicated for the treatment of adult patients with advanced or unresectable hepatocellular carcinoma who have a serum alpha fetoprotein (AFP) of ≥ 400 ng/ml and who have been previously treated with sorafenib.

Differentiated Thyroid Cancer

In differentiated thyroid cancer, Nexavar[®] (*sorafenib*-Bayer) and Lenvima[®] (*lenvatinib* - Eisai) are approved for the treatment of patients with progressive, locally advanced or metastatic, differentiated (papillary, follicular/Hurthle cell) thyroid carcinoma, refractory to RAI; Retsevmo[®] (*selpercatinib* - Lilly) is indicated for the treatment of adults with advanced RET fusion-positive thyroid cancer who require systemic therapy following prior treatment with sorafenib and/or lenvatinib; Vitrakvi[®] (*larotrectinib* - Bayer) as monotherapy is indicated for the treatment of adult and paediatric patients with solid tumors that display a NTRK gene fusion - who have a disease that is locally advanced, metastatic or where surgical resection is likely to result in severe morbidity, and who have no satisfactory treatment options; Rozlytrek[®] (*entrectinib* - Roche) is indicated as monotherapy for the treatment of adult and paediatric patients 12 years of age and older with solid tumour expressing a NTRK gene fusion, who have a disease that is locally advanced, metastatic or where surgical resection is likely to result in severe morbidity, and who have not received a prior NTRK inhibitor and have no satisfactory treatment options.

Cometriq® (cabozantinib capsules)**Active substance and indications**

Cometriq is a small molecule administered orally in the form of a capsule that acts as a targeted tyrosine kinase inhibitor (TKI).

Cometriq targets three important intracellular pathways in medullary thyroid cancer (MTC): RET, VEGFR, and c-MET, besides other molecular targets like AXL. The mechanism of action for Cometriq has been shown to inhibit angiogenesis as well as the proliferation, migration and invasive growth of tumor cells. Cometriq has also been found to disrupt tumor vasculature and induce tumor cell death in pre-clinical models.

Cometriq was approved in Europe based on the Phase III, international, multicenter, randomized, double-blind study (EXAM).

This study demonstrated a statistically significant and clinically meaningful improvement in progression-free survival with Cometriq as compared to placebo in patients with progressive locally advanced (not amenable by surgery) or metastatic medullary thyroid cancer.

Cometriq is indicated for the treatment of adult patients with progressive, unresectable, locally-advanced or metastatic medullary thyroid carcinoma. Cometriq has orphan drug status and fulfils an unmet medical need in medullary thyroid cancer.

Marketing

As of 31 December 2023, Cometriq was approved in 30 countries and reimbursed in 13 countries.

Cometriq is prescribed primarily by oncologists and endocrinologists.

Cometriq stems from a partnership with Exelixis (paragraph 1.2.2 "Major Contracts").

Competition

The main competitor for the product is Caprelsa® (vandetanib) (Sanofi) which is used to treat patients with medullary thyroid cancer that cannot be removed through surgery or that has spread to other parts of the body.

Onivyde®**Active substance and indications**

Onivyde® is a unique encapsulation formulation of irinotecan. Irinotecan sucrose octasulfate is a long-circulating liposomal form, which is designed to increase the length of tumor exposure to irinotecan and its active metabolite SN-38.

Irinotecan, a topoisomerase 1 inhibitor, is a derivative of camptothecin that relieves torsional strain in DNA by inducing single-strand breaks, rotating the cleaved strand around the double-helix axis and re-ligating the cleaved strand to re-establish intact duplex DNA. Both irinotecan and its active metabolite SN-38 bind reversibly to the

topoisomerase I-DNA complex and prevent re-ligation of these single-strand breaks. The liposome is a unilamellar lipid bilayer vesicle, which encapsulates an aqueous space containing irinotecan sucrose octasulfate.

Onivyde is indicated, in combination with 5-fluorouracil and leucovorin, for the treatment of patients with metastatic adenocarcinoma of the pancreas after disease progression following gemcitabine-based therapy.

Marketing

Onivyde was approved in the U.S. in 2015 for the treatment of metastatic adenocarcinoma of the pancreas after disease progression with gemcitabine-based therapy, in combination with 5-fluorouracil and leucovorin.

Onivyde was developed by Merrimack Pharmaceuticals and acquired by Ipsen in April 2017. The Group currently markets Onivyde in the U.S. and retains exclusive U.S. and Canada commercialization rights to potential future indications for the drug. Servier has ex-U.S. and ex-Canada, ex-Taiwan commercialization rights to Onivyde and PharmaEngine has commercialization rights in Taiwan.

Onivyde sales reached €163.7 million in 2023 mainly reflecting direct sales in the U.S. Sales also comprise those to Ipsen's ex-U.S. partner.

Onivyde is prescribed by oncologists in the U.S.

Competition

The main competitors to Onivyde are fluorouracil-based combination regimens of generic chemotherapy agents including: Folfirinox® (fluorouracil, leucovorin, irinotecan and oxaliplatin), Folfox® (fluorouracil, leucovorin, and oxaliplatin), and Folfiri® (fluorouracil, leucovorin, and irinotecan).

Onivyde is indicated following gemcitabine-based therapy. The most common gemcitabine-based therapy is gemcitabine in combination with Abraxane® (paclitaxel), a microtubule inhibitor, developed and marketed by Celgene, indicated in combination with gemcitabine as first-line treatment for advanced pancreatic cancer.

Tazverik®**Active substance and indications**

Tazverik® (tazemetostat) is a first-in-class small molecule methyltransferase inhibitor that selectively inhibits mutant-type (MT) and wild-type (WT) Enhancer of Zeste Homolog 2 (EZH2). EZH2 is responsible for silencing gene expression through histone H3 trimethylation at lysine 27 (H3K27me3). EZH2 activation plays a role in B-cell maturation while EZH2 gain of function mutations are found in ~ 25% of Follicular Lymphoma (FL) providing a scientific rationale for tazemetostat activity in FL (F Morschhauser et al 2022⁽¹⁾). The loss of integrase interactor 1 (INI1) leads to EZH2 dependence and is the hallmark of Epithelioid Sarcoma (ES⁽²⁾).

⁽¹⁾ Franck Morschhauser et al, Taking the EZ way: Targeting enhancer of zeste homolog 2 in B-cell lymphomas Blood Reviews 56 (2022) <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.blre.2022.100988>

⁽²⁾ Mrinal Gounder et al, Tazemetostat in advanced epithelioid sarcoma with loss of INI1/SMARCB1: an international, open-label, phase 2 basket study. Lancet Oncol 2020; 21: 1423-32

Tazverik[®] as a chemical entity was approved by the FDA (Accelerated Approvals) for the treatment of:

- Adults and pediatric patients aged 16 years and older with metastatic or locally advanced epithelioid sarcoma not eligible for complete resection.
- Adult patients with relapsed or refractory follicular lymphoma whose tumors are positive for an *EZH2* mutation (MT) as detected by an FDA-approved test and who have received at least 2 prior systemic therapies.
- Adult patients with relapsed or refractory follicular lymphoma who have no satisfactory alternative treatment options.

Tazemetostat is currently commercialized in the United States under the brand name Tazverik[®] following approvals in January 2020 (Epithelioid Sarcoma) and June 2020 (Follicular Lymphoma). Tazemetostat is administered as a hydrobromide salt and presented as a 200 mg tablet formulation for the approved dose of 800 mg BID (twice daily). A biomarker-based selection for mutant-type patient population is conducted using an FDA-approved test.

The available clinical results support the scientific rationale for treatment in the approved indications. The Phase II study in ES (62 patients) showed an ORR of 15%, median PFS of 5.5 months, and a median OS of 19 months⁽³⁾. The Phase II study in FL (45 MT patients and 54 wildtype (WT) patients) showed in MT an ORR of 69%, median DOR of 10.9 months, median PFS of 13.8 months; and in WT an ORR of 35%, median DOR of 13 months and median PFS of 11.1 months⁽⁴⁾.

The drug is well tolerated and has a low rate of discontinuation. The most common ($\geq 20\%$) adverse reactions in patients with epithelioid sarcoma are pain, fatigue, nausea, decreased appetite, vomiting, and constipation⁽⁵⁾. The most common ($\geq 20\%$) adverse reactions in patients with follicular lymphoma are fatigue, upper respiratory tract infection, musculoskeletal pain, nausea, and abdominal pain.

Secondary malignancies were observed in a small number of subjects experiencing myelodysplastic syndrome or acute myeloid leukemia and are monitored as part of routine pharmacovigilance monitoring with no Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy (REMS). Confirmatory studies to support full approvals are currently ongoing. If successful, these studies have the potential to expand the approval to earlier lines of treatment and to support global submissions.

Marketing

Tazverik[®] has been commercialized since 2020 in the United States. FL and ES are widely recognized as areas of unmet need with significant commercial potential for safe and effective therapies. The product was developed, and FDA approval was obtained by Epizyme, Inc., Ipsen entered into an agreement to acquire Epizyme in August 2022. The rights for development and commercialization for the product are held by Eisai for Japan, and Hutchmed for Greater China.

In 2023, total sales of Tazverik amounted to €37.7 million.

1.2.1.2 Rare Disease

NutropinAq[®]

Active substance and indications

NutropinAq is a liquid formulation of recombinant human growth hormone administered with cartridges for injection using the "NutropinAq Pen". Growth hormone is involved in several physiological processes in particular stature and bone growth.

NutropinAq is a ready-to-use liquid formulation for injection.

NutropinAq is indicated for the following:

Pediatric population:

- Long-term treatment of children with growth failure due to inadequate endogenous growth hormone secretion;
- Long-term treatment of girls from 2 years old with growth failure associated with Turner syndrome;
- Treatment of prepubertal children with growth failure associated with chronic renal insufficiency up to the time of renal transplantation.

Adult population:

- Replacement of endogenous growth hormone in adults with growth hormone deficiency of either childhood or adult-onset etiology.

Marketing

As of 31 December 2023, the Group had obtained marketing authorizations in 37 countries. The product has been launched in 20 countries across Europe since 2004.

The revenue of NutropinAq in 2023 was €18.8 million.

Growth hormones are prescribed by pediatric and adult endocrinologists.

NutropinAq stems from a partnership with Genentech (now, a member of the Roche Group) in 2002 (paragraph 1.2.2 "Major Contracts").

Competition

Six other companies have marketed short acting recombinant growth hormones: Pfizer with Genotropin[®] (*somatropin*), Eli Lilly with Humatrope[®] (*somatropin*), Novo Nordisk with Norditropin[®] (*somatropin*), Merck Serono with Saizen[®] (*somatropin*) and Ferring with Zomacton[®] (*somatropin*). Sandoz commercialized Omnitrope[®] (*somatropin*), a biosimilar product of Pfizer's Genotropin.

In 2022, two other companies received EMA approval on long acting growth hormones for pediatric population: TransCon hGH by Ascendis and NGENLA by Pfizer. In 2023, NoVoNordisk, Sogroya (long acting recombinant growth hormone): recommendation of indication extension in children over 2.5 years, in EU (May 2023) and approved by FDA (22-25 May 2023). Pfizer: NGENLA was launched in U.S. on 28 June 2023

⁽³⁾ Mrinal Gounder et al. Tazemetostat in advanced epithelioid sarcoma with loss of INI1/SMARCB1: an international, open-label, phase 2 basket study. *Lancet Oncol* 2020; 21: 1423-32

⁽⁴⁾ F. Morschhauser et al. Tazemetostat for patients with relapsed or refractory follicular lymphoma: an open-label, single-arm, multicenter phase 2 trial. *Lancet Oncol* 2020; 21:1433-1442

⁽⁵⁾ Tazverik US Prescribing information [label \(fda.gov\)](https://www.fda.gov)

Increlex®**Active substance and indications**

The active substance in Increlex is a recombinant DNA-derived human insulin-like growth factor (IGF-1). IGF-1 is the direct hormonal mediator of stature and bone growth and must be present for normal growth of bones and cartilage in children.

Increlex is approved for the long-term treatment of growth failure in children and adolescents from 2 to 18 years with confirmed severe primary insulin-like growth factor-1 deficiency (Primary IGFD), an ultra-rare disease.

Marketing

Increlex was granted marketing authorization in 2005 in the United States and under a centralized marketing authorization in 2007 in Europe under exceptional circumstances. Increlex® is currently authorized in a total of 40 countries and marketed in 26 countries worldwide.

Recombinant IGF-1 is prescribed by pediatric endocrinologists.

Competition

Increlex is the only treatment available for patients living with Severe-Primary IGF-1 deficiency in the U.S, European Union and Australia. There are no other competitors in these territories.

Palovarotene/Sohonos®**Active substance and indication**

Sohonos® (palovarotene capsules) is an orally bioavailable retinoic acid receptor gamma (RAR γ) selective agonist which changes the progressive and irreversible trajectory of fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP).

FOP is an ultra-rare, severely disabling, genetic disease that begins in childhood and leads to complete immobilization and decreased life expectancy. Sohonos® (palovarotene capsules) is approved in U.S., Canada and United Arab Emirates for the reduction in volume of new heterotopic ossification (HO) in adults and pediatric patients (aged 8 years and older for females and 10 years and older for males) with fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP).

Sohonos® is administered as capsules for oral use. The recommended dosage includes a chronic daily dose, which can be increased for flare-up symptoms:

- a.) For adults and pediatric patients 14 years and older:
Recommended dosage is 5 mg once daily, with an increase in dose at the time of a flare-up to 20 mg once daily for 4 weeks, followed by 10 mg once daily for 8 weeks for a total of 12 weeks (20/10 mg flare-up treatment).
- b.) For pediatric patients under 14 years: Weight-adjusted for daily and flare-up dosing. Recommended daily dosage range from 2.5 to 5 mg.

The clinical development of Sohonos® for the reduction in volume of new HO in patients with FOP was initiated in 2014 and is constituted of the largest Natural History Study ever conducted which lasted 3 years and enrolled 114 patients, a Phase II program and a single pivotal Phase III trial.

Our Named Patient Unsolicited Request program allowing access to palovarotene capsules for people living with FOP in country where Sohonos® is not yet approved and commercialized was initiated in 2022 and is progressing with patients treated in Russia and France.

Marketing

Before the approval of Sohonos®, in Canada there was no approved treatment aiming to reduce the volume of HO formation.

Sohonos® (Palovarotene capsules) has now been approved in Canada and we obtained temporary approval in United Arab Emirates (UAE). More recently, on 16 August 2023 Sohonos® was approved by the FDA in the U.S.

Following this key approval by the FDA, the geographic worldwide expansion of palovarotene capsules is progressing in countries such as but not limited to Japan, China, Brazil or Russia. In Europe, our application was rejected by EMA on July 2023.

Competition

There is a significant competition observed and clinical trials are being hindered by recruitment for us and all competitors such as:

- Regeneron with garetosmab, an Activin-A antibody administered by the intra-venous route is at Phase III stage in a placebo-controlled study (OPTIMA) targeting 66 patients aged 18 years of age and older although future of the program is unclear due to safety profile observed in their Phase II study (LUMINA).
- Incyte with zilurgisertib (INCB00928), an orally administered ALK2- inhibitor is currently at global Phase II study (PROGRESS) stage targeting 60 participants down to ages 12 years and older. Upon completing analysis on half the trial patients (N=30), the Company would modify the recruitment plan to include 6 year and older patients. They would also intend to further reduce the age to 2 year old patients.

Bylvay®

Active substance and indication

Odevixibat is a potent non-systemic ileal bile acid transport inhibitor (IBATi). Odevixibat is a small molecule for daily oral use. The formulation is available as pellets filled into hard capsules in dosage strengths of 200, 400, 600 or 1200 µg taken as capsules or pellets.

Bylvay was approved for the following indications:

- U.S. (2021) for the treatment of pruritus in patients three months of age and older with progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC),
- EU (2021) for the treatment of PFIC in patients aged six months or older,
- Brazil (2023) for the treatment of PFIC in patients aged six months or older,
- Canada (2023) for the treatment of pruritus in patients aged 6 months or older with progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC), and
- U.S. (2023) for the treatment of cholestatic pruritus in patients 12 months of age and older with Alagille syndrome (ALGS).

Marketing

Bylvay is a first- and best-in-class treatment for progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC), a rare, debilitating and potentially life-limiting disease, diagnosed in children from 3 months old. It is also indicated for the treatment of cholestatic pruritus in Alagille syndrome treatment, a rare, multisystem genetic disorder that can affect the liver, heart, skeleton, eyes, central nervous system, kidneys, and facial features.

Bylvay is available in over nine countries for the treatment of PFIC, including the U.S. and has secured public reimbursement across several major European markets including Germany, Italy, U.K., France, Spain, and Belgium. Bylvay is available in the U.S. for the treatment of cholestatic pruritus in patients with PFIC and ALGS. Odevixibat is also being investigated in an ongoing double-blind Phase 3 study (BOLD and BOLD-OLE) for the biliary atresia (BA) indication which is a severe devastating obliterative cholangiopathy characterized by the obstruction of extrahepatic and intrahepatic bile ducts in infants and a leading cause of pediatric liver transplantation. The revenue of Bylvay in 2023 is €73.8 million.

Competition

There is competition from Mirum which is conducting ongoing clinical trials and with their commercial drug Maralixibat (LIVMARLI®). It is available as an oral solution.

- Maralixibat (Livmarli) was approved by the U.S. FDA in September 2021 for the treatment of cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS) 1 year of age and older, subsequently expanded to include patients 3 months and older.
- Maralixibat was approved by the EMA in December 2022 for treating patients aged 2 months and older with cholestatic pruritus caused by Alagille syndrome.

1.2.1.3 Neuroscience

Dysport®

Active substance and indications

Dysport is a botulinum neurotoxin type A product, which is a substance derived from a bacterium (*clostridium botulinum*) that blocks acetylcholine release from nerve endings resulting in the relaxation of hyperactive muscles.

Dysport is approved in the following therapeutic indications in adults:

- treatment of local spasticity in adult upper and/or lower limbs. Spasticity is characterized by uncontrollable muscle overactivity, which leads to muscle contraction and soft tissue shortening resulting in impairment of activities of daily living, function, mobility and social isolation. Spasticity generally occurs in the first six months following an acute or progressive disorder of the central nervous system, such as stroke, spinal cord injury, traumatic brain injury, multiple sclerosis or cerebral palsy;
- treatment of cervical dystonia (CD), which is the most common adult-onset form of focal dystonia, an orphan neurological condition characterized by involuntary and sustained muscles spasms. Symptomatic presentation of cervical dystonia can be abnormal neck posture and degree of head rotation, neck and shoulder pain and involuntary twisting or jerking of the head;
- treatment of blepharospasm. Blepharospasm is an abnormal and involuntary contraction of the eyelid, that can be chronic and persistent;
- treatment of hemifacial spasm. Hemifacial spasm is a benign neuromuscular disease characterized by irregular, involuntary muscles contraction on one side of the face;
- treatment of severe primary hyperhidrosis of the axillae. Hyperhidrosis (HH) is characterized by excessive sweating due to the overactivity of the sweat glands and affects about 1%-3% of the population;
- management of urinary incontinence with neurogenic detrusor overactivity (NDOI) in patients who are regularly performing clean intermittent catheterization. Neurogenic detrusor overactivity incontinence is a chronic condition caused by lesion of the central nervous system resulting in urinary incontinence. NDOI frequently occurs in patients with multiple sclerosis or spinal cord injury. Patients with NDOI experience substantial impairment of their quality of life, social stigma and embarrassment associated with urinary incontinence.

Dysport is also approved in children aged 2 years and older for:

- treatment of focal spasticity in upper and/or lower limbs.
- Cerebral Palsy (CP) is the most frequent cause of spasticity in children and the leading cause of childhood disability affecting movement and posture, causing limitation of activity.

Dysport is approved in aesthetics for the temporary improvement in the appearance of moderate to severe:

- glabellar lines,
- lateral canthal lines (crow's feet lines), in adult patients under 65 years, when the severity of these lines has an important psychological impact on the patient.

Marketing

Dysport was initially approved in the United Kingdom in 1990 and had marketing authorization in over 90 countries as of 31 December 2020. In 2023, total sales of Dysport amounted to €648.8 million.

In the United States, on 30 April 2009, the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved the Biologics License Application (BLA) for Dysport (*abobotulinumtoxinA*) in cervical dystonia and for the temporary improvement in the appearance of moderate to severe glabellar lines in adults aged 65 years and under.

In 2015, the FDA approved the use of Dysport for injection for the treatment of spasticity in adults, based on its supplemental Biologics License Application (sBLA) in upper limb spasticity. In 2017, the FDA expanded the approved use of Dysport for injection for the treatment of spasticity in adults, based on its supplemental Biologics License Application (sBLA) in lower limb spasticity.

Dysport was approved in 2016 to treat pediatric patients with lower limb spasticity aged 2 and older, making it the first botulinum toxin approved by the FDA for this indication. Dysport is currently FDA-approved to treat both upper and lower limb spasticity in pediatric patients 2 years of age and older.

In aesthetics, Ipsen and Galderma have been exclusive partners since 2007 for the research, development and distribution of Ipsen's botulinum toxin type A product for aesthetic in some European countries (under the brand name Azzalure® and Alluzience® a liquid formulation), in other territories including the United States and Canada since 2014 and Galderma launched Dysport 300U in China in November 2020 (these agreements are presented in detail in section 1.2.2 of this Universal registration document).

Competition

Dysport/Azzalure/Alluzience's (Abobotulinum toxin type A) main competitors are Botox®/Vistabel® (Onabotulinum toxin type A) (Allergan, An AbbVie Company), Xeomin®/Bocouture® (Incobotulinum toxin type A) (Merz) and Daxxify® (Daxibotulinum toxin type A) (Revance) for both therapeutic and aesthetic indications. Competitive intensity in the botulinum neurotoxin market is increasing in aesthetic field as more competitors enter the U.S. and European markets. Prabobotulinum toxin type A, developed by Daewoong (Korea), already present in Latin America (Nabota®) and U.S. (Jeuveau®), was launched in 2022 in Europe (Nuceiva®), Israel and Turkey, and in 2023 in Korea (Nabota). Letybotulinum toxin A, developed by Hugel (Korea) was launched in the EU in 2022 (Letybo®).

1.2.2 Major Contracts

The Group markets its products either directly through its sales force or through third parties under licensing or other agreements. Furthermore, the Group has earned the confidence of third parties that have entrusted it with selling their products such as Cabometyx and Decapeptyl. In certain cases, the Group has entered into agreements with third party companies to manufacture drugs or raw materials.

The Group complements the implementation of its internal Research and Development program by entering into partnership agreements with university teams and pharmaceutical and biotechnology companies. These partnerships help the Group gain access to cutting-edge technologies in complex areas of expertise.

This partnership strategy helps the Group finance the development of its products while extending its range of existing products. The Group is constantly looking for high-quality, complementary, and long-lasting marketing, research and development partnerships.

1.2.2.1 Agreements in Oncology

Debiopharm (Lausanne, Switzerland)

The Group has maintained an ongoing relationship with Debiopharm since 1983 when it entered into its first licensing agreement to manufacture and market Decapeptyl in locally-advanced cancer or metastatic prostate cancer and subsequently renewed to extend the collaboration through 2034 for the treatment of metastatic and non-metastatic patients with prostate cancer, endometriosis, uterine fibroids, central precocious puberty and endocrine-responsive early-stage breast cancer. The agreement covers Debiopharm's expertise and patents related to the active substance triptorelin and its various salts (particularly the pamoate formulation), which are sold under the Decapeptyl® and Pamorelin® (triptorelin) trademarks, both of which were assigned to Ipsen in 2010. The daily, one-month, and three-month acetate and pamoate formulations of Decapeptyl® are no longer protected by any patents.

The licensing agreement with Debiopharm grants the Group the right to collaborate with Debiopharm on the development of Decapeptyl[®] as well as the right to manufacture and market Decapeptyl[®] worldwide with the exclusion of North America and certain other countries, principally Israel, Japan, and English-speaking African countries. Pursuant to the agreement, the Group commercializes Decapeptyl[®] under a daily formulation as well as under monthly, 3-month, and 6-month sustained-release formulations.

Eisai (Tokyo, Japan)

In August 2022, Ipsen acquired Epizyme, Inc. Through such acquisition, Ipsen acquired worldwide rights, excluding Japan which rights are exclusively granted to Eisai Co., Ltd, to tazemetostat (Tazverik[®]), an oral EZH2 inhibitor. Ipsen is responsible for global development, manufacturing and commercialization outside of Japan of tazemetostat. Eisai retains development and commercialization rights in Japan. In March 2021, Epizyme and Eisai entered into a supply agreement providing for the manufacture and supply to Eisai of tazemetostat drug product. Ipsen will pay royalties at a percentage in the mid-teens on worldwide net sales of any EZH2 product, excluding net sales in Japan, while Ipsen is eligible to receive from Eisai royalties at a percentage in the mid-teens on net sales of any EZH2 product in Japan. In 2019, Epizyme transferred its rights to receive royalties from Eisai on Japanese net sales to Royalty Pharma (PRI) and transferred its royalty rights on worldwide net sales of tazemetostat to RPI in 2019.

Exelixis (San Francisco, California, USA)

In 2016, the Group and Exelixis Inc. signed an exclusive licensing agreement for the commercialization and further development of cabozantinib, Exelixis' lead oncology asset. The parties agreed to collaborate on the development of cabozantinib (Cabometyx[®]) for current and potential future indications, and Ipsen has exclusive commercialization rights worldwide outside the United States and Japan.

This agreement includes the rights to Cometriq[®] currently approved in the United States and the European Union (EU) for the treatment of adult patients with progressive, unresectable, locally-advanced or metastatic medullary thyroid cancer (MTC) and Cabometyx[®] currently approved in a number of countries, among others the U.S., the European Union (EU) and Canada for the second-line treatment of patients with advanced renal cell carcinoma (RCC) who have received first-line antiangiogenic therapy, and for the first-line treatment of adults with intermediate or poor risk advanced RCC, for the treatment of hepatocellular carcinoma in adults who have previously been treated with sorafenib, for the first-line treatment of advanced renal cell carcinoma (aRCC) in adults in combination with Bristol Myers Squibb's nivolumab and for the treatment of adult patients with locally advanced or metastatic differentiated thyroid carcinoma (DTC), refractory or not eligible to radioactive iodine who have progressed during or after prior systemic therapy.

Under the agreement, Exelixis received a \$200 million upfront payment, several regulatory milestone payments as well as up to \$545 million of potential commercial milestones and tiered royalties to Exelixis of up to 26% on Ipsen's net sales of cabozantinib in its territories.

HutchMed (Shanghai, China; Hung Hom, Hong Kong; British Virgin Islands)

In August 2022, Ipsen acquired Epizyme, Inc. Through such acquisition, Ipsen acquired a license agreement entered into by Epizyme with Hutchmed Group Investment Limited (formerly known as Hutchison China MediTech Investment Limited) ("HutchMed"), since 2021, for the development, manufacture and commercialization of tazemetostat, either as a monotherapy or as a part of combinations with other therapies, including HutchMed's proprietary compounds, for the treatment of metastatic or locally advanced epithelioid sarcoma ("ES"), refractory follicular lymphoma ("FL"), diffuse large B-cell lymphoma, and any additional indications agreed by the parties in mainland China, Taiwan, Hong Kong and Macau (collectively, the "Territory").

HutchMed is granted a co-exclusive license to develop and an exclusive license commercialize tazemetostat in the indications in the Territory. HutchMed is granted a license to manufacture tazemetostat drug substance and drug product. Epizyme, now Ipsen, retains development and commercialization rights with respect to tazemetostat in the Rest of the World, outside of the Territory but excluding Japan, which rights is held by Eisai.

Epizyme received a non-refundable upfront payment of \$25.0 million in September 2021. Ipsen is entitled to milestone payments of up to \$110.0 million in the aggregate for achievement of specified development and regulatory milestones with respect to tazemetostat in the Territory, and up to \$175.0 million in the aggregate for achievement of specified sales milestones in the Territory with respect to tazemetostat. Ipsen will also be entitled to receive tiered royalties, ranging from a mid-teen percentage to a low twenties percentage based on Hutchmed's cumulative annual net sales, if any, of tazemetostat in the Territory.

Servier (Suresnes, France) and PharmaEngine (Tapei, Taiwan)

In 2017, the Group acquired from Merrimack Pharmaceuticals, Onivyde[®] (irinotecan liposome injection) for the treatment of patients with metastatic adenocarcinoma of the pancreas after disease progression following gemcitabine-based therapy, in combination with fluorouracil and leucovorin as well as the commercial and manufacturing infrastructure for Onivyde[®]. Through such acquisition, Ipsen has acquired exclusive commercialization rights of Onivyde[®] in the United States, as well as the licensing agreements that were entered into by Merrimack Pharmaceuticals with PharmaEngine and with Shire (whose biopharmaceutical division was spun off in 2016 as Baxalta, which oncology business including Onivyde was subsequently assigned to Servier), respectively. Pursuant to said license agreements, PharmaEngine has exclusive commercialization rights in Taiwan (the "PEI License Agreement"). Servier has development and exclusive commercialization rights outside of the United States and Taiwan (the "Servier License Agreement"). Under the terms of

the Servier License Agreements, Servier will pay to Ipsen certain milestone payments and royalties on sales of the products outside United States and Taiwan. Under the PEI License Agreement, PharmaEngine is eligible to receive from Ipsen certain milestone payment upon the achievement of certain regulatory and commercial milestone events and royalties on sales made outside the United States and Taiwan. In 2023, Servier waived its rights relative to commercialization in Canada and transferred the Canadian marketing authorization back to Ipsen.

1.2.2.2 Agreements in Neuroscience

Galderma (Lausanne, Switzerland)

Since 2007, under the terms of a development and distribution agreement, Ipsen granted Galderma S.A., a Swiss company, exclusive rights to develop, promote, and distribute specific formulations of its botulinum toxin type A product in aesthetic medicine indications until 2036 in the European Union and certain Eastern European countries and Central Asia under the Azzalure trademark owned by Galderma. Ipsen owns all regulatory approvals and all data arising from development activities. In the event Ipsen considered granting distribution rights for such Azzalure product in the aesthetic indication to a third party outside the countries covered by the 2007 agreement, Galderma will have a right of first negotiation.

In 2014, the Dysport distribution rights in the U.S. and Canada, were granted to Galderma. As part of such agreement Ipsen gained control of the intellectual property and is the marketing authorization holder for Galderma's liquid toxin (QM1114) in the U.S., Canada, Brazil, and Europe, while Galderma retained commercialization rights.

The Group and Galderma further expanded the Dysport exclusive rights, in aesthetic indications in Brazil, Argentina, Mexico, Australia, New Zealand, China, India, South Korea, Hong Kong, Macau, Taiwan, Singapore and Thailand. In consideration among others for such expansion granted to Galderma, Ipsen has acquired the title to the intellectual property and is the marketing authorization holder for Galderma's liquid toxin (QM-1114) in the partnership countries. As part of the agreement, Galderma is also granted the exclusive rights in the aesthetic field in the licensed territory for the liquid formulation of Dysport under the Alluzience trademark.

The Group supplies Dysport, Azzalure and Alluzience to Galderma, and Galderma pays Ipsen royalties based on sales of the product.

Public Health England (PHE) (Porton Down, United Kingdom)

The Group entered a licensing agreement with the PHE in 1994 covering the botulinum toxin type A complex, which is the active substance in Dysport. Until December 2036, the Group holds an exclusive worldwide license to use and sell the botulinum neurotoxin type A produced by the PHE and the co-exclusive right with the PHE to manufacture this toxin using the PHE processes. Further to an amendment in 2001, the Group began producing botulinum toxin type A in 2004. The Group is now discharged from the obligation to purchase botulinum toxin from PHE.

Under this agreement, the Group pays the PHE royalties based on revenues generated from the sale of products containing botulinum toxin type A, particularly those realized under the Dysport brand name, together with minimum royalty clauses.

1.2.2.3 Agreements in Rare Disease

Blueprint Medicines (Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA)

In 2019, the Group and Blueprint Medicines entered into an exclusive, worldwide license agreement for the development and commercialization of IPN60130 (formerly known as BLU-782), an oral, highly selective investigational ALK2 inhibitor being developed for the treatment of Fibrodysplasia Ossificans Progressiva (FOP). Blueprint Medicines will be eligible to receive up to \$535 million, including an upfront cash payment of \$25 million and up to \$510 million in potential payments related to development, regulatory and sales-based milestones, plus tiered percentage royalties ranging from the low- to mid-teens on worldwide aggregate annual net sales.

Genentech (San Francisco, California, USA)

The Group entered into a distribution agreement with Genentech in 2002 which covers NutropinAq, a liquid formulation of human growth hormone for daily use produced using recombinant DNA technology. Under this agreement, the Group has the exclusive right to market worldwide (with the exception of North America, Mexico, Brazil, and Japan) NutropinAq and the NutropinAq Pen Cartridge® (i.e. the configuration used for the daily administration of the liquid formulation of NutropinAq) and any improvement made to these products for a period of 20 years starting from the date on which NutropinAq was launched in the market.

The Group agreed to pay Genentech (now, a member of the Roche Group since 2009) milestone payments when certain net sales figures are reached. The Group also agreed to pay royalties based on the total amount of annual sales of each product in the territory covered by the distribution agreement. The European patent owned by Genentech protecting the product expired on 29 July 2013.

GENFIT (Loos, France)

In December 2021, Ipsen and GENFIT have entered into a long-term strategic partnership for global collaboration between the two companies. The agreement gives Ipsen exclusive worldwide (excluding Mainland China, Hong-Kong, Macau, Taiwan) license to develop, manufacture and commercialize GENFIT's investigational treatment elafibranor. Initial indication will focus on people living with Primary Biliary Cholangitis (PBC). The partnership also gives Ipsen access to future clinical programs led by GENFIT and combines GENFIT's scientific expertise and proprietary technologies in liver disease with Ipsen's development and commercialization capabilities. To underscore the long-term commitment represented by this partnership, Ipsen has also purchased newly issued GENFIT equity representing 8% post-issuance through a €28m investment in GENFIT, becoming one of the largest shareholders.

IRLAB Therapeutics AB (Gothenburg, Sweden)

In July 2021, the Group and IRLAB entered into an exclusive licensing agreement pursuant to which Ipsen obtained the exclusive right to develop and commercialize worldwide an investigational drug mesdopetam, which is an oral dopamine D3-receptor antagonist for the treatment of patients with Parkinson's disease experiencing levodopa-induced dyskinesia. In August 2023 Ipsen and IRLAB terminated this licensing agreement and all rights to develop and commercialize mesdopetam were returned back to IRLAB. In return, IRLAB agreed to pay a royalty to Ipsen on future product commercial sales.

TerSera Therapeutics (Deerfield, Illinois, USA)

In 2014, the Group entered into an exclusive licensing agreement with Lexicon Pharmaceuticals for Ipsen to commercialize Xermelo[®] outside North America and Japan, with a focus on the treatment of carcinoid syndrome. Through an amendment in March 2015, Ipsen was granted exclusive rights in Canada. Lexicon retains sole rights to commercialize Xermelo[®] in the U.S. and Japan. In September 2020, Lexicon sold Xermelo[®] and assigned the related license agreement with Ipsen to TerSera Therapeutics.

On 31 March 2022, Ipsen assigned the license agreement with TerSera to Serb Pharmaceuticals, which now assumes Ipsen's rights and obligations under such agreement from Ipsen to commercialize Xermelo[®] (telotristat ethyl) in Europe and other countries outside the U.S. and Japan. Xermelo will be commercially available from Serb outside the U.S. and Japan starting in July 2022.

Teijin (Tokyo, Japan)

The Group granted Teijin exclusive rights in Japan to develop and market Somatuline Autogel for the treatments of acromegaly, Gastro-Entero-Pancreatic Neuroendocrine Tumors (GEPNET) and TSHoma (thyrotropinoma).

In 2012, Teijin received marketing approval in Japan for Somatuline 60/90/120 mg for subcutaneous injection for the treatment of acromegaly and pituitary gigantism.

In 2017, Teijin received approval from the Japanese Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare for Ipsen's subcutaneous drug Somatuline[®] for the treatment of GEP NET.

Jadeite Medicines (Tokyo, Japan)

In March 2023, Ipsen completed the acquisition of Albireo Pharma, Inc., a frontrunner in bile-acid modulators for the treatment of rare liver conditions. This acquisition inherently includes the strategic partnership originally established between Jadeite and Albireo in October 2021. Specifically, Jadeite had entered into an Exclusive Licensing Agreement with Albireo for the development and commercialization of odevixibat in Japan, targeting progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC), Alagille syndrome (ALGS), and biliary atresia (BA). Albireo, received an upfront payment of U.S. \$15 million and is eligible to receive up to U.S. \$120 million in milestone payments related to the development and regulatory approval of odevixibat in Japan. In addition, Ipsen is entitled to receive double-digit royalties on net sales of odevixibat in Japan. In June 2023, Jadeite announced two significant advancements in connection with odevixibat: (i) the Ministry of Health, Labour and Welfare (MHLW) of Japan awarded to Jadeite the orphan drug designation for odevixibat, targeting progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) and Jadeite initiated a phase 3 trial in PFIC in Japan.

EA Pharma (Tokyo, Japan)

As part of the acquisition of Albireo, Ipsen has also integrated a pre-existing partnership between Albireo and EA Pharma, formerly known as Ajinomoto Pharmaceuticals. Initiated in 2012, this collaboration licenses elobixibat—a treatment for chronic constipation and related functional gastrointestinal diseases—exclusively to EA Pharma for the Japanese market and selected other Asian territories. EA Pharma co-markets elobixibat in Japan with another company, Mochida, and co-promotes elobixibat with Eisai in Japan under the trade name GOOFICE[®]. In 2018, Albireo has entered into a royalty monetization agreement with HealthCare Royalty Partners (HCR) whereby the latter acquired from Albireo the right to receive all royalties from sales in Japan under the license agreement with EA Pharma Co., Ltd.

1.2.3 Research and Development

The Group is transforming and enhancing its R&D operating model with a focus on accelerating prioritized internal projects, effectively managing the R&D portfolio and actively externally sourcing assets through disciplined business development. The mission of the R&D organization is to deliver at least one new molecular entity or meaningful indication every year.

1.2.3.1 Research and Development Activities

The Group's Research and Development efforts aim to respond to unmet medical needs to develop innovative therapeutic solutions and utilizing an entrepreneurial, collaborative approach to build a sustainable portfolio.

Research and Development primarily focuses on two areas:

- discovery, development, and regulatory approval of new molecular entities;
- lifecycle management of products marketed by the Group through the:
 - extension and expansion of labelled indications;
 - development of new indications;
 - development of new formulations and delivery systems;
 - registration in new geographical areas.

Additionally, the Group partners on in-licensing development opportunities when appropriate to deliver its strategy.

As of 31 December 2023, more than 713 employees were employed in Research and Development including 195 employees in Pharmaceutical Development.

For the financial year 2023, Research and Development expenses totaled €619.3 million, compared to €445.3 million in 2022.

Novel botulinum toxin-based drug discovery in Neuroscience

The engineering of new botulinum toxins is primarily carried out in Ipsen's R&D facilities in Milton Park (Oxford, UK), in partnership with Les Ulis (Paris-Saclay) or in collaboration with academic research centers and biotechnology companies. Botulinum toxins have a unique potential for very broad therapeutic applications in many areas including neurology, urology, oncology, endocrinology, regenerative medicine, etc. The R&D team in Milton Park is very experienced in botulinum toxin biology, and the team's innovations are reflected in an extensive patent portfolio. Additionally, the Group is one of the few to master the manufacturing and testing of botulinum toxins at its plant in Wrexham (United Kingdom) as well as the technologies needed to explore new applications and to develop new toxin-based products. The Group is developing novel recombinant long-acting neurotoxins that have potential advantages of better control, robustness as well as quality and process manufacturing. It also allows the Group to leverage its development, manufacturing and commercialization expertise in the neurotoxin market.

Pharmaceutical development

Pharmaceutical development is located at the Dreux, Dublin and Wrexham sites and aims to design and develop formulations and innovative delivery systems for new chemical entities or for marketed products. These novel technologies can optimize the efficacy of active ingredients while improving the quality of life of patients and facilitating the use of these products by health care professionals.

Investment in translational sciences

Research and Development at Ipsen strives to be at the forefront of major advances emerging in science and medical practice such as the progression of molecular medicine and biomarkers which are revolutionizing the diagnosis and prognosis of diseases and the selection of the best treatment leading based on genetic markers to the emergence of personalized medicine. This commitment to translational sciences is reflected in a willingness to invest in biobanking during clinical trials, bioinformatics, predictive biometry based on simulation modelling and requiring large data banks, in-depth knowledge of pathophysiological/molecular mechanisms of diseases and from the outset to identify biomarkers which will accompany the development of candidate drugs with the potential to become companion diagnostics.

Partnership policy and open innovation

Internal Research and Development efforts are also supported through an active partnership policy, from basic research through clinical development. The Group's partnership philosophy stems from the recognition that Ipsen's R&D staff members are highly skilled in their fields but are a tiny fraction of the expertise available worldwide in the scientific community. Thus, it is essential to look for synergies between internal projects and skills and those of other leading-edge players in medical and pharmaceutical R&D in the context of robust open innovation policy.

At the research stage, the Group has established numerous academic collaborations with Massachusetts General Hospital, Dana-Farber Cancer Institute, Harvard Medical School, Boston Children's Hospital in Boston, U.S., Stockholm University in Stockholm, Sweden, Université de Montréal in Montreal, Canada and in France with InnoBio 2, Inserm, Institut Gustave Roussy and Institut Curie. Since 2008, Ipsen has been involved in a long-term partnership with the prestigious Salk Institute (La Jolla, California) on basic research in areas of Ipsen's interest. The Group has also forged partnerships on specific projects with innovative biotechnology companies, thereby accessing new compounds and promising technologies for the discovery of new drug candidates.

Ipsen is considering different ways to invest in innovation and in 2018 contributed to a venture capital fund investing in pre-IND (Investigational New Drug) to late clinical phase assets. In 2018, Ipsen also partnered with Arix Bioscience and BioLabs.

In November 2021, Ipsen signed a partnership with Queen's University Belfast (QUB) that will give Ipsen access to their novel first-in-class FLIP inhibitor program to advance our Oncology portfolio. This agreement gives Ipsen a global, exclusive license to research, develop, manufacture, and commercialize the FLIP inhibitor. QUB will be responsible for research activities to development candidate selection and Ipsen for subsequent development and commercialization.

In August 2022, Ipsen has exercised its option to acquire exclusive worldwide rights to an investigational ERK inhibitor, discovered by AGV Discovery. The decision follows the successful achievement of a key developmental milestone and is the result of a research collaboration and option agreement between the companies, established in September 2020.

In August 2022, Ipsen and Marengo Therapeutics announced a strategic partnership to advance two precision immunology candidates from Marengo's STAR Platform into the clinic. The collaboration will leverage Marengo's proprietary R&D expertise of a novel mechanism of T cell activation with Ipsen's global oncology footprint for clinical development and commercialization. Marengo will lead the pre-clinical development efforts and until the submission of an Investigational New Drug (IND) application to the U.S. FDA. Ipsen will assume responsibilities for clinical development and commercialization.

In February 2023, Ipsen has exercised its option to acquire exclusive worldwide rights to a pre-clinical stage program with potential oncology applications. This license agreement is the result of a fruitful collaborative research program established between Ipsen, University of Montréal (UdeM) and Institute for Research in Immunology and Cancer Commercialization of Research (IRICoR) back in May 2020. Ipsen will now assume all development activities and commercialization of the drug candidate globally.

In addition, Ipsen, UdeM and IRICoR entered into a new research collaboration and option agreement for two discovery-stage programs in oncology. Under the terms of this collaboration and option agreement, the team of interdisciplinary drug discovery scientists at the Institute for Research in Immunology and Cancer (IRIC) at the UdeM will be responsible for the identification, synthesis, and advancement of high-quality therapeutic compounds up to drug candidate stage. Should Ipsen decide to exercise its option, Ipsen would assume responsibilities for all subsequent development activities and commercialization of drug candidates globally.

In June 2023, Ipsen has developed a research collaboration agreement with Medetia, a biotech with extensive drug discovery and medicinal chemistry experience firm based at the Imagine Institute in Paris. This collaboration is

strategically aligned with Ipsen's core focus areas —oncology, rare disease, and neuroscience— and specifically aims to accelerate research in rare diseases including rare neurodegenerative disorders. Medetia's proficiency in early-stage prospecting, experimental evaluation, and management in novel therapies complements Ipsen's robust capabilities in developing transformative treatments for rare and severe diseases. Under the collaborative framework, Medetia will spearhead activities up to the candidate selection phase, while Ipsen retains the option to secure exclusive global rights to any successful drug candidates, subsequently assuming full responsibility for their clinical development and commercialization.

1.2.3.2 Research and Development Centers

The Group has strategically established an international network of research and development centers in geographical areas where it has access to world-class expertise in scientific and clinical research. The Group believes its Research and Development programs and the geographical distribution of its Research and Development centers allow it to attract talented scientists, which makes the Group highly competitive in the field of pharmaceutical R&D compared with other groups of similar size.

The Research and Development Center in Paris-Saclay (France)

Ipsen Innovation, the Research and Development Center in Les Ulis, located in the Paris-Saclay hub, was opened in 1969 and a new facility was built in 1996. The scientists focus on novel medicines in the fields of Neuroscience, Rare Disease and Oncology. Notably, the Pharmacology, Non-clinical Safety, Pharmacodynamic and Metabolism groups in Les Ulis have expanded to support Ipsen projects from discovery to commercialization. The Group have also established a pre-clinical and clinical development operations organization together with the Global Regulatory Affairs, Pharmacovigilance and Quality departments to support the design and execution of the worldwide development strategy to bring to market the new compounds developed by Ipsen.

The Research and Development Center Cambridge (Massachusetts, United States)

Ipsen Bioscience is located in the heart of the Cambridge biotech hub in order to allow broader access to external resources and knowledge in terms of innovative molecules and drug candidates. Cambridge is a "Center of Innovation" combining activities of research and assessment of these new molecules, through our External Innovation team, based on a strategic and operational partnership between the R&D and Business Development teams.

The Group also has Clinical Research, Development and Operations teams whose task is to coordinate and perform global clinical research related to Oncology, Neuroscience and Rare Disease, and a dedicated regulatory group that focuses on the Group's regulatory activities with the FDA.

The Research and Development Center in Milton Park (Oxford, UK)

Ipsen Bioinnovation, located in a leading innovation hub at the Milton Park campus in Oxfordshire, represents Ipsen's technological platform for toxins, with expertise in engineering recombinant and modified toxins for new therapeutic solutions in Neuroscience and co-locates research scientists with the major R&D activities of clinical development, clinical development operations, regulatory affairs, pharmacovigilance, project management, and publication.

The Research and Development Center in Shanghai (China)

Ipsen Innovation hub in Shanghai, located in the Hong Kou district, has opened in 2019. The Group is establishing a Global R&D organization including Clinical Development, Biometry, Regulatory Affairs, Pharmacovigilance and Quality departments. This team will support the design and execution of the appropriate development strategy to register in China new indications and new compounds. The Shanghai Innovation hub will also collaborate closely with Global External Innovation and Partnering to pursue opportunities in China.

1.2.3.3 The Portfolio of Research and Development Projects

1.2.3.3.1 The research and development process

At the end of the research stage that results in the selection of a candidate molecule for development, the process of securing approval for this new molecule or compound by the regulatory authorities may take eight to twelve years and is typically broken down into five stages: the pre-clinical stage, Phase I FIH clinical trial (Phase I or first-in-human study) to assess safety and pharmacokinetics/pharmacodynamics of the compound; Phase II to characterize safety and efficacy across a dose-range of the tested compound in patients; Phase III to confirm both safety/efficacy and therapeutic benefit in a large patient population and Phase IV (post-approval).

During the research stage, which usually lasts three to five years, the Group's researchers synthesize innovative molecules and study their effects on cell systems or isolated organs, *in vitro*, or in animal subjects, to better understand their pharmacological, pharmacokinetic, and toxicological

properties. An analysis of the study results makes it possible to select the compound that meets the set treatment goals to move forward in development.

The pre-clinical stage of development aims to gather the pre-clinical safety toxicological and pharmacokinetic data essential for initial administration in humans and for preparing the regulatory dossier to start clinical trials that are subject to approval from regulatory authorities and ethics committees.

The development continues with clinical trials that are principally intended to provide evidence of the safety and efficacy of the drug in humans. When the results support the targeted indication, a registration dossier is then submitted to the regulatory authorities to assess and decide on its marketing authorization.

At Ipsen, once a clinical candidate has been selected, the next stage of project centric and cross-functional development approaches is conducted. The scope of the Exploratory Development phase is up to the clinical proof of concept (PoC). Once both early efficacy and short-term safety have been established from the PoC and meet the Product Target Profile, the drug can proceed to the confirmatory development phase. Exploratory development benefits from innovative question-based development plans, adaptive design, modeling and simulation, biomarkers, and translational science/medicine.

This approach allows: 1) shortening of the time to decision (Go/No-Go) to proceed to confirmatory trials using a parallel rather than sequential development path, 2) de-risking projects before large investments are made, and 3) more efficient management of the project portfolio.

1.2.3.3.2 The development programs

The table below lists the Group's clinical programs. This table is subject to change depending on numerous factors that can be extremely unpredictable. The Group might experience delayed completion of clinical trials, treatment failures, absence of marketing authorization, and the occurrence of a technical or administrative event beyond the Group's reasonable control. A summary of risks is described in section 2.2 "Risk Factors" of this document and a detailed description of the products development programs is given in part 1.2.1 "The Group's Products".

The molecule portfolio* in development is the following:

Product under development	Indications	Development stage
Oncology		
Decapeptyl [®]	3M (Central Precocious Puberty) CPP – China	Approved in China
Decapeptyl [®]	6M (Central Precocious Puberty) CPP – China	Submitted
Decapeptyl [®]	6M (Prostate Cancer) PCa – China	Approved in China with Phase IV (Post Approval Commitment)
Decapeptyl [®]	6M Sub-Cut (Prostate Cancer) PCa	Phase III
Cabometyx [®] in combination with atezolizumab ⁽¹⁾	Metastatic Castration-resistant Prostate Cancer (mCRPC) 1L/2L	Phase III
Onivyde [®]	Pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma (PDAC) 1L	Submitted
Tazverik [®]	1L Epithelioid Sarcoma Combo Doxorubicin	Phase Ib/III
	2L R/R FL Combo R2 (rituximab and lenalidomide)	Phase III
	Solid R/R Synovial Sarcoma	Phase II
	mCRPC	Phase Ib/II
IPN60210 (EZM0414)	R/R DLBCL and R/R Multiple Myeloma	Phase I
Somatuline [®] Autogel [®]	GEP-NET – China	Submitted
Neuroscience		
Dysport [®]	Migraine	Phase III
Longer acting toxin rBoNT/A'	Multiple therapeutic and aesthetic indications	Phase I/II
Rare Disease		
Sohonos [®] (palovarotene)	Fibrodysplasia Ossificans Progressiva (FOP) chronic and flare up	Approved (Canada and US) ⁽²⁾⁽³⁾
Fidrisertib (IPN60130) – ALK2 inhibitor	Fibrodysplasia Ossificans Progressiva (FOP)	Pivotal Phase II
Elafibranor	Primary Biliary Cholangitis (PBC) 2L	Phase III
	Primary Sclerosing Cholangitis (PSC) 1L	Phase II
Bylvay [®] (odovixibat)	Alagille Syndrome (ALGS)	Approved (US)
	Biliary Atresia (BA)	Phase III
IPN60250	Primary Sclerosing Cholangitis (PSC)	Phase II
IPN60260	Viral Cholestatic Disease (VCD)	Phase I

* An update of the molecule portfolio under development is made at each quarterly communication and available on our website [ipsen.com](https://www.ipsen.com) on the Investors/ Financial Results page.

⁽¹⁾ Study sponsored by Exelixis. Ipsen opted in to co-fund this study.

⁽²⁾ Approved for the reduction in volume of new heterotopic ossification (HO) in adults and pediatric patients (aged 8 years and older for females and 10 years and older for males) with fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP).

⁽³⁾ Trial paused following prespecified interim futility analysis; Ipsen then amended the protocol for the Phase III MOVE trial and reinitiated palovarotene dosing in patients 14 years of age and older as announced on 26 March 2020.

Oncology**Decapeptyl®**

The Group continues to develop new indications and formulations of Decapeptyl in China.

Somatuline®

The Group prepares the extension of new indications in China.

Cabometyx®

The Group opted to participate in the funding of several trials with Exelixis and other partners to explore the combination of cabozantinib with other agents in different solid tumors:

- Cabometyx in combination with nivolumab (Opdivo®) in first-line advanced renal cell carcinoma. The Phase III CheckMate 9ER study, sponsored by Bristol-Myers Squibb and co-funded by Exelixis and Ipsen, was initiated in July 2017. This trial evaluated Cabometyx in combination with nivolumab versus sunitinib in patients with previously untreated, advanced or metastatic renal cell carcinoma (RCC). The new indication was approved by the EMA in March 2021, and was approved in other countries across 2022.
- Cabozantinib (Cabometyx) in combination with atezolizumab (Tecentriq) in patients with previously treated metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) with an anti-PD-L1/PD-1 antibody and platinum-containing chemotherapy. The Phase III CONTACT-01 study sponsored by Roche and co-funded by Ipsen and Exelixis, was initiated in September 2020. The pivotal trial evaluates Cabometyx in combination with atezolizumab versus Docetaxel in previously treated metastatic Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer (NSCLC) with an anti-PD-L1/PD-1 antibody and platinum-containing chemotherapy. In December 2022, Ipsen announced that the CONTACT-01 study did not meet its primary endpoint of overall survival at the final analysis.
- Cabozantinib (Cabometyx) in combination with atezolizumab (Tecentriq) in patients with previously treated Metastatic Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer (mCRPC). The Phase III CONTACT-02 study sponsored by Exelixis and co-funded by Ipsen and Roche, was initiated in June 2020. The pivotal trial evaluates Cabometyx in combination with atezolizumab versus a second novel hormonal therapy (NHT) in men with metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC) who have previously been treated with one, and only one, NHT for their prostate cancer disease.

In addition, numerous investigator-sponsored studies are ongoing to explore Cabometyx in monotherapy and in combination with other treatments for different types of cancer.

Onivyde®

The Group continues to advance the Onivyde clinical development program, including clinical studies in patients with previously untreated, metastatic pancreatic adenocarcinoma.

Tazverik®

In August 2022, Ipsen announced the closing of the definitive merger agreement under which Ipsen has acquired Epizyme, Inc. (Epizyme). As part of the transaction, Ipsen acquired Epizyme's lead medicine, Tazverik, a first-in-class, chemotherapy-free EZH2a inhibitor, which was granted Accelerated Approval by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in 2020. It is currently indicated for adults with relapsed or refractory follicular lymphoma (FL) whose tumors are positive for an EZH2 mutation as detected by an FDA-approved test and who have received at least two prior systemic therapies, and for adult patients with relapsed or refractory follicular lymphoma who have no satisfactory alternative treatment options, as well as for adults and pediatric patients aged 16 years and older with metastatic or locally advanced epithelioid sarcoma not eligible for complete resection.

IPN60210 (previously known as EZM0414)

Ipsen also acquired Epizyme's first-in-class, oral SETD2 inhibitor development candidate, EZM0414, which was granted FDA Fast Track status in 2021 for diffuse large-B-cell lymphoma (DLBCL) and Orphan Drug Designation in 2022 for multiple myeloma (MM). IPN60210 is currently under evaluation in a recently initiated Phase Ia/Ib trial in adult patients with relapsed or refractory MM and relapsed or refractory DLBCL.

Neuroscience**Dysport®**

The Group has now completed several Phase III trials worldwide including the United States since 2011 to reinforce therapeutic indications, focusing on spasticity. The indication for pediatric upper limb spasticity (PUL) has received an approval in the U.S. following a last spasticity Phase III trial requested by the FDA for all neurotoxin manufacturers. In 2023 Ipsen commenced its Phase III development program for the prevention of Migraine in adults.

Since first approval in 2018 in the EU and in 2019 by FDA, the cell-based assay has replaced the *in vivo* mouse-based LD50 assay for establishing the stability and the potency of Ipsen's toxin-based for testing of the finished product (Dysport, Azzalure and Alluzience).

Ipsen's world class R&D centers are pushing technological boundaries to develop the next generation of recombinant toxins, including longer acting neurotoxins, expected to address a broad range of clinical conditions.

Rare Disease

Sohonos® (palovarotene)

In April 2019, Ipsen completed the acquisition of Clementia Pharmaceuticals to strengthen its Rare Disease portfolio. Ipsen acquired Clementia Pharmaceuticals' late-stage drug candidate palovarotene, with pediatric disease and breakthrough therapy designations for the treatment of the ultra-rare bone disorder, fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP).

On 6 December 2019, following discussions with the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA), a partial clinical hold was issued for patients under the age of 14 for studies evaluating palovarotene for the treatment of FOP and multiple osteochondromas (MO). This was due to events of premature physal closure observed in growing children in the FOP studies.

On 24 January 2020, the Group announced it was decided to pause dosing in the palovarotene trials based on results of a futility analysis reviewed by the Independent Data Monitoring Committee (IDMC) as part of the pre-specified interim analysis.

The Group has conducted further assessment and showed that encouraging therapeutic activity was observed in *post-hoc* analyses of interim data for the Phase III MOVE trial and shared with, and acknowledged by, the Independent Data Monitoring Committee (IDMC). As such, Ipsen amended the protocol for the Phase III MOVE trial to include updates to the statistical analysis section as recommended by the IDMC to allow for additional analyses to be performed in addition to the primary pre-specified analysis. On 26 March 2020, Ipsen announced it will begin to reinitiate palovarotene dosing in patients 14 years of age and older currently participating in its FOP clinical program. The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in the U.S. confirmed they have no safety concerns with restarting dosing in patients 14 years of age and older. Clearance to reinitiate dosing in these patients was also received from all other ex-U.S. regulatory agencies.

In January 2022, Ipsen announced the Health Canada approval of Sohonos® (palovarotene capsules), an oral selective retinoic-acid receptor gamma (RAR γ) agonist indicated to reduce the formation of new heterotopic ossification (HO; new bone formation) in adults and children aged 8 years and above for females and 10 years and above for males with FOP. This decision marked the first approval for Sohonos® worldwide.

In December 2022, the FDA issued a complete response letter regarding the new drug application for palovarotene but after Ipsen having provided responses to the FDA, and having obtained favorable votes during the FDA advisory committee held on 28 June 2023, Sohonos (palovarotene capsules) has been approved on 16 August 2023 for the reduction of new heterotopic ossification in adults and children aged 8 years and above for females and 10 years and above for males with FOP. Moreover, in January 2023, Ipsen received a negative opinion from the CHMP9 for palovarotene in the same indication. Despite having requested a re-examination of the opinion, based on scientific data available from the existing palovarotene clinical-trial program, Ipsen application was rejected by EMA on July 2023.

Fidrisertib (IPN60130)

In October 2019, Ipsen finalized an agreement with Blueprint Medicines to in-license the global rights to IPN60130 (formerly known as BLU-782), an highly selective investigational ALK2 inhibitor for the treatment of fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP) in patients aged 5 years and older. Now, with the addition of IPN60130 (formerly known as BLU-782), which is in pivotal Phase II stage, Ipsen will have the potential to offer a broader suite of treatment options for patients living with FOP, an ultra-rare bone disorder.

Elafibranor

On 17 December 2021, Ipsen announced a strategic partnership with GENFIT, which grants Ipsen the exclusive worldwide (excluding Greater China region) license to develop, manufacture and commercialize the investigational treatment elafibranor. This is a first-in-class PPAR alpha and delta agonist being developed for people living with primary biliary cholangitis (PBC) who have an inadequate response or intolerance to ursodeoxycholic acid; a rare, progressive, chronic autoimmune disease of the liver.

Bylvay® (odevixibat)

In 2023, the Group has completed the acquisition of Albireo Pharma, Inc., a leading innovator in bile-acid modulators to treat rare liver conditions. The acquisition enriches Ipsen's Rare Disease portfolio, with promising therapeutics for pediatric and adult rare cholestatic-liver diseases, innovative pipeline potential, as well as scientific and commercial capabilities.

Odevixibat is a potent, once-daily, oral, non-systemic ileal bile acid transport inhibitor (IBATi). Bylvay was approved in 2021 in the U.S. for the treatment of pruritus in patients three months of age and older with progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC), and in the E.U. for the treatment of PFIC in patients aged six months or older. Pruritus is one of the most prominent and problematic manifestations of the disease, often resulting in severely diminished quality of life.

IPN60250

As part of the transaction with Albireo, Ipsen has also acquired A3907 (IPN60250), a clinical-stage asset in Albireo's pipeline.

IPN60250 is a novel oral systemic apical sodium-dependent bile-acid transporter inhibitor currently in Phase II clinical development for primary sclerosing cholangitis (PSC).

IPN60260

As part of the transaction with Albireo, Ipsen has also acquired A2342 (IPN60260), a clinical-stage asset in Albireo's pipeline.

IPN60260 is an oral systemic sodium-taurocholate co-transporting peptide (NTCP) inhibitor being evaluated for viral and cholestatic diseases in a Phase I trial.

1.2.4 Intellectual Property

1.2.4.1 Patents

The Group's intellectual property – including patents, trademarks, copyrights, trade secrets, and know-how – is of material importance to the success of the business. In some cases, these intellectual property rights are directly owned by the Group, and in other cases, the Group benefits from protections provided by intellectual property rights licensed to the Group from the owner.

Patent exclusivity

To protect the Group's investments in research and development, Ipsen files patent applications covering significant inventions made throughout the drug discovery and development process. These may include inventions relating to: new active substances (biologics or small molecules); salt forms and polymorphs; pharmaceutical compositions; formulated drug products; therapeutic indications and methods of use, including dosing regimens; manufacturing processes and synthetic intermediates; and general technologies, such as assay methods. Ipsen files patent applications in all countries of importance to the Group's business.

The duration of patent protection generally is 20 years from the filing date, although the United States provides a patent term adjustment (PTA) to compensate for patent office delay. Because the pharmaceutical development and regulatory review process requires many years, and because pharmaceutical patents often are filed early in the process, the patent term remaining at the time of market authorization typically is significantly less than 20 years.

In some countries, notably including the United States, Europe, and Japan, mechanisms exist to extend pharmaceutical patent protection following product approval to partially compensate for the term lost during clinical development and regulatory review. The law and procedures governing such extensions of patent protection vary considerably from country to country. In the United States, up to five years of patent term extension (PTE) is available, provided the total extended patent term does not exceed 14 years from the NDA approval date. In Europe, a patent protecting a pharmaceutical product may be granted a supplementary protection certificate (SPC) of up to five years, provided that the extended patent term does not exceed 15 years from the first marketing authorization for the product in the EU. In Japan, up to five years of patent term extension is available. Recently, the Canadian patent law was amended to provide up to two years of extended patent protection in the form of a certificate of supplementary protection (CSP).

The protection a patent provides to a product depends on the type of patent and its scope. Protection also may vary from country to country. For a pharmaceutical product, a patent that covers the active substance itself provides the strongest protection, since it is effective to prevent a competitor from marketing another product containing the same active substance in any formulation for any method of use. By contrast, patents that cover formulations or methods of use (so-called "secondary patents") do not prevent a competitor from marketing a product containing the same active substance, but in an alternative formulation or for a different method of use.

Regulatory exclusivity

In addition to patent protection, the Group's products also may benefit from regulatory exclusivity protections. During the exclusivity period, a generic manufacturer is not able to rely on the Group's clinical data demonstrating drug safety and efficacy. Regulatory exclusivity is particularly important to incentivize the investment in clinical development of products for which patent protection is limited. Regulatory exclusivity periods run in parallel to any patent protection that may exist for the product.

United States

In the United States, new small molecule products benefit from five years of New Chemical Entity (NCE) exclusivity. For five years after the first marketing authorization of an active substance, FDA will not approve another product containing the same active molecule unless the second applicant has generated its own clinical data demonstrating safety and efficacy. If a New Drug Application (NDA) or supplemental New Drug Application (sNDA) contains reports of new clinical investigations that are conducted or sponsored by the applicant and essential for FDA approval, but the product contains an active substance that has been previously approved, the applicant is awarded three years of data exclusivity. For three years after the NDA or sNDA is approved, FDA may not approve a generic drug application that relies upon the new clinical information.

Different exclusivity periods apply for biological products. The abbreviated pathway for approval of biological products that are shown to be biosimilar to a reference biological product that has been licensed by FDA is governed by the Biologics Price Competition and Innovation Act of 2009 (BPCIA). Under the BPCIA, an application for approval of a biosimilar product may not be submitted until four years after the reference product was first licensed, and the biosimilar product may not be approved until 12 years after the reference product was first licensed.

Small molecule or biological products that receive FDA approval for the treatment of a disease or condition affecting fewer than 200,000 individuals in the U.S. may be protected by Orphan Drug Exclusivity (ODE). For a period of seven years after approval of the product for the orphan indication, FDA may not approve any similar product (containing the same active molecule) for the same orphan indication.

Europe

In Europe, new drugs are eligible for a combination of data and market exclusivity, according to an "8+2+1" formula. The same formula applies to both small molecule and biological products. For a period of eight years after the first marketing authorization of an active molecule, the European Medicines Agency (EMA) will not accept for review another application that references the originator's pre-clinical and clinical data, and the generic product cannot be placed on the market for an additional two years. This means that a product that contains a new active molecule will not face generic competition in Europe for at least 10 years after its first marketing authorization, irrespective of patent protection. If the originator drug receives marketing authorization for a significant new indication during the first eight years after the initial marketing authorization, then the exclusivity period is extended by one additional year.

Small molecule or biological products that receive EMA approval for the treatment of a seriously debilitating or life-threatening condition that affects fewer than 5 in 10,000 individuals in the EU are eligible for orphan drug exclusivity. For a period of 10 years after marketing authorization for the orphan indication in the EU, the EMA will not accept for review an application for marketing authorization of a similar product (not necessarily containing exactly the same active molecule) for the same orphan indication. However, orphan drug exclusivity will not prevent marketing authorization of a second product that is shown to be safer, more effective, or otherwise clinically superior.

Exclusivity Protections for Ipsen Products

Regulatory and patent exclusivity protections for Ipsen's marketed products and products in Phase II or Phase III clinical development are summarized in the table below. Only patents that cover the active molecule, the formulated drug product, or a method of using the drug are included in table. For some products, patents that cover manufacturing processes or key synthetic intermediates may provide additional protection.

Product	United States	Europe
Specialty care		
Oncology		
Somatuline [®] Depot/ Somatuline [®] Autogel [®] (lanreotide)		
- compound	Expired	Expired
- formulation	Expired (with PTE)	Expired
- Regulatory exclusivities	ODE (acromegaly) expired; ODE (GEP-NET) expired; ODE (carcinoid syndrome) Sep-2024	Expired
Decapeptyl [®] (triptorelin)		
• 1- and 3-month formulations	N/A	All exclusivities expired
• 6-month formulation		
- formulation	N/A	Jun-2028 (Europe) ⁽¹⁾
- Regulatory exclusivities	N/A	Expired
Cabometyx [®] (cabozantinib)		
- compound	N/A	Sep-2024 (Mar-2029 with SPC)
- polymorphic form	N/A	Jan-2030
- formulation	N/A	Jul-2031 ⁽²⁾
- Regulatory exclusivities	N/A	NCE Mar-2025
Cometriq [®] (cabozantinib)		
- compound	N/A	Sep-2024 (Mar-2029 with SPC)
- polymorphic form	N/A	Jan-2030
- formulation	N/A	Feb-2032 (if granted)
- Regulatory exclusivities	N/A	NCE Mar-2025
Onivyde [®] (irinotecan liposome injection)		
- compound	May-2025 (Aug-2028 with PTA) (Jan-2027 with PTE)	May-2025 (May-2030 with SPC, when and where granted) ⁽³⁾
- Medical use (2L PDAC indication)	Jun-2033	Jun-2033 ⁽⁴⁾
- Medical use (other indications)	2036-2037 (if granted)	2036-2037 (if granted)
- formulation	Oct-2036	Oct-2036 (if granted)
- Regulatory exclusivities	ODE (2L PDAC) Oct-2022	ODE (PDAC) Oct-2030
Tazverik [®]		
- compound	Apr-2032 (Jan 2034 with PTE)	Apr-2032 (SPC possible after approval)
- polymorphic form	Apr-2033	Apr-2033
- medical use	Sep-2031	Sep-2031 ⁽⁵⁾
- medical use	April 2033	April-2033
- medical use	Aug-2034	Oct-2033
- medical use	Oct-2035	Oct-2035
- formulation	Dec-2035	Nov-2035
- Regulatory exclusivities	NCE Jan-2025; ODE (epithelioid sarcoma); ODE (follicular lymphoma) Jun-2027	N/A
Neuroscience		
Dysport [®] (abobotulinumtoxinA)		
- Regulatory exclusivities	ODE (pediatric lower limb spasticity) Jul-2023	
Alluzience [®] (abobotulinumtoxinA)		
- formulation	Jul-2025	Jul-2025 ⁽⁶⁾
Long acting toxin rBoNT/A [†]		
- compound	May-2037 (PTE possible after approval)	May-2037 (SPC possible after approval)
- medical use	Mar-2041 (PTE possible after approval)	Mar-2041 (SPC possible after approval)

Product	United States	Europe
Rare Disease		
NutropinAq [®] (somatropin)	N/A	All exclusivities expired
Increlex [®] (mecasermin)		
- medical use	Expired	Expired
- medical use	Aug-2025	Sep-2024
- formulation	Expired	Expired
- regulatory exclusivities	Expired	Expired
Sohonos [®] (palovarotene)		
- compound	Expired	Expired
- medical use	Aug-2031 (PTE possible after approval)	Aug-2031 (SPC possible after approval)
- medical use	Jun-2037 (PTE possible after approval)	Jun-2037 (SPC possible after approval)
- regulatory exclusivities	NCE Aug-2028; ODE (fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva) Aug-2030	
Fidrisertib (IPN60130)		
- compound	Apr-2037 (PTE possible after approval)	Apr-2037 (SPC possible after approval)
- salt	Aug-2040 (if granted)	Aug-2040 (if granted)
Elafibranor		
- compound	Sep-2024	Expired
- medical use	Mar-2037 (PTE possible after approval)	Mar-2037 (if granted; SPC possible after approval)
- medical use	Feb-2041 (if granted)	Feb-2041 (if granted)
Bylvay [®]		
- compound	Expired	Expired
- medical use	Nov-2031 (March 2034 if PTE granted)	Nov-2031 (July-2036 with SPC ⁽⁷⁾)
- polymorphic form	June-2039	June-2039
- formulation	June-2039	June-2039
- medical use	Nov-2041	Nov-2041
- medical use	Nov-2043 (if granted)	Nov-2043 (if granted)
- regulatory exclusivities	NCE July-2026; Jan-2027 Ped. ODE (PFIC) July-2028; Jan-2029 Ped. ODE (ALGS) June-2030; Dec-2030 Ped.	NCE July 2031

⁽¹⁾ Opposition filed against a EP patent. Only Applicant appealed the decision of the Opposition Division that maintained the patent under an amended form which still covers the product. A divisional patent application is still pending.

⁽²⁾ Oppositions have been filed against the EP patent. A divisional application is still pending.

⁽³⁾ Applications for an extension *via* SPC are pending in Austria, Belgium and Germany, and have been granted in the Czech Republic, Denmark, France, the United Kingdom, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Sweden, and Slovenia. Ipsen has appealed the SPC application refusal in Spain.

⁽⁴⁾ One EP patent was definitively revoked. The Opposition Division revoked another EP patent and an appeal has been filed. A divisional patent application is still pending.

⁽⁵⁾ Opposition filed against the EP patent and the opponent appealed the decision of rejection of the opposition. The Opposition Division maintained the patent under an amended form which still covers a medical use of the product.

⁽⁶⁾ Patents maintained in amended form following Appeal Proceedings.

⁽⁷⁾ Applications for an extension *via* SPC are pending in Belgium, Croatia, Germany, Estonia, Finland, France, Ireland, Island, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Poland, Romania, Sweden, Slovakia, and United Kingdom, and have been granted in the Austria, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Greece, Hungary, Italy, Lithuania, Latvia, Malta, Norway, Portugal, Slovenia and Spain.

1.2.4.2 Brand Names and Trademarks

Trademarks identify and build the notoriety of the Group and its products worldwide. They contribute to the business success of the Group, especially for products that have lost their patent and regulatory exclusivity protections. They are also key to patients' safety by helping to differentiate medicines.

Trademark protection varies from country to country. In some countries, this protection is based primarily on the use of the trademark, while in others it results from its registration. In the latter case, trademark rights are obtained through national, international or regional routes (e.g. European Union trademarks). Registrations are generally granted for a period of ten years and are indefinitely renewable, although in some cases, maintenance requires the continued use of the trademark.

To support the timely launch of new products, the Group proceeds to trademark clearance searches and files trademark applications in accordance with commercialization plans. The Group seeks protection for the product names in

Latin characters as well as in local characters (Cyrillic, Chinese, etc.) wherever relevant. These trademarks provide protection notably for "pharmaceutical products" included in Class 5 of the International Classification of Products and Services.

To protect its image and reputation, the Group also holds trademarks for Ipsen and the Ipsen logo.

The Group monitors trademark registries and defends its trademark rights by initiating administrative proceedings or taking legal action against any infringement.

The Group's key products are protected by trademarks owned by the Group for Specialty Care products Somatuline[®] and Somatuline[®] Autogel[®] / Somatuline[®] Depot, Decapeptyl[®]/Diphereline[®], Dysport[®], Alluzience[®], Onivyde[®], Increlex[®], Sohonos[®], Tazverik[®], Bylvay[®] or used under license (e.g. Cabometyx[®] and Cometriq[®] are trademarks of Exelixis, Inc., NutropinAq[®] is a trademark of Genentech, Inc.). To strengthen the protection of its trademarks and support its digital visibility, the Group also registers domain names in the extensions of interest.

1.2.5 Main Markets

1.2.5.1 Market Data

Sectorial information by therapeutic area and region is detailed in section 3 of this universal registration document for the 2023 and 2022 financial years.

The Group develops and commercializes innovative medicines in three key therapeutic areas – Oncology, Neuroscience and Rare Disease. Its commitment to Oncology is exemplified through its growing portfolio of key therapies for neuroendocrine tumors, renal cell carcinoma, hepatocellular carcinoma, pancreatic cancer and prostate cancer. The Group's main drug markets and their sizes are detailed in section 1.2.1 of this universal registration document ("The Group's Products").

Additionally, in terms of marketing, this strategy has led the Group to concentrate its efforts on key prescribing physicians who are responsible for drug prescriptions or who may induce such a prescription from other practitioners. By developing a strong reputation with these prescribing specialists in highly specific and specialized areas, the Group believes it is able to direct its marketing activities selectively and cost efficiently, thereby reducing the need for a large sales force.

1.2.5.2 Competitive Position

The pharmaceutical industry is highly competitive. In recent years, the pharmaceutical industry has experienced an increasing level of horizontal and vertical concentration. Within this competitive environment, the Group faces competition from other companies to develop and secure marketing authorizations for new pharmaceutical specialties in targeted therapeutic areas, as well as for specific products that generate similar therapeutic results to those generated by medicines marketed by the Group. Numerous companies that compete with the Group to develop and secure marketing authorizations for new medicines are significantly larger than the Group and are accordingly able to invest more resources in Research and Development as well as in marketing, which may provide them with the advantage of offering a larger range of products and having access to larger sales forces.

For example, Dysport faces competition from Botox (Abbvie), a well-established botulinum toxin, while Somatuline faces competition from Sandostatin (Novartis) and the octreotide generic (Teva) in Europe. The Group also competes with other pharmaceutical companies in its search for suitable partners to ensure the growth of its research and development and marketed products portfolio. The Group's competitive position is detailed in section 1.2.1 of this universal registration document.

1.2.6 Regulation

The pharmaceutical industry is highly regulated. Regulation covers nearly all aspects of the Group's activities from Research and Development to manufacturing facilities, processes, and marketing. In each country where Ipsen markets its products or conducts research, the Group has to comply with the standards of local regulatory authorities and by any other national regulatory authority. These authorities namely include the European Medicines Agency (EMA), the French Agency for the Safety of Medicines and Health Products (ANSM), the UK Medicines & Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) in the United Kingdom, and the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in the United States as well as various other regulatory bodies, depending on the relevant market.

Price-setting and control

Regulation may cover the setting and control of selling prices in certain countries in which the Group markets its products. These controls are implemented pursuant to law or because the government or other healthcare agencies in a given country are the principal purchasers of products or reimburse purchasers for their cost. Price control mechanisms vary in the way they operate from country to country. This may lead to significant differences between markets, which may be amplified by exchange rate fluctuations. These pricing differences may also be exploited by parallel import companies, which buy branded products in markets where prices are low and sell them in markets where prices are higher, and by government or other purchasers who compare prices in other markets (international reference pricing) as a lever in price-setting and to renegotiate prices.

In recent years, efforts by government authorities to curb healthcare spending have led to tighter controls on reimbursement policies and price setting in most of the countries in which the Group operates, particularly in Europe. Measures intended to curb direct costs come in various forms, which include mandatory price cuts (or a refusal to accept price increases), a larger share of the cost being covered by the patient (reduction in the amount reimbursed by the third party), adding restrictions on who and what conditions a patient is eligible for reimbursement, withdrawing entirely reimbursement of certain products from the lists of reimbursable products, the alignment of reimbursed prices with the lowest product price in a given therapy category, and efforts to promote growth in the generic drugs market as the co-pay regulation ("*tiers-payant contre génériques*") introduced in July 2012 in France.

In some European countries, governments also influence the prices of drugs through control of national health systems that fund a significant portion of costs related to these products. In France, for instance, a government authority sets the price of reimbursable drugs taking into account the product's value. The price set for a drug depends notably on the improvement in medical performance of the new drug with existing treatments. In addition, when fixing the price of a product, the national agency takes into account the price of the same drug in other countries.

The governments of many countries in which the Group operates continue to introduce new measures to reduce public health expenses, some of which have affected the Group sales and profitability over the last years.

1.2.7 Group's legal structure

Ipsen S.A. acts as a holding company with regards to its affiliated companies and has no operational activities. Certain senior managers are employed by Ipsen S.A. under certain conditions and invoicing provisions described in paragraph 3.3.4. The Group comprises 53 fully-consolidated affiliates, which are shown as such in note 25.2 in section 3.2.5.

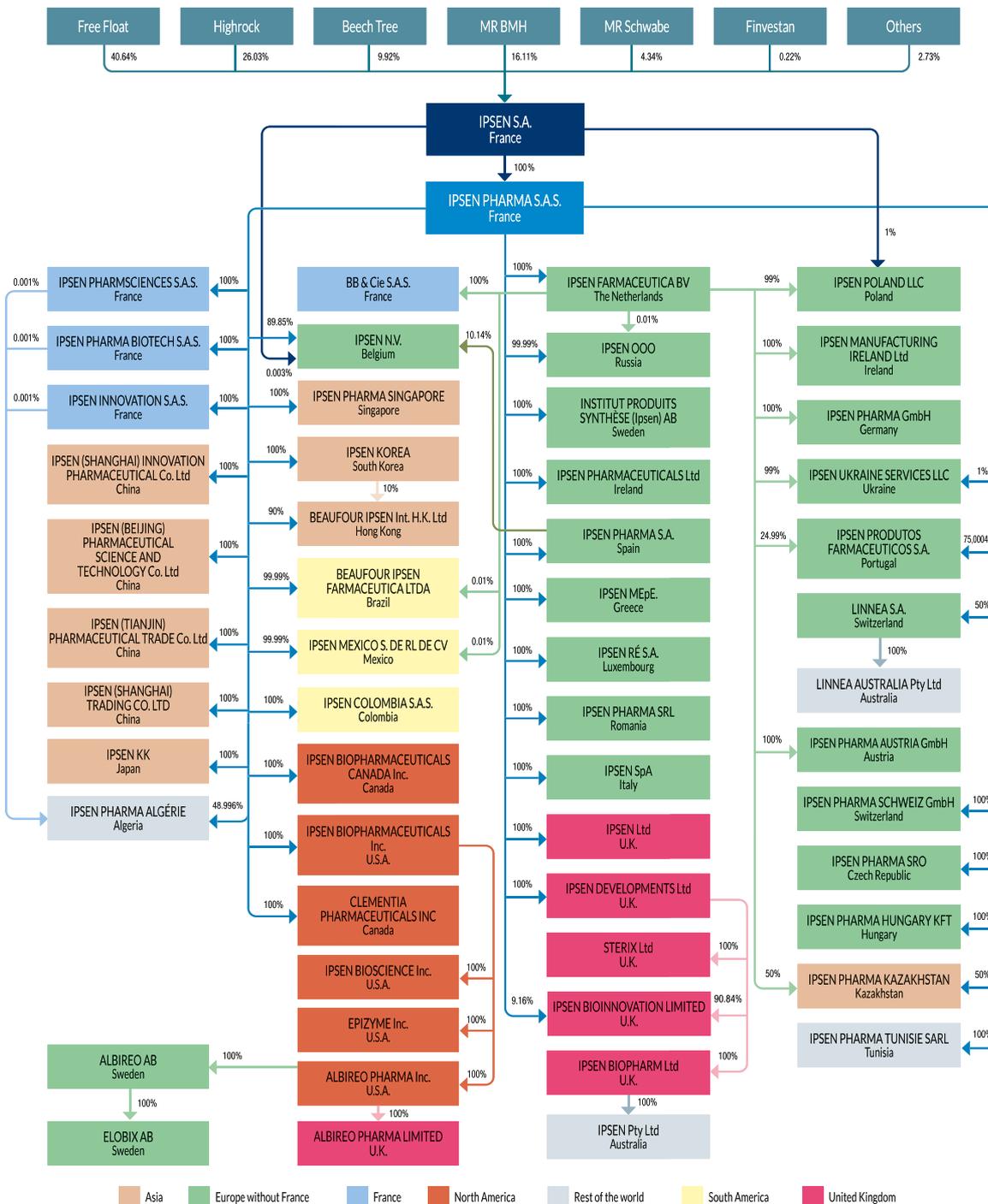
These companies are categorized as Research and Development, manufacturing, commercialization or management entities.

A description of Ipsen's share ownership and voting rights is presented in section 5.6.2.1.

1.2.7.1 Organizational structure

The stated percentages in the following chart indicate the proportion of both non-diluted, share capital and voting rights⁽¹⁾ held in each company⁽²⁾.

Group organization chart as of 31 December 2023



Subsidiaries with no operational activity (Special Purpose Vehicles, dormant companies) are not included in this organization chart.

⁽¹⁾ The stated percentages for Ipsen S.A. shareholders indicate the proportion of share capital. For more information, see section 5.6.2.1.
⁽²⁾ With the exception of Ipsen Pharma Algérie, which has double voting rights.

1.2.7.2 Incorporation of companies and perimeter's evolutions

On March 2, 2023, Ipsen announced that it had completed the acquisition of Albireo Pharma Inc. whose lead asset is Bylvay[®] (odevixibat), the first approved treatment in progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC), with two additional investigational indications in rare, pediatric liver diseases.

Albireo's ordinary shares ceased to be listed on the NASDAQ Capital Market from this date, and an internal restructuring of Albireo's subsidiaries followed during the year.

2

RISK AND CONTROL



Stephen
Living with neuroendocrine tumors
Ontario, Canada

2.1 Risk governance	44	2.2 Risk factors	51
2.1.1 General framework	44	2.2.1 Introduction	51
2.1.2 Scope	44	2.2.2 The Group's major risks	52
2.1.3 Objectives	44		
2.1.4 Risk management and internal control players	45		
2.1.5 External Audit	50		

2.1 Risk governance

2.1.1 General framework

Ipsen aims to continuously improve its internal control and risk management environment to be compliant with the *Reference Framework* (“*Cadre de Référence*”) issued by the French *Financial Markets Authority* (“*Autorité des marchés*

financiers” - AMF) and with the various measures described in the *Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission* (“*COSO II standard*”).

2.1.2 Scope

These rules apply to all Group affiliates under exclusive control, within the meaning of the IFRS standards. The main internal control and risk management components, that are further explained in this report, are the following:

- an organization with a clear definition of responsibilities, with competent and adequate resources, using appropriate information systems, procedures, processes, tools and rules;
- a reliable and relevant information management that enables every employee, whatever their level, to fulfil their responsibilities;
- a risk management framework;
- control activities in response to these risks aiming at securing objectives;
- a regular review and assessment of the internal control framework.

2.1.3 Objectives

Internal control and Risk management's objectives are to:

- secure the Group objectives of accelerating innovation and driving positive impact for patients, employees, shareholders and Society – a strategy for the short and long term;
- preserve the value, assets, people, environment and reputation of the Group;
- ensure decisions and processes needed to reach Group objectives take into account risk factors;
- ensure risk factors are assessed taking into account the Group's values;
- rally employees around a shared vision of the Group's main risks, and around the specific risks in their own area of responsibility.

Internal control and compliance frameworks are implemented by operational management and all employees to provide Executive Management and shareholders with reasonable assurance about the achievement of the following objectives:

- compliance with all applicable laws and regulations;
- implementation of the instructions and orientations set by the *Executive Leadership Team*;
- effectiveness of Group internal processes, in particular those aiming at protecting Group assets;
- reliability of financial data and more generally of all data included in published statements.

2.1.4 Risk management and internal control players

2.1.4.1 Executive governance

Executive Leadership Team (ELT)

Under the oversight of the Board of Directors, the ELT is leading the strategic direction of the Group and its implementation. The ELT is chaired by the Chief Executive Officer and meets on a monthly basis and *ad hoc* as needed.

The ELT's scope of responsibility is the following:

- Set the Group's strategy and ambition:
 - set the Group's mid-term strategy and long-term ambition and vision, and endorse the corresponding strategic plans,
 - approve R&D pipeline priorities,
 - translate the Group's strategic vision and ambition into annual objectives for the organization,
 - validate the annual budget;
- Act as an efficient decision-making body:
 - monitor financial performance and review division and function corrective action plans, endorse recommended financial communication and guidance,
 - align the organization, processes, talent and capabilities to deliver on the Group's annual objectives,
 - assess talents and ensure succession planning,
 - endorse the launch of key cross-functional projects and monitor progress made on a regular basis,
 - to be responsible for the implementation of Deal Review Board (DRB) decisions on Merger and Acquisitions (M&A) / Business Development and Licensing (BD&L) deals;
- Promote efficient governance and decision-making processes:
 - ensure the Group's policies and procedures are consistent, built on ethical principles, appropriate organizational structures, well-defined responsibilities and demonstrated competencies,
 - coordinate with Global Business Ethics, Company Social Responsibility, Global EHS, Global Quality, Global Internal Audit functions and Risk Management, to ensure adequate level of risk mapping and mitigation,

- monitor deployment of robust and effective internal control and audit, quality and risk management systems,
- monitor performance achieved in Business Ethics, Company Social Responsibility, EHS and Global Quality;

- Promote and support our Company Social Responsibility.

The composition of the ELT is given in Section 5.3.2.2 of this universal registration document.

Deal Review Board (DRB)

The DRB assists Ipsen's management in decision-making for M&A and BD&L activities.

The permanent members of the DRB include the Chief Executive Officer, the EVP Chief Business Officer, the EVP Chief Financial Officer, the EVP General Counsel, the EVP Head of R&D, the EVP Chief Medical Officer, the EVP International and the EVP Strategy & Transformation.

Portfolio Committee (PC)

The PC assists Ipsen's management in decision-making on Ipsen's R&D portfolio within budget / 5Y Business Plan envelope as approved by the ELT.

The PC is co-chaired by the EVP R&D, Chief Scientific Officer and the EVP Global Product & Portfolio Strategy (GPPS).

Benefit-Risk Decision Board (BRDB)

The BRDB assists Ipsen's management decision-making for strategic benefit-risk decisions with impact across products, therapeutic areas and the Ipsen product and candidate portfolio.

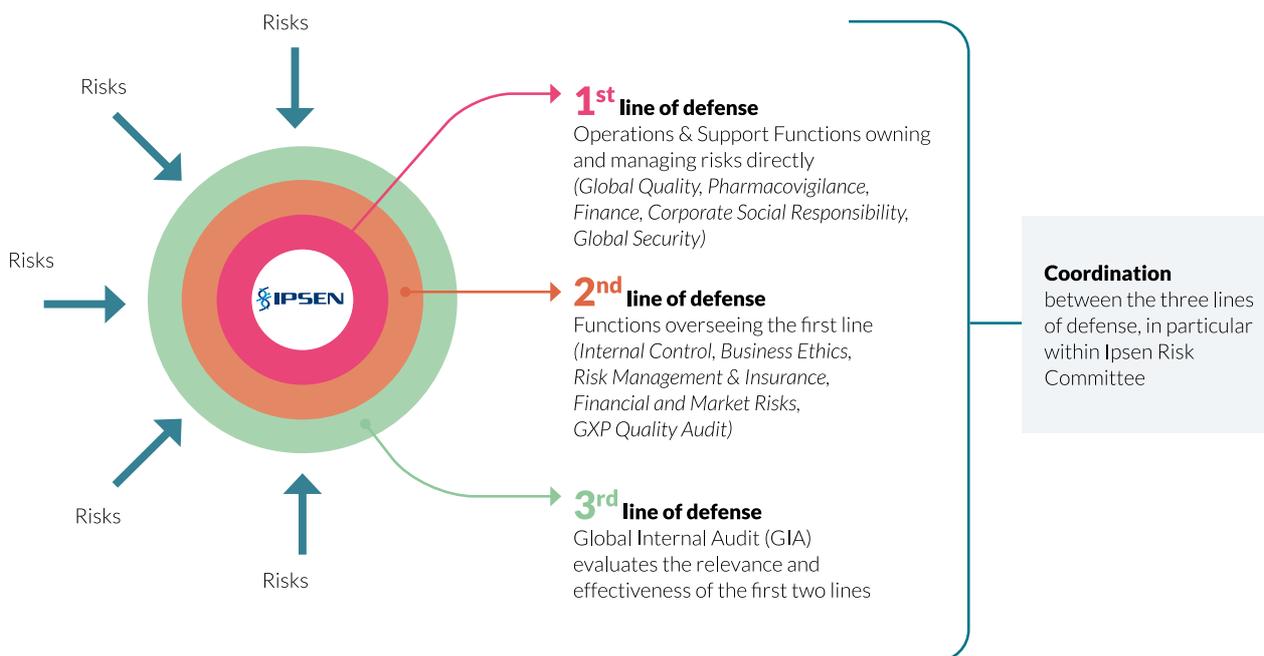
2.1.4.2 The three lines of defense

Apart from executive governance, three lines of defense are dealing with risks at Ipsen:

- A first line of defense composed of Operations and Support Functions; this first line owns and manages risks directly;
- A second line of defense composed of Internal Control, Business Ethics, Risk and Insurance, Financial and Market Risks and Global Quality Audit; this second line oversees the first line;

- A third line of defense composed of Global Internal Audit; it provides objective and independent assurance on the Group's risk management, internal control and governance processes.

The constant collaboration between these departments at various levels and on numerous topics is an important consistency factor for internal control.



2.1.4.3 First line of defense

Definition

The first line owns and manages risks directly. It is composed of Operations and Support Functions. Their mission is to identify and manage risks within their respective perimeters, to ensure in particular the efficiency and robustness of their internal control processes at large.

Quality, Finance, Corporate Social Responsibility and Global Security functions will be detailed in the following sections.

Global Quality

The Global Quality Function reports to the Executive Vice President, Technical Operations, with a dotted reporting line to the Chief Executive Officer. This function supports the research, development, manufacturing and commercial activities throughout the product life cycle and is accountable to ensure compliance of the Group to all applicable Regulations and standards.

It covers Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP), Good Distribution Practices (GDP), Good Laboratory Practices (GLP), Good Clinical Laboratory Practices (GCLP), Good Clinical Practices (GCP), Good Pharmacovigilance Practices (GVP) and Medical Devices.

Each manufacturing site and development/business unit has a Quality Group that is responsible for ensuring compliance. Head of these Quality Groups belongs functionally to the Quality Organization.

The Quality Management System is described in the Group Quality Manual which:

- gives an overview of the Company's Quality Management System;
- defines the GxP policies and procedures used to ensure that the Company's products and services meet GxP regulatory requirements and business objectives in a consistent, compliant and reliable manner;
- defines the Quality governance structure;
- defines the GxP documentation system;
- defines the roles and responsibilities of Quality personnel as well as senior management.

The Quality Systems Evaluation Board (QSEB) is a corporate governance group, chaired by the Senior Vice President Global Quality or its delegate. It includes all relevant functions to ensure all significant Quality issues or incidents are addressed and documented in a systematic and uniform manner to guarantee completeness and reliability of product and quality issues' assessments.

A Group Quality Management Review meets at least on an annual basis to discuss quality vision and strategy for the Company. The output of this meeting is provided to the Chief Executive Officer and to the Executive Leadership Team members.

Pharmacovigilance

The Global Patient Safety (Pharmacovigilance) Department is part of Chief Medical Officer Organization that reports to the Executive Vice President and Chief Medical Officer, and is led by a Senior Vice President. With patient safety central to Ipsen's work, the Global Patient Safety department ensures the proactive evaluation and communication of evolving safety knowledge of all Company drug products, so that benefit-risk is optimized for patients, both in clinical development and after market launches. To do this, Ipsen maintains a sustainable cross-functional Pharmacovigilance System that is compliant with pharmacovigilance legislation worldwide. The Pharmacovigilance System, described in detail in the Ipsen Pharmacovigilance System Master File, operates throughout the full life cycles of our products and extends across the entire company, including all affiliates, specifically, but not limited to, those with direct pharmacovigilance responsibilities.

Finance

The Global Finance function reports to the Executive Vice President, Finance. This organization plays an important role in terms of risk management and control, both in local and central functions (financial controlling, consolidation, taxes, financing and treasury, investor relations).

The Global Finance function is responsible for:

- preparing consolidated financial statements in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations;
- managing the budgeting and forecasting processes, reviewing Group performance and any variance against forecasts and providing the ELT with the relevant Key Performance Indicators to support the strategy implementation;
- reviewing periodical management reporting for each of the Company's entities;
- managing tax affairs;
- ensuring effective treasury management and financing for all Company entities;
- controlling the integrity of financial reporting.

Financial controlling

Financial controlling is organized on the basis of the Group's business activities. The Global Finance function issues budgets and forecasts instructions and controls the quality of information related to the actual and planning exercises.

The Global Finance function analyzes the Group's actual performance and variances against forecasts and budget, and identifies and quantifies the risks and opportunities involved in budget and forecast information. The Finance Department also advises the operational managers on financial matters. A Finance Handbook is made available to all employees to provide them with the reference information they need.

Consolidation

The Company has implemented an ERP system, which is contributing to the optimization of financial processes and activity management. This ERP system has been implemented across almost all the Company's research and commercial entities.

The ERP system allows the Company entities to provide with actuals that are reported by the local Finance Department to the Global Finance function, which centralizes information reported and produces the Group consolidated financial statements by:

- drawing up Group accounting policies, compliant with IFRS,
- managing the reporting packages and the chart of accounts to be used for preparing the consolidated financial statements,
- analyzing the financial statements reported by each Group entity before consolidation and ensuring that all Group entities produce consistent information that complies with the Group accounting policies,
- reconciling the financial statements with the management indicators,
- verifying that the financial and accounting information reported externally by the Company is fair and comprehensive.

Taxes

The tax function is localized in France, UK and the U.S. The VP Group Tax reports to the Executive Vice President Finance, and the Group tax department is committed to the highest compliance standards in tax laws and regulations.

The Group is committed to observing all applicable laws, rules and regulations in meeting its tax compliance and reporting responsibilities and paying its fair share of taxes in all jurisdictions where it operates.

The Group applies diligent professional care and judgment, including ensuring that all decisions are taken at an appropriate level and are supported by consistent processes and guidelines and thorough documentation.

Financing and Treasury

The Company has a centralized cash management system to optimize its financial assets and liquidity. Exchange rate and interest rate risk exposures are centralized by the Treasury department in order to cover the risks related to commercial and industrial activities, the variations of perimeter and/or financing structure.

A Treasury charter defines the rules and principles for managing financing, treasury and risks.

Regarding expenditures, the financial authorization procedure lays down the financial approval levels for managers who are authorized to enter into commitments.

Investor Relations

The Investor Relations department is overseen by the Executive Vice President Finance. Along with the Corporate Communications department, under the responsibility of the Chief Executive Officer, they are responsible for preparing external communications documents for approval by the Chief Executive Officer, ELT and the Chief Medical Officer.

The Preparation of External Communications Committee meets as required to prepare communications and statements related to unforeseen events, which could potentially have a significant impact on the value of Company shares, and to decide, when appropriate, if communications must be extended.

CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility)

The CSR strategy is implemented at the different levels of the Company through a cross-functional governance.

The EHS & Sustainability department coordinates and aligns the deployment of the CSR strategy within the Group, working closely with different departments to align the CSR roadmap and actions with the overall strategy of the Company.

For further details, please refer to section 4.1.1.

Global Security

In a hyperconnected world, the Group faces increasingly sophisticated and complex cyber security threats and expectations of data security from patients, partners and regulators are increasing. The Group also necessarily operates in challenging geopolitical environments which benefits patients but also introduces new security risks.

Global Security enables business partners to deliver the mission in a secure manner:

- always prioritizing their defenses to protect what the Group values most, understand its threats, vulnerabilities and impacts so the right decisions are made;
- protecting people, process and technology to build a long-term security culture.

A Security steering Committee includes members reporting to either ELT members or directly to the Chief Executive Officer and meets at least semi-annually. Its objectives are to sign off Security strategy, agree on security investments, set risk tolerance and ensure oversight of Security roadmap.

2.1.4.4 Second line of defense

Definition

The second line oversees the first line. It is composed of Internal Control, Business Ethics, Risk Management and Insurance and Global Quality Audit.

Internal Control

The internal control department reports to the Global Finance Function. It is in charge of internal control over financial reporting which consists in:

- coordinating the implementation, update and communication of the internal control procedures;
- supporting the operational and functional directions (local entities) in their endeavors to improve and implement remediation plans when internal control deficiencies are identified;
- managing the self-assessment questionnaire the efficiency of the control system related to the accounting and financial information.

The internal control department relies on the Financial Directors in countries and regions, who are responsible for monitoring internal control at their level.

Business Ethics

The Group Code of Conduct is applicable to all Ipsen employees. It is one of the key elements of the Business Ethics program which relies, among other things on policies, procedures, training, risk assessment, monitoring, communication and alerts management. The Company's Business Ethics department, under the responsibility of the General Counsel and Chief Business Ethics Officer, reports directly to the Chief Executive Officer. Its mission is to:

- maintain an effective Business Ethics program while promoting a culture of integrity enabling Ipsen to conduct its global business with the highest ethical standards, in full compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and the Group Code of Conduct;
- specifically, maintain an integrated, robust and efficient anti-corruption/anti-bribery system;
- regularly review and improve the Business Ethics program to ensure it remains current with respect to significant risks, developments and trends (continuous improvement approach);
- communicate and train employees and relevant third parties to these standards;
- monitor the enforcement of these standards within all Group entities;
- conduct Business Ethics due diligence of third parties;
- act as the point of contact for anyone who would like to address Business Ethics issues, and to address them in a professional, fair and confidential manner.

The Group's General Counsel and Chief Business Ethics Officer regularly reports on the state of progress of the Business Ethics program to the Board of Directors' Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee.

Risk Management and Insurance

Reporting to the Executive Vice President General Counsel, the Risk Management and Insurance department's role is to guarantee that a relevant process of identification and management of the Group's major risks is in place. Its main objectives are:

- to promote a risk culture and to ensure Group's resiliency through a consistent approach to risk management, in compliance with the Group's policies and risk appetite. This objective includes the definition of an annual Group Risk Map;
- to provide Ipsen divisions with methodological and technical support in risk management (risk identification, analysis and processing, engineering prevention and protection, and risk exposure monitoring);
- to define and manage the Group's insurance programs;
- to pilot the Group corporate crisis management process.

Enterprise Risk Management

The Group's Risk Management Policy Statement and Framework describes Risk Management objectives, defines roles & responsibilities, and documents approaches to risk identification, assessment, prioritization, treatment and monitoring.

Risks are identified and analyzed through an annual risk mapping process that documents the main risks of the Group's divisions and prioritizes them in terms of impact and level of control. Risk mapping covers all entities and critical processes within the Group.

A Group Risk Map, defining the major risks of the Company with their action plans is validated by the ELT and presented once a year for approval to the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors. For every major risk identified, an owner at ELT level is designated to monitor it and to ensure that the relevant corrective action plan is implemented.

The action plans include risk transfer to the insurance market where appropriate.

The Group's main risk factors are described in section 2.2 of the present Universal Registration Document.

A Risk Committee is in place to facilitate the implementation of the risk management approach and to control its efficiency. The Risk Committee includes individuals representing transversal Group functions with its members reporting to either an ELT member or directly to the Chief Executive Officer. The Risk Committee members meet at least once a quarter.

The Group has also created a Resilience Committee, in charge of coordinating the processes and actions destined to guarantee business continuity at Ipsen in the event of a systemic risk occurrence.

Insurance

Some risks are transferred to the insurance market.

The Group has put in place worldwide insurance coverage with top-ranking insurance companies.

Product liability insurance covers all products manufactured, marketed, and sold by the Group as well as all clinical trials that the Group conducts. The level of coverage for clinical trials generally exceeds that required under applicable local regulations.

In order to mitigate risk volatility of product liability risk in the insurance market, a part of the Group's liability insurance program is financed through its reinsurance subsidiary. The reinsurance subsidiary is a regulated company ruled by the Luxembourg Control authorities.

The Group also maintains insurance cover relative to its general activities, which mainly industrial and Research and Development sites insurance, business interruptions as well as environmental liability insurance.

Actuarial studies are regularly performed by external consultants to confirm adequation between the limitations of the main insurances of the Group and its insurable risks.

Generally speaking, the Group's policies carry certain restrictions, exclusions, limitations, and deductibles that are common practice for policies of this type.

The Group considers the limitations of its insurance coverage as reasonable and conservative given the Group's business activities and the potential risks.

Financial and Market Risks

Financial and market risk policies cover the following risks:

- foreign exchange risks,
- interest rate risks,
- counterpart and liquidity risks.

For further details, please refer to Chapter 3, note 21, section 21.1 "Financial risks".

GXP Quality Audit

The Global Quality Audit department reports into the VP Quality Management System and Compliance who reports into the SVP Global Quality.

The Global Quality Audit's role is to plan, prepare, report and follow-up audits to ensure compliance to regulations, laws and internal processes of the Group. The Global Quality Audit scope covers all GxP (Good Pharmaceutical Practices) areas and encompasses but is not limited to internal manufacturing sites, affiliates, service providers, suppliers where GxP applies.

Audit frequencies are defined using a risk-based approach. The list of audits is integrated in an annual audit plan. Critical audit finding would they occur are escalated for prompt attention. Corrective and preventive actions are defined in response to audit findings and are tracked until their completion.

The execution of the audit plan is monitored and regular updates are provided to management.

2.1.4.5 Third line of defense

Definition

The third line of defense evaluates the relevance and effectiveness of the Group's risk management, internal control and governance processes in a objective way.

Global Internal Audit

Global Internal Audit provides independent and objective assurance that key business risks are being managed appropriately and that risk management, internal control frameworks and governance processes are operating effectively. Global Internal Audit reports functionally to the Audit Committee of the Board (referred to as the Audit Committee) and administratively to the Chief Executive Officer and to the Chief Financial Officer. Global Internal Audit also has direct and regular access to the Audit Committee; they meet periodically every year.

As part of Global Internal Audit governance, an Audit Charter (approved by the Chief Executive Officer and the Audit Committee) is in effect. This Audit Charter defines the Global Internal Audit's scope of audit services as covering all areas of Ipsen's activities, functions, and processes. These audits may include, but are not limited to, audits of country managed units (e.g., commercial business units, Technical Operations plants, R&D centers), third-party vendors, Group functions, global processes, internal control frameworks, compliance requirements, Information Technology, Environmental, Health and Safety and independent assessments of the effectiveness of Ipsen's Good Quality Systems across the GXPs where they apply (note: in this case GXPs refer to the quality systems related to Good

Manufacturing Practices, Good Clinical Practices, Good Laboratory Practices, Good Distribution Practices and Good Pharmacovigilance Practices). The GXP good practices audits (quality audits) are covered under the GXP Quality Audit program as described below.

The Global Internal Audit plan is risk-based and developed using a variety of inputs including a bottom-up approach for quantitative data, the Group Risk Map and inputs from key stakeholders (e.g., Finance and Commercial Leadership, Executive teams, Global Business Ethics and Company Social Responsibility and other relevant Company's managers). This audit plan is approved by Ipsen Internal Audit Council and the Audit Committee on an annual basis.

Audit reports containing findings and specific recommendations are generated and distributed to relevant management with a copy to the Executive Leadership Management (ELT) members responsible for the audited areas. Key findings and main conclusions are communicated within an Executive Summary report to the Audit Committee and to ELT members. Corrective and preventative action plans are developed and owned by management in response to audit observations and the status of all actions is tracked to completion.

Global Internal Audit works with other internal assurance type functions such as Internal Controls, Risk Management, Business Ethics and Quality Audit to enable consistency of objectives, and alignment on plans. Global Internal Audit liaises with the Company's external Statutory Auditors on a periodic basis to ensure their respective work will be complementary.

2.1.5 External Audit

In accordance with the law, Group financial statements are audited by Statutory Auditors. Their responsibility encompasses all Group companies included in the scope of consolidation. Each company, with the exception of certain companies which are not material to the consolidated financial statements, is subject to an audit or limited review as required.

Apart from the legal requirements, the Statutory Auditors produce a report on their work summarizing all key audit points

identified and their resolution, as well as recommendations on the Group internal control system. The Statutory Auditors' Report is presented to the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors.

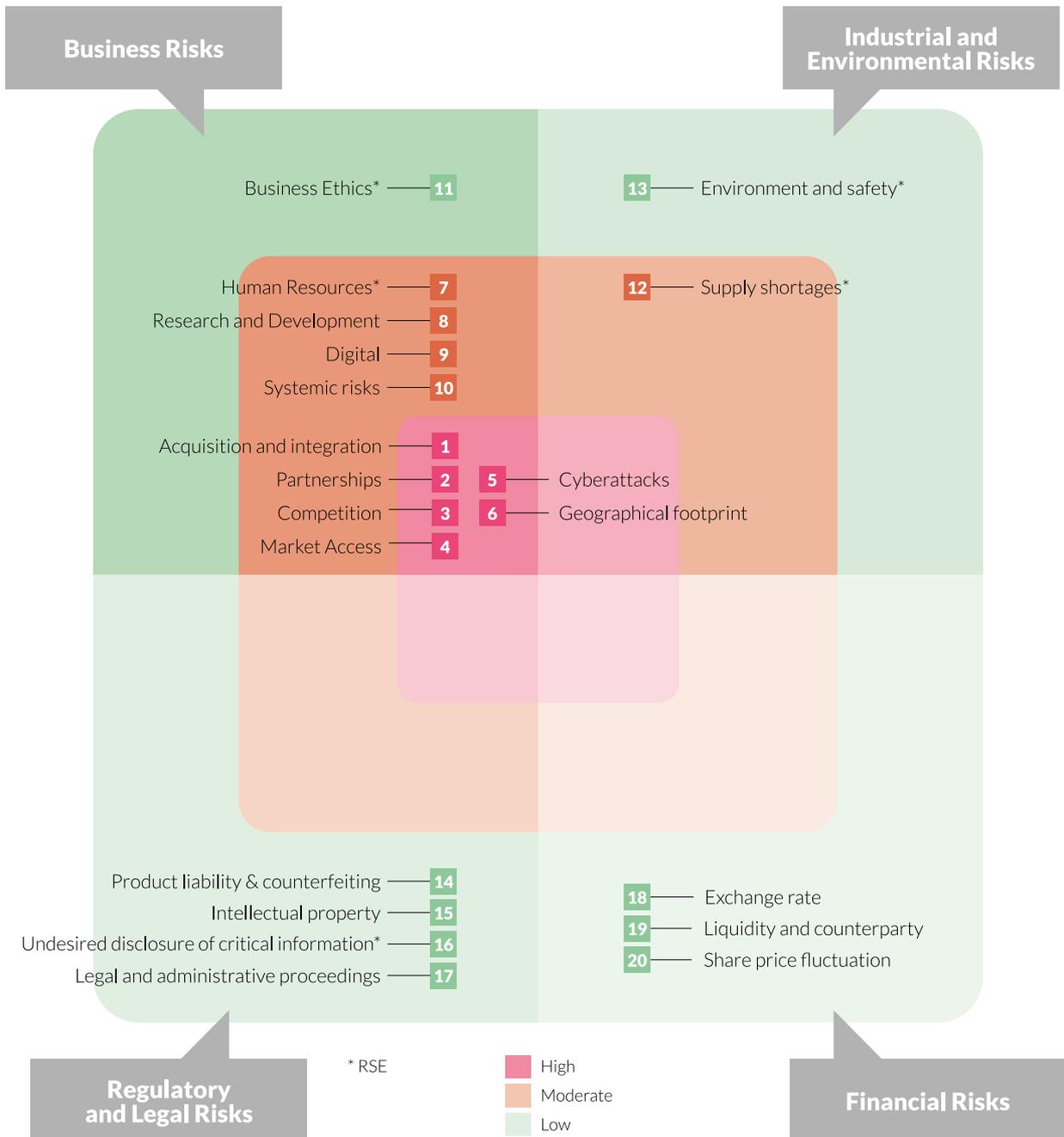
In addition, Group manufacturing plants, clinical research programs and information systems are also frequently inspected by regulatory agencies and periodically by the Company's partners.

2.2 Risk factors

2.2.1 Introduction

The Group operates in a rapidly evolving environment which may pose many risks for the Group, some of which are outside of its control. Investors are advised to carefully review each of the risks described below as well as all the information contained in this universal registration document. The risks and uncertainties set out in this section are not the only ones faced

by the Group. Other risks and uncertainties of which the Group is not currently aware of or which it does not consider material or specific may also have an unfavorable impact on its business, financial situation and results. Materiality is a combination of probability and impact after considering measures adopted by the Group to manage it.



2.2.2 The Group's major risks

Section	Risk name	Risk description and mitigation	Materiality
Business Risks			
1	Acquisition and integration	<p>To continue to build a sustainable pipeline of innovative assets, the Group has been transforming the R&D model by accelerating focused internal projects, de-prioritizing selected internal programs and externally sourcing assets. In this respect, the Group has been investing in business development through innovative deal structures in its key therapeutic areas. Despite dedicated processes in place, acquisitions could fail or underperform in case of inappropriate due diligence or unsuccessful integration.</p> <p>Within the Group, an External Innovation & Business Development organization is dedicated to the acquisition and integration of strategic deals, its main missions being the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • assess opportunities and conduct quick and effective due-diligence; • differentiate Ipsen from other companies; • increase its visibility as a strong partner for innovation. 	High
2	Partnerships	<p>The Group depends on third parties:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • to optimize the Research and Development portfolio: the Group enters into collaborative agreements with third parties to carry out pre-clinical and clinical trials; • to manufacture certain products: the Group subcontracts the production of certain active ingredients to third parties or purchases finished products directly from its partners or their subcontractors; • to develop and market certain products; • related to intellectual property: (1) the Group's intellectual property: third parties collaborating with Ipsen may claim the benefits from intellectual property rights for the Group's inventions or may not ensure that the Group's unpatented technology remains confidential; (2) third party intellectual property: the Group is dependent on intellectual property rights held by third parties in order to manufacture and market several of its products. <p>All those third parties could behave in ways that are damaging to the Group's business. For key alliances (please see paragraph 1.2.2 "Major Contracts"), a dedicated Alliance Management team is in charge to ensure alignment of strategies and constant optimization of governance process.</p> <p>Relationships with other partners are also managed by dedicated teams, to maximize their value. For instance, a Global Procurement Department is:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • mapping the risks associated with the Group's key suppliers, maintaining close relationships with them, in order to secure the Group's supplies; • diversifying its sources of supply when possible, endeavoring to conclude long-term supply contracts, building up; • building security stocks from suppliers or its own production. 	High
3	Competition	<p>The Group operates in well-established, rapidly-evolving, and very competitive markets, in particular in Oncology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the Group's competitors include major international pharmaceutical groups whose size, experience, and capital resources exceed its own; • since the end of 2021, the Group is facing the registration of a Somatuline alternative (which isn't a generic and isn't substitutable) in the United States; this had been anticipated by the Group; • the Group may have to adapt quickly to new technologies, scientific breakthroughs, digital and advanced analytics introduced by competitors. <p>Since a few products make up the majority of Group sales (Somatuline, Decapeptyl, Dysport, Cabometyx and Onivyde), the competitive threat to Ipsen's business model and performance is accrued.</p> <p>The market trends are closely monitored and accounted for in the Group strategy.</p> <p>Across all its therapeutic areas, the Group's ambition is to fully leverage its broad geographic presence and its global commercial powerhouse to grow and roll out its portfolio in all key geographies.</p> <p>The Group has focused its internal resources and efforts on becoming a development powerhouse while increasingly turning toward external sourcing of new assets. The ambition for external innovation is to fuel the R&D pipeline across all its therapeutic areas. Details are set out in section 1.2.1 ("The Group's products") of the present universal registration document.</p>	High

Section	Risk name	Risk description and mitigation	Materiality
4	Market Access	<p>The Group is dependent on prices that are set for drugs and is vulnerable to the potential withdrawal of certain drugs from the list of reimbursable products by governments and the relevant regulatory authorities in the countries in which it operates.</p> <p>In general terms, the Group is faced with uncertainty related to the prices set for its products, since pharmaceutical prices have come under severe pressure over the last few years (recommendation to use generic drugs, lower prices or reimbursement, other restrictive measures that limit increases in the cost of medical services, parallel imports). Price pressure is particularly high in the Group's therapeutic areas.</p>	High
5	IT systems & Cyberattacks	<p>The Group's activities are largely dependent on information systems. Despite all the measures in place to secure its processes, the Group may have to deal with incidents, notably connected to malicious acts against such information systems, such as cyberattacks that could lead to activity disruptions, fraud, the loss or alteration of critical data, or theft or corruption of data.</p> <p>The Group has put in place a cyber security plan, with dedicated team and governance, validated at the highest level and implemented across all its entities.</p> <p>This plan articulates actions around Governance, Risk, Compliance (GRC), OT Mitigation, Technical Controls, People Security, Data Security, Response and Recovery and Physical Security.</p> <p>The Group is also rolling out and implementing major and structuring projects. Due to their high complexity and to the scarcity of talents in this field, these projects might not be implemented as initially planned. A governance and some detailed action plans are in place to mitigate this risk.</p>	High
6	Geographical footprint	<p>The Group operates throughout the world (40% in Europe, 33% in North America and 27% in the Rest of the World in 2023). As such, the Group faces various risks specific to its international activities, and in particular the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • risks arising from unexpected regulatory or political changes such as changes in tax regulation and regulations on trade and tariffs, such as protectionist measures; • risks arising from limitations on the repatriation of earnings; • risk of financial default on the part of certain public and private operators with which the Group conducts business; • risks arising from the validity of various intellectual property rights being deferred; • risks arising from various labor regulations; • risks arising from political or economic changes affecting a given region or country; • risks arising from increased difficulties in recruiting staff and managing operating entities abroad; • risks arising from the absence of an international agreement on regulatory standards; • risk incurred by employees when travelling for their missions; • risks arising from the occurrence of natural disasters, wars, epidemics or even pandemics, in the areas at risk in which the Group and/or its major partners do business (e.g. Russia/ Ukraine conflict in 2022). <p>The Group has various teams dedicated to the coverage of these risks: Regulatory Department, Finance Division, Legal Division, IP Department, HR Division, Risk Management Department, Global Security Department, etc. All those functions regularly monitor these topics to anticipate evolutions and adapt Group's policies and procedures accordingly.</p>	High
7	Human Resources 	<p>The Group is facing human resources risks, in particular attraction and retention risks. Main reasons for these risks are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Talent competition is very high for pharmaceutical companies in some countries where the Group operates (e.g. the United States); • Employer brand awareness can be improved in countries where the Group's size is limited; • Requirements from top talents have evolved with new ways of working post-COVID and inflation. <p>An efficient human resources action plan is in place to mitigate the attraction and retention risks (e.g. employer value proposition, regular engagement surveys and associated action plans, talent review and succession plans, compensation and benefits and work quality of live initiatives).</p>	Moderate

Section	Risk name	Risk description and mitigation	Materiality
8	Research and Development	<p>In order to build an innovative and sustainable pipeline the Group invests substantial amounts in Research and Development. The Group is also investing in intangible assets and companies related to its Research and Development activities.</p> <p>Ipsen will be unable to recover these investments if the Group's clinical trials are not as successful as anticipated or if such products do not receive regulatory approval. The Research and Development process is long and there is a substantial risk that drugs may not be approved.</p> <p>Ipsen continuously invests in its internal R&D platforms as well as in external innovation to build a sustainable pipeline across all stages of development.</p> <p>Its R&D operating model focuses on accelerating internal projects, effectively managing the R&D portfolio and externally sourcing assets through sustained business development.</p> <p>For more details on R&D process, please refer to 1.2.3 "Research and Development".</p>	Moderate
9	Digital	<p>The Group is facing continuously needs to adapt to the increasing importance of data and digital. There is a risk of failure of execution of digital strategy, mainly due to Digital ecosystem not fully mature in healthcare and an highly competitive market for digital talent.</p> <p>The Group's top management has therefore committed to focus on setting clear digital priorities and effective operating model. There is structured and robust digital team dealing with various digital projects.</p>	Moderate
10	Systemic risks	<p>The Group could face a systemic risk, <i>i.e.</i> the risk that a particular event will have a major impact on the whole system. These systemic risks are likely to affect the Group's operational capacities.</p> <p>The Group defines and constantly updates measures to guarantee business continuity in the event of a systemic event arising. These measures also include the guarantee of employee safety.</p> <p>The Group implements the following measures in particular:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Crisis management and mobilization of specific teams to enable the Group to adapt to these situations; • Adaptation and roll-out of business continuity plans; • Strict monitoring by the Group of products security stocks, goods and services at suppliers as well as its own production capacities. <p>The Group has thus managed to face two major systemic events over recent years, the COVID-19 pandemic and the conflict between Russia and Ukraine.</p> <p>In 2023, the Group has created a Resilience Committee in charge of the coordination of the various initiatives aiming at guaranteeing Business Continuity in the event of a systemic risk occurrence.</p>	Moderate

Section	Risk name	Risk description and mitigation	Materiality
11	Business Ethics <div style="background-color: #808080; color: white; padding: 2px 5px; display: inline-block;">CSR</div>	<p>Despite its continued commitment to upholding the highest ethical standards, Ipsen could face various Business Ethics risks, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • risk of off-label promotion: the Group's employees or third parties involved in the promotion of Ipsen products could fail to observe the ethical principles laid down by the Group, and promote products off-label; • risk of improper influence and conflicts of interests: the employees of the Group or third parties involved in the Group's activities could put themselves in a situation where there is an actual, apparent or perceived conflicts of interests between their role within the Group and their own financial or personal situation, which could influence their ability to act in the best interest of the Group. These conflicts of interests could involve external stakeholders such as HCPs, HCOs, payers, members of regulatory bodies or government officials; • risk of corruption: Ipsen employees or third parties involved in Ipsen activities could promise, offer, give, receive or solicit any kind of value or advantage to another person to distort someone's conduct or to obtain an undue favor or advantage; as a matter of fact, Ipsen operates in risky countries with history for corruption and white-collar crime; • risk of non-compliance with pharmaceutical regulations and code: there is a risk for Ipsen employees or third parties involved in Ipsen activities to be non-compliant with requirements of international and country regulations and Pharma Codes (e.g. IFPMA, EFPIA, PhRma, country codes, U.S. price reporting) in interactions with HCPs, HCO and other stakeholders, in all promotional and non-promotional interactions (e.g. meetings, congresses, fee for services, etc.). <p>For details regarding mitigation plan to cover this risk, please refer to the sections 2.1.4 on "Risk management and internal control players", 4.3.2 "Fighting corruption" and 4.3.4 "Promoting and defending Human Rights within Ipsen's value" in the "Company Social Responsibility" chapter.</p>	Low

Industrial and Environmental Risks

12	Supply shortages <div style="background-color: #808080; color: white; padding: 2px 5px; display: inline-block;">CSR</div>	<p>Despite a strong end-to-end supply chain organization, the marketing of certain products by the Group could be affected by supply shortages and other disruptions. Such difficulties may be:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • systemic (energy crisis and inflation); • regulatory (e.g. the need to correct certain technical problems in order to bring production sites into compliance with applicable regulations); or • technical (e.g. difficulties obtaining supplies of satisfactory quality, equipment failures, difficulties manufacturing active ingredients, or drugs complying with their technical specifications on a sufficiently reliable and uniform basis at the required volume); or • natural (natural disasters...). <p>Supply shortages and other disruption risks may impact patients and may result in a significant reduction in sales for one or more products. Management of these risks is implemented and regularly updated across the whole supply chain. Major actions are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • risk identification: supply chain risk mapping exercise conducted every year; • risk management: robustness and continuous improvement of manufacturing processes, critical suppliers risk management, insurance prevention actions, capital investments, security stocks and business continuity plans. <p>For further details please refer to the section 4.2.3 "Committed to ensure supply continuity" in the "Company Social Responsibility" chapter.</p>	Moderate
----	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------

Section	Risk name	Risk description and mitigation	Materiality
13	Environment and safety <div style="background-color: #cccccc; padding: 2px 5px; display: inline-block;">CSR</div>	<p>For several years now the Group has put in place a mid-term and long-term strategy regarding Corporate Social Responsibility, alongside a dedicated Governance. For a detailed vision of these topics, please refer to Chapter 4 of the present Universal Registration Document.</p> <p>Regarding the Environment in particular, various countries impose actual and potential obligations on the Group with regards to repairing environmental damage or refurbishing contaminated sites.</p> <p>Stricter laws relating to the environment, health, and safety as well as more rigorous enforcement measures than those in force currently could generate considerable liabilities and costs for the Group and make the Group's handling, production, use, reuse, or processing of substances or pollutants subject to more rigorous inspection measures than those currently observed.</p> <p>The Group uses dangerous substances in performing its business, and claim related to the Group's handling, storage, use or reuse of those substances could generate considerable liabilities and costs for the Group. The Group is exposed not only to environmental risks related to environmental contamination but also to health risks (accidental contamination or occupational disease) linked to the fact that Ipsen's employees handle active or toxic substances in the course of their research or production activities. These risks also exist for third parties with which the Group works.</p> <p>Environment and safety issues are managed by the Environment Health and Safety (EHS) governance bodies at every level of the organization. Ipsen Environment Health and Safety (EHS) team aims at:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • protecting Ipsen people and improving their well-being to ensure provision of Ipsen drugs for patients; • reducing Ipsen energy consumption and our impact on climate change. <p>For further details, please refer to the sections 4.4.4 "Providing a healthy and safe workplace" and 4.5 "Caring for the planet" in the "Company Social Responsibility" chapter of the Universal Registration Document.</p>	Low

Regulatory and Legal Risks

14	Product liability & counterfeiting <div style="background-color: #cccccc; padding: 2px 5px; display: inline-block;">CSR</div>	<p>The Group's business exposes it to product liability risk, and its insurance coverage could be insufficient to protect it against such risks should the need arise. Product liability constitutes a substantial risk for the Group and one that increase with the Group's business expanding into new markets and continuing to grow in the United States (where the costs associated with product liability claims can be particularly onerous). Although the Group is not currently involved in any substantial proceedings arising from product liability and including significant damages claims, the Group could be faced with claims related to the safety of its products, and in particular products relating to neurology (marketed under the brand names Dysport[®] and Azzalure[®]) which may cause, or appear to cause, serious side effects or potentially dangerous interactions with other drugs if misused or not properly prescribed.</p> <p>Pharmacovigilance, Quality and Technical Operations controls protect the Group from the product liability risks. For further details, please refer to the sections 4.2.1 "Bringing high quality product to patients" and 4.2.2 "Ensuring product and patient safety" in the "Company Social Responsibility" chapter of the Universal Registration Document.</p> <p>Insurance also covers this risk.</p> <p>Product liability insurance covers all products manufactured, marketed, and sold by the Group as well as all clinical trials that the Group conducts. For more details, please refer to section 2.1.4 "Risk management and internal control players".</p> <p>Besides, as a manufacturer of medication, the Group is exposed to the risk that third parties might attempt to counterfeit its products and sell counterfeit products as if they were the Group's products. For further details, please refer to the section 4.2.4 "Fighting counterfeit products" in the "Company Social Responsibility" chapter of the Universal Registration Document.</p>	Low
----	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	------------

Section	Risk name	Risk description and mitigation	Materiality
15	Intellectual property	<p>The expiration of a patent may result in substantial competition due to the emergence of a generic drug.</p> <p>The Group cannot be certain that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • it will be able to develop other patentable inventions; • patents for which it has applied will be granted; • any patents granted to it or that are the subject of licenses granted to it will not be challenged and judged to be invalid or unenforceable; • the protection afforded by a patent will be sufficiently broad so as to exclude competitors; • other persons or entities will not claim rights including ownership rights over patents and other intellectual property rights owned by the Group or which are the subject of licenses granted to it; • the Group's competitors will not infringe its patents or circumvent them through innovations in design. <p>An IP strategy is defined and implemented to fight against risks related to intellectual property. The information related to the patents held by the Group is detailed in section 1.2.4.1 "Patents" of the Universal Registration Document.</p>	Low
16	<p>Undesired disclosure of critical information</p> 	<p>The Group cannot be certain that it will not be faced with undesired or uncontrolled disclosure of critical information including private data or strategic information, which might adversely affect the Company's financial position, competitive situation, or share value.</p> <p>The Group has set up procedures to control the dissemination of this information to protect either the confidentiality of sensitive information, particularly to protect its intellectual property or competitive positions, or to ensure that privileged information is disseminated to investors in a manner that complies with the legislation in force.</p> <p>For further details in particular on policies and action plans regarding personal data protection, please refer to the section 4.3.1 "Committed to protect personal data" in the "Company Social Responsibility" chapter of the Universal Registration Document.</p>	Low
17	Legal and administrative proceedings	<p>Galderma initiated three arbitration proceedings against Ipsen at the International Court of Arbitration (ICC), two of which are pending. The first dispute initiated by Galderma in 2021 is now closed, was related to the regulatory submission strategy of QM-1114, a botulinum toxin A in liquid form for which Ipsen holds the marketing authorization and owns the intellectual property since 2014 in the partnership territories in which Galderma is appointed as exclusive licensee. The Tribunal ordered that any regulatory applications for QM-1114 in the partnership territories submitted by Galderma shall be assigned to Ipsen as the owner of the intellectual property and marketing authorization of QM-1114. However, Galderma remains responsible for development, regulatory filing strategy, manufacturing and commercialization and as such, the Tribunal declared that Galderma has the right to decide on QM-1114's regulatory strategy.</p> <p>The second dispute initiated in 2021 by Galderma relates to the territorial scope of the commercial partnership related to Azzalure® and Dysport® under the 2007 Agreement in the European Union, certain Eastern European countries and Central Asia.</p> <p>The third dispute was initiated by Galderma in November 2023 and relates to the validity of Ipsen's termination of the joint R&D collaboration entered into in July 2014 related to the parties' respective early-stage neurotoxin programs, including the development of IPN 10200. As of 31 December 2023 and at this stage of the proceedings, Ipsen cannot reasonably predict any potential financial impact they could have on the financial statements or the outcome of the 2 remaining arbitrations for which Ipsen intends to fully defend and vindicate its rights against Galderma.</p> <p>In addition, the Ipsen Group is aware of an anti-competitive practice investigation that was initiated in 2019 against Linnea. The investigation is closed as of October 2023 under a settlement procedure with the European Commission for a total fine of €13.4 million imposed on 5 of the companies, Alkaloids of Australia, Alkaloids Corporation, Boehringer, Transo-Pharm and Linnea, of which €1,791,000 was on Linnea. Linnea benefited from a reduction of its fine for its cooperation with the European Commission's investigation.</p>	Low

Section	Risk name	Risk description and mitigation	Materiality
Financial Risks			
18	Exchange rate	<p>A significant share of the Group's business is conducted in countries where the euro, the Group's reporting currency, is the functional currency. Nevertheless, owing to its international business scope, the Group is exposed to exchange rate fluctuations that can affect its results.</p> <p>Several types of risks can be identified:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • transactional foreign exchange risk related to business activities: the Group hedges its main foreign currencies based on its budget forecasts; • financing foreign exchange risk related to financing contracted in a currency other than the functional currencies of Group entities. <p>Ipsen is implementing a foreign exchange rate hedging policy to reduce the exposure of its net profit to foreign currency fluctuations.</p> <p>For more details, please refer to Note 21 in Chapter 3: section 21.1.1 "Foreign exchange exposure".</p>	Low
19	Liquidity and counterparty	<p>The Group's policy consists of diversifying its business counterparties so as to avoid excessive concentration and in choosing their counterparties wisely. For more details, please refer to Note 21 in Chapter 3: section 21.1.3 "Liquidity and counterparty risk".</p>	Low
20	Share price fluctuation	<p>The Group's share price could fluctuate significantly, in particular in response to the following types of events:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • changes in the Group's or its competitors' financial performance from one period to another; • the announcement by the Group or one of its partners of the success or failure of one of the Group's Research and Development programs conducted either on its own or in conjunction with a third party; • the announcement by the Group or one of its partners of the success or the failure of the commercial launch of a new product; • announcements by competitors or announcements concerning the pharmaceutical industry; • announcements regarding changes in the Group's executive team or key personnel. <p>An indication of the share price evolution for fiscal year 2023 is available in the introduction on page 7.</p>	Low

[This page is intentionally left blank]

3

FINANCIAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY



Gaëlle
Production operator
Signes, France

3.1 Management report for the financial year **62**

3.1.1	Significant events during the year	62
3.1.2	Analysis of results	66
3.1.3	Net cash flow and financing	70
3.1.4	Appendices	72
3.1.5	Subsequent events	77
3.1.6	Group outlook	78
3.1.7	Subsequent events following the Accounts Settlement Date of 31 December 2023	78

3.2 Consolidated financial statements 2023 **79**

3.2.1	Consolidated income statement	79
3.2.2	Consolidated balance sheet	81
3.2.3	Consolidated statement of cash flow	82
3.2.4	Statement of change in consolidated shareholders' equity	83
3.2.5	Notes	85
Note 1	Significant events and transactions during the period that had an impact on the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2023	86
Note 2	Accounting principles and methods, and compliance statement	87
Note 3	Changes in the scope of consolidation	89
Note 4	Segment reporting	91
Note 5	Revenue and other operating income	92
Note 6	Operating income	94
Note 7	Personnel	96
Note 8	Net financial income/expense	101
Note 9	Income taxes	102
Note 10	Goodwill	105
Note 11	Intangible assets	106
Note 12	Property, plant & equipment	109
Note 13	Equity investments	112
Note 14	Investments in equity-accounted companies	113
Note 15	Other non-current assets and liabilities	113
Note 16	Current assets and liabilities	114
Note 17	Cash and cash equivalents	115
Note 18	Consolidated shareholders' equity	116
Note 19	Provisions	117
Note 20	Financial assets and liabilities	118

Note 21	Financial risks, hedge accounting and fair value of financial instruments	120
Note 22	Related-party information	123
Note 23	Commitments and contingent liabilities	124
Note 24	Subsequent events with no impact on the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2023	126
Note 25	Consolidation scope	127
Note 26	Fees paid to the Statutory Auditors	128
3.2.6	Statutory Auditors' Report on the consolidated financial statements	129

3.3 2023 Statutory financial statements **136**

3.3.1	Balance Sheet	136
3.3.2	Income statement at 31 December 2023	138
3.3.3	Cash-flow statement at 31 December 2023	139
3.3.4	Notes to the annual financial statements	140
Note 1	Significant events during the year	140
Note 2	Accounting principles and valuation methods	140
Note 3	Notes to the balance sheet	143
Note 4	Notes to the income statement	147
Note 5	Other information	149
Note 6	Subsidiaries and affiliates	151
Note 7	Subsequent events	151
3.3.5	Statutory Auditors' Report on the annual financial statements	152

3.4 Informations relating to the business of Ipsen S.A. **157**

3.4.1	Significant events during the year	157
3.4.2	Business	157
3.4.3	Cash Flow Statement	158
3.4.4	Subsequent events	158
3.4.5	Business trends and outlook	158
3.4.6	Subsidiaries and affiliates	158
3.4.7	Accounting principles and methods	158
3.4.8	Payment due dates	159
3.4.9	Sumptuary spending	159
3.4.10	Dividend payout	159
3.4.11	Company earnings and other financial highlights over the past five years	160

3.1 Management report for the financial year

3.1.1 Significant events during the year

All press releases are available on the Group's website (www.ipsen.com).

Acquisitions and Agreements

15 FEBRUARY 2023

Ipsen, Université de Montréal and IRICoR announced that Ipsen has exercised its option to acquire exclusive rights to a pre-clinical stage program with potential oncology applications. This license agreement is the result of a fruitful collaboration established between Ipsen, Université de Montréal and IRICoR in May 2020. Ipsen will assume all development activities and commercialization of the drug candidate globally. Under the terms of the license agreement the Université de Montréal will receive an upfront payment and will be eligible to additional development and commercial milestones, as well as royalties on net sales.

22 FEBRUARY 2023

Ipsen S.A. announced that Anemone Acquisition Corp. (Purchaser), its wholly owned indirect subsidiary, has extended the expiration time for the previously announced tender offer to purchase all of the issued and outstanding shares of common stock (the "Shares") of Albireo Pharma, Inc. (Nasdaq: ALBO) (Albireo) at a price of \$42.00 per share, net to the holder in cash, plus one non-transferable contractual contingent value right (CVR) per share, in each case, without interest and subject to any applicable withholding taxes, until 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time on Wednesday, 1 March 2023, unless further extended. The tender offer was previously scheduled to expire at one minute after 11:59 p.m., Eastern Time, on Tuesday, 21 February 2023. All other terms and conditions of the tender offer remain unchanged. Each CVR represents the right to receive a one-time payment, net to the holder in cash, of \$10.00 per CVR, without interest and subject to any applicable withholding of taxes, contingent upon the achievement of a certain milestone upon the terms and subject to the conditions described in the Offer to Purchase dated 23 January 2023 (together with any amendments or supplements thereto, the Offer to Purchase) and in the related Letter of Transmittal. The tender offer was extended to allow additional time for the condition relating to the expiration or termination of the waiting period (and any extension thereof) under the Hart-Scott-Rodino Antitrust Improvements Act of 1976, as amended (HSR Act) to be satisfied.

2 MARCH 2023

Ipsen announced it has completed the acquisition of Albireo Pharma, Inc., a leading innovator in bile-acid modulators to treat rare liver conditions. The acquisition has enriched Ipsen's Rare Disease portfolio, with promising therapeutics for pediatric and adult rare cholestatic-liver diseases, innovative pipeline potential, as well as scientific and commercial capabilities. Pursuant to the transaction, Ipsen acquired all the issued and outstanding shares at a price of \$42.00 per share in cash plus one non-transferable contingent value right (CVR) of \$10.00 per share. Lead medicine, Bylvay, is a potent once-daily ileal bile acid transport inhibitor (IBATi) that received regulatory approvals in 2021 in the U.S. for the treatment of pruritus in patients three months of age and older with progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) 1 and in the EU for the treatment of PFIC in patients aged six months or older. In addition to the lead indication, Bylvay was accepted for Priority Review by the U.S. FDA for pediatric and adult Alagille syndrome (ALGS) in February 2023 with a Prescription Drug User Fee Act (PDUFA) action date of 15 June 2023. A variation seeking authorization for ALGS was also submitted to the EMA in 2022, which has been validated for review. In a third indication, the rare pediatric cholestatic liver disease, biliary atresia (BA), Bylvay is in late-stage development with the Phase III BOLD (Biliary atresia and the use of Odevixibat in treating Liver Disease) trial. This is the first, prospective, double-blind clinical trial in this patient population. Bylvay has orphan exclusivity for the approved indications in PFIC in the U.S. and EU, and orphan drug designations have been granted in both ALGS and BA indications in the U.S. and EU. As part of the transaction, Ipsen has also acquired A3907 and A2342, two clinical-stage assets in Albireo's pipeline. A3907 is a novel oral systemic apical sodium-dependent bile-acid transporter inhibitor currently in Phase II clinical development for primary sclerosing cholangitis (PSC). A2342 is an oral systemic sodium-taurocholate co-transporting peptide (NTCP) inhibitor being evaluated for viral and cholestatic diseases in a Phase I trial. As of 2 March 2023, close of business, Albireo's common stock has ceased to be traded on the NASDAQ Capital Market and has been subsequently deregistered.

Research and Development

20 JANUARY 2023

Ipsen presented Phase III NAPOLI 3 trial of Onivyde® regimen demonstrating positive survival results in previously untreated metastatic pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma at ASCO GI.

13 FEBRUARY 2023

Ipsen announced three-year minimum, 44-month median, follow-up results from the Phase III CheckMate -9ER trial showing that Cabometyx® (cabozantinib) in combination with nivolumab provides survival and response rate benefits after three-years in the first-line treatment of advanced renal cell carcinoma (aRCC), compared to sunitinib.

17 MAY 2023

Ipsen to present new Bylvay® (odevixibat) data at annual ESPGHAN congress, showcasing commitment to furthering treatment for rare cholestatic liver diseases. Six abstracts to be presented demonstrating efficacy and tolerability of investigational Bylvay in select cholestatic liver diseases. New data emphasizes the consistent benefit of Bylvay as an investigational drug in Alagille syndrome and an approved medicine in PFIC, with evidence of rapid, sustained, and significant improvements in pruritus and sleep, and reductions in serum bile acids (SBAs).

12 JUNE 2023

The company data from across its growing rare liver disease portfolio, at the European Association for the Trial of Liver (EASL) Congress 2023, 21-24 June in Vienna, Austria. These include seven abstracts on new clinical data being presented on Bylvay® (odevixibat) when used in patients with progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) and Alagille syndrome (ALGS). In addition, an abstract on content validation of patient-reported outcomes assessment tools, used with patients with primary biliary cholangitis (PBC), has been presented.

30 JUNE 2023

Ipsen and GENFIT announced positive topline data from the pivotal ELATIVE Phase III trial. In the trial the efficacy and safety of elafibranor, an investigational dual α,δ PPAR agonist, is being assessed for the treatment of patients with the rare cholestatic liver disease, primary biliary cholangitis (PBC), who have an inadequate response or intolerance to the current standard of care therapy, ursodeoxycholic acid (UDCA).

21 AUGUST 2023

Exelixis, Inc. and Ipsen announced that the global phase 3 CONTACT-02 pivotal trial met one of two primary endpoints, demonstrating a statistically significant improvement in progression-free survival (PFS) at the primary analysis

13 NOVEMBER 2023

Ipsen and GENFIT announced full results from the pivotal Phase III ELATIVE® trial, which are being presented in a late-breaking oral session (Abstract #484, Monday 13 November at 16.45 EST) at the American Association for the Study of Liver Disease (AASLD) and simultaneously published in the New England Journal of Medicine (NEJM). This trial evaluated the efficacy and safety of investigational elafibranor, an oral, dual PPAR α,δ agonist, as a potential novel class of treatment for patients with the rare, autoimmune cholestatic liver disease, primary biliary cholangitis (PBC). Results show statistically significant improvements in biomarkers of disease progression across key endpoints with a significant treatment benefit achieved in the primary composite endpoint, demonstrating a 47% placebo-adjusted difference ($P < 0.001$) between patients on elafibranor 80mg (51%) compared with patients on placebo (4%) achieving a biochemical response. In the trial, a biochemical response is defined as alkaline phosphatase (ALP) $< 1.67 \times$ upper limit of normal (ULN), an ALP decrease ≥ 15 percent and total bilirubin (TB) \leq ULN at 52 weeks. ALP and bilirubin are important predictors of PBC disease progression. Reductions in levels of both can indicate reduced cholestatic injury and improved liver function. Only patients receiving elafibranor achieved normalization of ALP (upper limit of normal 104 U/L in females and 129 U/L in males) at Week 52 (15% vs 0% placebo, $P = 0.002$), a key secondary endpoint of the trial. The significant biochemical effect of elafibranor measured by ALP reduction was further supported by data demonstrating reductions from baseline in ALP levels were rapid, seen as early as Week 4 in the elafibranor group, and were sustained through Week 52, with a decrease in ALP of 41% on elafibranor compared with placebo.

Regulatory

27 JANUARY 2023

The Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) of the European Medicines Agency (EMA) has recommended not to grant marketing authorization for investigational palovarotene as a treatment for the ultra-rare bone disease, fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP). In the EU there are currently only symptomatic treatments for FOP, which do not reduce the formation of extra-skeletal bone in patients with the condition. Ipsen requested a re-examination of the CHMP opinion, based on scientific data available from the existing palovarotene clinical trial program.

16 MARCH 2023

Ipsen receives new FDA PDUFA date for investigational palovarotene for the treatment of people with FOP. PDUFA date has been set for 16 August 2023 following the New Drug Application resubmission containing additional information on palovarotene clinical trial data, requested in a complete response letter to Ipsen in December 2022.

26 MAY 2023

The Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) of the European Medicines Agency confirms the negative opinion given in January 2023.

14 JUNE 2023

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has accepted Ipsen supplemental new drug application (sNDA) Onivyde® (irinotecan liposome injection) plus 5 fluorouracil/leucovorin and oxaliplatin (NALIRIFOX regimen) as a potential first-line treatment for metastatic pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma (mPDAC). The review was based on positive results from the pivotal Phase III NAPOLI 3 trial, in which the Onivyde regimen demonstrated a statistically significant improvement in overall survival (OS) and progression-free survival (PFS), compared to nab-paclitaxel plus gemcitabine, with a safety profile consistent with the profiles of the treatment components. These results were presented at the January 2023 American Society of Clinical Oncology Gastrointestinal Cancers Symposium (ASCO GI).

29 JUNE 2023

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration's (FDA) Endocrinologic and Metabolic Drugs Advisory Committee (EMDAC) voted in favor of investigational palovarotene as an effective treatment, with a positive risk-benefit profile, for people living with the ultra-rare bone disease, fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP).

19 JULY 2023

The European Commission has followed guidance provided by the Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) in May this year, and has not granted marketing authorization for palovarotene, an investigational treatment for fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP).

21 JULY 2023

The European Medicines Agency's (EMA) Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) has issued a positive opinion recommending the approval of Bylvay® (odevixibat) for the treatment of cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS) aged six months or older. The Committee for Orphan Medicinal Products (COMP), a scientific committee of the EMA, has concurrently issued a negative opinion for the maintenance of Bylvay's orphan drug designation in ALGS. This negative COMP opinion prevents the retention of orphan-drug status in Bylvay's marketing authorization in ALGS and might delay a final European Commission decision. Ipsen plans to submit an appeal in respect of the COMP opinion.

16 AUGUST 2023

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) approved Sohonos® (palovarotene) capsules as a retinoid indicated for the reduction in volume of new heterotopic ossification in adults and pediatric patients aged 8 years and older for females and 10 years and older for males with fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP).

23 OCTOBER 2023

The European Medicines Agency's (EMA) Committee for Orphan Medicinal Products (COMP) confirmed its negative opinion recommending not to maintain the orphan designation for Bylvay® (odevixibat) in Alagille syndrome (ALGS). This is despite a positive opinion from the Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) in July 2023. Orphan designation has a strong influence on the reimbursement mechanisms and access for patients to medicines in some countries in the EU. In order to maintain Bylvay's orphan designation in the approved treatment of progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC), Ipsen is planning to resubmit to the EMA under a new brand name for the treatment of ALGS by the end of 2023.

7 DECEMBER 2023

The U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has accepted the New Drug Application (NDA) for investigational elafibranor. An oral, once-daily dual peroxisome activated receptor alpha/delta (PPAR α,δ) agonist, investigational elafibranor could potentially be the first novel second-line treatment for the rare, cholestatic liver disease, PBC, in nearly a decade. The target FDA PDUFA date under priority review is 10 June 2024. The European Medicines Agency (EMA) has also validated Ipsen's Marketing Authorization Application (MAA) for elafibranor and the review of the submission to the EMA's Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) began on 26 October 2023. Furthermore, a third simultaneous regulatory filing of elafibranor has been validated for review by the UK Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA).

Governance**24 APRIL 2023**

Ipsen appoints Sandra Silvestri as EVP, Chief Medical Officer and Head of Global Medical Affairs, Patient Safety and Patient Affairs effective 5 May 2023. She will serve on the Executive Leadership Team (ELT) and report directly to Ipsen's Chief Executive Officer (CEO), David Loew.

24 July 2023

The Board of Directors of Ipsen has been informed of certain changes of the shareholders' agreements relating to the concert of its principal shareholders. The shareholders' agreement made on 19 December 2019, between Highrock (controlled by Mrs. Anne Beaufour), Beech Tree (controlled by Mr. Henri Beaufour), MR BMH as well as MR Schwabe, FinHestia, Finvestan and Finveska (controlled by the Schwabe family), is renewed for a period of three years, until 19 December 2026. This agreement organizes a voting syndicate mechanism relating to 28.22% of the capital and 36.14% of the voting rights of Ipsen, for which the vote at shareholders' meetings is determined by a majority of 75% of the shares thus agreed. The Board of Directors was also informed that the shareholders' agreement entered into by Highrock, Beech Tree and Altawin (controlled by B.I.O. Trust), formed by Mrs. Anne Beaufour and Mr. Henri Beaufour in 19 December 2019, will not be renewed and will end in accordance with its terms on 19 December 2023, at which time the shareholders' agreement, jointly holding 52.06% of the capital and 66.66% of the voting rights of Ipsen, will end. These changes do not modify the shareholding held by the various legal entities linked to Mrs. Anne Beaufour and Mr. Henri Beaufour, and the parties to the renewed shareholders' agreement, holding together 56.62% of the share capital and 72.36% of Ipsen's voting rights, will therefore continue to act in concert in relation to Ipsen. The Board of Directors also takes note of the renewed support of the principal shareholders for the Group's strategy and its Management.

1 SEPTEMBER 2023

Ipsen announced the appointment of Christelle Huguet as Executive Vice President, Head of Research and Development. She will succeed Howard Mayer, EVP and Head of R&D, who will leave Ipsen on 22 September, following his decision to retire. Christelle Huguet will serve on the Executive Leadership Team (ELT), reporting directly to Ipsen's Chief Executive Officer, David Loew and immediately succeeding Howard upon his departure. Since joining Ipsen in May 2020 as Senior Vice President and Head of Research, External Innovation and Early Development (REED), she has built a lean and dynamic global REED organization supporting Ipsen's three therapeutic areas: Oncology, Rare Disease and Neuroscience, from target to clinic.

4 SEPTEMBER 2023

Ipsen announced the co-optation of Pascal Touchon to its Board as an independent director, effective 4 October 2023, following the decision of Paul Sekhri to step down from his director role on this date due to other professional commitments. Pascal Touchon is an experienced biotech CEO and pharma leader and is the CEO of ATARA Biotherapeutics. He has previously held leadership positions

at Novartis and Servier and has served on the Board of Directors of several biotechs. He brings with him a successful track record in U.S. biotech and global pharma, with 30-plus years of experience. He is a graduate of INSEAD, where he received his MBA. Following this co-optation, the Board of Directors will remain composed of fourteen directors: seven women and seven men, including four independent directors and two directors representing the employees. Pascal Touchon will be a member of the Nomination Committee, the Innovation and Development Committee and the Audit Committee. At the next Shareholder's meeting there will be a request for ratification of this decision, which would remain in effect for the remainder of Paul Sekhri's term of office, until the 2026 Shareholders' meeting. On behalf of the Board of Directors, Chairman of the Board Marc de Garidel thanks Paul Sekhri for his strong contribution and involvement to Ipsen's Board and Committees over the last five years.

Other

3 OCTOBER 2023

Ipsen announced that its partner Galderma has confirmed receipt from the FDA of a Complete Response Letter related to its Biologics License Application for liquid botulinum toxin type A (QM-1114), noting certain deficiencies related to chemical, manufacturing and controls (CMC) processes.

Furthermore, on 28 September 2023, the Arbitral Tribunal of the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC) issued a final decision on arbitration proceedings that Galderma initiated against Ipsen. This dispute was initiated in July 2021 following a difference of opinion on the regulatory submission strategy for QM-1114 related to the potency-assay testing method used in the release of commercial batches of QM-1114 in the United States, Canada and Australia. The result of this arbitration is that any regulatory applications for QM-1114 in the partnership territories submitted by Galderma shall be assigned to Ipsen as the owner of the intellectual property and marketing authorization of QM-1114. Galderma remains responsible for development, regulatory filing strategy, manufacturing and commercialization. As such, the Tribunal declared that Galderma has the right to decide on QM-1114's regulatory strategy. On 27 July 2023, Ipsen confirmed that it had notified Galderma of its decision to terminate the Parties' joint R&D collaboration entered into in July 2014 related to the parties' respective neurotoxin programs, including the development of IPN10200 (longer-acting neurotoxin).

7 DECEMBER 2023

Ipsen outlined its next phase of growth & transformation and provided a new mid-term outlook during its Capital Markets Day in London.

3.1.2 Analysis of results

3.1.2.1 Comparison of Consolidated Sales for the Fourth Quarter and Full Year 2023 and 2022

Total sales by therapeutic area and medicine

(in millions of euros)	Full Year				Fourth Quarter			
	2023	2022	%	% Variation at constant currency	2023	2022	%	% Variation at constant currency
			Variation				Variation	
Oncology	2,351.3	2,379.5	-1.2%	1.5%	607.2	612.3	-0.8%	3.5%
<i>Somatuline[®]</i>	1,065.6	1,218.0	-12.5%	-10.4%	277.7	306.1	-9.3%	-5.4%
<i>Decapeptyl[®]</i>	545.5	529.7	3.0%	5.9%	138.4	133.7	3.5%	7.0%
<i>Cabometyx[®]</i>	534.8	448.7	19.2%	22.9%	137.1	121.0	13.3%	19.0%
<i>Onivyde[®]</i>	163.7	162.4	0.8%	2.9%	43.5	40.4	7.7%	12.7%
<i>Tazverik[®]</i>	37.7	12.7	n/a	n/a	9.6	9.9	-3.2%	4.4%
<i>Other Oncology</i>	4.0	8.0	-49.6%	-49.4%	0.9	1.1	-19.3%	-19.5%
Neuroscience	659.3	604.4	9.1%	14.6%	170.3	196.7	-13.4%	-6.1%
<i>Dysport[®]</i>	648.8	593.6	9.3%	14.5%	166.9	193.2	-13.6%	-7.0%
<i>Other Neuroscience</i>	10.5	10.8	-3.4%	20.2%	3.4	3.5	-1.4%	43.0%
Rare Diseases	116.9	41.1	n/a	n/a	41.0	7.5	n/a	n/a
<i>Bylvay[®]</i>	73.8	–	n/a	n/a	28.2	–	n/a	n/a
<i>Sohonos[®]</i>	7.1	–	n/a	n/a	4.3	-0.1	n/a	n/a
<i>NutropinAq[®]</i>	18.8	27.2	-30.8%	-30.7%	4.0	6.4	-37.8%	-37.6%
<i>Increlex[®]</i>	17.3	13.9	24.0%	26.3%	4.5	1.2	n/a	n/a
Total Sales	3,127.5	3,025.0	3.4%	6.7%	818.5	816.4	0.2%	5.4%

Commentary is based on the performance in FY 2023, unless stated otherwise.

Somatuline

In North America, sales decline by 10.6%⁽¹⁾, primarily reflecting adverse U.S. pricing; volumes remained robust. In Europe, sales fell by 14.3%⁽¹⁾, driven by the penetration of generic lanreotide in many markets, including France, Spain and Italy. In the Rest of World region, sales growth by 1.8%⁽¹⁾, with a solid performance in several geographies including Latin America, partly offset by the penetration of generic lanreotide in Australia. A more limited sales erosion in the fourth quarter reflecting a favorable one-off catch-up pricing adjustment in North America.

Decapeptyl

Growth of 5.9%⁽¹⁾ driven by the performance in China, despite adverse pricing and moderate market recovery, and in the Middle East and North Africa.

Cabometyx

Growth of 22.9%⁽¹⁾ supported by strong volume uptakes across most geographies in the second-line renal cell carcinoma indication, and in the first-line combination with nivolumab in more countries.

Onivyde

Sustained growth in the U.S., offset by lower sales to Ipsen's ex-U.S. partner, driven by a new manufacturing set-up.

Dysport

Performance driven by further growth in the aesthetics market, reflected in increased sales in Ipsen territories and to Ipsen's partner, and continued solid demand in most therapeutics markets. Sales decline in the fourth quarter reflecting the unfavorable phasing of sales to Ipsen's aesthetics partner, as well as the comparison to strong aesthetics sales baseline in the fourth quarter of 2022.

Tazverik

Sales consolidated for twelve months compared to four months in 2022. Commercial-sales growth of 12.6%⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾ year on year.

⁽¹⁾ At CER, which excludes any foreign-exchange impact by recalculating the performance for the relevant period by applying the exchange rates used for the prior period.

⁽²⁾ Reference to Epizyme's 2022 performance.

Bylvay

Sales consolidated for ten months, following the completion of the acquisition of Albireo in March 2023, with continued strong momentum in the fourth quarter of the year, following the recent launch in the second indication, Alagille syndrome, in the U.S.

Sohonos

Sales supported by the launch in the U.S. in the fourth quarter, following approval by the FDA in August 2023.

Total sales by geographical area

(in millions of euros)	Full Year				Fourth Quarter			
	2023	2022	%	% Variation at constant currency	2023	2022	%	% Variation at constant currency
			Variation				Variation	
North America	1,041.8	1,032.1	0.9%	3.8%	281.0	272.9	3.0%	8.0%
Europe ⁽¹⁾	1,256.6	1,237.3	1.6%	1.8%	333.5	312.6	6.7%	6.8%
Rest of the World	829.1	755.6	9.7%	18.5%	204.0	231.0	-11.7%	0.6%
Total Sales	3,127.5	3,025.0	3.4%	6.7%	818.5	816.4	0.2%	5.4%

⁽¹⁾ Defined here as the EU, the UK, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland.

Commentary is based on the performance in FY 2022.

North America

Sales growth of 3.8%⁽³⁾ driven by a solid performance from Onivyde, the contribution from new medicines Bylvay, Sohonos and Tazverik, as well as solid growth of Dysport in the therapeutics and aesthetics markets, partly offset by reduced sales of Somatuline. Higher growth of 8.0%⁽³⁾ in the fourth quarter reflected a favorable one-off catch-up pricing adjustment in the U.S. for Somatuline.

Europe

Growth by 1.8%⁽³⁾, with a strong Cabometyx performance and the solid growth of Dysport offset by the ongoing decline of Somatuline and reduced Onivyde sales to Ipsen's ex-U.S. partner.

Rest of the World

Sales growth of 18.5%⁽³⁾, driven by a strong performance of Cabometyx and Dysport, primarily in Latin America and the Middle East, and of Decapeptyl in China. Stable sales growth in the fourth quarter partly reflected a Dysport-aesthetics sales decline, driven by a high Q4 2022 baseline in Latin America and Australia.

⁽³⁾ At CER, which excludes any foreign-exchange impact by recalculating the performance for the relevant period by applying the exchange rates used for the prior period.

3.1.2.2 Comparison of core consolidated income statement

Albireo was fully consolidated from 1 March 2023.

Core financial measures are performance indicators. Reconciliation between these indicators and IFRS aggregates is presented in Appendix 4 'Bridges from IFRS consolidated net profit to Core consolidated net profit'.

	2023		2022		% change
	(in millions of euros)	% of total sales	(in millions of euros)	% of total sales	
Total Sales	3,127.5	100%	3,025.0	100%	3.4%
Other revenues	178.9	5.7%	131.5	4.3%	36.1%
Total Revenue	3,306.4	105.7%	3,156.4	104.3%	4.8%
Cost of goods sold	(571.2)	(18.3)%	(527.7)	(17.4)%	8.2%
Selling expenses	(917.1)	(29.3)%	(833.4)	(27.6)%	10.0%
Research and development expenses	(619.3)	(19.8)%	(445.3)	(14.7)%	39.1%
General and administrative expenses	(217.8)	(7.0)%	(205.8)	(6.8)%	5.8%
Other core operating income	20.1	0.6%	0.4	0.0%	n/a
Other core operating expenses	(0.2)	–%	(29.2)	(1)%	n/a
Core Operating Income	1,001.0	32.0%	1,115.4	36.9%	(10.3)%
Net financing costs	(19.4)	(0.6)%	(18.5)	(0.6)%	4.9%
Core other financial income and expense	(31.9)	(1.0)%	(13.4)	(0.4)%	137.6%
Core income taxes	(184.5)	(5.9)%	(210.8)	(7.0)%	(12.5)%
Share of net profit/(loss) from equity-accounted companies	0.2	–	(0.3)	–%	n/a
Core consolidated net profit	765.5	24.5%	872.4	28.8%	(12.3)%
- Attributable to shareholders of Ipsen S.A.	762.7	24.4%	873.5	28.9%	(12.7)%
- Attributable to non-controlling interests	2.8	–%	(1.3)	–%	n/a
<i>Core EPS fully diluted - attributable to Ipsen S.A. shareholders (in € per share)</i>	9.15		10.51		(13.0)%

Total sales

Total sales grew by 6.7% at CER⁽¹⁾, or 3.4% as reported, which included an adverse impact from currencies of 3.3%.

Other revenues

Other revenue totaled €178.9 million, an increase of 36.1%, mainly due to an upfront fee and regulatory milestone received for the grant of licence rights to Ipsen's ex-U.S. partner in respect of Onivyde, in the first-line pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma indication.

Cost of goods sold

Cost of goods sold of €571.2 million represented 18.3% of total sales, an increase of 0.8 percentage point (2022: €527.7 million, or 17.4%), mainly due to an increase of royalties paid from an unfavorable sales mix.

Selling expenses

Selling expenses of €917.1 million increased by 10.0%, driven by the integration of Albireo and Epizyme, commercial efforts deployed to support sales, partly offset by the impact of the efficiency program. Selling expenses represented 29.3% of total sales, an increase of 1.8 percentage point (2022: €833.4 million, or 27.6%).

Research and development expenses

Research and development expenses totaled €619.3 million, representing a growth of 39.1%, driven by the integration of Albireo and Epizyme, investment in elafibranor in primary biliary cholangitis, the potential migraine indication for Dysport, and next-generation neurotoxins, offset by reduced investment in Onivyde and Cabometyx. Research and development expenses represented 19.8% of total sales, an increase of 5.1 percentage points (2022: 14.7%).

General and administrative expenses

General and administrative expenses increased by 5.8% to €217.8 million, mainly driven by the integration of Albireo and Epizyme. The ratio to total sales increased from 6.8% in 2022 to 7.0% in 2023.

Other core operating income and expenses

Other core operating income and expenses amounted to an income of €19.9 million (2022: €28.8 million expense), primarily reflecting the impact of Ipsen's currency-hedging policy and currency effects.

⁽¹⁾ At CER, which excludes any foreign-exchange impact by recalculating the performance for the relevant period by applying the exchange rates used for the prior period.

Core Operating Income

Core operating income amounted to €1,001.0 million, representing a decline of 10.3%, with a core operating margin at 32.0% of total sales, a decline of 4.9 percentage points that reflected the dilutive impact of the integration of Albireo and Epizyme.

Core net financing costs and other financial income and expenses

Ipsen incurred net financial expenses of €51.2 million, versus €31.9 million in 2022.

Net financing costs increased by €0.9 million to €19.4 million, driven by higher interest rates on debt.

Other financial income and expenses increased by €18.5 million to €31.9 million, mainly from adverse foreign-exchange impacts on non-commercial transactions.

Core income taxes

Core income tax expense of €184.5 million reflected lower profit before tax, with a core effective tax rate of 19.4% (2022: 19.5%).

Core consolidated net profit

Core consolidated net profit declined by 12.3% to €765.5 million (2022: €872.4 million).

Core Earning per share

Fully diluted Core EPS came to €9.15, a decline in line with core consolidated net profit (2022: €10.51).

3.1.2.3 From core financial measures to IFRS reported figures

Reconciliations between IFRS results and the Core financial measures are presented in Appendix 4.

The main reconciling items between Core consolidated net profit and IFRS consolidated net profit were:

Reconciliation between Core consolidated net profit and IFRS consolidated net profit

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Core consolidated net profit	765.5	872.4
Amortization of intangible assets (excluding software)	(156.4)	(78.7)
Other operating income and expenses	(153.0)	(105.4)
Restructuring costs	(20.7)	(20.2)
Impairment losses	186.1	(86.1)
Others	25.8	65.5
IFRS consolidated net profit	647.2	647.5
<i>IFRS EPS fully diluted - attributable to Ipsen S.A. shareholders (in € per share)</i>	<i>€7.73</i>	<i>€7.81</i>

Amortization of intangible assets (excluding software)

Amortization of intangible assets (excluding software) amounted to €207.5 million before tax (2022: €103.6 million). The variation related mainly to the amortization of new intangibles assets for Bylvay, Tazverik and Sohonos.

Other operating income and expenses

Other non-core operating expenses of €203.2 million before tax mainly related to the acquisition, and associated transaction costs, of Albireo and Epizyme, as well as Ipsen's transformation programs, the discontinuation of clinical trials and the change in Onivyde earnouts following the U.S. FDA's regulatory submission acceptance for Onivyde as a potential first-line treatment in metastatic pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma.

Other non-core operating expenses in 2022 totaled €140.6 million before tax, mainly related to the acquisition of Epizyme, and associated transaction costs, Ipsen's transformation programs, the divestment of the Consumer HealthCare business, the discontinuation of clinical trials and the change in Onivyde earnouts.

Restructuring costs

Restructuring costs amounted to €27.7 million before tax, mainly related to Albireo integration costs.

Restructuring costs in 2022 amounted to €26.9 million before tax, primarily driven by Epizyme integration costs.

Impairment losses

Ipsen recognized an impairment reversal of €280.3 million before tax related to Sohonos, following the U.S. FDA's approval in August 2023 as a treatment for FOP, partly offset by an impairment loss of €26.8 million, following the termination of an internal device project.

In 2022, Ipsen recognized an impairment loss of €114.3 million before tax, including €55.1 million on Sohonos following the negative opinion from the EMA's Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use, and €59.3 million on discontinued trials following unfavorable results.

Others

Financial income and expenses and income taxes amounted to an expense of €4.1 million (2022: €11.3 million).

Net profit from discontinued operations of €27.3 million related to the Consumer Healthcare divestiture.

As a consequence, IFRS reported indicators are:

Operating income

Operating profit amounted to €816,0 million, an increase of 11.8% (2022: €729.9 million), mainly due to the impairment reversal of Sohonos.

Consolidated net profit

Consolidated net profit in 2023 was €647.2 million, in line with last year (2022: €647.5 million).

Earnings Per Share

Fully diluted EPS amounted to €7.73 per share, in line with last year (2022: €7.81 per share).

3.1.3 Net cash flow and financing

3.1.3.1 Analysis of the consolidated net cash flow statement

Net cash declined by €333.7 million in the year, bringing closing net cash to €65.1 million.

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Opening Net cash / (Debt)	398.8	28.0
Core Operating Income	1,001.0	1,115.4
Non-cash items	112.3	105.1
Change in operating working capital requirements	99.0	(77.6)
Change in other working capital requirements	(16.4)	39.1
Net capital expenditures (excluding milestones paid)	(143.6)	(140.6)
Operating Cash Flow	1,052.3	1,041.3
Other non-core operating income and expenses and restructuring costs	(118.2)	(63.3)
Financial income	(20.8)	(23.6)
Tax paid ⁽¹⁾	(216.3)	(128.9)
Other operating cash flow	13.9	(8.3)
Free Cash Flow	710.9	817.2
Distributions paid	(99.6)	(100.2)
Net investments (business development and milestones)	(933.4)	(564.5)
Share buyback	(39.5)	(11.3)
FX on net indebtedness	16.3	(20.4)
Change in cash / (debt) from discontinued activities	13.3	249.0
Other	(1.5)	1.0
Shareholders return and external growth operations	(1,044.5)	(446.4)
Change in net cash / (debt)	(333.7)	370.8
Closing net cash / (debt)	65.1	398.8

⁽¹⁾ 2022 Tax paid at -€128.9 million including the current income tax for -€167.2 million and the change in net tax liability previously part of the change in other working capital for €38.3 million.

Operating cash flow

Operating cash flow totaled €1,052.3 million, an increase of €11.1 million, or 1.1%, driven by better change in working capital requirements (€121.2 million mainly driven by higher trade payables and a lower increase in trade receivables), partly offset by reduced core operating income.

Free Cash Flow

Free cash flow declined by €106.3 million to €710.9 million, reflecting higher tax paid (€87.5 million including the reimbursement of French tax prepayments in 2022), and higher other non-core expenses and restructuring costs, mainly driven by Albireo integration, partly offset by higher operating cash flow.

Shareholders' return and external growth operations

The distribution payout to Ipsen S.A. shareholders amounted to €99.6 million, corresponding to a dividend per share of €1.20 (2022: €100.2m, €1.20 per share).

Net investments of €933.4 million were primarily related to the acquisition of Albireo for €932.5 million.

Net investments in 2022 amounted to €564.5 million, driven by the acquisition of Epizyme for €400.3 million, an in-licensing agreement with Marengo Therapeutics, additional Cabometyx commercial and regulatory milestones and a development milestone for fidrisertib. Foreign exchange on net indebtedness favorably impacted net debt, mainly due to a lower U.S. Dollar versus Euro exchange rate.

3.1.3.2 Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents and net cash

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Current financial assets (derivative instruments on financial operations)	1.4	2.5
Closing cash and cash equivalents	519.5	1,165.5
Non-Current Loans	(269.7)	(581.8)
Other non-current financial liabilities (excluding derivative instruments) (**)	(71.7)	(85.1)
Non-current financial liabilities	(341.3)	(666.9)
Other current financial liabilities (excluding derivative instruments) (**)	(114.4)	(102.3)
Current financial liabilities	(114.4)	(102.3)
Debt	(455.7)	(769.2)
Net cash / (debt) (*)	65.1	398.8

(*) Net cash / (debt): derivative instruments booked in financial assets and related to financial operations, cash and cash equivalents, less bank overdrafts, bank loans and other financial liabilities excluding financial derivative instruments on commercial operations.

(**) Financial liabilities mainly exclude €1.4 million in derivative instruments related to commercial operations at the end of December 2023, compared with €17.0 million in 2022.

Analysis of Group cash

On 24 May 2019, Ipsen S.A. signed an initial five-year Revolving Credit Facility (RCF) of €1,500 million, which was extended twice, to May 2026.

On 23 July 2019, Ipsen S.A. also issued \$300 million through a U.S. Private Placement (USPP) in two tranches of 7 and 10-year maturities.

Ipsen must comply with a net debt / EBITDA covenant to remain below 3.5 times at each financial closing in both the RCF and the USPP. Ipsen complied with its covenant ratio for the RCF and the USPP. The RCF also includes specific indicators linked to Corporate Social Responsibility, assessed annually.

On 16 June 2023, the €300 million seven-year bonds issued by Ipsen S.A. in 2016 were fully reimbursed.

On 31 December 2023, the RCF was fully undrawn and Ipsen S.A. program of emission of NEU CP – Negotiable European Commercial Paper of €600 million, was drawn for €80 million.

3.1.4 Appendices

3.1.4.1 Appendix 1 – Consolidated income statement

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Sales	3,127.5	3,025.0
Other revenues	178.9	131.5
Revenue	3,306.4	3,156.4
Cost of goods sold	(571.2)	(527.7)
Selling expenses	(917.1)	(833.4)
Research and development expenses	(619.3)	(445.3)
General and administrative expenses	(217.8)	(205.8)
Other operating income	62.6	32.1
Other operating expenses	(453.3)	(305.1)
Restructuring costs	(27.7)	(26.9)
Impairment losses	253.4	(114.3)
Operating Income	816.0	729.9
Net financing costs	(19.4)	(18.5)
Other financial income and expenses	(35.1)	(5.5)
Income taxes	(136.2)	(112.3)
Share of net profit/(loss) from equity-accounted companies	(5.4)	(1.5)
Net profit/(loss) From Continuing Operations	619.9	592.1
Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	27.3	55.4
Consolidated net profit	647.2	647.5
- Attributable to shareholders of Ipsen S.A.	644.4	648.6
- Attributable to non-controlling interests	2.8	(1.1)
<i>Basic earnings per share, continuing operations (in euros)</i>	€7.46	€7.20
<i>Diluted earnings per share, continuing operations (in euros)</i>	€7.40	€7.14
<i>Basic earnings per share, discontinued operations (in euros)</i>	€0.33	€0.67
<i>Diluted earnings per share, discontinued operations (in euros)</i>	€0.33	€0.66
<i>Basic earnings per share (in euros)</i>	€7.79	€7.87
<i>Diluted earnings per share (in euros)</i>	€7.73	€7.81

3.1.4.2 Appendix 2 – Consolidated balance sheet before allocation of net profit

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
ASSETS		
Goodwill	663.9	579.9
Other intangible assets	2,678.8	1,585.4
Property, plant & equipment	574.6	581.4
Equity investments	114.7	109.8
Investments in equity-accounted companies	16.7	26.4
Non-current financial assets	0.3	0.1
Deferred tax assets ⁽¹⁾	324.8	327.8
Other non-current assets	50.8	6.1
Total non-current assets	4,424.5	3,216.9
Inventories	289.5	284.1
Trade receivables	631.3	632.5
Current tax assets	106.2	41.2
Current financial assets	10.6	31.0
Other current assets	332.3	239.5
Cash and cash equivalents	528.4	1,169.3
Total current assets	1,898.4	2,397.6
TOTAL ASSETS	6,322.9	5,614.6
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Share capital	83.8	83.8
Additional paid-in capital and consolidated reserves	3,100.8	2,554.1
Net profit/(loss) for the period	644.4	648.6
Foreign exchange differences	(3.9)	57.4
Equity attributable to Ipsen S.A. shareholders	3,825.1	3,344.0
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	(1.3)	(0.6)
Total shareholders' equity	3,823.9	3,343.4
Retirement benefit obligation	24.4	18.7
Non-current provisions	32.8	68.5
Other non-current financial liabilities	341.4	667.0
Deferred tax liabilities	226.4	77.9
Other non-current liabilities	247.2	103.7
Total non-current liabilities	872.2	935.7
Current provisions	56.8	55.6
Current financial liabilities	125.1	113.8
Trade payables	771.4	647.1
Current tax liabilities	41.4	11.8
Other current liabilities	623.2	503.3
Bank overdrafts	9.0	3.8
Total current liabilities	1,626.8	1,335.4
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES	6,322.9	5,614.6

⁽¹⁾ Deferred tax assets have been restated retroactively to account for the amendment to IAS 12 pertaining to a €6.7 million deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction as of January 2022 (see note 9.2 to the consolidated financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2023).

3.1.4.3 Appendix 3 – Cash flow statements**Appendix 3.1 – Consolidated statement of cash flow**

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Consolidated net profit	647.2	647.5
Share of profit/(loss) from equity-accounted companies	5.4	1.2
Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	(27.3)	(55.4)
Net profit/(loss) before share from equity-accounted companies	625.3	593.4
Non-cash and non-operating items:		
- Depreciation, amortization, impairment losses and provisions	87.9	336.5
- Change in fair value of financial derivatives	0.7	4.4
- Net gains or losses on disposals of non-current assets	16.6	(7.5)
- Unrealized foreign exchange differences	21.1	(9.5)
- Net financing costs	19.4	18.5
- Income taxes	117.8	111.8
- Share-based payment expense	30.1	26.5
- Other non-cash items	87.3	67.3
Cash flow from operating activities before changes in working capital requirement	1,006.2	1,141.2
- (Increase)/decrease in inventories	(8.9)	(19.9)
- (Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	(1.6)	(86.8)
- Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	109.5	29.1
- Net change in other operating assets and liabilities	(22.9)	38.5
Change in working capital requirement related to operating activities	76.1	(39.1)
Tax paid	(216.3)	(130.7)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	865.9	971.4
Acquisition of property, plant & equipment	(116.2)	(96.6)
Acquisition of intangible assets	(66.7)	(156.3)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets and property, plant & equipment	0.5	10.0
Acquisition of shares in non-consolidated companies	(5.7)	(7.8)
Impact of changes in the consolidation scope	(909.9)	(131.5)
Change in working capital related to investment activities	24.3	(89.5)
Other cash-flow related to investment activities	1.4	13.2
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES	(1,072.2)	(458.6)
Additional long-term borrowings	24.9	16.0
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(300.7)	(1.1)
Additional short-term borrowings	2,598.0	1,212.8
Repayment of short-term borrowings	(2,613.0)	(1,262.2)
Contingent payments related to acquisitions	(6.0)	(0.1)
Treasury shares	(39.5)	(11.3)
Distributions paid by Ipsen S.A.	(99.6)	(99.3)
Dividends paid by subsidiaries to non-controlling interests	–	(0.9)
Change in working capital related to financing activities	–	–
Interests paid	(22.6)	(18.2)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(458.4)	(164.2)
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM CONTINUING ACTIVITIES	(664.7)	348.6
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM DISCONTINUED ACTIVITIES	13.6	1.9
OPENING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,165.5	809.1
Impact of exchange rate fluctuations	5.0	5.9
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	519.5	1,165.5

Appendix 3.2 – Consolidated net cash flow statement

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Opening net cash / (debt)	398.8	28.0
Core operating income	1,001.0	1,115.4
Non-cash items	112.3	105.1
(Increase) / decrease in inventories	(8.9)	(19.9)
(Increase) / decrease in trade receivables	(1.6)	(86.8)
Increase / (decrease) in trade payables	109.5	29.1
Change in operating working capital requirements	99.0	(77.6)
Change in other working capital requirements related to operating activities	(16.4)	39.1
Acquisition of property, plant & equipment	(116.2)	(96.6)
Acquisition of intangible assets (excluding milestones paid)	(39.0)	(46.0)
Disposal of fixed assets	0.5	1.5
Change in working capital related to investment activities	11.0	0.6
Net capital expenditures (excluding milestones paid)	(143.6)	(140.6)
Operating Cash Flow	1,052.3	1,041.3
Other non-core operating income and expenses and restructuring costs	(118.2)	(63.3)
Financial income	(20.8)	(23.6)
Tax paid ⁽¹⁾	(216.3)	(128.9)
Other operating cash flow	13.9	(8.3)
Free Cash Flow	710.9	817.2
Distributions paid (including payout to non-controlling interests)	(99.6)	(100.2)
Acquisition of shares in non-consolidated companies	(5.8)	(7.8)
Acquisition of other financial assets	(0.1)	(0.1)
Impact of changes in consolidation scope ⁽²⁾	(932.5)	(400.8)
Milestones paid ⁽³⁾	(19.6)	(200.5)
Milestones received	11.4	12.5
Other Business Development operations	13.1	32.0
Net investments (Business Development and milestones)	(933.4)	(564.5)
Share buyback	(39.5)	(11.3)
FX on net indebtedness	16.3	(20.4)
Change in cash / (debt) from discontinued activities	13.3	249.0
Other	(1.5)	1.0
Shareholders return and external growth operations	(1,044.5)	(446.4)
Change in net cash / (debt)	(333.7)	370.8
Closing net cash / (debt)	65.1	398.8

⁽¹⁾ Tax paid 2022 of -€128.9 million included current income tax of -€167.2 million and the change in net tax liability, previously part of the change in other working capital of €38.3 million.

⁽²⁾ In 2023, the impact of the change in consolidation scope corresponded to the acquisition of Albireo for €932.5 million (2022: €400.3 million, reflecting the acquisition of Epizyme).

⁽³⁾ Milestones paid in 2022 corresponded to the in-licensing agreement with Marengo Therapeutics, additional Cabometyx commercial and regulatory milestones, and a development milestone for fidrisertib.

3.1.4.4 Appendix 4 – Bridges from IFRS consolidated net profit to Core consolidated net profit

The reconciliation items between core consolidated net profit and IFRS consolidated net profit are described in the paragraph 'From core financial measures to IFRS reported figures'.

(in millions of euros)	IFRS	Amortization of intangible assets (excl software)	Other operating income or expenses	Restructuring	Impairment losses	Other	CORE
	2023						2023
Sales	3,127.5	–	–	–	–	–	3,127.5
Other revenues	178.9	–	–	–	–	–	178.9
Revenue	3,306.4	–	–	–	–	–	3,306.4
Cost of goods sold	(571.2)	–	–	–	–	–	(571.2)
Selling expenses	(917.1)	–	–	–	–	–	(917.1)
Research and development expenses	(619.3)	–	–	–	–	–	(619.3)
General and administrative expenses	(217.8)	–	–	–	–	–	(217.8)
Other operating income	62.6	–	(42.5)	–	–	–	20.1
Other operating expenses	(453.3)	207.5	245.7	–	–	–	(0.2)
Restructuring costs	(27.7)	–	–	27.7	–	–	–
Impairment losses	253.4	–	–	–	(253.4)	–	–
Operating Income	816.0	207.5	203.2	27.7	(253.4)	–	1,001.0
Net financing costs	(19.4)	–	–	–	–	–	(19.4)
Other financial income and expense	(35.1)	–	–	–	–	3.3	(31.9)
Income taxes	(136.2)	(51.0)	(50.2)	(7.0)	67.3	(7.3)	(184.5)
Share of profit/(loss) from equity-accounted companies	(5.4)	–	–	–	–	5.6	0.2
Net profit/(loss) From Continuing Operations	619.9	156.4	153.0	20.7	(186.1)	1.5	765.5
Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	27.3	–	–	–	–	(27.3)	–
Consolidated net profit	647.2	156.4	153.0	20.7	(186.1)	(25.8)	765.5
– Attributable to shareholders of Ipsen S.A.	644.4	156.4	153.0	20.7	(186.1)	(25.8)	762.7
– Attributable to non-controlling interests	2.8	–	–	–	–	–	2.8
Earnings per share fully diluted – attributable to Ipsen S.A. shareholders (in € per share)	7.73	1.88	1.83	0.25	(2.23)	(0.31)	9.15

(in millions of euros)	IFRS	Amortization of intangible assets (excl software)	Other operating income or expenses	Restructuring	Impairment losses	Other	CORE
	2022						2022
Sales	3,025.0	–	–	–	–	–	3,025.0
Other revenues	131.5	–	–	–	–	–	131.5
Revenue	3,156.4	–	–	–	–	–	3,156.4
Cost of goods sold	(527.7)	–	–	–	–	–	(527.7)
Selling expenses	(833.4)	–	–	–	–	–	(833.4)
Research and development expenses	(445.3)	–	–	–	–	–	(445.3)
General and administrative expenses	(205.8)	–	–	–	–	–	(205.8)
Other operating income	32.1	–	(31.7)	–	–	–	0.4
Other operating expenses	(305.1)	103.6	172.3	–	–	–	(29.2)
Restructuring costs	(26.9)	–	–	26.9	–	–	–
Impairment losses	(114.3)	–	–	–	114.3	–	–
Operating Income	729.9	103.6	140.6	26.9	114.3	–	1,115.4
Net financing costs	(18.5)	–	–	–	–	–	(18.5)
Other financial income and expense	(5.5)	–	–	–	–	(7.9)	(13.4)
Income taxes	(112.3)	(24.9)	(35.1)	(6.8)	(28.3)	(3.4)	(210.8)
Share of profit/(loss) from equity- accounted companies	(1.5)	–	–	–	–	1.2	(0.3)
Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations	592.1	78.7	105.4	20.2	86.1	(10.1)	872.4
Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	55.4	–	–	–	–	(55.4)	–
Consolidated net profit	647.5	78.7	105.4	20.2	86.1	(65.5)	872.4
– Attributable to shareholders of Ipsen S.A.	648.6	78.7	105.4	20.2	86.1	(65.5)	873.5
– Attributable to non-controlling interests	(1.1)	–	–	–	–	(0.1)	(1.3)
Earnings per share fully diluted – attributable to Ipsen S.A. shareholders (in € per share)	7.81	0.95	1.27	0.24	1.04	(0.79)	10.51

3.1.5 Subsequent events

Research & Development

19 JANUARY 2024

Ipsen announced top line results from its real-world AboLiSh study (NCT04050527), presented at the 7th international TOXINS conference in Berlin, Germany. The study evaluated utilization and effectiveness of Dysport® (abobotulinumtoxinA) in people living with lower-limb spasticity and found that injection guidance techniques significantly help to improve outcomes and goal attainment in patients. AboLiSh was a prospective 16-month observational study with a primary endpoint of goal attainment measured by subject centred Goal Attainment Scaling-Leg (LegA) T score. Topline results demonstrated statistically significant improvement in rehabilitation goal attainment in instances where physicians used guidance techniques, such as ultrasound, electrostimulation,

electromyography or a combination of techniques, to deliver the first cycle of treatment to patients, compared to those receiving treatment without the use of guidance techniques. Patients who received abobotulinumtoxinA (AboBoNT) injections with the support of injection guidance were nearly 3 times (2.7) more likely overall to achieve their rehabilitation goals. The AboLiSh study, which assessed 430 patients in 9 countries in Europe, the Americas, Australia and Russia, found that while the majority of clinicians already use guidance techniques, almost 1 in 4 clinicians (23%) administered AboBoNT without guidance, which was associated with reduced goal attainment and could lead to negative consequences, including patient adherence to neurotoxin injections.

22 JANUARY 2024

Ipsen announced new data to be presented for Cabometyx® (cabozantinib) in combination with immunotherapy across indications at the upcoming American Society of Clinical Oncology Genitourinary Symposium (ASCO GU) taking place on 25-27 January 2024 in San Francisco, U.S.

Detailed top-line results from the Phase III CONTACT-02 trial of the combination of Cabometyx and atezolizumab versus a second novel hormone therapy (NHT) in people living with metastatic castration-resistant prostate cancer (mCRPC) and measurable extra-pelvic soft tissue disease who have progressed on one prior NHT, are to be presented as an oral presentation (Abstract #18). With a median follow-up of 14.3 months, data from the primary analysis of progression-free survival (PFS) from the CONTACT-02 trial demonstrated a statistically significant PFS benefit for the combination of Cabometyx and atezolizumab of 6.3 months versus 4.2 months for a second NHT (hazard ratio [HR]: 0.65, 95% confidence interval [CI]: 0.50-0.84; p=0.0007). At an interim analysis for the other primary endpoint of overall survival (OS), the data demonstrated a trend toward improvement for the combination, however, these data were immature, and the trial will continue to the next planned analysis, anticipated in 2024. Safety for the combination appeared to be consistent with the known safety profiles of the individual medicines, and no new safety signals were identified.

29 MARCH 2024

Ipsen announced that an exclusive worldwide License Agreement with Sutro Biopharma has been concluded as of March 29, 2024.

According to such License Agreement, Ipsen has the exclusive worldwide rights to develop, manufacture and commercialize a pharmaceutical product containing STRO-003, an antibody drug conjugate targeting ROR1 antigen in solid tumor.

As per the License Agreement, Ipsen has the sole responsibility for Phase I preparation activities, including submission of the Investigational New Drug application to the FDA, and all subsequent clinical-development activities. If the development is successful, Ipsen will be solely responsible for the global commercialization activities in connection with the pharmaceutical product containing STRO-003.

Sutro Biopharma is eligible to receive up to \$900m in potential upfront, development, regulatory and commercial milestone payments including approximately \$90m in near-term payments, including an equity investment, and tiered royalties on global sales, contingent upon successful development and commercialization by Ipsen.

3.1.6 Group outlook**2024 Financial guidance**

Ipsen has set the following financial guidance for FY 2024, which excludes any impact from potential late-stage external-innovation transactions:

- Total-sales growth greater than 6.0%, at constant currency. Based on the average level of exchange rates in January 2024, an adverse impact on total sales of around 1% from currencies is expected.
- Core operating margin around 30% of total sales, which includes additional R&D expenses from anticipated early and mid-stage external-innovation opportunities.

Guidance on total sales incorporates expectations for Somatuline of further generic lanreotide products in the U.S. and EU.

Mid-term financial outlook

The Company outlined its mid-term financial outlook at its capital-markets day in December 2023:

- Total-sales average growth of at least 7% per year for the period 2023-2027 at CER.
- A core operating margin in 2027 of at least 32% of total sales.

This outlook excluded the impact of any potential additional late-stage⁽¹⁾

**3.1.7 Subsequent events following the Accounts Settlement
Date of 31 December 2023**

Not applicable

⁽¹⁾ Phase III clinical development or later.

3.2 Consolidated financial statements 2023

3.2.1 Consolidated income statement

(in millions of euros)	Notes	2023	2022
Sales	5.1 & 5.2	3,127.5	3,025.0
Other revenues	5.3	178.9	131.5
Revenue		3,306.4	3,156.4
Cost of goods sold	6.1	(571.2)	(527.7)
Selling expenses		(917.1)	(833.4)
Research and development expenses	6.2	(619.3)	(445.3)
General and administrative expenses		(217.8)	(205.8)
Other operating income	6.3	62.6	32.1
Other operating expenses	6.3	(453.3)	(305.1)
Restructuring costs	6.4	(27.7)	(26.9)
Impairment losses	6.5	253.4	(114.3)
Operating Income		816.0	729.9
Net financing costs	8	(19.4)	(18.5)
Other financial income and expenses	8	(35.1)	(5.5)
Income taxes	9.1	(136.2)	(112.3)
Share of net profit/(loss) from equity-accounted companies	14	(5.4)	(1.5)
Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations		619.9	592.1
Net profit/(loss) from discontinued operations	3.2	27.3	55.4
Consolidated net profit		647.2	647.5
- Attributable to shareholders of Ipsen S.A.		644.4	648.6
- Attributable to non-controlling interests		2.8	(1.1)
Basic earnings per share, continuing operations (in euros)	18.2	7.46	7.20
Diluted earnings per share, continuing operations (in euros)	18.2	7.40	7.14
Basic earnings per share, discontinued operations (in euros)	18.2	0.33	0.67
Diluted earnings per share, discontinued operations (in euros)	18.2	0.33	0.66
Basic earnings per share (in euros)	18.2	7.79	7.87
Diluted earnings per share (in euros)	18.2	7.73	7.81

Comprehensive income statement

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
<i>Profit from continuing operations</i>	619.9	592.1
<i>Profit from discontinued operations</i>	27.3	55.4
Consolidated net profit	647.2	647.5
Actuarial gains/(losses), net of taxes	(3.2)	11.8
Financial assets at fair value through other items of comprehensive income (OCI), net of taxes	10.4	1.3
Other items of comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to the income statement	7.2	13.1
Revaluation of financial derivatives for hedging, net of taxes	(5.0)	2.8
Foreign exchange differences, net of taxes	(55.8)	33.8
Other items of comprehensive income likely to be reclassified to the income statement	(60.9)	36.6
<i>Other items of comprehensive income from continuing operations</i>	(53.6)	43.1
<i>Other items of comprehensive income from discontinued operations</i>	–	6.6
Comprehensive income: consolidated net profit (loss) and gains and (losses) recognized directly in equity⁽¹⁾	(53.6)	49.7
<i>Comprehensive income from continuing operations</i>	566.3	635.2
<i>Comprehensive income from discontinued operations</i>	27.3	61.9
Group Consolidated Comprehensive income	593.6	697.1
- Attributable to shareholders of Ipsen S.A.	590.8	698.0
- Attributable to non-controlling interests	2.8	-0.8

⁽¹⁾ Impacts from taxes on other items of comprehensive income amounted to €3.3 million for 2023 and -€9.8 million for 2022.

3.2.2 Consolidated balance sheet

(in millions of euros)	Notes	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
ASSETS			
Goodwill	10	663.9	579.9
Other intangible assets	11	2,678.8	1,585.4
Property, plant & equipment	12	574.6	581.4
Equity investments	13	114.7	109.8
Investments in equity-accounted companies	14	16.7	26.4
Non-current financial assets	20.1	0.3	0.1
Deferred tax assets ⁽¹⁾	9.2	324.8	327.8
Other non-current assets	15	50.8	6.1
Total non-current assets		4,424.5	3,216.9
Inventories	16.1	289.5	284.1
Trade receivables	16.2	631.3	632.5
Current tax assets	9	106.2	41.2
Current financial assets	20.1	10.6	31.0
Other current assets	16.4	332.3	239.5
Cash and cash equivalents	17	528.4	1,169.3
Total current assets		1,898.4	2,397.6
TOTAL ASSETS		6,322.9	5,614.6
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share capital	18.1	83.8	83.8
Additional paid-in capital and consolidated reserves		3,100.8	2,554.1
Net profit/(loss) for the period		644.4	648.6
Foreign exchange differences		(3.9)	57.4
Equity attributable to Ipsen S.A. shareholders		3,825.1	3,344.0
Equity attributable to non-controlling interests		(1.3)	(0.6)
Total shareholders' equity		3,823.9	3,343.4
Retirement benefit obligation	7.3.2.2	24.4	18.7
Non-current provisions	19	32.8	68.5
Non-current financial liabilities	20.2	341.4	667.0
Deferred tax liabilities	9.2	226.4	77.9
Other non-current liabilities	15	247.2	103.7
Total non-current liabilities		872.2	935.7
Current provisions	19	56.8	55.6
Current financial liabilities	20.2	125.1	113.8
Trade payables	16.3	771.4	647.1
Current tax liabilities		41.4	11.8
Other current liabilities	16.5	623.2	503.3
Bank overdrafts	17	9.0	3.8
Total current liabilities		1,626.8	1,335.4
TOTAL EQUITY & LIABILITIES		6,322.9	5,614.6

⁽¹⁾ Deferred tax assets have been restated in respect of the amendment to IAS 12 pertaining to deferred taxes related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction as of 1 January 2022 totaling €6.7 million (see note 9.2 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023).

3.2.3 Consolidated statement of cash flow

(in millions of euros)	Notes	2023	2022
Consolidated net profit		647.2	647.5
Share of net profit/(loss) from equity-accounted companies	14	5.4	1.2
Net profit from discontinued operations	3.2	(27.3)	(55.4)
Non-cash and non-operating items:			
- Depreciation, amortization, provisions	11, 12.1, 19	87.9	336.5
- Change in fair value of financial derivatives	20 & 21	0.7	4.4
- Net gains or losses on disposals of non-current assets		16.6	(7.5)
- Unrealized foreign exchange differences		21.1	(9.5)
- Net financing costs	8	19.4	18.5
- Tax expenses	9.2	117.8	111.8
- Share-based payment expense	7.4	30.1	26.5
Other non cash items ⁽¹⁾	6.3 & 8	87.3	67.3
Cash flow from operating activities before changes in working capital requirement		1,006.2	1,141.2
- (Increase)/decrease in inventories	16	(8.9)	(19.9)
- (Increase)/decrease in trade receivables	16	(1.6)	(86.8)
- Increase/(decrease) in trade payables	16	109.5	29.1
- Net change in other operating assets and liabilities	16	(22.9)	38.5
Change in working capital requirement related to operating activities		76.1	(39.1)
- Taxes paid		(216.3)	(130.7)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES		865.9	971.4
Acquisition of property, plant & equipment	12.1	(116.2)	(96.6)
Acquisition of intangible assets	11	(66.7)	(156.3)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets and property, plant & equipment		0.5	10.0
Acquisition of shares in non-consolidated companies	13	(5.7)	(7.8)
Impact of changes in the consolidation scope	3.1 & 3.2	(909.9)	(131.5)
Change in working capital related to investment activities	16	24.3	(89.5)
Other cash flow related to investment activities		1.4	13.2
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES		(1,072.2)	(458.6)
Additional long-term borrowings	20	24.9	16.0
Repayment of long-term borrowings	20	(300.7)	(1.1)
New short-term borrowings	20	2,598.0	1,212.8
Repayment of short-term borrowings	20	(2,613.0)	(1,262.2)
Contingent payments related to acquisitions		(6.0)	(0.1)
Treasury shares		(39.5)	(11.3)
Distributions	18.3	(99.6)	(99.3)
Dividends paid by subsidiaries to non-controlling interests		–	(0.9)
Paid financial interest		(22.6)	(18.2)
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(458.4)	(164.2)
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS		(664.7)	348.6
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS		13.6	1.9
OPENING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	17	1,165.5	809.1
Impact of exchange rate fluctuations		5.0	5.9
CLOSING CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	17	519.5	1,165.5

3.2.4 Statement of change in consolidated shareholders' equity

(in millions of euros)	Share capital	Share premiums or contributions	Consolidated reserves ⁽²⁾	Foreign exchange differences	Reserves related to retirement benefit obligations	Cash flow hedge reserves	Treasury shares	Net profit/(loss) for the period	Total Group equity	Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at 1 January 2023	83.8	122.3	2,544.9	57.4	(11.2)	5.3	(107.2)	648.6	3,344.0	(0.6)	3,343.4
Consolidated net profit/(loss) for the period	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	644.4	644.4	2.8	647.2
Gains and (losses) recognized directly in equity ⁽¹⁾	—	—	10.4	(55.8)	(3.2)	(5.0)	—	—	(53.6)	—	(53.6)
Consolidated net profit/(loss) and gains and losses recognized directly in equity	—	—	10.4	(55.8)	(3.2)	(5.0)	—	644.4	590.8	2.8	593.6
Allocation of net profit (loss) from the prior period	—	—	654.1	(5.5)	—	—	—	(648.6)	—	—	—
Capital increases/(decreases)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	(3.5)	(3.4)
Share-based payments	—	—	(9.1)	—	—	—	39.2	—	30.1	—	30.1
Own share purchases and disposals	—	—	—	—	—	—	(39.5)	—	(39.5)	—	(39.5)
Distributions	—	—	(99.6)	—	—	—	—	—	(99.6)	—	(99.6)
Change of consolidation scope	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Other changes	—	—	(0.7)	—	—	—	—	—	(0.7)	—	(0.7)
Balance at 31 December 2023	83.8	122.3	3,100.0	(3.9)	(14.4)	0.3	(107.5)	644.4	3,825.1	(1.3)	3,823.9

⁽¹⁾ Detailed items in note 3.2.1 – “Comprehensive income statement”.

⁽²⁾ The main sources of consolidated reserves were as follows:

- Reserves on financial assets at fair value through other items of comprehensive income;
- Retained earnings.

(in millions of euros)	Share capital	Share premiums or contributions	Consolidated reserves ⁽²⁾	Foreign exchange differences	Reserves related to retirement benefit obligations	Cash flow hedge reserves	Treasury shares	Net profit/(loss) for the period	Total Group equity	Equity attributable to non-controlling interests	Total equity
Balance at 31 December 2021	83.8	122.3	1,989.2	37.2	(23.2)	2.4	(123.1)	646.6	2,735.2	2.5	2,737.7
Application of IAS 12 amendment for deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction	—	—	6.7	—	—	—	—	—	6.7	—	6.7
Balance at 1 January 2021	83.8	122.3	1,995.9	37.2	(23.2)	2.4	(123.1)	646.6	2,741.9	2.5	2,744.4
Consolidated net profit/(loss) for the period	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	648.6	648.6	(1.1)	647.5
Gains and (losses) recognized directly in equity ⁽¹⁾	—	—	1.3	33.4	11.8	2.8	—	—	49.3	0.3	49.7
Consolidated net profit/(loss) and gains and losses recognized directly in equity	—	—	1.3	33.4	11.8	2.8	—	648.6	698.0	(0.8)	697.1
Allocation of net profit (loss) from the prior period	—	—	646.4	0.2	—	—	—	(646.6)	—	—	—
Capital increases/(decreases)	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Share-based payments	—	—	0.7	—	—	—	26.7	—	27.3	—	27.3
Own share purchases and disposals	—	—	—	—	—	—	(10.7)	—	(10.7)	—	(10.7)
Distributions	—	—	(99.3)	—	—	—	—	—	(99.3)	(0.9)	(100.2)
Change of consolidation scope	—	—	—	(13.4)	0.2	—	—	—	(13.2)	(1.4)	(14.6)
Other changes	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Balance at 31 December 2022	83.8	122.3	2,544.9	57.4	(11.2)	5.3	(107.2)	648.6	3,344.0	(0.6)	3,343.4

⁽¹⁾ Detailed in section 3.2.1 – “Comprehensive income statement”.

⁽²⁾ The main sources of consolidated reserves were as follows:

- Reserves on financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- Retained earnings.

3.2.5 Notes

Introduction

- Ipsen is a global biopharmaceutical group focused on innovation and Specialty Care.
- Its registered office is located at 65 quai Georges Gorse, 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt, France.
- These notes form an integral part of Ipsen Group's consolidated financial statements (hereafter the "consolidated financial statements").
- All amounts are expressed in millions of euros unless otherwise specified.
- The consolidated financial statements are closed on 31 December every year. Individual statements included in the consolidated financial statements are prepared on the closing date of the consolidated financial statements, 31 December, and cover the same period.
- The Group's Board of Directors approved the Ipsen S.A. consolidated financial statements on 7 February 2024. They will be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting for approval on 28 May 2024.

Note 1	Significant events and transactions during the period that had an impact on the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2023	86
Note 2	Accounting principles and methods, and compliance statement	87
Note 3	Changes in the scope of consolidation	89
Note 4	Segment reporting	91
Note 5	Revenue and other operating income	92
Note 6	Operating income	94
Note 7	Personnel	96
Note 8	Net financial income/expense	101
Note 9	Income taxes	102
Note 10	Goodwill	105
Note 11	Intangible assets	106
Note 12	Property, plant & equipment	109
Note 13	Equity investments	112
Note 14	Investments in equity-accounted companies	113
Note 15	Other non-current assets and liabilities	113
Note 16	Current assets and liabilities	114
Note 17	Cash and cash equivalents	115
Note 18	Consolidated shareholders' equity	116
Note 19	Provisions	117
Note 20	Financial assets and liabilities	118
Note 21	Financial risks, hedge accounting and fair value of financial instruments	120
Note 22	Related-party information	123
Note 23	Commitments and contingent liabilities	124
Note 24	Subsequent events with no impact on the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2023	126
Note 25	Consolidation scope	127
Note 26	Fees paid to the Statutory Auditors	128

Note 1 Significant events and transactions during the period that had an impact on the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2023

Note 1.1 Albireo acquisition

On 2 March 2023, the Group completed the acquisition of Albireo Group, whose lead asset and medicine is Bylvay (odevixibat). This medicine is approved to treat progressive familial intrahepatic cholestasis (PFIC) and has two additional investigational indications in rare, pediatric liver diseases.

Under this transaction, Ipsen acquired all issued and outstanding Albireo shares at a price of \$42.00 per share in cash plus one non-transferable contingent value right (CVR) of \$10.00 per share related to the U.S. FDA approving Bylvay to treat biliary atresia (BA) by no later than 31 December 2027.

The Group used cash and existing lines of credit to finance the acquisition.

The acquisition cost totaled €918 million and the transaction generated €97 million in goodwill.

Note 1.2 Bylvay

In June 2023, the U.S. FDA approved Bylvay (odevixibat) to treat cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS) aged 12 months and up.

In July 2023, the European Medicines Agency (EMA) Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use (CHMP) issued a positive opinion based on data from the Phase III ASSERT clinical trial regarding approval of Bylvay (odevixibat) to treat cholestatic pruritus in patients with Alagille syndrome (ALGS) in patients aged six months and up.

After the European Medicines Agency's Committee for Orphan Medicinal Products (COMP) recommended not to maintain Bylvay's orphan drug designation to treat ALGS in October 2023, in December 2023, Ipsen submitted a new marketing authorization application to the European Medicines Agency under a new brand name for the treatment of ALGS.

Note 1.3 Sohonos Palovarotene

On 16 August 2023, the U.S. FDA approved the drug Sohonos (palovarotene capsules), a breakthrough treatment for adults and pediatric patients aged 8 years and older for females and 10 years and older for males with fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP).

In July 2023, the European Commission voted to deny palovarotene's marketing authorization to treat FOP. This decision followed the EU's Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use's (CHMP) negative opinion handed down on 26 May 2023 after reexamining the treatment.

The regulatory process is ongoing in other countries.

Given these developments, the Group conducted an impairment test on the intangible assets related to palovarotene on 31 December 2023. This impairment test led to a €280 million reversal of impairment (see Notes 9.2 and 11.2.4).

Note 1.4 Elafibranor

On 30 June 2023, Ipsen announced positive topline data from the Phase III ELATIVE clinical trial testing the safety and efficacy of elafibranor. Elafibranor is an investigational dual α,δ PPAR agonist being assessed to treat patients with the rare cholestatic liver disease, primary biliary cholangitis (PBC).

In December 2023, U.S. authorities accepted the new drug application for the investigational drug elafibranor to treat primary biliary cholangitis. The U.S. FDA granted priority review status with 10 June 2024 set as the Prescription Drug User Fee Act (PDUFA) goal date.

The European Medicines Agency (EMA) has also validated the Marketing Authorization Application (MAA) for elafibranor.

Note 1.5 Onivyde

In June 2023, the FDA accepted Ipsen's supplemental new drug application (sNDA) for Onivyde plus 5 fluorouracil/leucovorin and oxaliplatin as a potential first-line treatment for metastatic pancreatic ductal adenocarcinoma (mPDAC).

Remeasuring the earnout to pay in the event of this regulatory approval by the FDA, led the Group to recognize an additional expense under Other operating income/(expenses) (see note 6.3).

Note 2 Accounting principles and methods, and compliance statement

Note 2.1 General principles and compliance statement

The main accounting methods used to prepare the consolidated financial statements are described below. Unless otherwise stated, Ipsen Group used these methods consistently for all financial years presented.

In compliance with European regulation No. 1606 / 2002 adopted on 19 July 2002 by the European Parliament and the European Council, the Group's consolidated financial statements for 2023 were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as endorsed by the European Union as of the date the Group prepared these consolidated financial statements. The IFRS as endorsed by the European Union differ in certain aspects from the IFRS published by the IASB. Nevertheless, the Group has verified that the financial information for the periods presented would not have been substantially different if it had applied IFRS as published by the IASB.

International accounting standards include International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), as well as the interpretations issued by the Standing Interpretations Committee (SIC), and the International Financial Reporting Standards Interpretations Committee (IFRIC).

All the standards adopted by the European Union are available on the European Commission's website:

https://ec.europa.eu/info/business-economy-euro/company-reporting-and-auditing/company-reporting/financial-reporting_en#ifrs-endorsement-process.

The consolidated financial statements are prepared using the historical cost principle, except for certain asset and liability classes, in accordance with IFRS. The related classes are described in the notes below.

Note 2.2 Recognition of deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction

As part of the retroactive amendment of IAS 12 pertaining to deferred tax assets related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction, on 1 January 2022, the Group recognized €6.7 million in tax assets and liabilities related to lease agreements with a corresponding entry in consolidated reserves (see note 9.2 to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2023).

The Group did not perform a restatement of the income statement and the cash flow statement to account for the impacts as of the end of December 2022 as the impacts were non-material.

Note 2.3 Climate change

In 2021, the Group joined the "Business Ambition for 1.5°C" initiative and committed to reducing greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions by 2030 in particular, by:

- halving absolute GHG emissions from the Group's infrastructure and automotive fleet;
- working with partners upstream and downstream to reduce indirect GHG emissions.

Ipsen has already sped up efforts to combat climate change. More than 85% of its electricity consumption worldwide comes from renewable energy sources.

The Group is also working to improve the energy efficiency of its facilities, optimize the energy mix of its fleet and invest in innovative heat recovery technologies.

To achieve net zero emissions, Ipsen has also committed to offset any of its carbon footprint left that hasn't already been eliminated in its value chain by 2030.

The roll-out of these programs is reflected in the Group's financial statements under expenses and operating investments made during the year and have been accounted for, where applicable, in the accounting assumptions formulated by management when preparing these financial statements, especially when estimating the 2024 budget and the medium-term forecast used by the Group to make the business plan the Group used for 2023 annual impairment tests (notes 10.2 and 11.2). No other material impact related to the climate is reflected in the 2023 financial statements.

Note 2.4 Standards, amendments and interpretations that took effect on 1 January 2023

The mandatory standards, amendments and interpretations published by the IASB and applicable as of 1 January 2023 are listed below:

- Amendments to IAS 1 – *Presentation of Financial Statements – Disclosure of Accounting Policies*;
- Amendments to IAS 8 – *Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors – Definition of an Accounting Estimate*;
- Amendments to IAS 12 – *Income Taxes - Deferred Tax Related to Assets and Liabilities Arising from a Single Transaction*;
- IFRS 17 – *Insurance Contracts and amendments*.

These amendments did not have a material impact on the Group's condensed consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2023, excepted the amendments to IAS12 (see Note 2.2)

The Group reviewed legislation that took effect on 1 January 2023 and concluded that there is no material impact on the Group's consolidated financial statements.

Note 2.5 Standards, amendments and interpretations endorsed by the European Union and not adopted early by the Group

The Group did not opt for early adoption of the standards, amendments and improvements endorsed by the European Union for which the application was not mandatory on 1 January 2023, namely:

- Amendment to IAS 12 – *Income Taxes – International Tax Reform – Pillar II*.

In December 2021, the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) published Global Anti-Base Erosion Rules (GloBE) as part of Pillar II. These rules are part of a two-pillar solution addressing tax challenges arising due to the digitization of the economy. More than 135 countries and jurisdictions have adopted these rules. Pillar II rules aim to ensure that multinational companies pay a minimum amount of income tax from each jurisdiction they operate in through a supplementary tax system set up guaranteeing a minimum effective tax rate of 15%.

This tax reform was adopted as part of the Finance Act and will take effect in France starting in the financial year opening on 1 January 2024. Due to the amount of the Group's revenue, the Group does fall under the scope of this reform.

Ipsen is currently reviewing how applying this amendment will affect the Group. Based on estimates the Group has made for past years, Ipsen does not expect any material financial impact.

On 23 May 2023, the IASB published amendments to IAS 12 – *Income Taxes* – adopted by the European Union on 2 November 2023 by introducing a temporary exemption from recognizing deferred taxes from the Pillar 2 reform. The Group has applied this exemption as of 31 December 2023.

Note 2.6 Standards, amendments and interpretations published but not yet endorsed by the European Union

Note 2.6.1 IASB publications not yet endorsed by the European Union

The standards, amendments and interpretations published but not yet endorsed by the European Union are the amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7 – Disclosure Requirements and 'Signposts' within Existing Disclosure Requirements Asking Entities to Provide Qualitative and Quantitative Information about Supplier Finance Arrangements.

The Group was still reviewing the impact of standards and amendments published by the IASB but not yet endorsed by the European Union as of the date these consolidated financial statements were approved.

Note 2.6.2 IASB publications after the closing date

No standard or interpretation was published by the IASB since the closing date or up to the date these consolidated financial statements were approved.

Note 2.7 Use of estimates

Preparing financial statements in accordance with international financial reporting standards requires Group management to make estimates and use certain assumptions that are likely to impact the carrying value of assets and liabilities, shareholders' equity, income and expense items, and information provided in the notes to the financial statements.

Group management has regularly made these estimates and assumptions based on its past experience and other factors deemed reasonable. Changing assumptions, in particular as a result of the economic or financial environment, which could weaken some of the Group's partners and make it difficult to estimate future outlook, could ultimately lead to different amounts.

The estimates were made based on information available at the closing date, after taking into account subsequent events.

The main material estimates made by Group management concern changes to how employee benefits are measured (see note 7), any impairment of goodwill (see note 10) or intangible assets (see note 11), deferred tax asset assessments (see note 9), measuring the value of contingent payments to be paid or earnouts to be received (see notes 15 and 16) as well as measuring the value of provisions (see note 19).

Note 2.8 Translation of financial statements in foreign currencies

The Group's consolidated financial statements are denominated in euros. In accordance with IAS 21, the assets and liabilities of subsidiaries whose functional currency is not the euro are translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the closing date. No Group entity operates in a hyper-inflationary economy. Their income statements and the items in their cash flow statement are translated at the average rate for the year, which comes close to the prevailing exchange rate as of the date of the different transactions, as long as there are no significant fluctuations.

Exchange differences from translating balance sheets and income statements are recorded under the "Cumulative translation reserves" line item, which forms an integral part of shareholders' equity, and under "Non-controlling interests" for the share attributable to third parties. These differences arise from:

- any difference between the exchange rates used for the opening and closing balance sheets found when translating balance sheet items;
- any difference between the year's average rate and closing rate.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising when a foreign entity is acquired are treated as the foreign entity's assets and liabilities. As such, they are expressed in the entity's functional currency and translated at the exchange rate prevailing on the closing date.

During consolidation, exchange differences due to the translation of net investments in businesses abroad and of loans and other exchange instruments designated as hedging instruments for these investments are recognized in equity. When a foreign entity is sold, these translation differences, initially recognized as equity, are recorded in profits or losses on disposals.

Note 2.9 Translation of receivables, payables, transactions, and flows denominated in foreign currencies

Receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies are initially translated at the exchange rates prevailing on the transaction date and then revalued at the closing rates prevailing on the reporting date.

Exchange differences on monetary assets denominated in foreign currencies are recognized in the income statement.

Exchange differences arising from eliminating foreign currency transactions between fully consolidated companies are recorded in "cumulative translation reserves" under shareholders' equity and under "non-controlling interests" for the share attributable to third parties, to eliminate their impact on consolidated results. Exchange differences arising from foreign currency cash flow movements between fully-consolidated companies are accounted for under a separate line item in the consolidated statement of cash flows.

Note 3 Changes in the scope of consolidation

Note 3.1 Business Combinations

Note 3.1.1 Accounting Principles

Business combinations are accounted for using the purchase method.

The cost of an acquisition is based on the fair value of the assets acquired, equity instruments issued, and liabilities incurred or assumed from the previous owners on the acquisition date. The costs directly attributable to the combination are accounted for as "Other operating expenses" in the period they are incurred.

As a result, when an exclusively-controlled company is consolidated for the first time, identifiable assets and liabilities are valued at their fair value, apart from exceptions specifically provided for in IFRS 3 – *Business Combinations*.

Under business combinations, other intangible assets acquired related to Research and Development in progress that can be reliably measured are identified separately in goodwill and recorded under "Other intangible assets" in accordance with IFRS 3 - *Business Combinations*, and IAS 38 - *Intangible Assets*. A related deferred tax liability is also recorded, if applicable.

When the value of the assets and liabilities is recognized on a provisional basis, adjustments resulting from facts and circumstances existing on the transaction date are recorded on the balance sheet as a retroactive adjustment in accordance with IFRS 3 - *Business Combinations*.

Note 3.1.2 Acquisition of Albireo Inc.

Albireo is a leading innovator in bile-acid modulators to treat rare liver conditions.

On 2 March 2023, the Group completed its purchase of the company, acquiring 100% of the company's share capital and taking control on this date. This acquisition is considered a business combination.

The Group allocated the acquisition cost and incorporated the impacts into the condensed consolidated financial statements as of 30 June 2023. The Group may adjust this allocation within 12 months following the acquisition.

The Group recognized €89 million in acquisition costs under Other operating income/(expenses) as of 31 December 2023, which primarily included transaction and consolidation fees.

A breakdown of the acquisition price is as follows:

in millions of euros	Opening Balance Sheet
Price paid to purchase tendered shares as part of a merger	814
Fair value of contingent consideration (Contingent Value Rights)	104
Acquisition price	918

The business combination related to acquiring Albireo group led Ipsen to recognize €97 million in goodwill.

(in millions of euros)	
Acquisition price	918
Intellectual Property - Tazverik	1,070
Other assets (intangible, tangible, financial)	10
Other non-current assets	66
Deferred tax asset	99
Inventories	30
Trade receivables	7
Other current assets	38
Overdraft	(110)
Other non-current liabilities	(65)
Deferred tax liability	(266)
Trade payables	(28)
Other current liabilities	(28)
Fair value of acquired assets and assumed liabilities	822
Goodwill	97

Net cash inflows amounted to €933 million.

in millions of euros	Opening Balance Sheet
Price paid to purchase tendered shares as part of a merger	814
Financial liabilities including bank overdrafts	110
Transaction costs for Ipsen	9
Net cash inflows	933

Ipsen fully consolidated Albireo group as well as these six subsidiaries into its scope of consolidation.

As of 31 December 2023, Albireo contributed €74 million to Group's revenue. Albireo's contribution to net income amounted to a €146 million loss.

Note 3.2 Disposals, non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations

Note 3.2.1 Accounting Principles

A non-current asset, or group of assets and liabilities, is classified as held for sale if its carrying value will be recovered mainly through a sales transaction rather than through continuing use. For this to be the case, the asset or disposal group held for sale must be available for immediate sale and the sale must be highly likely.

For the sale to be highly likely, the appropriate level of management must be committed to a plan to sell the asset (or disposal group), and an active program to locate a buyer and complete the plan must be initiated.

An operation is classified as discontinued if it is a business the Group has sold or is classified as held for sale, and:

- it represents a principal and distinct business line or geographic region;
- it is part of a specific and coordinated plan to dispose of a principal and distinct business line or geographic region; or
- it is a subsidiary acquired exclusively for resale.

During the sale of a business or subsidiary, the loss of exclusive control leads to derecognizing assets and liabilities (including goodwill) as well as non-controlling interests. As of the date control is lost, the total income from the sale is determined by comparing proceeds from the sale to the carrying amount of the sold asset. This is shown in the income statement under the "Income from discontinued operations" line item.

Note 3.2.2 Sale of the Consumer Healthcare Business

Under the sales agreement for the Consumer Healthcare business, which was completed on 27 July 2022, the Group recognized a potential earnout to be received estimated at €27,3 million and recognized in Net profit from discontinued operations line item.

Note 3.3 Other changes in scope

The Group did not create any subsidiaries in 2023.

Note 4 Segment reporting

In accordance with IFRS 8 – *Operating Segments*, the segment reporting shown was prepared based on management data the Executive Leadership Team (the chief operating decision maker) uses to analyze operating performance and to decide how to allocate resources.

The Group only uses one operating segment now—the Specialty Care segment.

The Group uses Core Operating Income to measure its performance and to allocate resources. Core Operating Income is operating income that excludes amortization expenses for intangible assets (excluding software), restructuring costs, impairment losses on intangible assets and property, plant and equipment, as well as other items arising from significant events that could distort the reading of the Group's performance from one year to another.

This performance indicator does not replace IFRS indicators and should not be viewed as such. It is used in addition to IFRS indicators.

Note 4.1 Core Operating Income

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Sales	3,127.5	3,025.0
Revenue	3,306.4	3,156.4
Core Operating Income	1,001.0	1,115.4
% of net sales	32.0%	36.9%

A reconciliation between Core Operating Income and Operating Income is presented in the table below:

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Core Operating Income	1,001.0	1,115.4
Amortization of intangible assets, excluding software	(207.5)	(103.6)
Other operating income and expenses ⁽¹⁾	(203.2)	(140.6)
Restructuring costs	(27.7)	(26.9)
Impairment losses	253.4	(114.3)
Operating Income	816.0	729.9

⁽¹⁾ Other operating expenses of €183.2 million mainly related to Epizyme's and Albireo's acquisition and transaction costs, Ipsen's transformation programs, the discontinuation of clinical trials and the change in Onivyde earnouts following the clinical-trial results for new indications.

Note 5 Revenue and other operating income

The Group's revenue mainly includes pharmaceutical sales. It is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer. Revenue is recorded for the amount that the Group expects to receive:

- proceeds from pharmaceutical sales are recognized when transfer of control occurs; in most agreements, when products are physically transferred (delivery), in accordance with the delivery and acceptance terms agreed upon with the customer;
- revenue from product sales comes from pharmaceutical sales net of returns, rebates and discounts granted to customers as well as certain payments due to public health

authorities determined based on sales. The Group recognizes rebates and discounts at the same time as the sales and identifies them as being a variable pricing element pursuant to IFRS 15.

Regarding agreements signed with distributors, sales are recorded when the products are physically transferred to the distributors if the agreement is a consignment agreement, or when the distributor is an agent. In this case, the sale is recognized on the date control is transferred to the end customer. The commissions paid are recorded under the "selling costs" line item.

Note 5.1 Sales by geographical region

(in millions of euros)	2023		2022	
	Amounts	% share	Amounts	% share
North America	1,041.8	33%	1,032.1	34%
Europe	1,256.6	40%	1,237.3	41%
Rest of the World	829.1	27%	755.6	25%
Group Sales	3,127.5	100%	3,025.0	100%

Note 5.2 Sales by therapeutic area and product

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Oncology	2,351.2	2,379.5
<i>Somatuline[®]</i>	1,065.6	1,218.0
<i>Decapeptyl[®]</i>	545.4	529.7
<i>Cabometyx[®]</i>	534.8	448.7
<i>Onivyde[®]</i>	163.7	162.4
<i>Tazverik[®]</i>	37.7	12.7
<i>Other Oncology products</i>	4.0	8.0
Neurosciences	659.3	604.4
<i>Dysport[®]</i>	648.8	593.6
<i>Other Neurosciences products</i>	10.5	10.8
Rare Diseases	116.9	41.1
<i>Bylvay[®]</i>	73.8	–
<i>NutropinAq[®]</i>	18.8	27.2
<i>Increlex[®]</i>	17.3	13.9
<i>Sohonos[®]</i>	7.1	–
Group Sales	3,127.5	3,025.0

Note 5.3 Other revenue

Other revenue includes:

- royalties received;
- revenue received for license agreements signed with partners, and miscellaneous services.

Note 5.3.1 Royalties received

Royalties received are recorded under "Other revenue" according to the revenue generated over the period by partners and contractual royalty rates.

Note 5.3.2 Revenue received under licensing agreements with partners ("upfront payments" or "milestone payments")

Revenue received under licensing agreements break down into two distinct types, as follows:

- Revenue from static licenses when control has been transferred to the customer and under which the Group has an enforceable payment right. This revenue is recognized on the date when control of the licensed asset is transferred;

- Revenue received from dynamic licenses correspond to either the right held by the customer to use an intangible asset without a transfer of control (commercialization right for a defined period of time), or to a situation where the licensing agreement cannot be separated from the sale of the goods or services. This type of revenue is spread over the lifespan of the licensing agreement.

Off balance-sheet commitments to be received as milestone payments defined in the Group's main agreements are presented in note 23.1.2. Payments received for these milestones are recognized on the date when the regulatory triggering event occurs and after both parties give their approval.

Note 5.3.3 Miscellaneous services

Revenue generated by various services provided are recognized based on the goods or services delivered to the other contracting party.

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Royalties received	124.6	113.8
Milestone payments – Licenses	54.3	17.6
Other (co-promotion revenues, re-billings)	–	0.1
Other revenues	178.9	131.5

Other revenue amounted to €178.9 million in 2023 (€131.5 million reported in 2022). This change was due to an increase in royalties received from Galderma for Dysport[®] as well as other income from licenses for Onivyde[®].

Note 6 Operating income

Note 6.1 Cost of sales

Cost of sales primarily includes the industrial cost of goods sold and royalties paid under licenses. The industrial cost of goods sold includes the cost of raw materials consumed, including in-bound freight costs, direct and indirect costs for manufacturing services, personnel, manufacturing-related depreciation, all types of external costs related to manufacturing activities, such as electricity, water, maintenance, and equipment costs, and indirect costs, such as the share of purchasing, human resources and IT costs. Manufacturing costs also include quality control, production quality assurance, engineering, and third-party logistics expenses.

Note 6.2 Research and Development

Note 6.2.1 Research costs

Internal pharmaceutical development costs are recorded under expenses when they are incurred.

Note 6.2.2 Development costs

In-house pharmaceutical development costs are expensed in the period during which they are incurred as long as capitalization criteria are not deemed to be met.

In accordance with IAS 38, internal development costs are recognized as intangible assets only if the following six criteria have been met:

- the development project is technically feasible;
- the Group intends to complete the project;
- the Group is able to use the intangible asset;

Note 6.3 Other operating income and expenses

Other operating income and expenses primarily include amortization expenses for intangible assets (excluding software), the impact of cash flow hedges related to commercial operations, capital gains and losses on asset disposals, and any item not directly related to operations.

- the Group can demonstrate the probable future economic benefit of the asset;
- the Group has the technical, financial and other resources to complete the project; and
- the Group can reliably measure development costs.

Due to the risks and uncertainties associated with regulatory approvals and the research and development process, the six criteria for intangible assets are not deemed to be fulfilled until marketing authorization for the drugs has been granted, *i.e.* approval of the Marketing Authorization Application (MAA).

As a result, internal development expenses, primarily consisting of clinical study costs arising before approval of the MAA, are generally recognized in "Research and development expenses" as soon as they are incurred.

Note 6.2.3 Research and Development Tax Credits in France

The Research tax credit in France is classified as an operating grant, which is common practice within the pharmaceutical industry. In accordance with IAS 20 - *Accounting for Government Grants*, operating grants are recognized in operating income, after the R&D expenses to which they are directly linked have been deducted.

Research and Development tax credits in the Group's other tax jurisdictions are typically accounted for by deducting the tax expense as they can only be deducted and are not refundable.

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Other operating income	62.6	32.1
of which group transformation projects	2.6	18.0
of which adjustment of the fair value of contingent assets and liabilities	–	2.3
of which cash flow hedges	19.9	–
Other operating expenses	(453.3)	(305.1)
of which amortization of intangible assets (excluding software)	(207.5)	(103.6)
of which group transformation projects	(184.7)	(90.0)
of which adjustment of the fair value of contingent assets and liabilities	(40.9)	(56.2)
of which cash flow hedges	–	(28.0)
Other operating income/(expenses)	(390.7)	(273.0)

Other operating income and expenses accounted for a €390.7 million net expense in 2023, mainly related to amortizing the Bylvay, Cabometyx, Onivyde and Tazverik intangible assets, costs from Ipsen's transformation programs, which include Epizyme and Albireo's consolidation costs, and remeasuring the Onivyde earnout to be paid out totaling €40 million.

In 2022, other operating income and expenses came to €273.0 million in expenses. The expenses were mainly associated with amortization expenses on the Cabometyx and Onivyde intangible assets and costs from the Group's transformation programs.

Note 6.4 Restructuring costs

Restructuring costs accounted for €27.7 million in expenses and primarily pertained to restructuring projects in the United States due to the integration of Albireo.

In late December 2022, this expense totaled €26.9 million. It was mainly impacted by transformation projects, and mainly due to Epizyme's consolidation.

Note 6.5 Impairment losses

Impairment losses during the year corresponded to:

- reversal of the impairment of the intangible asset, palovarotene, totaling €280 million, the details of which are provided in note 11.2;
- impairment of intangible assets related to Research and Development programs following strategic decisions and/or negative results obtained from clinical trials in progress.

Note 6.6 Operating income per type of expense

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Revenue	3,306.4	3,156.4
Personnel expenses ⁽¹⁾	(898.0)	(771.8)
Net provisions	1.1	(25.1)
Net depreciation and amortization of property, plant and equipment and software	(112.3)	(94.5)
Amortization of intangible assets (excluding software)	(207.5)	(103.6)
Impairment losses on intangible assets (excluding software)	253.4	(114.3)
Others	(1,527.3)	(1,317.2)
Total operating income/(expense)	816.0	729.9

⁽¹⁾ Personnel expenses are detailed in note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.

Note 7 Personnel

Note 7.1 Headcount

At the end 2023, the Group totaled 5,325 employees of which 89 related to Consumer Healthcare business, compared to 5,072 at the end of 2022.

The average headcount in 2023 was 5,234 employees of which 93 related to Consumer Healthcare business, compared to 5,415 in 2022.

Note 7.2 Employee expenses

Employee expenses, which are included in the cost of goods sold, selling costs, corporate overheads, research and development expenses, and restructuring costs, encompass the following items:

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Wages and salaries	(659.4)	(553.1)
Employer's Social security contributions and payroll taxes	(186.7)	(169.3)
Interest on employee benefits	(4.1)	(4.3)
Share-based payment expenses	(34.1)	(27.8)
Employee profit-sharing	(15.5)	(13.9)
Other personal charges	1.9	(3.3)
Total - Employee expenses	(898.0)	(771.8)

In 2023, the average rate of Social security contributions and payroll taxes amounted to 28.3% of gross payroll, compared to 30.6% in 2022.

Note 7.3 Long-term employee benefits

Note 7.3.1 Benefit Plans

Note 7.3.1.1 Retirement benefit obligations

In some countries, the Group's employees are eligible for:

- supplementary retirement in the form of pensions paid out after the employee retires;
- or a retirement payment upon departure paid out in a lump sum at time of retirement.

The main countries that have defined benefit plans are France and the United Kingdom. In France, a small number of employees also receive a supplementary pension plan.

The corresponding commitments are taken into account according to rights acquired by the beneficiaries either as:

- contributions to independent organizations (insurance companies) responsible for paying the pensions and other benefits (defined contribution plans);
- provisions (defined benefit plans).

For basic plans and other defined contribution plans, the Group recognizes contributions to be paid under expenses when they are due, as the Group has no commitment beyond the contributions paid out.

For defined benefit plans, pension expenses are determined by third-party actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

Note 7.3.1.2 Other long-term commitments

The Group also pays out amounts to reward employees for their years of service in the form of bonuses. Essentially they are long service awards, mostly in France.

The Group creates provisions for these commitments.

Note 7.3.2 Measuring and recognizing commitments

The Group's obligations regarding all of these services are calculated by an outside actuary using applicable assumptions in the countries where the plans are located.

Discount rates are determined by referring to market rates based on high-quality corporate bonds. The main reference index used for the euro zone and the United Kingdom is the iBoxx Corporate AA Benchmark Indices.

Assumptions for staff turnover and mortality rates are specific to each country.

Some commitments are covered by financial assets corresponding to funds invested with insurance companies (plan assets).

The impact of profit from asset returns used to cover plans on the income statement is determined based on the discount rate of the commitments.

Unfinanced commitments and underfunded plans are recorded under "Provisions for employee commitments" on the balance sheet.

Note 7.3.2.1 Assumptions used

The main actuarial assumptions the Group used as of 31 December 2023 are described below:

	31 December 2023		
	Europe (excluding UK)	United Kingdom	Asia - Oceania
Discount rate	3.17%	4.51%	3.15%
Inflation rate	2.0%	2.65%	N/A
Rate of increase in salaries, net of inflation	Varies by socio-professional category		5.6%
Rate of increase in pensions	N/A	2.65%	N/A

A 1.0% increase in the discount rate would result in a 9.7% decrease in commitments in France, a 12.5% decline in commitments in the United Kingdom and a 10.4% decrease in commitments in the Asia-Oceania region.

	31 December 2022		
	Europe (excluding UK)	United Kingdom	Asia - Oceania
Discount rate	3.7%	4.8%	3.7%
Inflation rate	2.0%	3.3%	N/A
Rate of increase in salaries, net of inflation	Varies by socio-professional category		5.6%
Rate of increase in pensions	N/A	3.05%	N/A

Note 7.3.2.2 Reconciliation between balance sheet assets and liabilities

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023			31 December 2022
	Post-employment benefits	Other long-term benefits	Total long-term personnel benefits	Total long-term personnel benefits
Defined benefit plan obligations - Opening balance	46.5	3.7	49.8	76.4
Current service costs	2.6	0.5	3.1	4.9
Past service costs (plan amendments and curtailments)	0.4	–	0.4	–
Interest expense on obligations	1.8	0.1	2.0	(0.1)
Actuarial gains and (losses) - changes to demographic assumptions	0.2	0.3	0.4	(0.5)
Actuarial gains and (losses) - changes to discount rate	1.5	0.1	1.6	(21.9)
Actuarial gains and (losses) - experience adjustments	(0.2)	(0.4)	(0.5)	–
Benefits paid	(3.8)	(0.1)	(3.9)	(1.9)
Changes in scope	–	–	–	(5.5)
Exchange differences	0.1	–	0.1	(1.0)
Other	–	(0.3)	(0.3)	(0.3)
Defined benefit plan obligations - Closing balance	49.0	4.0	53.0	50.1
Fair value of assets allocated to plans - Opening balance	31.3	–	31.3	35.7
Interest income on plan assets	1.3	–	1.3	0.5
Actuarial gains/(losses) on plan assets	(2.8)	–	(2.8)	(6.7)
Employee contributions to plan assets	–	–	–	–
Employer's contributions to plan assets	2.1	–	2.1	3.6
Benefits paid from plan assets	(3.1)	–	(3.1)	(0.3)
Changes in scope	–	–	–	(0.5)
Exchange differences	0.1	–	0.1	(1.0)
Other	(0.4)	–	(0.4)	–
Fair value of assets allocated to plans - Closing balance	28.6	–	28.6	31.5
Closing net liability recognized in the balance sheet	20.4	4.0	24.4	18.7
Impact on comprehensive income				
Operating expenses	(2.9)	(0.5)	(3.5)	(4.9)
Interest expenses recognized in financial result	(0.5)	(0.1)	(0.7)	0.6
Other	–	–	–	–
Income statement expenses	(3.5)	(0.7)	(4.1)	(4.3)
Actuarial gains/(losses) on defined benefit obligations	(1.5)	–	(1.5)	22.3
Actuarial gains/(losses) on plan assets	(2.8)	–	(2.8)	(6.7)
Items recognized in comprehensive income	(4.3)	–	(4.3)	15.6
Impact on comprehensive income	(7.7)	(0.7)	(8.4)	11.4

Note 7.3.2.3 Asset allocation to finance plans

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023			Total
	Shares	Bonds	Other ⁽¹⁾	
Europe (excluding UK)	5.8	2.8	5.0	13.6
United Kingdom	–	–	13.7	13.7
Asia-Oceania	1.1	0.2	–	1.3
Total	6.9	3.0	18.7	28.6
Total (as a percentage)	24%	10%	65%	100%

⁽¹⁾ Real Estate, cash and other.

Financial assets as of 31 December 2023 primarily break down in the following countries: 48% in France and 48% in the United Kingdom.

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2022			Total
	Shares	Bonds	Other ⁽¹⁾	
Europe (excluding UK)	9.6	3.2	4.0	16.8
United Kingdom	7.7	4.9	0.6	13.1
Asia-Oceania	1.3	0.2	–	1.5
Total	18.5	8.2	4.6	31.3
Total (as a percentage)	59%	26%	15%	100%

⁽¹⁾ Real Estate, cash and other.

Note 7.3.2.4 Future probable plan benefits

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023		Total
	Post-employment benefits	Other long-term benefits	
2024	(3.5)	(0.7)	(4.2)
2025	(1.7)	(0.6)	(2.3)
2026	(2.6)	(0.7)	(3.3)
2027	(0.9)	(0.8)	(1.7)
2028	(1.1)	(0.8)	(1.8)
2029-2032	(10.5)	(3.2)	(13.7)

Note 7.4 Share-based payments

Bonus share plans are granted to Group directors and executives as well as certain Group employees. This incentive policy results in bonus shares being granted. They vest when:

- in-house and outside performance conditions as well as financial and non-financial performance conditions plus continued employment conditions are met;
- continued employment conditions are met without performance conditions.

In accordance with IFRS 2 – Share-based payments, these options and shares are measured at fair value on the grant date, which is determined using the valuation method that most suits the payment and features of each bonus share plan granted ("Black & Scholes" or "Monte Carlo").

This value is recorded under personnel expenses (broken down by destination in the income statement), on a straight-line basis over the vesting period (period between the grant date and the plan maturity date) with a direct counterparty in shareholders' equity.

At each closing date, the Group reassesses the number of options likely to be exercised and the number of shares that could be distributed. If applicable, the impact of revising the estimates is recognized in the income statement with a corresponding adjustment in shareholders' equity.

Note 7.4.1 Bonus share grants

Ipsen granted various bonus share plans within the scope of IFRS 2 – *Share-Based Payments*, that were still vesting as of 31 December 2023.

Expenses for 2023 amounted to €30.4 million, compared to €26.2 million in 2022.

(in millions of euros/number of shares)	Vesting period	Number of granted shares	Number of granted shares outstanding	Value of shares on date granted	Fair value of bonus share	2023	2022
						Personnel expenses	Personnel expenses
Plan dated May 28, 2019	2/3 years	288,880	n/a	€112.10	€97.84		-0.3
Plan dated February 12, 2020	2 years	71,650	n/a	€109.60	€109.60		0.2
Plan dated May 29, 2020	2/3 years	520,268	n/a	€72.00	€66.79	-1.5	-7.2
Plan dated July 29, 2020 - Chief Executive Officer	3 years	37,829	n/a	€81.75	€74.83	-0.8	0.0
Plan dated May 27, 2021		427,333	186,268			-6.7	-11.2
Shares non subject to performance conditions	2 years	172,930	n/a	€85.78	€83.76		
Shares non subject to performance conditions	3 years	93,090	56,680	€85.78	€82.74		
Shares subject to performance conditions	3 years	161,313	129,588	€85.78	€84.37		
Plan dated May 27, 2021	2 years	24,400	n/a	€85.78	€83.76	-0.2	-0.8
Plan dated May 24, 2022		323,999	273,711			-11.0	-7.0
Shares non subject to performance conditions	2 years	131,149	107,431	€94.00	€91.61		
Shares non subject to performance conditions	3 years	70,513	55,460	€94.00	€90.50		
Shares subject to performance conditions	3 years	122,337	110,820	€94.00	€91.14		
Plan dated May 31, 2023		384,791	367,629			-10.3	0.0
Shares not subject to performance conditions	2 years	159,110	150,529	€107.00	€104.70		
Shares not subject to performance conditions	3 years	91,720	87,018	€107.00	€103.59		
Shares subject to performance conditions	3 years	67,390	63,511	€107.00	€103.04		
Shares subject to performance conditions - ELT	3 years	66,571	66,571	€107.00	€103.17		
TOTAL						-30.4	-26.2

Note 8 Net financial income/expense

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Investment income	6.8	5.3
Financing costs	(26.2)	(23.8)
Net financing costs	(19.4)	(18.5)
Foreign exchange gain / (loss) on non-operating activities	(4.8)	9.2
Change in fair value of equity investments	(8.0)	2.6
Net interest on employee benefits	(0.4)	0.5
Unwinding effect of contingent assets and liabilities	(11.1)	(6.7)
Other financial liabilities	(10.8)	(11.1)
Other financial income and expenses	(35.1)	(5.5)
Financial income/(expenses)	(54.5)	(24.0)
<i>of which total financial income</i>	132.4	157.5
<i>of which total financial expense</i>	(186.9)	(181.5)

Other financial liabilities included the cost of the Group's currency hedges.

Note 9 Income taxes

Tax expense for the year comprises:

- Current tax expense,
- Deferred tax expense.

The Group has elected to recognize the CVAE, the business tax (*Cotisation sur la Valeur Ajoutée des Entreprises*) as an income tax expense in the income statement. In accordance with IAS 12, the total amount of the current and deferred expenses related to the CVAE is presented on the "Income Tax" line item.

The tax credits that are not used in determining taxable income and that are reimbursed by the tax authorities when they are not deducted from corporate income tax, are recognized as subsidies and deducted as expenses under their corresponding line item.

Applying the variable carryover method, deferred taxes are recorded on all temporary differences between the carrying value and tax base of assets and liabilities, and on tax loss carryforwards.

The main temporary differences in the Group's consolidated financial statements stem from tax loss carryforwards, restatements to eliminate internal margins on inventory and provisions for retirement benefits.

The Group only recognizes deferred tax assets for deductible temporary differences when it is likely that taxable profits will be available for the temporary differences to be offset.

The Group measures deferred tax assets and liabilities using the expected tax rate for the period in which the asset will be realized and the liability will be settled, based on the tax rates enacted or virtually enacted as of the balance sheet date. Deferred tax assets undergo a recoverability analysis based on Group forecasts.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted, in accordance with IAS 12 – *Income Taxes*.

Ipsen calculates the amount of deferred taxes to recognize in the Group's consolidated financial statements per entity included in the scope of consolidation.

Note 9.1 Tax expenses

Note 9.1.1 Effective tax rate

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations	619.9	592.1
Share of net profit/(loss) from equity-accounted companies	(5.4)	(1.5)
Net profit/(loss) from continuing operations before share of results from equity-accounted companies	625.3	593.6
Current tax	(210.3)	(167.7)
Deferred tax	74.1	55.4
Income taxes	(136.2)	(112.3)
Pre-tax profit from continuing operations before share of results from equity-accounted companies	761.5	705.9
Effective tax rate	17.9%	15.9%

In 2023, €136.2 million in income tax expenses resulted in an effective tax rate of 17.9% on pre-tax profit from continuing operations, excluding the share of profit/(loss) from equity-accounted companies.

In 2022, €112.3 million in income tax expenses resulted in an effective tax rate of 15.9% on pre-tax profit from continuing operations, excluding the share of profit/(loss) from equity-accounted companies.

Note 9.1.2 Reconciliation between the effective and nominal tax expense

The following table shows the reconciliation between the effective tax expense and nominal tax expense based on pre-tax profit from continuing operations taxed at the standard French rate of 25.82% for the two years presented:

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Pre-tax profit from continuing operations before share of results from equity-accounted companies	761.5	705.9
Group tax rate	25.8%	25.8%
Nominal tax expense	(196.6)	(182.3)
(Increase)/Decrease in tax expense arising from:		
- Tax credits	30.3	48.2
- Non-recognition of tax impact on certain losses during the year	(40.1)	(24.8)
- Utilization of tax losses not recognized as deferred tax assets	—	—
- Recognition of deferred tax assets	48.9	3.7
- Other permanent differences	21.5	42.8
Effective tax expense	(136.0)	(112.3)
Effective tax rate	17.9%	15.9%

In 2023, items impacting tax expenses included:

- research tax credits essentially in the United States, including €9.1 million from Epizyme;
- an expense related to non-recognition of the tax effect on certain tax losses generated during the year;
- the recognition of a portion of previous tax loss carryforwards in Canada that were not recognized up to that point, after Sohonos received marketing authorization;
- other permanent differences, which included differences in the effective tax rate of 25.82% and the effective tax rates where the Group's subsidiaries are located.

Items impacting tax expenses in 2022 included:

- research tax credits essentially in the United States, including €25 million from a legal restructuring;
- an expense related to non-recognition of the tax effect on certain tax losses generated during the year in Canada;
- other permanent differences, which included differences in the effective tax rate of 25.82% and the effective tax rates where the Group's subsidiaries are located, as well as tax costs from the Group's legal restructuring.

Note 9.2 Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities in 2022 broke down as follows:

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2022	(Loss) / profit in income statement	Deferred taxes recorded directly to reserves	Change in consolidation scope	Foreign Exchange differences	Transfers and other movements	31 December 2023
Deferred tax assets	327.8	129.7	1.1	98.7	(15.1)	(210.7)	324.8
Deferred tax liabilities	(77.9)	(55.7)	1.7	(266.2)	16.3	155.4	(226.4)
Net deferred tax assets	249.9	74.0	2.8	(167.4)	1.1	(55.4)	98.4

Changes in deferred taxes are primarily related to the acquisition of Albireo due to recognizing deferred tax assets on tax loss carryforwards totaling €80.4 million as well as deferred tax liabilities relating to remeasuring intangible assets and inventory at fair value.

Changes in "Income statement income/(expenses)" totaling €74.0 million mainly included:

- €129.7 million in income primarily related to deferred tax assets, essentially for inventory internal profit margin elimination and partially recognizing tax loss carryforwards in Canada as assets following the marketing of Sohonos;
- a €55.7 million net expense related to deferred tax liabilities mainly due to a €71.9 million expense related to deferred tax liabilities correlated to a partial reversal of impairment of the intangible asset palovarotene (see note 1.3), offset in particular by €22.9 million in income associated with the recovery of deferred tax liabilities pertaining to the amortization of assets identified during acquisitions.

Changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities in 2022 break down as follows:

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2021	Application of IAS 12 amendment	01 January 2022 restated	(Loss) / profit in income statement	Deferred taxes recorded directly to reserves	Change in consolidation scope	Foreign exchange differences	Transfers and other movements	31 December 2022
Deferred tax assets	258.7	6.7	265.3	35.1	(3.7)	10.4	2.2	18.4	327.8
Deferred tax liabilities	(101.8)	–	(101.8)	18.3	(1.3)	(14.4)	(4.0)	25.3	(77.9)
Net deferred tax assets	156.9	6.7	163.5	53.5	(5.0)	(4.0)	(1.9)	43.8	249.9

Changes in “Income statement income/(expenses)” totaling €53.5 million mainly included:

- €35.1 million in income for deferred tax assets primarily due to deferred tax assets related to eliminating internal profit margins on inventories;
- €18.3 million in net income for deferred tax liabilities mainly due to €14.6 million in income associated with the recovery of deferred tax liabilities correlated with the impairment of the intangible asset palovarotene.

Note 9.3 Type of deferred taxes recognized on the balance sheet and the income statement

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Deferred tax related to employee benefits	9.3	7.7
Deferred tax related to internal profit margin elimination	154.7	129.4
Deferred tax assets related to tax loss carryforwards	159.4	81.0
Other deferred tax assets	266.3	157.1
Offset of deferred tax assets and liabilities by fiscal entity	(265.0)	(47.5)
Deferred tax assets	324.8	327.8
Deferred tax liabilities related to the remeasurement of acquired intangibles assets	(366.9)	(65.8)
Other deferred tax liabilities	(124.4)	(59.5)
Offset of deferred tax assets and liabilities by fiscal entity	265.0	47.5
Deferred tax liabilities	(226.4)	(77.9)

The Group recognized €159.4 million in tax loss carryforwards as of 31 December 2023 (compared to €81.0 million in 2022). This increase mainly stemmed from the reversal of provision for deferred tax assets from losses generated in Canada and from consolidating Albireo.

Deferred tax assets are recognized based on results forecasts for each tax consolidation group. These forecasts are in line with Ipsen’s long- and medium-term plans and take into account the time frames in relation to the duration of the tax loss carryforwards and the specific situation of each tax consolidation group.

The “Deferred taxes related to the remeasurement of acquired intangible assets” line item mainly included the amount of deferred tax liabilities recorded for palovarotene intangible assets.

Note 10 Goodwill

Note 10.1 Changes in Goodwill

Goodwill recorded in the consolidated balance sheet represents the difference between:

- the total amount of the following items:
 - the acquisition cost on the date when control is obtained;
 - the total non-controlling interests in the acquired company determined either at fair value on the acquisition date (full goodwill method), or based on their share in the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired and liabilities assumed (partial goodwill method). The Group reviews this option on a transaction-by-transaction basis;
 - for business combinations achieved in stages, the fair value of the share held by the Group on the acquisition date, but before the date when control is obtained;
 - and the estimated impact of any adjustments in the acquisition cost, such as earnouts. These contingent earnouts are measured by applying the criteria set out in the purchase agreement, such as sales and earnings targets, to forecasts deemed to be highly likely. The contingent earnouts are then re-measured at each closing date, with any changes recognized on the income statement after the acquisition date. They are discounted over their useful life if the impact is material. Any discounting adjustments to the carrying amount of the liability are recognized in "Other financial income and expenses";
- and the net amount of identifiable assets acquired and identifiable liabilities assumed are measured at their fair value as of the acquisition date.

(in millions of euros)	Net goodwill
1 January 2022	623.2
Changes in consolidation scope	(68.9)
Foreign exchange differences	25.6
31 December 2022	579.9
Changes in consolidation scope	108.3
Foreign exchange differences	(24.3)
31 December 2023	663.9

Changes in consolidation scope for the year corresponded to the acquisition of Albireo for €97 million (see note 3.1).

Note 10.2 Impairment of goodwill

The Group conducts impairment tests on goodwill in accordance with IAS 36 – *Impairment of Assets*, at least once per year, or if there are indicators of impairment.

Indicators of impairment loss can be related particularly to the results of successive phases of clinical trials, to pharmacovigilance, to patent protection, to the arrival of competing products and/or generics and the comparison between actual and forecast sales. These impairment indices are applied to all intangible assets with both finite and indefinite useful lives as soon as required by IAS 36.

Impairment tests involve comparing an asset's carrying value (asset groups or cash-generating units) with its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less selling costs and value-in-use. Impairment tests are conducted at the Cash Generating Unit (CGU) level: Specialty Care.

An impairment loss is recorded on a separate line in the income statement for the difference when the recoverable amount is less than the asset's, the group of assets, or the cash generating unit's net carrying amount. If the Group identifies impairment on a cash generating unit, it is deducted from goodwill. Goodwill impairment cannot be reversed.

The assumptions used for the goodwill impairment tests are reviewed once a year and are based on:

- a five-year cash flow estimate made by the Group's operating entities;
- if longer estimates are warranted, cash flows are extrapolated by applying the long-term expected market growth rate.

(in millions of euros)

Net carrying value at 31 December 2022

Goodwill	579.9
Net underlying assets	2,098.3
Total	2,678.2
<i>Perpetuity growth rate</i>	1.5%
<i>Discount rate</i>	9.0%

Net carrying value at 31 December 2023

Goodwill	663.9
Net underlying assets	2,929.5
Total	3,593.4
<i>Perpetuity growth rate</i>	1.5%
<i>Discount rate</i>	9.0%

As of 31 December 2023, no goodwill impairment had been recorded.

Tests were performed to assess the sensitivity of the recoverable amount to probable changes in certain actuarial assumptions, primarily to the discount rate (range +/- 2 points), sales growth (range +/- 5 points) and the long-term growth rate (range +/- 1 point). Implementing sensitivity tests would not lead to the recognition of significant goodwill impairments.

Note 11 Intangible assets

Note 11.1 Changes to intangible assets

Note 11.1.1 Intellectual Property

Intellectual property primarily consists of patents, intellectual property rights, and licenses to use intellectual property.

Patents

Acquired patents are capitalized at their purchase price or at fair value for business combinations.

Research and Development fees acquired separately

Payments made to purchase research and development work separately are recorded in assets under the "Intangible assets" line item when the assets meet the definition of a controlled resource the Group expects to receive identifiable future economic benefits on (separately or arising from contractual or legal rights).

In accordance with IAS 38, the first accounting criteria relating to probable future economic benefits generated by the intangible asset is presumed to be met for Research and Development work when they are acquired separately. The second recognition criterion related to the reliable measurement of the asset is satisfied as well when payment amounts are determined.

Internal Development costs

Internal development costs such as:

- industrial development costs incurred after obtaining market authorization to improve the industrial process for a major asset;
- some clinical trials to expand geographically for a molecule that has already received marketing authorization in one major market;

are included in the project assessment and recorded in assets under the "Intangible assets" line item as they are incurred, and once the six criteria for IAS 38 – *Intangible Assets* – are met:

- the technical feasibility required to complete the development project;

- the Group intends to complete the project;
- the Group can use the intangible asset;
- the Group can demonstrate the asset's probable future economic benefit;
- the Group has technical, financial and other resources to complete the project; and
- the Group can reliably measure development costs.

Identified rights regarding intellectual property are amortized on a straight-line basis as soon as the product hits the market over their estimated useful lives, which in practice is between 8 and 20 years. These useful life periods vary depending on cash flow forecasts, which are based on the underlying patent-protection period.

Note 11.1.2 Software

Development costs for software developed in-house are recognized on the assets side of the balance sheet under the "Intangible Assets" line item as they are incurred and once the six criteria for IAS 38 – *Intangible Assets* – are met.

Capitalized expenses mainly include the salaries of personnel involved in the project and third-party consulting fees. The software is amortized on a straight-line basis over the duration of its useful life.

Software and application licenses acquired under a SaaS distribution model (Software as a Service) are recognized in the Income Statement and are not recognized as an intangible asset or a lease agreement for the most part. Development costs related to these applications and software are accounted for the same way and are recognized in the Income Statement.

Acquired software licenses are amortized on a straight-line basis over the duration of their useful lives (from 1 to 10 years).

(in millions of euros)	Intellectual property	Software	Other intangible assets and intangible assets in progress	Total other intangible assets
Gross value at 01 January 2022	2,703.5	151.8	29.0	2,884.2
Change in scope	213.3	(8.7)	(4.3)	200.3
Acquisitions / increases	110.3	3.8	42.3	156.4
Disposals / decreases	(38.6)	(36.8)	–	(75.4)
Foreign exchange differences	59.7	0.5	0.1	60.3
Transfers and other movements	–	14.7	(14.7)	0.1
Gross value at 31 December 2022	3,048.2	125.4	52.3	3,225.9
Change in scope	1,069.5	–	–	1,069.5
Acquisitions / increases	27.7	2.8	36.2	66.7
Disposals / decreases	(17.6)	(9.8)	(0.5)	(27.9)
Foreign exchange differences	(108.9)	(0.4)	–	(109.4)
Transfers and other movements	2.5	15.4	(11.1)	6.8
Gross value at 31 December 2023	4,021.4	133.3	76.9	4,231.6
Amortization and impairment at 01 January 2022	(1,397.4)	(112.9)	(3.9)	(1,514.2)
Change in scope	85.1	7.2	3.8	96.2
Amortization	(104.0)	(14.1)	(0.1)	(118.2)
Impairment (losses & reversal)	(114.3)	–	–	(114.3)
Disposals / decreases	30.0	35.0	–	65.0
Foreign exchange differences	(54.4)	(0.4)	–	(54.8)
Transfers and other movements	–	–	(0.1)	(0.1)
Amortization and impairment at 31 December 2022	(1,555.0)	(85.2)	(0.3)	(1,640.5)
Change in scope	–	–	–	–
Amortization	(207.5)	(14.7)	–	(222.1)
Impairment (losses & reversal)	280.3	–	(17.5)	262.8
Disposals / decreases	–	8.6	–	8.6
Foreign exchange differences	38.1	0.3	–	38.4
Transfers and other movements	–	–	–	–
Amortization and impairment at 31 December 2023	(1,444.1)	(90.9)	(17.8)	(1,552.8)
Net value at 31 December 2022	1,493.2	40.2	52.1	1,585.4
Net value at 31 December 2023	2,577.3	42.4	59.1	2,678.8

In 2023, the change in gross value of intangible assets was mainly due to the following items:

- changes in scope resulting from the acquisition of Albireo intellectual property, including Blyvay for €1,069.5 million presented as changes in scope of consolidation;
- an increase in intangible assets for partnership agreements with mainly GENFIT totaling €13.3 million, IRICOR for €8.6 million and EXELIXIS amounting to €4.7 million;

During 2022, changes in the gross value of intangible assets primarily related to:

- changes in scope resulting from the acquisition of Epizyme intellectual property, including Tazverik, amounting to €325.0 million and presented as changes in scope of consolidation, partially offset by the sale of intangible assets related to the Consumer Healthcare business totaling a net carrying amount of €28.6 million;
- an increase in intangible assets for additional milestone payments to Exelixis and to Blueprint Medicines as well as milestone payments from partnership agreements signed in 2022, particularly with Marengo Therapeutics;
- a transfer in intellectual property rights for the product Xermelo to partners amounting to a net carrying value of €8.5 million.

Note 11.2 Impairment tests of intangible assets**Note 11.2.1 Intangible assets not yet amortized**

Intangible rights acquired from a third party for drugs not yet marketed) are tested for impairment at least once a year and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.

These assets involve rights acquired for special advanced development phase medications in the fields of Oncology, Neuroscience and Rare Diseases that have not yet been marketed.

Note 11.2.2 Intangible assets with a defined useful life

Intangible assets with a defined useful life are only tested for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that the assets may have been impaired.

For these intangible assets, the recoverable value is the value-in-use based on expected future cash flow estimates.

Note 11.2.3 Determining the recoverable value

The period taken into account for estimating anticipated cash flows is based on the economic life intrinsic to each intangible asset. When the economic life exceeds Group forecasts, the terminal value may be used.

Estimated cash flows are discounted to present value using the weighted average cost of capital of each cash-generating unit.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of a particular fixed asset, the Group determines the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit that holds it.

Note 11.2.4 Impairment losses

Impairment on intangible assets (excluding software) are shown with property, plant and equipment and goodwill under the "impairment losses" line item of the income statement.

Impairment tests on intangible assets (excluding software) led the Group to recover impairment losses and record impairment losses on the following intangible assets in 2022 and 2023:

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Impairment losses on assets (excluding software)	253.4	(114.3)
Research and development projects - Specialty Care	(26.8)	(114.3)
Marketed products - Specialty Care	280.3	–

Comments on the impairment recovered and recorded that Ipsen recognized in 2023 are shown in note 6.5 to the consolidated financial statements.

In 2023, the Group conducted an impairment test to remeasure the intangible asset palovarotene's recoverable amount as part of an annual review of assets with an not yet amortized useful life. The recoverable amount corresponds the discounted value of expected future cash flows from these scenarios over the product's estimated life cycle, including new clinical data and potential sales developments as well as estimated approval dates for the FOP indication.

The Group used 9% as the discount rate given the risk level of the Specialty Care Business.

These assumptions reflect management's best estimate as well as information management knew at the time the impairment test was conducted.

An increase or decrease in sales could impact the value of the asset tested, as follows:

- a 10% increase in forecasted sales would increase the recoverable value by € 60million;
- a 10% decrease in forecasted sales would reduce the recoverable value by €63 million.

The Group has performed sensitivity analyses based on a change of only one parameter. As a result, these sensitivity analyses correspond to a mechanical calculation method that does not reflect a consistent change in all parameters (regulatory and commercial) nor does it incorporate additional measures the Group could take in such circumstances.

The impairment test results led to a €280.3 million reversal for the intangible asset palovarotene. The net carrying amount of palovarotene totaled €398.4 million as of 31 December 2023.

Note 11.3 Breakdown of intangible assets by asset type

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023			31 December 2022		
	Gross value	Amortization & impairment	Net value	Gross value	Amortization & impairment	Net value
Brands and Trademarks	0.7	(0.5)	0.2	0.7	(0.5)	0.2
Licenses	2,557.3	(881.8)	1,675.5	1,535.9	(693.7)	842.2
Research acquired	1,457.5	(555.9)	901.6	1,505.8	(855.0)	650.8
Patents	5.9	(5.9)	–	5.8	(5.8)	–
Software	133.3	(90.9)	42.4	125.4	(85.2)	40.2
Other intangible assets	0.3	(0.1)	0.2	0.3	(0.3)	0.1
Intangible assets in progress	76.5	(17.7)	58.9	52.0	–	52.0
TOTAL	4,231.6	(1,552.8)	2,678.8	3,225.9	(1,640.5)	1,585.4
Of which impairment losses		(660.7)			(957.3)	

As of 31 December 2023, the Group has a net total carrying value of €901.6 million in "Licenses" not yet amortized and classified under "Intellectual Property" (€650.8 million in 2022).

Note 12 Property, plant & equipment

Property, plant and equipment items are accounted for at acquisition price, at fair value for business combinations, or at production cost less cumulative depreciation and impairment loss, if any.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying value, or, if applicable, they are recognized as a separate asset if the future economic benefits associated with the asset are likely to go to the Group, and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably.

Depreciation is usually calculated on a straight-line basis over the assets' estimated useful lives. For fixtures and fittings related to lease assets, the Group determines their lease term in line with the term of the leases themselves. Some industrial assets are depreciated based on production volumes.

Estimated useful lives are as follows:

- buildings, fixtures and fittings 5 to 30 years
- industrial plant & equipment 5 to 10 years
- other property, plant and equipment 3 to 10 years

Land is not depreciated.

Residual values and the duration of the assets' useful lives are revised and, if applicable, adjusted at each closing.

The carrying value of an asset is depreciated immediately to bring it back to its recoverable amount when the asset's carrying value is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Property, plant and equipment are also tested for impairment any time an event or change in circumstance signals that these accounting values may not be recoverable in accordance with IAS 36 – *Impairment of Assets*.

Impairment losses on property, plant and equipment are reported together with losses on intangible assets and losses on goodwill under the "impairment losses" line item in the income statement.

Gains and losses on disposals of assets, included in other operating income and expenses, are determined by comparing proceeds from disposals with the carrying value of the disposed asset.

Note 12.1 Property, plant and equipment movements

(in millions of euros)	Land	Buildings	Equipment and tools	Other assets	Tangible assets in progress	Total property, plant and equipment
Gross value at 01 January 2022	22.1	596.9	412.3	151.9	106.7	1,290.0
Change in scope	(3.9)	(98.2)	(108.7)	(12.4)	(3.0)	(226.1)
Acquisitions / increases	–	18.1	3.2	10.3	69.3	101.1
Disposals / decreases	(2.1)	(64.1)	(14.5)	(19.6)	–	(100.3)
Foreign exchange differences	(0.1)	2.4	(5.9)	–	(2.0)	(5.6)
Transfers and other movements	0.7	9.5	8.9	5.0	(24.4)	(0.3)
Gross value at 31 December 2022	16.8	464.7	295.3	135.3	146.7	1,058.7
Change in scope	–	9.8	–	0.5	–	10.3
Acquisitions / increases	0.2	18.5	0.9	13.1	83.5	116.2
Disposals / decreases	(0.2)	(18.6)	(13.5)	(13.1)	–	(45.4)
Foreign exchange differences	–	(3.2)	2.0	(0.8)	0.7	(1.2)
Transfers and other movements	0.1	40.9	(2.5)	18.2	(65.1)	(8.2)
Gross value at 31 December 2023	17.0	512.1	282.3	153.2	165.7	1,130.3
Amortization and impairment at 01 January 2022	(3.9)	(310.2)	(246.1)	(80.8)	(1.5)	(642.5)
Change in scope	1.5	75.2	77.7	9.7	0.1	164.2
Amortization	(0.5)	(41.1)	(21.4)	(20.1)	–	(83.1)
Impairment losses ⁽¹⁾	–	(6.5)	0.2	(0.1)	–	(6.4)
Disposals / decreases	1.4	56.0	14.4	19.0	0.1	90.8
Foreign exchange differences	–	(2.8)	2.7	(0.4)	–	(0.4)
Transfers and other movements	–	0.4	(1.0)	0.8	–	0.2
Amortization and impairment at 31 December 2022	(1.6)	(228.9)	(173.6)	(71.9)	(1.3)	(477.3)
Change in scope	–	–	–	–	–	–
Amortization	(0.5)	(37.6)	(14.9)	(21.5)	–	(74.5)
Impairment losses ⁽¹⁾	–	(11.2)	(16.8)	(0.3)	(4.7)	(33.0)
Disposals / decreases	0.1	6.7	11.3	11.7	–	29.7
Foreign exchange differences	–	2.3	(1.0)	0.5	–	1.8
Transfers and other movements	–	(14.0)	8.7	2.8	–	(2.5)
Amortization and impairment at 31 December 2023	(1.9)	(282.8)	(186.2)	(78.7)	(6.0)	(555.7)
Net value at 31 December 2022	15.2	235.8	121.7	63.4	145.3	581.4
Net value at 31 December 2023	15.1	229.3	96.0	74.5	159.7	574.6

⁽¹⁾ Impairment losses related to Research and Development are included in note 11.2.4 – "Impairment Losses".

In 2023, acquisitions of property, plant and equipment totaled €116.2 million, compared with €101.1 million in 2022.

The increase in acquisitions resulted primarily from investments in the Group's industrial sites in France, in Ireland, in the United Kingdom and in the United States to grow production capacity.

In 2022, changes in scope during the year primarily corresponded to the sale of property, plant and equipment from the Consumer Healthcare Business totaling a net carrying amount of €73.8 million.

Note 12.2 Rights of use of leased assets

Leases are accounted for using a single recognition model that leads to a right of use being recognized for an asset under property, plant and equipment and lease liabilities recorded in “Current financial liabilities” or “Non-current financial liabilities”. The Group recognizes leases in the balance sheet as soon as the lease is created for the discounted value of future cash outflows. They are amortized according to the lease term of the agreement, which corresponds to the economic life of similar tangible assets.

Amortization expenses are accounted for in the income statement under each line of Operating income that involves leases “Cost of goods sold”, “Selling expenses”, “Research and development expenses”, etc. and interest expenses in “Net financing costs”.

The Group has two main types of leases – property leases and vehicle leases. In accordance with options authorized by the standard, lease agreements with a term of less than 12 months or leases with an asset value totaling less than 5 thousand U.S. dollars are not recognized under assets in the balance sheet.

Commercial lease reviews rely on contractual provisions to determine which assumptions to use to estimate rights-of-use assets or lease liabilities.

- The term of the lease used corresponds to the non-cancellable period defined in the agreement, unless the Group is reasonably sure it will renew the lease.
- The Group has assessed the term of the lease used for properties in line with the term used for depreciating fixtures and fittings recognized as an asset for these properties.
- The Group has measured lease liabilities from lease agreements at the present value of remaining lease payments and discounts using each lease agreement’s incremental borrowing rate and taking into account the remaining term of the lease commitment. The Group applies the marginal incremental interest rate and uses a swap curve adjusted for Ipsen’s financing spread depending on the currency zone where the lease operates.
- Ipsen applies a discount rate based on the amortization schedule of these payments.

In accordance with the standard, Ipsen applies IFRS 16 provisions to all lease agreements except low value (less than U.S. \$5 thousand) and/or short-term (less than twelve months) agreements. Payments related to lease agreements (rent) receiving the exemption are recognized as operating expenses.

(in millions of euros)	Real estate	Cars	Other	Total assets rights of use
Net value at 31 December 2022	76.2	7.1	–	83.2
Change in scope	9.2	–	–	9.2
Acquisitions / increases	15.0	8.1	–	23.1
Disposals / decreases	(11.3)	(1.4)	–	(12.7)
Impairment / amortization	(30.2)	(5.5)	–	(35.7)
Foreign exchange differences	(1.2)	(0.2)	–	(1.4)
Transfers and other movements	(3.9)	0.1	–	(3.9)
Net value at 31 December 2023	53.8	8.1	–	61.9

An analysis of lease liabilities is shown in note 20.

As of 31 December 2023, amortization of lease assets amounted to a €24.5 million expense. Depreciation totaled a €10.7 million net expense.

As of 31 December 2023, interest expense amounted to €3.9 million.

For 2023, cash outflows amounted to €29.9 million. It is shown in the Statement of Cash Flows under “Repayment of short-term borrowings”.

Note 13 Equity investments

IFRS 9 provides an option to classify equity instruments irrevocably on an instrument-by-instrument basis as instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, as long as these instruments meet the IAS 32 definition of equity.

The Group opted to irrevocably classify its investments in non-consolidated companies in this category, as they represent equity instruments. They are measured at fair value through equity without later recycling gains or losses to the income statement. The associated dividends are recognized in the income statement.

The shares the Group owns in investment funds do not meet the definition of equity instruments, but do meet the definition of debt instruments instead; these shares are recorded in assets for the amount of fair value, and changes in fair value are recognized in the income statement.

For investments in listed equity instruments, fair value is the quoted market price. For investments in unlisted equity instruments, fair value is determined by referring to recent market transactions or using a valuation technique that provides reliable and objective price estimates in line with those used by other players active in the market.

(in millions of euros)	Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income	Equity investments at fair value through profit and loss	Equity investments
31 December 2022	49.4	60.4	109.8
Change in fair value	9.9	(8.0)	1.9
Acquisitions / Increase	–	5.7	5.7
Disposals / decrease	–	(2.3)	(2.3)
Other movements including foreign exchange differences	–	(0.4)	(0.4)
31 December 2023	59.3	55.4	114.7

Note 13.1 Equity investments at fair value through other items of comprehensive income

Changes in fair value of these equity investments mainly corresponded to an increase in the fair value of shares in Rhythm Pharmaceuticals Inc. totaling €11.6 million as well as Arix Bioscience for €1.5 million, which was offset by decreases in fair value, particularly for GENFIT by -€1.7 million, Satosea by -€0.9 million, and Xilio Therapeutics by -€0.8 million.

Note 13.2 Equity investments at fair value through profit/(loss)

Acquisitions mainly included payments made to Agent Capital Funds I and II for €5.7 million.

Decreases corresponded to distributions received by Agent Capital Funds I for €2.3 million.

The change in fair value of these shares is mainly related to the decrease in fair value of Agent Capital Funds I totaling -€10.4 million, offset by an increase in fair value of Fusion Pharma shares amounting to €3.4 million.

Note 14 Investments in equity-accounted companies

Goodwill arising from the acquisition of an equity-accounted company is included in the carrying amount of the equity-accounted investment. The costs directly related to the combination are included in the measurement of the investment acquisition price.

For impairment losses related to the goodwill and intangible assets of equity-accounted companies, goodwill and impairment losses are recognized under "Share of income from equity-accounted companies."

	31 December 2022	Movements during the year					31 December 2023
		Acquisition	Divestiture / Refunds	Impairment losses	Net profit/ (loss) of the period	Foreign exchange differences and other movements	
Investments accounted for using the equity method	26.4	—	(4.7)	(5.6)	0.2	0.4	16.7

As of 31 December 2023, the Group owns a 50% interest in Linnea S.A., and a 13.7% interest in Bakx Therapeutics Inc. Both companies were consolidated using the equity method (joint venture).

Bakx Therapeutics Inc. started the liquidation process in September 2023. The consolidated net book value has been fully impaired for a total of €5.6 million.

The information below corresponds to financial statement data for equity-accounted companies, prepared using the Group's accounting policies (for amounts up to 100%):

	31 December 2023			
	Assets	Liabilities, excluding shareholders' equity	Sales	Net profit/(loss) for the year
Linnea S.A.	34.6	7.2	27.5	0.5
Bakx Therapeutics Inc.	—	—	—	(1.4)
Total	34.6	7.2	27.5	(0.9)

An anti-competitive practice investigation was initiated in 2019 against Linnea S.A.. The investigation was closed in October 2023 under a settlement procedure with the European Commission for a total fine of €1.8 million imposed on Linnea S.A.

Note 15 Other non-current assets and liabilities

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Contingent assets related to business combinations	45.7	—
Liquidity agreement	1.9	1.9
Deposits paid	3.2	4.2
Total other non-current assets	50.8	6.1
Non-current deferred income	37.7	40.6
Contingent liabilities related to business combinations	209.5	63.1
Total other non-current liabilities	247.2	103.7

As of 31 December 2023, changes in contingent assets and liabilities related to business combinations included the Contingent Value Right (CVR) resulting from the acquisition of Albireo amounting to €105.2 million. The line item also includes an asset and liability of the same amount for rights to royalties on Elobixibat sales in Japan totaling €45.7 million.

Note 16 Current assets and liabilities

Note 16.1 Inventories

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The internal cost price is determined using the weighted average cost method.

Net realizable value is the estimated sales price in the normal course of business, less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The cost of finished goods includes all purchasing costs, transformation costs and other costs incurred to ship inventories to their present location and in their current condition.

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023			31 December 2022
	Gross value	Depreciations	Net value	Net value
Raw materials and supplies	66.3	(4.5)	61.9	46.4
Work in progress	147.8	(12.7)	135.1	137.3
Finished goods	103.6	(11.1)	92.5	100.4
Total	317.8	(28.3)	289.5	284.1

Changes during the period mainly included €29.8 million related to new entities joining the Group's scope of consolidation.

Note 16.2 Trade receivables

The Group uses the expected loss model, as introduced by IFRS 9 – *Financial Instruments*, for its trade receivables. The impairment allowance for trade receivables is based on a historical loss rate observed over the three previous years on a receivable-by-receivable basis and adjusted for prospective events that take into account individualized credit risks and the economic outlook of the relevant market.

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Gross value	635.1	637.1
Depreciation	(3.8)	(4.6)
Net value	631.3	632.5

The increase in trade receivables was due to improvement in the Group's performance. Changes during the period also included €9.4 million related to foreign exchange impacts and €6.6 million related to acquiring new Albireo entities.

(in millions of euros)	Total overdue trade receivables - gross value	Trade receivables < 3 months	Trade receivables from 3 to 6 months	Trade receivables from 6 to 12 months	Trade receivables > 12 months
31 December 2023	71.1	47.3	10.5	6.1	7.1
31 December 2022	59.0	41.3	6.1	5.4	6.2

Note 16.3 Trade payables

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Trade payables	771.4	647.1

Changes during the period mainly included:

- €24.7 million related to foreign exchange impacts;
- €25.5 million related to the Albireo acquisition.

Note 16.4 Other current assets

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Contingent assets related to business combinations	89.3	41.4
Advance payments to suppliers	8.5	13.0
Prepayments	106.0	77.5
Recoverable VAT	73.3	69.3
Other assets	55.2	38.3
Total other current assets	332.3	239.5

Note 16.5 Other current and non-current liabilities

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Amounts due to non-current asset suppliers	62.7	42.5
Employment-related liabilities	208.8	197.8
VAT payable	45.0	34.8
Other current tax liabilities (excluding VAT and Corporate Tax)	24.6	16.7
Current deferred income	5.7	5.2
Contingent liabilities related to business combinations	261.8	197.3
Other liabilities	14.6	9.0
Total other current liabilities	623.2	503.3

The change in fair value of contingent liabilities related to business combinations includes the earnout related to the Albireo acquisition and the revaluation of the probabilities of success of milestone payments related to the intangible asset Onivde under the NAPOLI III trial (see note 6.3).

The increase in "Amounts due to non-current asset suppliers" as of 31 December 2023 was due to meeting a criterion for receiving a €13.3 million undisbursed milestone payment as part of Ipsen's partnership with GENFIT.

Note 17 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash includes cash on hand in demand deposits with banks.

Cash equivalents include term deposits, short-term, highly-liquid investments (with a maturity of less than three months), and are not subject to a material risk of changes in value in the event of interest rate fluctuations.

Cash equivalents are classified as financial assets at fair value held for transactions. They are measured at fair value and any changes are recognized in the income statement. Given the nature of these assets, their fair value is generally close to their net carrying value.

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Cash	453.0	528.6
Cash equivalents	75.4	640.7
Bank overdrafts	(9.0)	(3.8)
Total cash	519.5	1,165.5

Note 18 Consolidated shareholders' equity

Note 18.1 Share capital

As of 31 December 2023, Ipsen's share capital comprised 83,814,526 ordinary shares each with a par value of €1, including 48,290,670 shares with double voting rights, compared with 83,814,526 ordinary shares each with a par value of €1, including 48,275,297 shares with double voting rights as of 31 December 2022.

Note 18.2 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share was calculated by dividing consolidated net profit for the year attributable to Ipsen S.A. shareholders by the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

The weighted average number of shares outstanding is calculated according to movements in share capital, less any treasury shares held by the Group.

Diluted earnings per share was calculated by dividing consolidated net profit for the year attributable to equity holders of Ipsen S.A. by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding plus any potentially dilutive ordinary shares not yet issued.

Bonus share plans

As of 31 December 2023:

- bonus shares granted by the plans dated 27 May 2021, 24 May 2022 and 31 May 2023 are not included in the weighted average number of shares used to calculate basic income;
- bonus shares from the plan dated 27 May 2021 and the portion of bonus shares not subject to performance conditions in the 24 May 2022 and 31 May 2024 plans are included in calculating the weighted average number of shares from diluted earnings.

(in millions of euros/number of shares)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Net profit from continuing operations - attributable to Ipsen S.A. shareholders	617.1	593.4
Net profit from discontinued operations - attributable to Ipsen S.A. shareholders ⁽¹⁾	27.3	55.2
Consolidated net profit - attributable to Ipsen S.A. shareholders	644.4	648.6
Number of ordinary shares at start of year	83,814,526	83,814,526
Treasury shares (weighted average number)	(1,091,761)	(1,400,722)
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year	82,722,765	82,413,804
Basic earnings per share (in euros)	€7.79	€7.87
Basic earnings per share, continuing operations (in euros)	€7.46	€7.20
Basic earnings per share, discontinued operations (in euros) ⁽¹⁾	€0.33	€0.67
Weighted average number of shares outstanding during the year	82,722,765	82,413,804
Dilutive effect of bonus shares	652,447	684,041
Weighted average number of shares outstanding to calculate diluted earnings per share	83,375,212	83,097,845
Diluted earnings per share (in euros)	€7.73	€7.81
Diluted earnings per share, continuing operations (in euros)	€7.40	€7.14
Diluted earnings per share, discontinued operations (in euros)	€0.33	€0.66

Note 18.3 Distributions

		31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Distribution payout (in euros)	(a)	99,605,716	99,315,157
Number of shares on the payment date	(b)	83,004,763	82,762,631
Distribution per share (in euros)	(a)/(b)	1.20	1.20

Note 19 Provisions

Provisions are recognized in accordance with IAS 37 – *Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets* to cover all liabilities to third parties that are neither financial guarantees nor commitments but are likely or certain to cause an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits, provided the amount of the provision can be reliably estimated.

These provisions are estimated based on the most likely assumptions at the closing date. In the case of restructurings,

a liability is recorded as soon as the restructuring has been announced and the Group has drawn up or started to implement a detailed restructuring plan.

Provisions are discounted if the time value is material. The discount rate used to determine the present value reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks inherent to the liability. The provision increase resulting from the restatement at historical value is recorded as a financial expense.

(in millions of euros)	Provisions for business and operating risks	Provision for restructuring costs	Other provisions	Total Provisions
31 December 2021	10.0	30.5	65.1	105.6
Charges	16.7	14.6	25.1	56.4
Applied reversals	(5.3)	(9.0)	(2.4)	(16.6)
Released reversals	(1.2)	–	(13.9)	(15.1)
Change in consolidation scope	(0.7)	(9.3)	(1.1)	(11.0)
Foreign exchange differences, transfers and other movements	0.1	0.1	4.8	4.9
31 December 2022	19.6	26.9	77.7	124.2
Charges	20.8	5.1	37.2	63.1
Applied reversals	(10.5)	(18.7)	9.5	(19.7)
Released reversals	(0.6)	(5.8)	(19.7)	(26.1)
Changes in consolidation scope	–	–	–	–
Foreign exchange differences, transfers and other movements	(0.1)	(0.9)	(50.8)	(51.8)
31 December 2023	29.2	6.6	53.8	89.6
<i>of which non-current</i>	5.6	2.6	24.6	32.8
<i>of which current</i>	23.6	4.0	29.2	56.8

As of 31 December 2023, provisions broke down as follows:

- **Business and operating risks**

These provisions included certain economic risks reflecting costs that the Group could be held responsible for to terminate commercial contracts and research studies or resolve various commercial disagreements.

- **Provisions for restructuring costs**

These provisions mainly corresponded to costs incurred by the Group for corporate restructuring and transformation costs.

Allowances and reversals during 2023 were recognized in Operating Income.

- **Other provisions**

These provisions included, in particular, the risk of additional taxes on certain items from tax reassessment by local authorities that certain Group subsidiaries may be required to pay (not including corporate income tax).

Note 20 Financial assets and liabilities

Note 20.1 Financial assets

Financial assets, excluding cash and derivative financial assets used for hedging purposes, are classified in one of the three following categories:

- financial assets at amortized cost;
- financial assets at fair value through other items of comprehensive income;
- financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The Group classifies financial assets upon initial recognition based on the characteristics of their contractual cash flows and the Group's management model.

Note 20.1.1 Financial assets at amortized cost

Financial assets at amortized cost primarily comprise Group issued loans and receivables.

The Group uses the effective interest rate method to calculate interest income from financial assets.

Note 20.1.2 Financial assets at fair value through other items of comprehensive income

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income primarily consist of non-consolidated equity interests. Related dividends are recorded in the income statement. If a sale is involved, accumulated gains and losses in shareholders' equity are not recycled into the income statement.

Note 20.1.3 Financial assets at fair value through profit/(loss)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss mainly include:

- short-term investments. These investments are held for trading purposes and do not meet the classification criteria for cash equivalents (as per IAS 7 – *Statement of Cash Flows*), but which nonetheless show limited volatility;
- interests the Group owns in investment funds. The interests held in these funds do not meet the definition of equity instruments but do meet the definition of debt instruments instead;

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2022	New assets / Increases	Repayments / Decreases	Change in fair value	Other movements including foreign exchange differences	31 December 2023
Non-current financial assets	0.1	0.1	–	–	0.1	0.3
Derivative instruments	30.9	–	–	(20.3)	–	10.6
Other current financial assets	–	–	–	–	–	–
Current financial assets	31.0	–	–	(20.3)	–	10.6
Total financial assets	31.1	0.1	–	(20.3)	0.1	10.9

Note 20.2 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities include loans and are initially recognized at fair value. They are then recognized using the amortized cost method based on the effective interest rate.

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2022	New loans / Increases	Repayments / Decreases	Change in fair value	Other movements including foreign exchange differences	31 December 2023
Bonds and bank loans	581.8	—	(300.0)	—	(12.1)	269.7
Lease liabilities	82.0	22.5	(17.9)	(0.1)	(19.1)	67.4
Other financial liabilities	3.3	1.7	(0.4)	—	(0.3)	4.3
Non-current financial liabilities (measured at amortized cost)	667.0	24.3	(318.3)	(0.1)	(31.5)	341.4
Contingent liabilities related to business combinations	—	0.1	—	—	—	0.1
Non-current financial liabilities (measured at fair value)	—	0.1	—	—	—	0.1
Non-current financial liabilities	667.0	24.4	(318.3)	(0.1)	(31.5)	341.4
Credit lines and bank loans	—	—	—	—	—	—
Lease liabilities	27.7	0.6	(29.9)	—	29.0	27.4
Other financial liabilities ⁽¹⁾	73.1	2,598.0	(2,583.0)	—	(2.9)	85.1
Current financial liabilities (measured at amortized cost)	100.8	2,598.6	(2,612.9)	—	26.1	112.5
Contingent liabilities related to business combinations	—	—	—	—	—	—
Derivative financial instruments	13.0	—	—	(0.3)	—	12.6
Current financial liabilities (measured at fair value)	13.0	—	—	(0.3)	—	12.6
Current financial liabilities	113.8	2,598.6	(2,612.9)	(0.4)	26.1	125.1
Total financial liabilities	780.8	2,622.9	(2,931.3)	(0.5)	(5.4)	466.5

⁽¹⁾ Additions and repayments of other current financial liabilities measured at amortized cost primarily included commercial paper.

On 16 June 2023, the Group reimbursed a €300 million unsecured seven-year public bond.

As of 31 December 2023, the Group's financing mainly included:

- a €300 million, unsecured, public bond (U.S. Private Placement - USPP) taken out on 23 June 2019 with two tranches maturing in 7 and 10 years, respectively;
- a €1.5 billion Revolving Credit Facility (RCF) taken out on 24 May 2019 with an initial maturity of five years and two one-year extension options. It was exercised in 2020 and 2021, respectively, extending the maturity to May 2026. The Revolving Credit Facility was undrawn as of 31 December 2023.

- a €600 million commercial paper program (NEU CP - Negotiable EUROpean Commercial Paper), €80 million of which has been drawn as of 31 December 2023.

The Group was fully compliant with its covenant ratio for the RCF and the USPP.

Other transactions included €20.9 million in foreign exchange differences, €12.2 million in scope of consolidation entrances, and reclassifications between non-current and current liabilities.

Note 21 Financial risks, hedge accounting and fair value of financial instruments

Note 21.1 Financial risks

Note 21.1.1 Foreign exchange exposure

Part of the Group's business is conducted in countries where the euro, the Group's reporting currency, is the functional currency. Nevertheless, owing to its international business scope, the Group is exposed to exchange rate fluctuations that can affect its results.

Transactional foreign exchange risk

The Group's hedging policy aims to protect operating income from foreign exchange rate fluctuations compared to its company forecasts. Accordingly, the effective portion of the hedge is recorded in operating income. The Group hedges its main foreign currencies, including the USD, GBP, CNY, CHF, AUD, and BRL.

A 10% increase or decrease in the U.S. dollar, the pound sterling, and the Chinese yuan against the euro (the main currencies in which the Group operates) would impact sales by plus 5% or minus 4%, and Group Operating income by plus 5% or minus 4%.

The Group's policy is not aimed at carrying out derivative financial instrument transactions for speculative gain.

Foreign exchange risk

Financing foreign exchange risk is related to financing contracted in a currency other than the functional currencies of Group entities. To consolidate this risk, the Group usually labels intercompany financing in the borrowing subsidiary's functional currency.

The Group hedges financial current accounts denominated in the functional currencies of its subsidiaries through financial instruments that match current account balances. These include currency swaps and loans and borrowings contracted from counterparty banks.

Note 21.1.2 Interest Rate Exposure

The Group's financing consists of a fixed-rate debt from bond debts (bonds and U.S. Private Placement – USPP), as well as variable-rate debt from revolving credit facilities and a commercial paper program (NEU CP – Negotiable European Commercial Paper).

Note 21.1.3 Liquidity and counterparty risk

The Group's policy involves diversifying its business counterparties to avoid risks by spreading out revenue streams and choosing these counterparties wisely. In addition, the Group monitors the credit risks associated with the financial

instruments it invests in by selecting its investments according to the credit rating of its business counterparties. The Group manages these funds and mainly invests them as fixed-term investments (term deposits and term accounts). The Group invests its surpluses in short-term money-market financial instruments negotiated with counterparties whose credit ratings are at least investment grade.

Note 21.2 Hedge accounting

As part of its overall strategy for managing foreign exchange risk, the Group buys and sells derivative financial instruments (primarily currency futures) to manage and reduce the risk to exchange rate fluctuations. The Group only works with first-class financial institutions. Hedge accounting is applied to instruments formally designated as such and requires well-organized and detailed documentation from their inception, in accordance with IFRS 9 – *Financial Instruments*.

The Group also sets up net investment hedge transactions in foreign countries and have accounted for them in a similar way as cash flow hedges. Exchange rate exposure in foreign subsidiaries has been hedged with debt instruments.

The Group has not set up any interest rate swaps.

In addition, the Group has not designated any derivative instruments as fair value hedge.

Changes in fair value of hedging instruments are recorded:

- as equity in the comprehensive income statement, for the effective portion of the hedging relationship, then are recycled in the income statement under "Other operating income/(expenses)" when the hedged transaction falls under hedged operating activities and is completed;
- as "Other financial income/(expenses)" for the ineffective portion, which includes swap points and foreign currency basis spread components of foreign exchange contracts.

When the Group does not expect to complete a planned transaction any longer, the cumulative gains and losses previously recognized as equity are immediately recorded under income.

Derivative instruments that do not qualify as hedge accounting are initially and subsequently measured at fair value. Any changes in fair value are recognized in "Other financial income and expenses".

As of 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022, derivative financial instruments held by the Group broke down as follows:

(in millions of euros)		31 December 2023						31 December 2022		
		Face value	Fair value		Nominal value by maturity			Face value	Fair value	
			Assets	Liabilities	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years		Assets	Liabilities
Exchange rate risk hedging - Business transactions										
Put forward contracts	Cash Flow Hedge	815.3	8.3	(9.8)	815.3	—	—	811.4	24.1	(6.6)
Put option contracts	Cash Flow Hedge	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Seller at maturity foreign exchange swaps	Cash Flow Hedge	95.0	1.0	(0.5)	95.0	—	—	130.2	3.9	(0.3)
Call forward contracts	Cash Flow Hedge	235.6	0.3	(0.7)	235.6	—	—	155.4	0.1	(1.7)
Call option contracts	Cash Flow Hedge	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Buyer at maturity foreign exchange swaps	Cash Flow Hedge	12.4	—	(0.1)	12.4	—	—	101.1	0.4	(2.8)
Total business transactions		1,158.3	9.7	(11.1)	1,158.3	—	—	1,198.2	28.4	(11.4)
Exchange rate risk hedging - Financial transactions										
Put forward contracts	Non-hedging derivatives	—	—	—	—	—	—	39.7	2.4	(0.3)
Seller at maturity foreign exchange swaps	Non-hedging derivatives	281.6	1.3	—	281.6	—	—	202.6	0.1	(0.8)
Call forward contracts	Non-hedging derivatives	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
Buyer at maturity foreign exchange swaps	Non-hedging derivatives	691.5	—	(1.9)	691.5	—	—	606.9	—	(0.5)
Total financial transactions		973.1	1.4	(1.9)	973.1	—	—	849.2	2.5	(1.6)
Total hedging of business and financial transactions		2,131.4	11.0	(13.0)	2,131.4	—	—	2,047.4	30.9	(13.0)

• **Impact of financial instruments used for future cash flow hedges on "Shareholders' equity"**

As of 31 December 2023, the future cash flow hedge reserve for business transactions came to €5.3 million pre-tax, compared to a reserve of €24.5 million pre-tax as of 31 December 2022.

• **Impact of financial instruments used for future cash flow hedges on "Operating Income"**

As of 31 December 2023, financial instruments used for future cash flow hedges on business transactions negatively impacted Operating income in the amount of €19.9 million.

• **Impact of financial instruments used for future cash flow hedges on "Net financial income/(expense)"**

As of 31 December 2023, the impact of financial instruments used for future cash flow hedges recognized in Net financial income/(expense) came to a €(20.0) million expense.

• **Impact of financial instruments not qualified for future cash flow hedges on "Net financial income/(expense)"**

As of 31 December 2023, the impact of financial instruments not qualified for future cash flow hedges is included in the "Foreign exchange gain/(loss) on non-operating activities" line item on net financial income/(expense) and came to €(4.9) million as of 31 December 2023. The impact of these financial instruments in "Net financial income/(expense)" came to €5.6 million over the period.

• **Impact of financial instruments used for net investment hedges on "Shareholders' equity"**

As of 31 December 2023, the net investment hedge reserve accounted for a €(4.8) million expense before tax.

Note 21.3 Fair value of financial instruments

The Group measures their financial instruments at fair value. These instruments include derivative instruments, listed and unlisted financial assets and variable payments recognized as part of business combinations.

Financial instruments reported in the balance sheet as of 31 December 2023 break down as follows:

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	Breakdown by financial instrument class - balance sheet value					Level of fair value		
	Carrying value	Fair value through income statement	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Assets at amortized cost	Liabilities at amortized cost	Derivative financial instruments	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Equity investments	114.7	55.4	59.3	–	–	–	64.3	–	50.4
Non-current financial assets	0.3	–	–	0.3	–	–	–	–	–
Other non-current assets	5.1	1.9	–	3.2	–	–	1.9	–	–
Trade and account receivables	631.3	–	–	631.3	–	–	–	–	–
Current financial assets	10.7	–	–	–	–	10.6	–	10.6	–
Other current assets	332.3	89.3	–	243.0	–	–	–	–	89.3
Cash and cash equivalents	528.4	528.4	–	–	–	–	528.4	–	–
ASSETS	1,622.7	675.0	59.3	877.8	–	10.6	594.6	10.6	50.4
Non-current financial liabilities	341.4	–	–	–	341.4	–	–	–	–
Other non-current liabilities	247.2	209.5	–	–	37.7	–	–	–	209.5
Current financial liabilities	125.1	–	–	–	112.5	12.6	–	12.6	–
Trade payables	771.4	–	–	–	771.4	–	–	–	–
Other current liabilities	623.2	261.8	–	–	361.4	–	–	–	261.8
Bank overdrafts	9.0	9.0	–	–	–	–	9.0	–	–
LIABILITIES	2,117.2	480.3	–	–	1,624.3	12.6	9.0	12.6	–

- Level 1: fair value calculated using quoted prices in an active market for identical assets and liabilities;
- Level 2: fair value calculated using valuation techniques based on observable market data such as prices of similar assets and liabilities or parameters quoted in an active market;
- Level 3: fair value calculated using valuation techniques based wholly or partly on unobservable inputs such as prices in an inactive market or a valuation based on multiples for unlisted securities.

Financial instruments recorded in the balance sheet as of 31 December 2022 break down as follows:

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2022	Breakdown by financial instrument class - balance sheet value					Level of fair value		
	Carrying value	Fair value through income statement	Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	Assets at amortized cost	Liabilities at amortized cost	Derivatives	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Equity investments	109.8	60.4	49.4	–	–	–	50.1	–	59.7
Non-current financial assets	0.1	–	–	0.1	–	–	–	–	–
Other non-current assets	6.1	1.9	–	4.2	–	–	1.9	–	1.9
Trade and account receivables	632.5	–	–	632.5	–	–	–	–	–
Current financial assets	31.0	–	–	–	–	31.0	–	31.0	–
Other current assets	239.5	41.4	–	198.1	–	–	–	–	41.4
Cash and cash equivalents	1,169.3	1,169.3	–	–	–	–	1,169.3	–	–
ASSETS	2,188.4	1,231.6	49.4	835.1	–	31.0	1,221.3	31.0	59.7
Non-current financial liabilities	667.0	–	–	–	667.0	–	–	–	–
Other non-current liabilities	103.7	63.1	–	–	40.6	–	–	–	63.1
Current financial liabilities	113.8	–	–	–	100.8	13.0	–	13.0	–
Trade payables	647.1	–	–	–	647.1	–	–	–	–
Other current liabilities	503.3	197.3	–	–	306.0	–	–	–	197.3
Bank overdrafts	3.8	3.8	–	–	–	–	3.8	–	–
LIABILITIES	2,038.7	3.8	–	–	1,761.5	13.0	3.8	13.0	–

Note 22 Related-party information

Note 22.1 Director and Executive compensation

In 2023, the total compensation paid to Board and Executive Leadership Team members amounted to €25.6 million, €6.2 million of which was paid to members of the Board of Directors and €19.4 million of which was paid to members of the Executive Leadership Team (see Chapter 5).

Pension and similar benefits for Board members and members of the Executive Leadership Team totaled €2.8 million as of 31 December 2023, with €1.3 million paid to members of the Board of Directors and €1.5 million paid to Executive Leadership Team members.

Note 22.2 Related-party transactions

No material related-party transactions have been recorded.

Note 23 Commitments and contingent liabilities

Note 23.1 Operating commitments

Within the scope of its business, and in particular with strategic development operations that lead to partnerships, the Group regularly enters into agreements that may result in potential financial commitments, subject to the completion of certain events.

The probability-weighted and discounted value of the commitments represents the amount that the Group actually expected to pay or to receive as of 31 December 2023. The value of these commitments was determined by weighing the future commitments by the following criteria:

- probabilities of occurrence of each milestone payment planned in the agreement. The probabilities of occurrence are estimated between 0% and 100% and are reviewed and approved by the Group management team;
- discount rate corresponding to each of the Group's Cash Generating Unit to which the agreement belongs – Specialty Care;
- cost of debt for commitments related to milestones for products in development.

The maximum amounts that may be owed (commitments given) or received (commitments received) represent the maximum amounts if all the contractual terms and conditions were met, not probability-weighted, and not discounted.

Note 23.1.1 Operating commitments given

As part of its key agreements, the Group could make the regulatory or marketing milestone payments shown below:

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Probable and discounted commitments given	375.6	411.5

The maximum amount of commitments given as of 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 is detailed below:

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Key agreements in Oncology	3,546.2	3,542.2
Key agreements in Rare Diseases	791.6	803.1
Key agreements in Neuroscience	315.2	337.8
Total	4,653.0	4,683.1

The change in commitments given is due to new commitments given offset by the approval of new partnerships on planned preclinical trials.

In addition, the other major agreements signed previously are:

in Oncology:

- an exclusive licensing agreement with IRICoR and the University of Montreal where Ipsen has exclusive rights of a preclinical program with potential application in oncology;
- an exclusive licensing agreement with Exelixis where Ipsen owns the exclusive marketing rights for cabozantinib, which has indications outside the United States, Canada and Japan;
- a partnership with Queen's University of Belfast (QUB) that gives Ipsen access to their novel first-in-class FLIP inhibitor program.

in Rare Diseases:

- an exclusive worldwide license with GENFIT to develop, manufacture and market elafibranor for people living with Primary Biliary Cholangitis (PBC);
- an exclusive worldwide license agreement with Blueprint Medicines to develop and market BLU-782, a selective investigational ALK2 inhibitor being developed to treat fibrodysplasia ossificans progressiva (FOP).

Note 23.1.2 Operating commitments received

As part of its key agreements, the Group could receive regulatory or marketing milestone payments:

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Probable and discounted commitments received	147.4	28.8

The maximum amount of commitments received as of 31 December 2023 and 31 December 2022 broke down as follows:

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Key agreements in Oncology	912.3	911.8
Key agreements in Neuroscience	18.3	21.2
Key agreements in Rare Diseases	154.0	29.2
Key agreements in Hematology	144.1	150.7
Total	1,228.7	1,112.9

As of 31 December 2023, the increase in commitments received mainly related to the acquisition of Albireo (€113 million) and the signing of a new Oncology agreement with Servier.

As of 31 December 2022, commitments received mainly included amounts receivable related to acquiring Epizyme (€325 million) and due to selling the Consumer Healthcare business in 2022.

Note 23.2 Financial commitments

Ipsen Group has taken out a worldwide liability insurance policy from a third-party insurer. The insurance company itself is underwritten by the captive reinsurance company Ipsen Ré, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, for up to the first €30 million for any potential claim made.

To cover that financial commitment and address any potential default by Ipsen Ré, the Ipsen S.A. parent company issued a letter of guarantee payable upon first demand to the third-party insurer for a total amount of €3.7 million. This first demand guarantee took effect on 1 January 2023 and expires on 31 December 2027 if it has not already been used in its entirety. It can be renewed annually.

Furthermore, the previous civil liability insurance policy was reinsured by the captive reinsurance company (Ipsen Ré) and was terminated on 31 December 2018. Under this contract, the previous €9 million first demand guarantee, issued in favor of the previous insurer, has been extended for five years after the reinsurance policy expired on 31 December 2023.

The Group owns a 50% interest in a Swiss company named Linnea. It is consolidated using the equity method, and it has taken out three credit lines totaling CHF11 million. These credit lines were not drawn on during the year.

Note 23.3 Other commitments

Note 23.3.1 Capital expenditure commitments

Future Group expenditures resulting from existing investment commitments amounted to €22.4 million as of 31 December 2023, and broke down as follows:

(in millions of euros)	Maturity			Total
	Less than one year	From one to five years	Over five years	
Industrial assets	13.7	0.0	0.0	13.7
Research and Development assets	8.7	0.0	0.0	8.7
Total	22.4	0.0	0.0	22.4

Note 23.3.2 Endorsements, pledges and guarantees given

Total guarantees given amounted to €45.5 million as of 31 December 2023. These commitments primarily correspond to guarantees given to government authorities to participate in calls for tender.

Note 23.3.3 Commitments arising from Research and Development agreements

Within the scope of its business, the Group regularly enters into Research and Development agreements with partners that may result in potential financial commitments. As of 31 December 2023, those commitments totaled €117.4 million.

Note 23.4 Contingent liabilities

The Group may be involved in litigation, arbitration and other legal proceedings. Such proceedings are generally related to civil litigation concerning product liability, intellectual property rights, competition law, trading practices, trade rules, labor rights, tax issues. Provisions related to litigation and arbitration are recognized in compliance with the principles described in note 3.2.1.

Most of the questions raised by these claims are complex and subject to significant uncertainties. As a result, it is sometimes difficult to measure how likely it is that the Group will have to recognize an expense and measure how much to provision for. Contingent liabilities relate to instances where either it is not reasonably possible to provide a reliable estimate of the financial impact that could arise from a case being settled, or where it is not likely that a case will result in payment by the Group.

In general, risks are measured according to a series of complex assumptions about future events. These measurements are based on estimates and assumptions deemed reasonable by management. The Group believes that the total amount of provisions recognized for the aforementioned general risks is adequate based on information currently available. However, given the uncertainties inherent to such litigation and to contingent liability estimates, the Group cannot rule out the possibility of future rulings that could have an unfavorable material impact on its results.

The Group set up a tax pool in France for all Group companies operating in France that meet legal requirements. The system provides for various penalty provisions when entities leave the tax group, mentioned here for informational purposes.

Arbitration proceedings with Galderma

Galderma initiated three arbitration proceedings against Ipsen at the International Chamber of Commerce International Court of Arbitration (ICC), two of which are pending. The first dispute initiated by Galderma in 2021 is now closed, and pertained to the regulatory submission strategy of QM-1114, a botulinum toxin A in liquid form that Ipsen has held the marketing authorization for and has owned the intellectual property for since 2014 in the partnership territories in which Galderma is appointed as exclusive licensee. The Court ordered that any regulatory applications for QM-1114 in the partnership territories submitted by Galderma be assigned to Ipsen as the owner of the intellectual property and marketing authorization of QM-1114. However, Galderma remains responsible for development, regulatory filing strategy, manufacturing and marketing and as such, the Court declared that Galderma has the right to decide on QM-1114's regulatory strategy.

The second dispute initiated in 2021 by Galderma relates to the territorial scope of the commercial partnership related to Azzalure[®] and Dysport[®] under the Agreement signed in 2007 in the European Union, in certain Eastern European countries, and in Central Asia.

The third dispute was initiated by Galderma in November 2023 and relates to the validity of Ipsen's termination of the joint R&D collaboration entered into in July 2014 under the parties' respective early-stage neurotoxin programs, including the development of IPN 10200.

As of 31 December 2023, and at this stage of the proceedings, Ipsen cannot reasonably predict any potential financial impact these arbitration proceedings could have on Ipsen's financial statements or predict the outcome of the two remaining arbitration proceedings; however, Ipsen intends to fully defend and assert its rights against Galderma.

Note 24 Subsequent events with no impact on the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2023

Not applicable.

Note 25 Consolidation scope

Note 25.1 Consolidation methods

Subsidiaries controlled by the Group are fully consolidated. Companies controlled jointly with one or several outside partners and are consolidated either as a joint venture using the equity method, or as a joint operation, whereby Ipsen recognizes its assets and liabilities proportionally to its rights and obligations in the arrangement, in accordance with IFRS 11.

Companies over which the Group exercises significant influence are consolidated using the equity method.

If the accounting methods used by subsidiaries, joint operations, joint ventures, and equity-accounted companies do not comply with those used by Ipsen, the Group makes all necessary changes to ensure that the financial statements of those companies are compatible with the Group's accounting principles. Transactions between consolidated companies and intragroup results are eliminated.

Investments in companies that are not consolidated are recognized as equity investments.

Note 25.2 Fully-consolidated companies

Name and legal form	Country	Registered office	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
			% interest	% interest
Ipsen S.A. (<i>société consolidante</i>)	France	Boulogne (92)	100	100
BB et Cie S.A.S.	France	Boulogne (92)	100	100
Ipsen Innovation S.A.S.	France	Les Ulis (91)	100	100
Ipsen Pharma S.A.S.	France	Boulogne (92)	100	100
Ipsen PharmSciences S.A.S.	France	Dreux (28)	100	100
Ipsen Pharma Biotech S.A.S.	France	Signes (83)	100	100
Ipsen Pharma Algérie S.P.A.	Algeria	Algiers	49	49
Ipsen Pharma GmbH	Germany	Munich	100	100
OctreoPharm Sciences GmbH	Germany	Berlin	100	100
Ipsen Pty Limited	Australia	Glen Waverley	100	100
Ipsen Pharma Austria GmbH	Austria	Vienna	100	100
Ipsen N.V.	Belgium	Merelbeke	100	100
Beaufour Ipsen Farmaceutica LTDA	Brazil	Sao Paulo	100	100
Ipsen Biopharmaceuticals Canada Inc.	Canada	Mississauga	100	100
Clementia Pharmaceuticals, Inc.	Canada	Montreal	100	100
Ipsen (Beijing) Pharmaceutical science and technology development Co. Ltd	China	Beijing	100	100
Ipsen (Tianjin) Pharmaceutical Trade Co. Ltd	China	Tianjin	100	100
Ipsen (Shanghai) innovation pharmaceuticals Co., Ltd	China	Shanghai	100	100
Ipsen Colombia S.A.S	Colombia	Bogota	100	100
Ipsen Korea	Korea	Seoul	100	100
Ipsen Pharma S.A.	Spain	Barcelona	100	100
Ipsen Biopharmaceuticals, Inc	United States	New Jersey	100	100
Ipsen Bioscience Inc.	United States	Massachusetts	100	100
Albireo Pharma, Inc.	United States	Boston	100	–
Epizyme Inc.	United States	Cambridge	100	100
Ipsen Epe	Greece	Athens	100	100
Ipsen Pharma Hungary Kft	Hungary	Budapest	100	100
Elsegundo Limited	Ireland	Cork	100	100
Ipsen Manufacturing Ireland Limited	Ireland	Dublin	100	100
Ipsen Pharmaceuticals Limited	Ireland	Dublin	100	100
Ipsen S.p.A.	Italy	Milan	100	100
IPSEN K.K.	Japan	Tokyo	100	100
Ipsen Pharma Kazakhstan	Kazakhstan	Almaty	100	100
Ipsen Ré S.A.	Luxembourg	Luxembourg	100	100
Ipsen Mexico S. de R.L. de C.V.	Mexico	Mexico	100	100

Name and legal form	Country	Registered office	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
			% interest	% interest
Ipsen Farmaceutica B.V.	Netherlands	Hoofddorp	100	100
Ipsen Poland LLC	Poland	Warsaw	100	100
Ipsen Portugal - Produtos Farmaceuticos S.A.	Portugal	Alges	100	100
Ipsen Pharma s.r.o.	Czech Republic	Prague	100	100
Ipsen Pharma Romania S.R.L.	Romania	Bucharest	100	100
Ipsen Limited	United Kingdom	Berkshire	100	100
Ipsen BioInnovation Limited	United Kingdom	Oxford	100	100
Ipsen Biopharm Limited	United Kingdom	Wrexham	100	100
Ipsen Developments Limited	United Kingdom	Berkshire	100	100
Sterix Limited	United Kingdom	Slough	100	100
Ipsen OOO	Russia	Moscow	100	100
Ipsen Pharma Singapore PTE Ltd	Singapore	Singapore	100	100
Institut Produits Synthèse (Ipsen) AB	Sweden	Kista	100	100
Albireo AB	Sweden	Göteborg	100	—
Elobix AB	Sweden	Göteborg	—	100
IPSEN Pharma Schweiz GmbH	Switzerland	Zug	100	100
Ipsen Pharma Tunisie S.A.R.L.	Tunisia	Tunis	100	100
Ipsen Ukraine Services LLC	Ukraine	Kyiv	100	100

Note 25.3 Equity-accounted companies

Name and legal form	Country	Registered office	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
			% interest	% interest
Bakx Therapeutics Inc.	United States	New York	14	14
Linnea S.A.	Switzerland	Riazzino	50	50

Note 26 Fees paid to the Statutory Auditors

The fees paid by the Group to the Statutory Auditors and members of their networks are presented in the following table:

	Amount net of VAT		%		Amount net of VAT		%	
	PWC		PWC		KPMG		KPMG	
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Certification and limited interim review of separate and consolidated financial statements								
Issuer	334	325	28%	34%	262	303	33%	36%
Fully consolidated subsidiaries	657	598	55%	62%	504	516	64%	62%
Sub-total	990	923	82%	96%	766	819	97%	98%
Services other than the certification of the financial statements⁽¹⁾								
Issuer	55	30	5%	3%	0	0	0%	0%
Fully consolidated subsidiaries	157	10	13%	1%	23	14	3%	2%
Sub-total	212	40	18%	4%	23	14	3%	2%
Total	1,202	963	100%	100%	789	833	100%	100%

⁽¹⁾ The type of services other than the "certification of financial statements" provided by the Statutory Auditors to the consolidating entity and to its controlled subsidiaries includes the contractual audit, certification of financial, environmental, and corporate social responsibility data, and independent third-party assignments.

3.2.6 Statutory Auditors' Report on the consolidated financial statements

This is a translation into English of the statutory auditors' report on the consolidated financial statements of the Company issued in French and it is provided solely for the convenience of English-speaking users. This statutory auditors' report includes information required by European regulation and French law, such as information about the appointment of the statutory auditors or verification of the information concerning the Group presented in the management report and other documents provided to shareholders.

This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

Ipsen S.A.
65 quai Georges Gorse – 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt

Statutory auditors' report on the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

To the annual general meeting of Ipsen S.A.

Opinion

In compliance with the engagement entrusted to us by your annual general meeting, we have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Ipsen S.A. ("the Group") for the year ended 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities and of the financial position of the Group as at 31 December 2023 and of the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European union.

The audit opinion expressed above is consistent with our report to the Audit Committee.

Basis for Opinion

Audit Framework

We conducted our audit in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Statutory Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report.

Independence

We conducted our audit engagement in compliance with independence requirements of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce) and the French Code of Ethics (code de déontologie) for statutory auditors, for the period from 1st January 2023 to the date of our report and specifically we did not provide any prohibited non-audit services referred to in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) No 537/2014 or in the French Code of ethics (code de déontologie) for statutory auditors.

Justification of Assessments - Key Audit Matters

In accordance with the requirements of Articles L.821-53 and R.821-180 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce) relating to the justification of our assessments, we inform you of the key audit matters relating to risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period, as well as how we addressed those risks.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on specific items of the consolidated financial statements.

Intellectual property valuation

Note 11 of Ipsen's consolidated financial statements

Identified risk

As of December 31, 2023, the net value of the Group's intellectual property presented in "Other intangible assets" amounted to 2 577 m€ out of a total balance sheet of 6 323 m€.

Those assets relate to acquired rights for pharmaceutical specialties that can be:

- marketed and amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful life. The useful life periods vary depending on cash flow forecasts, which are based on the underlying patent-protection period;
- during the ongoing development phase and therefore not yet marketed, and thus not yet amortized.

As indicated in note 11, the not-yet-amortizable assets are mainly intellectual property rights and licenses and are subject to an annual impairment test or whenever there is a trigger event. The assets with a definite useful life are subject to an impairment test whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that these assets may have been impaired.

Impairment tests consist in comparing the net book value of the asset to its recoverable amount, which is the higher of its fair value less costs to transfer and its value in use. The value in use is determined on estimated future cash flows expected of the asset.

The approach used for the impairment test is described in note 11.2.

We considered that the value of those assets is a key audit matter because i) it is significant in the Group financial statements and ii) the method of determining their recoverable value, based on future cash flow forecasts, requires the use of assumptions and estimates by management based on the future discounted cash flows used to perform these tests.

Audit procedures implemented with regard to the identified risk

Our work consisted in particular in:

- obtaining an understanding of the process put in place by management to perform impairment tests on those assets ;
- corroborating the existence of an indication of impairment identified by management as of December 31, 2023;

- assessing the methods used to implement the impairment tests performed by management. With the support of our valuation experts, we assessed the reasonableness of the discount rates applied to the cash flows. We also verified the correct calculation of these tests;
- verifying the consistency of cash-flow projections with management's business plans. Where possible, we also assessed the consistency of certain assumptions with external market and industry data, and the consistency of these assumptions with evidence obtained elsewhere during the audit, such as internal company communications and presentations and external communications;
- performing our own sensitivity analyses on impairment tests to corroborate those prepared by management;
- assessing the appropriateness of the information provided in the note 11 to the consolidated financial statements.

Albireo Acquisition

Notes 1.1 and 3.1.2 of Ipsen's consolidated financial statements

Identified risk

Ipsen completed the acquisition of Albireo, Inc. on March 2, 2023, for a price corresponding to \$42 per share plus a CVR of \$10.00 per share.

Albireo's lead medicine is Bylvay (odevixibat), which is used in the treatment of cholestatic liver diseases, including PFIC, ALGS, and BA.

This transaction meets the definition of a business combination as set forth in IFRS 3 R "Business Combinations" and has been accounted for accordingly in Ipsen's consolidated financial statements at that date.

The implied equity value amounted to 918 m€ (including CVR). The tangible and intangible assets acquired, net of liabilities assumed, amount to 822 m€ and the goodwill recognized at the end of the transaction amounts to 97 m€.

The purchase price allocation remains provisional as of December 31, 2023.

We consider the assessment of the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the Albireo acquisition to be a key audit matter because of the significance of the transaction to the consolidated financial statements and the high level of judgment required of management in the provisional purchase price allocation.

Audit procedures implemented with regard to the identified risk

As part of the audit, we obtained the legal documentation related to the transaction as well as the report of the external valuator engaged by Management to perform the provisional purchase price allocation and to assist in the identification of the assets and liabilities recognized in the acquisition of Albireo.

We performed specific procedures on significant items of the acquired company opening balance sheet.

With the help of our valuation experts, our work also consisted in:

- reviewing the process implemented by management to identify liabilities, contingent liabilities assumed, and assets acquired, corroborating those with (i) the discussions we had with management and (ii) our understanding of Albireo's business;
- analyzing the valuation methods used by management to determine the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed;
- assessing the significant valuation assumptions used by management by comparing them to market data where possible;
- verifying the arithmetical accuracy of the valuations performed;
- assessing the overall consistency of the price allocation made and the amount of goodwill thus calculated;
- verifying that notes 1.1 and 3.1.2 to the consolidated financial statements provides appropriate information.

Specific verifications

We have also performed, in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the specific verifications required by laws and regulations of the Group's information given in the management report of the Board of Directors.

We have no matters to report as to their fair presentation and their consistency with the consolidated financial statements.

We attest that the consolidated non-financial statement required by Article L.225-102-1 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce) is included in the Group's management report, it being specified that, in accordance with Article L.823-10 of this Code, we have verified neither the fair presentation nor the consistency with the consolidated financial statements of the information contained therein. This information should be reported on by an independent third party.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Format of presentation of the consolidated financial statements intended to be included in the annual financial report

We have also verified, in accordance with the professional standard applicable in France relating to the procedures performed by the statutory auditor relating to the annual and consolidated financial statements presented in the European single electronic format, that the presentation of the consolidated financial statements intended to be included in the annual financial report mentioned in Article L.451-1-2, I of the French Monetary and Financial Code (code monétaire et financier), prepared under the responsibility of the Chief Executive Officer, complies with the single electronic format defined in the European Delegated Regulation No 2019/815 of 17 December 2018. As it relates to consolidated financial statements, our work includes verifying that the tagging of these consolidated financial statements complies with the format defined in the above delegated regulation.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the presentation of the consolidated financial statements intended to be included in the annual financial report complies, in all material respects, with the European single electronic format.

Due to the technical limitations inherent to the block-tagging of the consolidated financial statements according to the European single electronic format, the content of certain tags of the notes may not be rendered identically to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Besides, we have no responsibility to verify that the consolidated financial statements that will ultimately be included by your company in the annual financial report filed with the AMF are in agreement with those on which we have performed our work.

Appointment of the Statutory Auditors

We were appointed as statutory auditors of Ipsen S.A. by the annual general meeting held on 18 June 2005 for KPMG S.A. and on 24 May 2022 for PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit.

As at 31 December 2023, KPMG S.A. and PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit were in the 19th year and 2nd year of total uninterrupted engagement.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless it is expected to liquidate the Company or to cease operations.

The Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the financial reporting process and the effectiveness of internal control and risks management systems and where applicable, its internal audit, regarding the accounting and financial reporting procedures.

The consolidated financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors.

Statutory Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Objectives and audit approach

Our role is to issue a report on the consolidated financial statements. Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As specified in Article L.821-55 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce), our statutory audit does not include assurance on the viability of the Company or the quality of management of the affairs of the Company.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the statutory auditor exercises professional judgment throughout the audit and furthermore:

- Identifies and assesses the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designs and performs audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtains audit evidence considered to be sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for his opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtains an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluates the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management in the consolidated financial statements.
- Assesses the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. This assessment is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of his audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern. If the statutory auditor concludes that a material uncertainty exists, there is a requirement to draw attention in the audit report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are not provided or inadequate, to modify the opinion expressed therein.
- Evaluates the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements and assesses whether these statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtains sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. The statutory auditor is responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the consolidated financial statements and for the opinion expressed on these consolidated financial statements.

Report to the Audit Committee

We submit a report to the Audit Committee which includes in particular a description of the scope of the audit and the audit program implemented, as well as the results of our audit. We also report, if any, significant deficiencies in internal control regarding the accounting and financial reporting procedures that we have identified.

Our report to the Audit Committee includes the risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and which are therefore the key audit matters that we are required to describe in this report.

We also provide the Audit Committee with the declaration provided for in Article 6 of Regulation (EU) N° 537/2014, confirming our independence within the meaning of the rules applicable in France such as they are set in particular by Articles L.821-27 to L.821-34 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce) and in the French Code of Ethics (code de déontologie) for statutory auditors. Where appropriate, we discuss with the Audit Committee the risks that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and the related safeguards.

Neuilly-sur-Seine and Paris la Défense, on February 15, 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

KPMG S.A.

Stéphane Basset

Cédric Adens

3.3 2023 Statutory financial statements

3.3.1 Balance Sheet

Balance sheet as of 31 December 2023

ASSETS

Assets (in millions of euros)	Notes	31 December 2023			31 December 2022
		Gross	Depreciation, amortization & write-downs	Net	
Intangible assets	3.1.1	1.1		1.1	0.2
Financial investments					
– Equity investments	3.1.2/3.1.3	1,167.4		1,167.4	1,167.4
– Other financial assets	3.1.2/3.1.4	15.2	4.8	10.4	10.8
Non-current assets		1,183.8	4.8	1,179.0	1,178.4
Receivables					
– Advances and down-payments to suppliers		0.1		0.1	0.0
– Trade and accounts receivables	3.2	4.6		4.6	15.2
– Other receivables	3.2	62.4		62.4	17.2
Other					
– Short-term investments	3.3	103.3	0.8	102.5	104.8
– Cash and cash equivalents	3.4	21.0		21.0	564.7
– Prepayments					
Current assets		191.4	0.8	190.6	701.9
Debt issuance costs to be amortized	3.5	0.8		0.8	2.2
Bond redemption premium					0.1
Unrealized losses on foreign exchange	3.6	0.8		0.8	13.3
Total assets		1,376.9	5.6	1,371.2	1,895.9

EQUITY & LIABILITIES

Liabilities (in millions of euros)	Notes	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Share capital		83.8	83.8
Paid-in capital		122.3	122.3
Legal reserve		8.4	8.4
Other reserves			
Retained earnings		1.5	98.0
Net profit/(loss) for the period		572.2	3.1
Regulated provisions		1.3	0.8
Equity	3.7	789.6	316.4
Provisions for contingencies and losses	3.8	43.2	49.9
Other bonds	3.9	0.0	303.3
Bank borrowings	3.9	274.8	287.2
Sundry borrowings and financial liabilities	3.9	80.0	65.0
Trade and accounts payable	3.9/3.10	6.7	5.8
Taxes payable and payroll on-cost amounts payable	3.9/3.10	8.3	11.1
Amounts due to non-current asset suppliers	3.9/3.10	2.3	3.0
Other liabilities	3.9/3.10	166.5	854.2
Cash instruments			
Deferred income			
Debts		538.5	1,529.5
Unrealized gains on foreign exchange		0.0	0.0
Total equity & liabilities		1,371.2	1,895.9

3.3.2 Income statement at 31 December 2023

(in millions of euros)	Notes	31 December 2023	31 December 2022 ⁽¹⁾
Sales of merchandise		-	-
Production sold – services	4.1	7.8	4.7
Net sales		7.8	4.7
Reversal of depreciation, amortization & provisions, expense transfers	4.1	0	1.6
Other revenues	4.1	0.5	3.2
Operating income		8.3	9.5
Other purchases and external charges	4.2	(9.1)	(10.3)
Taxes and duties	4.2	(1.1)	(1.0)
Wages and salaries	4.2	(14.7)	(18.6)
Payroll on-costs	4.2	(5.8)	(5.4)
Depreciation expense on fixed assets	4.2	(1.4)	(1.5)
Provision expense on fixed assets		-	-
Provision expense for contingencies and losses	4.2	(0.6)	-
Miscellaneous operating expenses	4.2	(1.0)	(1.0)
Operating expenses		(33.8)	(37.7)
Operating profit/(loss)		(25.4)	(28.3)
Financial income from equity interests	4.3	600.9	0.4
Income from other non-current receivables		-	-
Other interest and similar income	4.3	1.4	1.4
Reversal of provisions and transfer of extraordinary expense	4.3	-	0.1
Foreign exchange gains	4.3	-	0.1
Financial income		602.4	2.0
Depreciation, amortization and provision charges	4.4	(1.6)	(1.9)
Interest and other financial expenses	4.4	(27.2)	(23.6)
Foreign exchange losses	4.4	(0.1)	(2.9)
Financial expense		(28.9)	(28.4)
Net financial income/(expense)		573.5	(26.3)
Pre-tax profit/(loss) on ordinary activities		548.1	(54.6)
Extraordinary income from operations	4.5	17.3	37.0
Extraordinary income from capital transactions	4.5	1.2	1.8
Reversal of provisions and transfer of extraordinary expense	4.5	59.8	24.5
Extraordinary income		78.2	63.3
Extraordinary expenses from operations		-	-
Extraordinary expenses from capital transactions	4.5	(41.8)	(27.9)
Depreciation, amortization and provision charges	4.5	(32.5)	(27.1)
Extraordinary expenses		(74.3)	(55.1)
Net extraordinary income/(expense)		4.0	8.2
Employee profit-sharing		-	-
Income tax income/(expense)	4.6	20.2	49.5
Net profit/(loss) for the year		572.2	3.1

⁽¹⁾ The figures at 31 December 2022 have been restated following the change in the presentation of the operations related to the free share allocation plans - see Note 2.3

3.3.3 Cash-flow statement at 31 December 2023

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Opening cash and cash equivalents	564.7	378.0
Net profit/(loss)	572.2	3.1
<i>Elimination of income and expenses with no impact on cash flow or not used in operating activities</i>		
- Net depreciation, amortization and provision charges	(3.3)	4.4
- Capital gains from the sale of treasury shares	40.6	26.2
Cash flow	609.6	33.7
Change in working capital requirement related to operating activities	(35.3)	55.9
Net cash flow from operating activities	574.4	89.6
Acquisition of equity investments	-	-
Disposal of equity investments	-	-
Other cash flows related to financing activities	(1.3)	(0.5)
Change in working capital requirement related to investment activities	(0.7)	(0.8)
Net cash provided (used) by investment activities	(2.0)	(1.3)
Repayment of borrowings	(315.6)	(14.7)
Debt issues	15.0	-
Change in share capital	-	-
Share buyback agreement	(39.2)	(10.7)
Dividends paid	(99.6)	(99.3)
Change in working capital requirement related to financing activities	(676.6)	223.2
Net cash provided (used) by financing activities	(1,116.0)	98.5
Changes in cash and cash equivalents	(543.7)	186.8
Closing cash and cash equivalents	21.0	564.7

3.3.4 Notes to the annual financial statements

Introduction

The 2023 annual financial statements are presented in accordance with legal and regulatory provisions applicable in France as set forth in the French generally accepted accounting principles (ANC Regulation No. 2014-03 approved by ministerial decree dated 5 June 2014), in keeping with the prudence principle, the time period principle and the presumption of a going concern.

The annual financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the following basic assumptions:

- the prudence principle,
- the presumption of a going concern,
- the consistency of accounting methods and cut-offs,
- the time period principle.

The reporting period covers the twelve-month period covering from 1 January to 31 December 2023.

The notes and tables presented below form an integral part of the annual financial statements.

Note 1 Significant events during the year

No significant event that has had an impact on the financial statements has occurred during the financial year.

Note 2 Accounting principles and valuation methods

Note 2.1 Valuation methods

Note 2.1.1 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are accounted for at acquisition cost or contribution value, less cumulative amortization and any impairment losses.

When intangible assets have a defined useful life, their cost is subtracted from any residual value, where applicable, and then amortized over a period corresponding to the useful life estimated by the Company. Amortization periods are determined on a case-by-case basis depending on the type of asset concerned.

When intangible assets have an indefinite useful life, they are not amortized but are automatically tested for impairment on a yearly basis.

As a general rule, brands and trademarks are not amortized.

Note 2.1.2 Financial Investments

Note 2.1.2.1 Equity investments

Equity investments whose long-term ownership is deemed useful to Ipsen's business, notably because it allows for the exercise of influence or control over the issuing company, are recognized at acquisition cost.

When the value on the closing date is below the carrying value, a provision for impairment is recorded for the difference.

The value on the closing date is measured according to such criteria as the value of the share held in the net assets or the earnings prospects of the relevant company. These criteria are weighted by the effects of owning these shares in terms of strategy or synergies, in respect of other investments held.

Acquisition-related expenses are included in the acquisition cost of the shares. These expenses are spread over five years for tax purposes *via* a regulated provision in the accounts.

Note 2.1.2.2 Liquidity Contract

Under the Company's share buyback program, Ipsen makes funds available as part of a liquidity agreement. The contributions made under the liquidity contract, which are not readily available (the cash and cash equivalents in the agreement as well as the treasury shares held) are recorded under the "Other financial assets" line item.

The capital gains and losses from treasury shares are recognized on the income statement, without offset between transactions.

At the closing date, short-term investment amounts in treasury shares are measured at their net asset liquidation value. Capital gains realized between the closing date value and the starting value are not recognized. Unrealized capital losses are written down.

Note 2.1.2.3 Investments in Private Equity Investment Funds

The capital gain observed between the inventory value (*i.e.* the net asset value) and the gross value is not recorded. Consequently, when the net asset value is higher than the gross value, there is no reevaluation in the balance sheet. In the event of an unrealized capital loss, a depreciation for the amount of the unrealized loss is booked.

Note 2.1.3 Payables and receivables

Payables and receivables are measured at face value.

Receivables are assessed on a case-by-case basis and may be written down depending on the risks identified.

Income and expenses in foreign currencies are recorded at their conversion value on the transaction date.

Payables and receivables in foreign currencies are shown on the balance sheet at their conversion value on the closing date. The difference resulting from their conversion at the closing price is put on the balance sheet under the "Foreign exchange differences" line item.

Note 2.1.4 Short-term Investments

In accordance with opinion No. 2008-17 of France's National Accounting Board (*Conseil National de Comptabilité* - CNC), Company shares allotted to bonus share plans and purchased outside the framework of a liquidity agreement are recorded at acquisition cost, i.e. the purchase price plus transaction fees.

At the closing date, provisions were recorded as follows:

- Treasury shares allocated to bonus share plans are subject to length of service conditions at the Company. Since the allotment of Ipsen's bonus share plans are subject to length of service conditions at the Company, the provision is spread over the vesting period;
- Other treasury shares purchased (not allocated specifically to plans) are subject to a provision for impairment for the difference between the value at the closing date, made up of the average monthly share price during the last month of the year and the carrying value; a provision for impairment is recorded for the difference.

The income and expenses generated from buying and selling the Company's treasury shares are recognized as extraordinary income or expenses. To determine the net income or expense when selling repurchased shares, the oldest shares are considered to have been sold first in accordance with the FIFO (first-in, first-out) method.

Note 2.1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise immediately available liquidity.

Liquidity in foreign currencies are translated into euros based on the latest exchange rates at year-end.

Foreign exchange differences, where applicable, are directly recognized in the income statement in foreign exchange gains or losses for the year.

Note 2.1.6 Provisions for contingencies and losses

Provisions for contingencies and losses are recognized at year-end to cover all Company liabilities to third parties likely or certain to give rise to an outflow of resources to said third-parties without any counterpart.

These provisions are estimated based on the most likely assumptions on the closing date.

Note 2.1.7 Forward financial instruments and hedging transactions

The Company uses forward financial instruments such as forward contracts and swaps (hedging transactions) as part of its overall strategy to manage foreign exchange risks. These forward financial instruments are contracted only with the best financial institutions. They are documented as hedging instruments to hedge exposure to fluctuations in cash flows denominated in foreign currencies and associated with are recognized asset or liability, or a sufficiently probable future transaction. Forward financial instruments documented as hedges are accounted for in accordance with ANC regulation No. 2015-05 of 2 July 2015 related to forward financial instruments and hedging transactions.

Unrealized or realized gains and losses on a foreign exchange hedging instrument are symmetrically recognized in the income statement with the hedged item. Changes in the value of hedging instruments are not recognized in the balance sheet. The Company does not hold any Isolated Open Position (IOP) hedging instruments.

Foreign exchange gains and losses are recorded in the "Operating income" or "Financial income", depending on the type of transaction that generated it. In line with the hedge accounting symmetry principle, foreign exchange hedging transactions are recognized in the same income statement line item as the hedged item.

The Company opted to stagger premiums and discounts on foreign exchange hedges over the hedging period on the income statement.

Off balance-sheets commitments related to financial instruments are presented in note 5.3.2.

Note 2.1.8 Employee commitments

Note 2.1.8.1 Retirement benefits

Company employees may be entitled to compensation when they retire or to a pension following their retirement. The Company's liabilities arising from such post-employment benefits are calculated using an actuary model and assumptions applicable in France.

The corresponding liabilities, based on the rights vested to the beneficiaries, are covered by contributions to independent organizations (insurance companies), which are responsible for paying the pensions and other benefits. In accordance with the provisions of the French Commercial Code, net assets and liabilities arising from these obligations were not recognized, as the Company does not apply the preferred method.

Further, amounts intended to reward employees for their length of service are paid out as bonuses by the Company.

Note 2.1.8.2 Bonus share plans

Granting performance shares or shares with conditions of presence are components of compensation.

As a result, treasury shares are allocated to bonus share plans and are subject to a provision in liabilities to account for the commitment to grant the shares to employees (see note 2.1.4).

The Group recognizes the provision related to Company beneficiaries under personnel expenses.

The commitment related to beneficiaries of other Group companies is fully provisioned for once the Group grants the shares. Then the Group rebills the subsidiaries involved. These items are considered extraordinary income items.

Note 2.1.8.3 Long service awards

The Company follows the National Council of Accounting (CNC) recommendation No. 2003-R.01 dated 1 April 2003 related to accounting rules and evaluating retirement and similar benefits. This recommendation specifies that companies must now make a corresponding provision in their individual financial statements for long service awards.

Note 2.2 Tax consolidation regime

To reflect the tax consolidation that unites the Company with its subsidiaries in the financial statements, Ipsen, in accordance with the other member companies of its tax consolidation group, has adopted the following rules, reflecting the position of French tax authorities.

Each subsidiary within the consolidation scope recognizes its income tax as if it were taxed separately, *i.e.* particularly after carrying forward tax losses incurred earlier by the subsidiary and transferred to the parent company.

Ipsen S.A. calculates the income tax due by the consolidated group and expenses the charge. The Company also recognizes the tax savings arising from the tax consolidation as income. Ipsen S.A. does not transfer the tax savings subsidiaries helped contribute to the group back to loss-generating companies to put them back in the black.

Note 2.3 Comparative information

In order to provide better financial information, starting on 1 January 2023, the Company reclassified impacts from bonus share award transactions in extraordinary income, namely:

- in the past, rebilling to other Group companies was recognized in revenue but is now recognized in Extraordinary income from operations;
- allocations to and reversals of provisions are now fully recognized in Net extraordinary income/(expenses);
- expenses related to Company employees are recognized in personnel expenses.

Comparative information as of 31 December 2022 has been restated for the following items:

(in millions of euros)	2022 published	reclassification	2022 restated
Net Sales	31.3	(26.6)	4.7
Reversal of depreciation, amortization & provisions, expense transfers	26.1	(24.5)	1.6
Wages and salaries and social security expenses	(13.5)	(10.4)	(24.0)
Provision expense for contingencies and losses	(26.8)	26.8	—
Operating profit/(loss)	6.4	(34.7)	(28.3)
Extraordinary income from operations	—	37.0	37.0
Reversals of provisions and expense transfers	—	24.5	24.5
Depreciation, amortization and provision charges	(0.3)	(26.8)	(27.1)
Net extraordinary income/(expense)	(26.5)	34.7	8.2
Net profit/(loss) for the year	3.1	—	3.1

Note 3 Notes to the balance sheet

Note 3.1 Non-current assets

Note 3.1.1 Intangible assets

• Change in gross amounts

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2022	Increases	Decreases	31 December 2023
Brands and trademarks	0.2	-	-	0.2
Intangible assets in progress	-	0.9	-	0.9
Total	0.2	0.9	-	1.1

No amortization or provisions were recognized for these intangible assets, which had a net carrying value of €1.1 million as of 31 December 2023. The €0.9 million increase corresponded to a purchase of carbon offset certificates.

Note 3.1.2 Financial investments

• Change in gross amounts

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2022	Increases	Decreases	31 December 2023
Equity investments – shares Note 3.1.3	1,167.4	-	-	1,167.4
Company shares / liquidity agreement	2.4	-	-	2.4
Liquidity agreement	2.5	0.3	-	2.8
Loans	-	-	-	-
FPCI – Private equity professional fund	10.0	-	-	10.0
Total other financial assets - Note 3.1.4	14.9	0.3	-	15.2
Total financial assets	1,182.4	0.3	-	1,182.7

• Change in write-downs

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2022	Increases	Decreases	31 December 2023
Equity investments – shares	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets - Note 3.1.4	4.2	0.7	-	4.8
Total	4.2	0.7	-	4.8

Note 3.1.3 Equity investments

Information about subsidiaries and equity associates is disclosed in the subsidiaries and equity associates table.

Note 3.1.4 Other financial assets

As of 31 December 2023, this item broke down as follows:

- shares in the InnoBio FPCI private equity professional fund: In 2009, the Company signed a subscription form for 5,000 shares at an initial investment value of €1,000 each, with the InnoBio FPCI for a total of €5.0 million. The commitment included 13 tranches for a total of €5.0 million paid from 2009 to 2023. As of 31 December 2023, the Company held 2.89% of the fund;
- shares in the InnoBio 2 FPCI private equity professional fund: in 2018, the Company signed a subscription form for 5,000 shares at an initial investment value of €1,000 each, with the InnoBio 2 FPCI for a total of €5 million. The

commitment included the amount initially called and four tranches totaling €3.0 million paid between 2018 and 2023, and deferred tranches totaling €2.0 million that will be gradually called by the fund management company. As of 31 December 2023, the Company held 2.47% of the fund;

- treasury shares held as part of a liquidity agreement entrusted to Oddo BHF as of 1 July 2018 for a one-year period and automatically renewed. The liquidity agreement complies with the AMAFI Ethics Charter, approved by the French financial markets authority (AMF).

As of 31 December 2023, the Company held 22,044 shares with a gross value of €2.4 million, and provided €2.8 million in cash under the liquidity agreement. These treasury shares were depreciated by €0.2 million as of 31 December 2023.

Note 3.2 Receivables by maturity

(in millions of euros)	Gross amount 2022	Gross amount 2023	of which	
			Less than one year	More than one year
Advances and prepayments on orders	-	0.1	0.1	-
Trade Receivables	15.2	4.6	4.6	-
Other trade receivables				
- Sécurité sociale	0.1	-	-	-
- Income tax	15.9	46.2 ⁽¹⁾	46.2	-
- Value added tax	0.6	5.0	5.0	-
Group and associated companies	0.5	2.5 ⁽²⁾	2.5	-
Miscellaneous receivables	0.1	8.7 ⁽³⁾	8.7	-
Total Other Trade Receivables	17.2	62.4	62.4	-
Prepayments	-	-	-	-
TOTAL RECEIVABLES	32.4	67.1	67.1	-

⁽¹⁾ As of 31 December 2023, the Company was in a tax loss position. The "Income tax" receivables position consisted of the Research Tax Credit, and the income tax installments cashed out in 2023.

⁽²⁾ The change in "Group receivables" was mainly generated by a tax gain resulting from the Group consolidation and movements related to consolidating the Group's French companies' VAT.

⁽³⁾ Various receivables correspond to re-invoicing for expenses related to French companies' bonus share plans. These amounts were presented as trade receivables as of 31 December 2022.

Note 3.3 Short-term investments

The Company holds short-term investments comprised of 1,094,272 treasury shares valued at €102.5 million.

• Change in short-term investments

In millions of euros)	31 December 2022	Increases ⁽¹⁾	Decreases	31 December 2023
Gross value	104.8	43.0	(44.4)	103.3
Write-downs ⁽²⁾	-	(0.8)	-	(0.8)
Net value	104.8	42.2	(44.4)	102.5

⁽¹⁾ Change in marketable securities after the share buyback program.

⁽²⁾ Impairment provision related to a change in stock price for treasury shares.

Note 3.4 Cash and cash equivalents

As of 31 December 2023, "Cash and cash equivalents" corresponded to balances from bank accounts the Company holds.

Note 3.5 Debt issuance costs to be amortized

Debt issuance costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the duration of the respective bonds and loans from which they arose. As of 31 December 2023, debt issuance costs came to €0.8 million, compared with €2.2 million as of 31 December 2022.

Note 3.6 Unrealized losses on foreign exchange

As of 31 December 2023, the Company recognized €0.8 million, which corresponded to the difference between the historic price and the closing price of the bonds from financial institutions denominated in foreign currencies.

Note 3.7 Share Capital

As of 31 December 2023, Ipsen's share capital comprised 83,814,526 ordinary shares each with a par value of €1, including 48,290,670 shares with double voting rights, compared with 83,814,526 ordinary shares each with a par value of €1, including 48,275,297 shares with double voting rights as of 31 December 2022.

• Change in share capital

(in millions of euros)	Share capital	Share premium	Issue premium	Legal reserve	Other reserves	Retained earnings	Net profit (loss) for the period	Regulated provisions	Total equity
Balance at 31 December 2021, before allocation of net profit	83.8	-	122.3	8.4	-	98.0	3.1	0.8	316.4
Distribution	-	-	-	-	-	(96.5)	(3.1)	-	(99.6)
Net profit (loss) for the period	-	-	-	-	-	-	572.2	-	572.2
Capital increase from exercised warrants	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other movements	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5
Balance at 31 December 2022, before allocation of net profit	83.8	-	122.3	8.4	-	1.5	572.2	1.3	789.6

For 2022, the Company distributed €100.6 million in dividends, €99.6 million restated from treasury shares, €96.5 million of which was withdrawn from Retained Earnings and from 2022 earnings.

Note 3.8 Provisions for contingencies and losses

The change in provisions for contingencies and losses from the opening to the closing of the year broke down as follows:

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2022	Movements during the period				31 December 2023
		Dotations	Reversals		Other movements	
			Applied	Released		
- Provisions for contingencies	49.8	32.5	(39.3)	0.0	-	43.0
- Provisions for losses	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	-	0.2
Total	50.0	32.6	(39.3)	0.0	-	43.2

As of 31 December 2023, provisions for contingencies and losses mainly included the following items:

- Provisions recorded to account for performance-based employee bonus share obligations (€42.4 million);
- Provisions to cover expenses related to long service awards (€0.2 million).

The long service awards commitment was calculated using the actuarial projected unit credit method and was fully booked as of 31 December 2023. This commitment totaling €0.2 million was calculated from discount rate of 3.17%.

The commitment pertaining to granting shares to Group beneficiaries is fully provisioned for once the shares have been granted, then they are rebilled to the subsidiaries concerned. These are extraordinary income items.

Note 3.9 Borrowings and debt**Note 3.9.1** Liabilities by maturity

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	Of which			31 December 2022
		Within 1 year	1 to 5 years	Over 5 years	
Other bonds	-	-	-	-	303.3
Bank borrowings					
- Initially up to one year	0.3	0.3			0.3
- Initially over one year ¹	274.5	4.5	136.8	133.2	286.9
Total Bank borrowings	274.8	4.8	136.8	133.2	287.2
Sundry borrowings and financial liabilities²	80.0	80.0	0	0	65.0
Trade payables	6.7	6.7	-	-	5.8
Taxes payable and payroll on-cost amounts payable					
Personnel and related accounts payable	3.1	3.1	-	-	3.3
Social security and other welfare agency payables	5.0	5.0	-	-	7.5
State and other public authority payables:					
- Value added tax	-	-	-	-	-
- Other taxes and duties	0.2	0.2	-	-	0.3
Total taxes payable and payroll on-cost amounts payable	8.3	8.3	-	-	11.1
Amounts payable to fixed asset suppliers and related accounts	2.3	2.3	-	-	3.0
Other liabilities					
Group and associated companies ³	165.7	165.7	-	-	853.1
Other liabilities	0.8	0.8	-	-	1.1
Total other liabilities	166.5	166.5	-	-	854.2
Deferred income	-	-	-	-	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES	538.5	268.5	136.8	133.2	1,529.5

Note 3.9.2 Sundry borrowings, financial liabilities and bonds

On 24 May 2019, Ipsen S.A. signed a €1.5 billion five-year syndicated loan, which was extended until 26 May 2026.

On 23 July 2019, Ipsen S.A. obtained a \$300 million long-term U.S. Private Placement (USPP) with two tranches maturing in seven and ten years, respectively.

The Group has to comply with a Net Debt / EBITDA of below 3.5 times at each financial closing for both the syndicated loan and the USPP. The Group was in compliance with the defined covenant ratio for these two loans.

The syndicated loan includes specific CSR (Corporate Social Responsibility) indicators to be assessed annually.

On 16 June 2023, Ipsen S.A. fully redeemed the €300 million unsecured seven-year public bond taken out in 2016.

As of 31 December 2023, Ipsen Group has fully repaid the syndicate loan and €80.0 million of Ipsen S.A.'s €600 million commercial paper program (NEU CP – Negotiable European Commercial Paper), has been drawn.

⁽¹⁾ The decrease primarily consisted of foreign exchange impacts related to liabilities denominated in USD.

⁽²⁾ Commercial paper issuance.

⁽³⁾ This change mainly stemmed from the current account with Ipsen Pharma S.A.S., the Group's centralizing cash pooling company.

Note 3.10 Accrued liabilities

(in millions of euros)	31 December 2023	31 December 2022
Sundry borrowings and financial liabilities	4.8	7.9
Suppliers – invoices not yet received	1.1	1.4
Fixed asset suppliers – invoices not yet received	2.3	3.0
Personnel		
– Accrued liabilities for paid vacation	0.4	0.4
– Accrued liabilities for bonuses	2.7	2.9
– Accrued liabilities for profit-sharing	0.1	–
– Accrued liabilities for retirement indemnities	–	–
– Accrued social welfare expenses	4.7	1.6
State – Accrued expenses	0.0	0.1
Other accrued expenses and interest on current accounts	0.3	–
TOTAL	16.3	17.2

Note 4 Notes to the income statement

Note 4.1 Operating income

Operating income totaled €8.3 million as of 31 December 2023 (€9.5 million as of 31 December 2022), and included:

- re-invoicing central costs to subsidiaries, and primarily personnel expenses totaling €6.7 million;
- foreign exchange differences generated from commercial transactions amounting to €0.5 million.

Note 4.2 Operating expenses

Operating expenses totaled €33.8 million, versus €37.7 million as of 31 December 2022.

The change in operating expenses versus the previous year mainly resulted from a €3.8 million due to a decline in expenses related to bonus share plans to Company employees.

Note 4.3 Financial income

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Income from equity investments ¹	600.9	0.4
Income from other non-current receivables	–	–
Reversal of provisions and expenses transferred ²	0.0	0.1
Other financial income ³	1.4	1.4
Foreign exchange gains ⁴	0.0	0.1
Total financial income	602.4	2.0

⁽¹⁾ As of 31 December 2023, this line item consisted of dividends received from Ipsen Pharma S.A.S. amounting to €600.0 million and revenue received from Innobio funds totaling €0.9 million.

⁽²⁾ As of 31 December 2022, this line item mainly included the reversal of a provision for treasury shares totaling €0.1 million.

⁽³⁾ As of 31 December 2023, this line item mainly included interest received from subsidiaries under cash pooling transactions.

⁽⁴⁾ As of 31 December 2022, this line item consisted of foreign exchange gains related to financial transactions.

Note 4.4 Financial expense

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Foreign exchange losses ⁵	(0.1)	(2.9)
Interest and other financial expenses ⁶	(27.2)	(23.6)
Depreciation, amortization and provision charges ⁷	(1.6)	(1.9)
Total financial expense	(28.9)	(28.4)

Note 4.5 Net extraordinary income (expense)

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Gains from share buybacks	1.2	1.8
Re-invoicing bonus share plans to Group subsidiaries	17.3	37
One-off reversals of provisions and transfers of charges	59.8	24.5
Extraordinary income	78.2	63.3
(Losses) from share buybacks	(41.8)	(27.9)
Miscellaneous extraordinary expenses	(32.5)	(27.1)
Extraordinary expenses	(74.3)	(55.1)
Net extraordinary income/(expense)	4.0	8.2

Net extraordinary expenses for 2023 amounted to €4.0 million.

Extraordinary income included:

- gains from share buybacks, particularly as part of the liquidity contract;
- rebilling bonus share plans granted to Group employees, which were settled in 2023;

- reversals of provisions for the year corresponding to bonus share plans.

Extraordinary expenses included:

- losses recorded on treasury shares from delivering bonus shares to Group employees when settling plans;
- allocations for the year relating to bonus share plans.

Note 4.6 Income tax breakdown

The income tax line item for 2023 shows a net profit of €20.2 million, corresponding to income tax savings resulting from tax consolidation.

(in millions of euros)	Pre-tax	Net tax amount	After tax
Profit on ordinary activities	548.1	-	548.1
Net extraordinary income/(expense) and employee profit-sharing	4.0	-	4.0
Income tax income from tax consolidation	-	20.2	20.2
Book profit/(loss)	552.1	20.2	572.2

Note 4.7 Tax consolidation

Ipsen S.A. leads a tax consolidation group. To reflect the tax consolidation that unites the Company with its subsidiaries, the Group applies the following methods in the annual financial statements:

- Each subsidiary within the tax group recognizes its income tax as if it were taxed separately, *i.e.* particularly after recognizing its tax-loss carryforwards.
- Payments are made by bank transfer to the Company's account on dates scheduled for payment transfer to the Treasury. Ipsen calculates the income tax owed by the tax consolidation group and expenses the amount. In addition,

the Company records the income tax recognized by its integrated subsidiaries as income.

- If a subsidiary exits the scope of consolidation after a period of five years, it recovers no income tax or tax-loss carryforwards.

Ipsen S.A.'s stand-alone taxable result represented a loss of €28.6 million.

As of 31 December 2023, remaining operating losses to carry-forward represented €144.7 million after allocating €49.0 million in losses to the Group's consolidated tax group during the year.

⁽⁵⁾ As of 31 December 2023, this line item consisted of foreign exchange losses arising from financial transactions.

⁽⁶⁾ As of 31 December 2023, this line item mainly consisted of interests on the borrowings.

⁽⁷⁾ As of 31 December 2023, this line item was related to the bond redemption premium to be amortized for €0.1 million, the provision for impairment of the InnoBio fund shares for €0.7 million, and the €0.8 million increase in provisions on treasury shares from the liquidity agreement.

Note 4.8 Increases or decreases in future tax liability

Temporary differences when calculating taxes generated a €22.9 million basis in future tax savings:

(in € million)	Basis	Income Tax (25.83%)
Future savings - foreign exchange differences	-	-
Futures savings - Non tax-deductible provisions	22.9	5.9
Total Future Savings	22.9	5.9

These sums are in addition to the future tax savings that will be generated from deducting the €144.7 million in net operating losses from future taxable profit.

Note 5 Other information

Note 5.1 Directors and corporate officers

Note 5.1.1 Compensation paid to corporate officers

Compensation paid by the Company to directors and corporate officers for 2023 totaled €2.9 million.

Retirement pensions and similar benefit obligations for executives and corporate officers came to €1.3 million as of 31 December 2023.

Note 5.1.2 Loans and advances to top management

No advances or loans were made to the Company's top management.

Note 5.2 Average headcount at year-end

	2023	2022
Top and upper management	6	6
TOTAL	6	6

Note 5.3 Financial commitments

Note 5.3.1 Commitments to personnel

Apart from retirement bonuses mandated under a collective bargaining agreement with the French pharmaceutical industry and obligations related to a supplementary pension plan, the Company has no other obligations arising from employee pensions, complementary retirement benefits, retirement bonuses or contributions, or similar post-employment benefits.

As of 31 December 2023, obligations arising from retirement bonuses and the supplementary pension plan amounted to €0.8 million and €4.5 million, respectively. The amounts were determined *via* actuarial valuation using the "projected unit credit" method.

The main assumptions used in the calculations were as follows:

- Discount rate of 3.17%;
- Inflation rate of 2.0%;
- Voluntary retirement for managers at age 67 for those born after 1963 and 64 for those born before 1963; voluntary retirement for non-managers at age 65 for those born after 1963 and age 63 for those born before 1963;
- Mortality table: TH 17-19 / TF 17-19.

These obligations were outsourced to an insurance company. As of 31 December 2023, the fair value of these financial assets came to €0.9 million for the retirement bonuses and the €2.1 million for the supplementary pension plan, assuming a long-term rate of return of 3.17%.

In accordance with the provisions of the French Commercial Code, net assets and liabilities arising from these obligations were not recognized, as the Company does not apply the preferential method.

Note 5.3.2 Commitments given

Ipsen Group has taken out a worldwide civil liability insurance policy from a third-party insurer. The insurance company itself is underwritten by the captive reinsurance company Ipsen Ré, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group, for up to the first €30.0 million for any potential claim made.

Ipsen Group has taken out a worldwide civil liability insurance policy from a third-party insurer. The insurance company itself is underwritten by the captive reinsurance company Ipsen Ré, a wholly-owned Group subsidiary, for up to the first €30.0 million for any potential claim made.

To cover that financial commitment and address any potential default by Ipsen Ré, Ipsen Pharma SAS issued a letter of guarantee payable upon first demand in favor of the third-party insurer for a total amount of €3.7 million. This first-demand guarantee is applicable from 1 January 2023 and if it has not been called for its maximum amount, it will expire on 31 December 2027. It is renewable annually. In addition, under the previous civil liability insurance policy

also reinsured in the captive reinsurance company Ipsen Ré and terminated on 31 December 2018, the previous first demand guarantee issued in March 2018 in favor of the previous insurer for an amount of €9 million has been extended for five years after the expiration date of the reinsurance contract, i.e. until 31 December 2023.

Commitments on financial instruments

Off-balance sheet commitments corresponding to forward transactions of internal deals are as follows:

- forward purchase of currencies for an amount of U.S. \$300 million;
- the fair value of these financial instruments for internal USPP deals amounts to €9.0 million as of 31 December, 2023.

Note 5.4 Bonus share plans

(in millions of euros/number of shares)	Vesting period	Number of granted shares	Number of granted shares outstanding	Value of shares on date granted	Fair value of bonus share	2023	2022
Plan dated May 28, 2019	2/3 years	288,880	n/a	€112.10	€97.84		-0.3
Plan dated February 12, 2020	2 years	71,650	n/a	€109.60	€109.60		0.2
Plan dated May 29, 2020	2/3 years	520,268	n/a	€72.00	€66.79	-1.5	-7.2
Shares non subject to performance conditions	2 years	223,154	141,993	€72.00	€69.98		
Shares non subject to performance conditions	3 years	120,243	62,076	€72.00	€68.71		
Shares subject to performance conditions	3 years	176,871	120,044	€72.00	€62.02		
Plan dated July 29, 2020 - Chief Executive Officer	3 years	37,829	n/a	€81.75	€74.83	-0.8	0.0
Shares non subject to performance conditions	3 years	37,829	n/a	€81.75	€74.83		
Plan dated May 27, 2021		427,333	186,268			-6.7	-11.2
Shares non subject to performance conditions	2 years	172,930	n/a	€85.78	€83.76		
Shares non subject to performance conditions	3 years	93,090	56,680	€85.78	€82.74		
Shares subject to performance conditions	3 years	161,313	129,588	€85.78	€84.37		
Plan dated May 27, 2021	2 years	24,400	n/a	€85.78	€83.76	-0.2	-0.8
Shares non subject to performance conditions	2 years	24,400	n/a	€85.78	€83.76		
Plan dated May 24, 2022		323,999	273,711			-11.0	-7.0
Shares non subject to performance conditions	2 years	131,149	107,431	€94.00	€91.61		
Shares non subject to performance conditions	3 years	70,513	55,460	€94.00	€90.50		
Shares subject to performance conditions	3 years	122,337	110,820	€94.00	€91.14		
Plan dated May 31, 2023		384,791	367,629			-10.3	0.0
Shares not subject to performance conditions	2 years	159,110	150,529	€107.00	€104.70		
Shares not subject to performance conditions	3 years	91,720	87,018	€107.00	€103.59		
Shares subject to performance conditions	3 years	67,390	63,511	€107.00	€103.04		
Shares subject to performance conditions - ELT	3 years	66,571	66,571	€107.00	€103.17		
TOTAL						-30.4	-26.2

Note 6 Subsidiaries and affiliates

(Amounts in thousands of currency units)

Detailed information for each interest, in which gross value exceeds 1% of the Company's share capital	Share capital	Equity other than share capital and excl. net profit	Percent -age of share capital held %	Number		Carrying amount of shares held		Outstanding loans and advances granted by the Company	Amount of endorsements, guarantees, and letters of intent provided by the Company	Sales, net of VAT, for the last year (avg. exch. rate)	Net profit (loss) for the last year (avg. exch. rate)	Dividends collected by the Company in the last year, net of ESOP
				Interest	Shares	Gross amounts	Provisions					
Dividends collected by the Company in the last year, net of ESOP												
Ipsen Pharma	7.76 m€	1,500.88 m€	100		188,905	1,167.43m€	1,167.43m€	–	–	1,976.68 m€	1,001.31 m€	–
General information for other interests, in which gross value exceeds 1% of the Company's share capital												
1. Equity interests in foreign companies												
Ipsen Poland LLC	6.2 mpln	8.7 mpln	1		1	15 k€	15 k€	–	–	54.124 m€	0.75 m€	–

Note 7 Subsequent events

No event took place between the closing date and the date the Board of Directors approved the financial statements that would be likely to raise questions about the financial statements themselves or require being mentioned in the notes, had they not been taken into consideration.

3.3.5 Statutory Auditors' Report on the annual financial statements

This is a translation into English of the statutory auditors' report on the financial statements of the Company issued in French and it is provided solely for the convenience of English-speaking users. This statutory auditors' report includes information required by European regulation and French law, such as information about the appointment of the statutory auditors or verification of the management report and other documents provided to shareholders. This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

Ipsen S.A.
65 quai George Gorse – 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt

Statutory Auditors' Report on the financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2023

To the annual general meeting of Ipsen S.A.

Opinion

In compliance with the engagement entrusted to us by your annual general meeting, we have audited the accompanying financial statements of Ipsen S.A. for the year ended 31 December 2023.

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets and liabilities and of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2023 and of the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with French accounting principles.

The audit opinion expressed above is consistent with our report to the Audit Committee.

Basis for Opinion

Audit Framework

We conducted our audit in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Statutory Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report.

Independence

We conducted our audit engagement in compliance with independence requirements of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce) and the French Code of Ethics (code de déontologie) for statutory auditors, for the period from January 1st, 2023 to the date of our report and specifically we did not provide any prohibited non-audit services referred to in Article 5(1) of Regulation (EU) No 537/2014.

Justification of Assessments - Key Audit Matters

In accordance with the requirements of Articles L.821-53 and R.821-180 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce) relating to the justification of our assessments, we inform you of the key audit matters relating to risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period, as well as how we addressed those risks.

These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on specific items of the financial statements.

Investment valuation

Identified risk

As 31 December 2023, investments for a net amount of 1 167.4 m€ represents 85,3% of the balance sheet. They are recognized at their acquisition cost and written down, if necessary, based on their fair value, representing what the Company would agree to pay to obtain them if it had to acquire them. As stated in note 2.1.2.1. to the annual financial statements, the Company estimates at each year-end, the value in use of each of its investments to determine whether it is less than the net book value and whether an impairment should be recognized.

The analysis is performed taking into account the value of the share in the net book assets of these investments or their profitability outlooks.

In this context, and due to inherent uncertainties in certain components, in particular profitability outlook, we considered that the valuation of investments was a key audit matter.

Audit procedures implemented with regard to the identified risk

In order to assess the reasonableness of the estimate of the values in use of the investments, our work mainly consisted in verifying that the estimate of these values determined by management is based on an appropriate justification of the valuation method and the figures used, and in particular in:

- verifying that the shareholders' equity used is consistent with the entities' financial statements and that any adjustments made to this equity are based on supporting documentation;
- obtaining, where applicable, cash flow and operating forecasts for the activities of the entities concerned prepared by the operational management and assess their consistency with the forecast data from the latest strategic plans;
- verifying, where applicable, that the value resulting from the cash flow forecasts has been adjusted by the amount of the debt of the entity concerned;
- verifying that the assumptions used are consistent with the economic environment at the closing and preparation dates of the financial statements;
- assessing the appropriateness of the information provided in note 3.1.3 to the financial statements.

Specific verifications

We have also performed, in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the specific verifications required by laws and regulations.

Information given in the management report and in the other documents with respect to the financial position and the financial statements provided to Shareholders

We have no matters to report as to the fair presentation and the consistency with the financial statements of the information given in the management report of the Board of Directors and in the other documents with respect to the financial position and the financial statements provided to Shareholders.

We attest the fair presentation and the consistency with the financial statements of the information relating to payment deadlines mentioned in Article D.441-6 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce).

Report on corporate governance

We attest that the Board of Directors' report on corporate governance sets out the information required by Articles L.225-37-4 and L.22-10-10 and L.22-10-9 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce).

Concerning the information given in accordance with the requirements of Article L.22-10-9 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce) relating to remunerations and benefits received by or allocated to the directors and any other commitments made in their favour, we have verified its consistency with the financial statements, or with the underlying information used to prepare these financial statements and, where applicable, with the information obtained by your company from controlled companies which are included in the scope of consolidation. Based on these procedures, we attest the accuracy and fair presentation of this information.

With respect to the information relating to items that your company considered likely to have an impact in the event of a takeover bid or exchange offer, provided pursuant to Article L.22-10-11 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce), we have agreed this information to the source documents communicated to us. Based on these procedures, we have no observations to make on this information.

Other information

In accordance with French law, we have verified that the required information concerning the identity of the shareholders and holders of the voting rights has been properly disclosed in the management report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**Format of presentation of the financial statements intended to be included in the annual financial report**

We have also verified, in accordance with the professional standard applicable in France relating to the procedures performed by the statutory auditor relating to the annual and consolidated financial statements presented in the European single electronic format, that the presentation of the financial statements intended to be included in the annual financial report mentioned in Article L.451-1-2, I of the French Monetary and Financial Code (code monétaire et financier), prepared under the responsibility of Chief Executive Officer, complies with the single electronic format defined in the European Delegated Regulation No 2019/815 of 17 December 2018.

Based on the work we have performed, we conclude that the presentation of the financial statements intended to be included in the annual financial report complies, in all material respects, with the European single electronic format.

We have no responsibility to verify that the financial statements that will ultimately be included by your company in the annual financial report filed with the AMF are in agreement with those on which we have performed our work.

Appointment of the Statutory Auditors

We were appointed as statutory auditors of Ipsen S.A. by the annual general meeting held on 18 June 2005 for KPMG S.A. and on 24 May 2022 for PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit.

As at 31 December 2023, KPMG S.A. and PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit were in the 19th year and 2nd year of total uninterrupted engagement.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with French accounting principles and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless it is expected to liquidate the Company or to cease operations.

The Audit Committee is responsible for monitoring the financial reporting process and the effectiveness of internal control and risks management systems and where applicable, its internal audit, regarding the accounting and financial reporting procedures.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors.

Statutory Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Objectives and audit approach

Our role is to issue a report on the financial statements. Our objective is to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As specified in Article L.821-55 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce), our statutory audit does not include assurance on the viability of the Company or the quality of management of the affairs of the Company.

As part of an audit conducted in accordance with professional standards applicable in France, the statutory auditor exercises professional judgment throughout the audit and furthermore:

- Identifies and assesses the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, designs and performs audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtains audit evidence considered to be sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for his opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtains an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluates the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management in the financial statements.
- Assesses the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. This assessment is based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of his audit report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern. If the statutory auditor concludes that a material uncertainty exists, there is a requirement to draw attention in the audit report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are not provided or inadequate, to modify the opinion expressed therein.

- Evaluates the overall presentation of the financial statements and assesses whether these statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Report to the Audit Committee

We submit a report to the Audit Committee, which includes in particular a description of the scope of the audit and the audit program implemented, as well as the results of our audit. We also report, if any, significant deficiencies in internal control regarding the accounting and financial reporting procedures that we have identified.

Our report to the Audit Committee includes the risks of material misstatement that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and which are therefore the key audit matters that we are required to describe in this report.

We also provide the Audit Committee with the declaration provided for in Article 6 of Regulation (EU) N° 537/2014, confirming our independence within the meaning of the rules applicable in France such as they are set in particular by Articles L.821-27 to L.821-34 of the French Commercial Code (code de commerce) and in the French Code of Ethics (code de déontologie) for statutory auditors. Where appropriate, we discuss with the Audit Committee the risks that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and the related safeguards.

Neuilly-sur-Seine and Paris la Défense, on February 15, 2024

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

KPMG S.A.

Stéphane Basset

Cédric Adens

3.4 Informations relating to the business of Ipsen S.A.

3.4.1 Significant events during the year

Details regarding significant events during the year are disclosed in the first section of the notes to the annual financial statements.

3.4.2 Business

Breakdown of sales and other income:

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Services	7.8	4.7
Other operating income	0.5	4.8
Operating income	8.3	9.5

Services correspond primarily to personnel-related expenses and other miscellaneous costs billed back to the subsidiaries.

The following table summarizes the main aggregate items on the income statement:

(in millions of euros)	2023	2022
Net sales	7.8	4.7
Operating profit/(losses)	(25.4)	(28.3)
Net financial income/(expense)	573.5	(26.3)
Profit on ordinary activities	548.1	(54.6)
Net extraordinary income/(expense)	4.0	8.2
Pre-tax profit	552.1	(46.4)
Income tax - Gain	20.2	49.5
Net profit/(loss)	572.2	3.1

Operating income rose by €2.8 million compared to 2022. The main impacts of this change are as follows:

- a €1.2 million decrease in operating income due to a €4.3 million decline in operating income caused by a -€2.8 million foreign currency impact on hedging transactions as well as €1.5 million in reversals of provisions for litigation in 2022. These decreases were partially offset by €3.2 million in rebilling during the year;
- a €4.0 million decrease in operating expenses is mainly due to a €3.8 million decline in payroll expense because of a decrease in expenses related to bonus shares granted to Company employees.

Net financial income/(expense) rose by €599.9 million compared to 2022:

- the Company received €600.9 million in dividends, so the subsidiary Ipsen Pharma S.A.S. received €600 million;
- interests received by the Company remained stable while interests paid by the Company rose €3.6 million;
- currency differences had a €2.8 million positive impact on financial income.

Net extraordinary expenses declined by €4.3 million compared to 2022. Approximately -€14.5 million of this decrease was due to capital losses incurred during the transfer of treasury shares to certain beneficiaries as part of the bonus share plan, as well as the capital losses incurred from selling treasury shares under the liquidity agreement. Rebilling expenses related to bonus share awards to other Group companies fell €19.7 million. These impacts were partially offset by an increase in reversals of provisions for bonus share plans net of allocations for a total of €29.9 million

As of 31 December 2023, the Company reported €20.2 million in income tax profit.

Net profit for 2023 came to €572.2 million.

3.4.3 Cash Flow Statement

The cash flow statement disclosed in the notes shows that cash and cash equivalents at the close of 2023 totaled €21.0 million, down by €543.8 million.

Net cash flow generated by operations amounted to €574.3 million, mainly due to dividends received in 2023 (€599.9 million), but were offset by a €35.3 million deterioration in operating working capital requirement. This decline mostly came from income tax installments cashed out as well as requests for VAT refunds following VAT consolidation in 2023 for the Group's French companies.

In 2023, the Company spent €2.0 million in investment activities, including €0.9 million to buy carbon offset certificates.

Cash flow generated by finance transactions totaled €1,116.2 million and corresponded to the following items:

- -€315.8 million for loan repayments including €303.3 million relating to a bond redemption;
- €15 million from a net change in commercial paper withdrawn;
- -€39.2 million as part of the share buyback program;
- -€99.6 million for dividends distributed;
- -€676.6 million from changes in current account balances with Group companies.

3.4.4 Subsequent events

Subsequent events are disclosed in note 7 to the Company's annual financial statements.

3.4.5 Business trends and outlook

In 2024, Ipsen S.A.'s net profit will essentially be derived from the dividends it receives from its subsidiaries, its financial expenses, and the tax consolidation gain.

3.4.6 Subsidiaries and affiliates

The lion's share of sales from Ipsen S.A. subsidiaries are generated by the marketing and sale of proprietary drugs prescribed by the medical profession. Purchases of most of the drugs are reimbursed by national healthcare programs.

(in millions of euros)	2023		2022	
	Sales	Net profit/(loss)	Sales	Net profit/(loss)
Ipsen Pharma S.A.S.	1,976.7	1,001.3	2,040.5	516.0

A list of subsidiaries and equity associates is provided in note 6 to the Company's annual financial statements.

3.4.7 Accounting principles and methods

Ipsen Group made no changes to the accounting principles and methods compared to last year.

3.4.8 Payment due dates

The following information on due dates for Company payables and receivables is provided in accordance with Articles L.441-6-1 and D.441-4 of the French Commercial

Code. The table includes information on intragroup payables and receivables.

Invoices received or issued at year-end:

(in millions of euros)	Invoices received but not paid at the closing date of the period							Invoices issued but not paid at the closing date of the period						
	Not past due	Overdue					1 day and over total	Not past due	Overdue					1 day and over total
		1 to 30 days	31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	Over 91 days	1 to 30 days			31 to 60 days	61 to 90 days	Over 91 days			
Late payment tranches														
Number of invoices	65	41	8	4	1	11	24	11	5	1	–	–	5	6
Total amount of invoices, incl. VAT	4.9	4.8	0.1	–	–	–	0.1	4.1	4.1	–	–	–	–	–
Percentage of invoices, incl. VAT		99%	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%		99%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%
Percentage of total amount of purchases for the period, incl. VAT	12.5	39%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%							
Percentage of total amount of sales, incl. VAT								39.4	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Due dates used to determine late payment	Contractual due dates		X					Contractual due dates		X				
	Legal due dates							Legal due dates						

3.4.9 Sumptuary spending

A total amount of €0.03 million of non-tax-deductible expenses mentioned in Article 39-4 of the French Tax Code were added back during the year just ended.

3.4.10 Dividend payout

In accordance with Article 243 bis of the French General Tax Code, the dividends paid out for the last three financial years were as follows:

(in € per share)	Annual dividend payout Total (*)	Dividend per share
2021	83,891,813	1.00
2022	99,315,462	1.20
2023	99,610,488	1.20

(*) After canceling dividends on treasury shares in retained earnings.

3.4.11 Company earnings and other financial highlights over the past five years

	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
Share capital at year-end (in millions of euros)					
- Share capital	83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8	83.8
- Number of shares outstanding (in thousands)	83,815	83,815	83,815	83,815	83,815
- Number of outstanding preferred shares without voting rights	-	-	-	-	-
- Maximum number of shares to be created	-	-	-	-	-
Transactions and results for the year (in millions of euros)					
- Net sales	21.4	17.4	27.9	4.7	7.8
- Profits before income tax, employee profit-sharing, amortization, depreciation and provisions	(642.9)	(386.6)	(33.4)	(42.0)	548.8
- Income tax - Gain/(losses)	18.3	85.2	55.5	49.5	20.2
- Employee profit-sharing for the year	-	-	-	-	-
- Earnings after income tax, employee profit-sharing, amortization, depreciation and provisions	(626.9)	278.9	1.3	3.1	572.2
- Dividends paid out(**)	83.2	83.2	83.9	99.3	99.6
Earnings per share (in euros per share)					
- Earnings after income tax and employee profit-sharing, but before amortization, depreciation and provisions	(8.0)	(3.6)	0.3	-	6.8
- Earnings after income tax, employee profit-sharing, amortization, depreciation and provisions	(7.0)	3.3	0.0	0.1	6.8
- Dividend per share	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.20	1.20
Personnel (in millions of euros)					
- Average number of employees during the year(*)	5	7	9	6	6
- Total payroll for the year	8.5	6.3	9.5	8.1	7.4
- Total payroll on-costs for the year (Social security, welfare, etc.)	5.1	3.3	5.9	5.4	1.4

(*) Including management bodies.

(**) Dividends on treasury shares are posted to retained earnings.

[This page is intentionally left blank]

4

COMPANY SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY



Gill
Living with primary biliary cholangitis
Nottingham, United Kingdom

4.1 Ipsen's Company social responsibility (CSR) vision and strategy	164	4.5 Caring for the planet	207
4.1.1 Presentation and governance of Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility strategy	164	4.5.1 Leading action on climate	207
4.1.2 The Group's key CSR risks and opportunities	170	4.5.2 Responsible consumption and production	212
		4.5.3 Protecting the environment and healthy ecosystems	213
4.2 Improving patients' lives by offering innovative and safe medicines	172	4.6 Annex I: scope of risks covered	218
4.2.1 Bringing high quality products to patients	172		
4.2.2 Ensuring product and patient safety	173	4.7 Annex II: correspondence table with GRI standards	219
4.2.3 Ensuring supply continuity	177		
4.2.4 Fighting counterfeit products	177	4.8 Annex III: summary of our CSR key performance indicators (KPIs)	222
4.2.5 Promoting products responsibly	179		
4.2.6 Expanding access to health	180	4.9 Annex IV: complying with the European taxonomy	225
		4.9.1 Taxonomy Eligible / Aligned Turnover	228
4.3 Enhancing integrity to maintain our stakeholders' trust	186	4.9.2 Taxonomy Eligible / Aligned Capex	229
4.3.1 Protecting personal data	186	4.9.3 Taxonomy Eligible / Aligned Opex	230
4.3.2 Fighting corruption	188		
4.3.3 Avoiding conflict of interest	192	4.10 Annex V: reporting methodology	231
4.3.4 Promoting and defending Human Rights	193		
4.4 Driving our employees' excellence and engagement	195	4.11 Annex VI: audit report and reasonable assurance report - FY 2023	235
4.4.1 Anticipating workforce-related needs	195		
4.4.2 Attracting the best talents	196		
4.4.3 Enhancing employees' engagement	197		
4.4.4 Providing a healthy and safe workplace	205		

Introduction

The present Chapter reflects Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility information according to the requirements of Articles L.225-102-1 and R.225-105 of the French Commercial Code, amended by *ordonnance* 2017-1180 and Application decree 2017-1265, transposing Directive 2014/95/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 October 2014 as regards disclosure of non-financial information.

As per the Non-Financial Statement regulations, for social, societal and environmental risks, this Chapter 4 includes:

- A description of the policies and diligence implemented to identify, prevent and limit the occurrence of the risk.
- The results of such policies through key performance indicators.

Ipsen's business model is included in section 1.1.2.3.

4.1 Ipsen's Company social responsibility (CSR) vision and strategy

4.1.1 Presentation and governance of Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility strategy

Dear stakeholders,

In our ongoing commitment to corporate social responsibility, Ipsen has surpassed expectations in the past year. We are thrilled to unveil the progress of Generation Ipsen – a roadmap guiding our steadfast dedication to social and environmental responsibility. It's not just a strategy; it's a shared promise to craft a better, healthier world for future generations.

Generation Ipsen: a visionary blueprint

At its core, Generation Ipsen revolves around four pillars: Environment, Patients, People, and Governance. Each pillar is fortified with clear targets and measured by Key Performance Indicators, seamlessly integrated into Ipsen's broader business strategy.

Environmental stewardship: beyond targets, toward transformation

Our commitment to the environment goes beyond words. Ipsen aligns its climate change targets with the Science-Based Targets initiative (SBTi), pledging to reach net-zero value chain GHG emissions by 2050. With a swift transition to 95% green electricity in 2023 and a goal of 100% renewable electricity use by 2025, Ipsen is actively reducing its environmental footprint.

Patients first: innovation for impact

Patient well-being is more than a goal; it's a mission. With over €52 million invested in building manufacturing capabilities which are net zero for carbon in Wrexham, UK, Ipsen ensures access to life-changing treatments for hard-to-treat diseases. Collaborations with Access Accelerated and humanitarian relief efforts notably in response to the Ukraine crisis with International Health Partners underline Ipsen's commitment to global health. Through Fondation Ipsen, our societal impact reaches millions worldwide, to improve Rare Disease diagnosis and patients' day-to-day lives.

Empowering our people: a culture of excellence

Ipsen recognizes its people as the driving force behind success. The goal is clear: to be an employer of choice in over 75% of the countries in which Ipsen is present by 2024. The Ipsen Way of Being maps our values and behaviors, fosters a culture of collaboration and excellence, and reflects our commitment to diversity and inclusion.

Governance: upholding ethical excellence

Our dedication to governance is unwavering. The renewal of the ISO 37001 certification, updates to the Code of Conduct, and a remarkable 99.9% internal training rate underscore our pledge to uphold the highest ethical standards.

A pledge to progress: encouraged by the journey ahead

As we continue on this path of social responsibility, I am deeply encouraged by the strides we are making. Ipsen's colleagues exemplify a resolute determination to choose what is right over what is easy. In Generation Ipsen, we aren't just setting goals; we are writing a narrative of positive change for Ipsen and society.

David Loew
Chief Executive Officer

CSR strategy

Ipsen has a long and proud history of CSR and our commitment to acting responsibly remains core to our values. Our strategy in this area has traditionally been structured under three pillars: Employees, Communities and Environment. While each remains critical, in 2022 we adapted our CSR strategy to better reflect our ambition with: *Generation Ipsen – For Positive Change*.

Through *Generation Ipsen*, we are fostering a culture of integrity and responsibility that touches every part of our business. A culture where we go beyond commitments, and where each of us understands the individual role we must play in shaping positive change. We define specific goals and proactively set out how we will deliver on these - inspiring and empowering action that will ensure we create a better, healthier world for future generations.

Generation Ipsen focuses on driving positive action across four pillars:

- **Environment**
- **Patients**
- **People**
- **Governance**

Each of our pillars sets out a clear and ambitious purpose and is underpinned by specific actions that are both tangible and visible. We are committed to transparency at every step, and continually challenge ourselves to go beyond what is expected – doing what is right, not what is easy. Across all our initiatives, care is taken to align with the United Nations' internationally recognized Sustainable Development Goals, and we remain firmly supportive of these major priorities.

Generation Ipsen connects all of us and ensures that we can all be proud of the future we are shaping.

The core pillars of *Generation Ipsen*



We define specific goals and proactively set out how we will deliver on these – inspiring and empowering action that will ensure we create a better, healthier world for future generations.

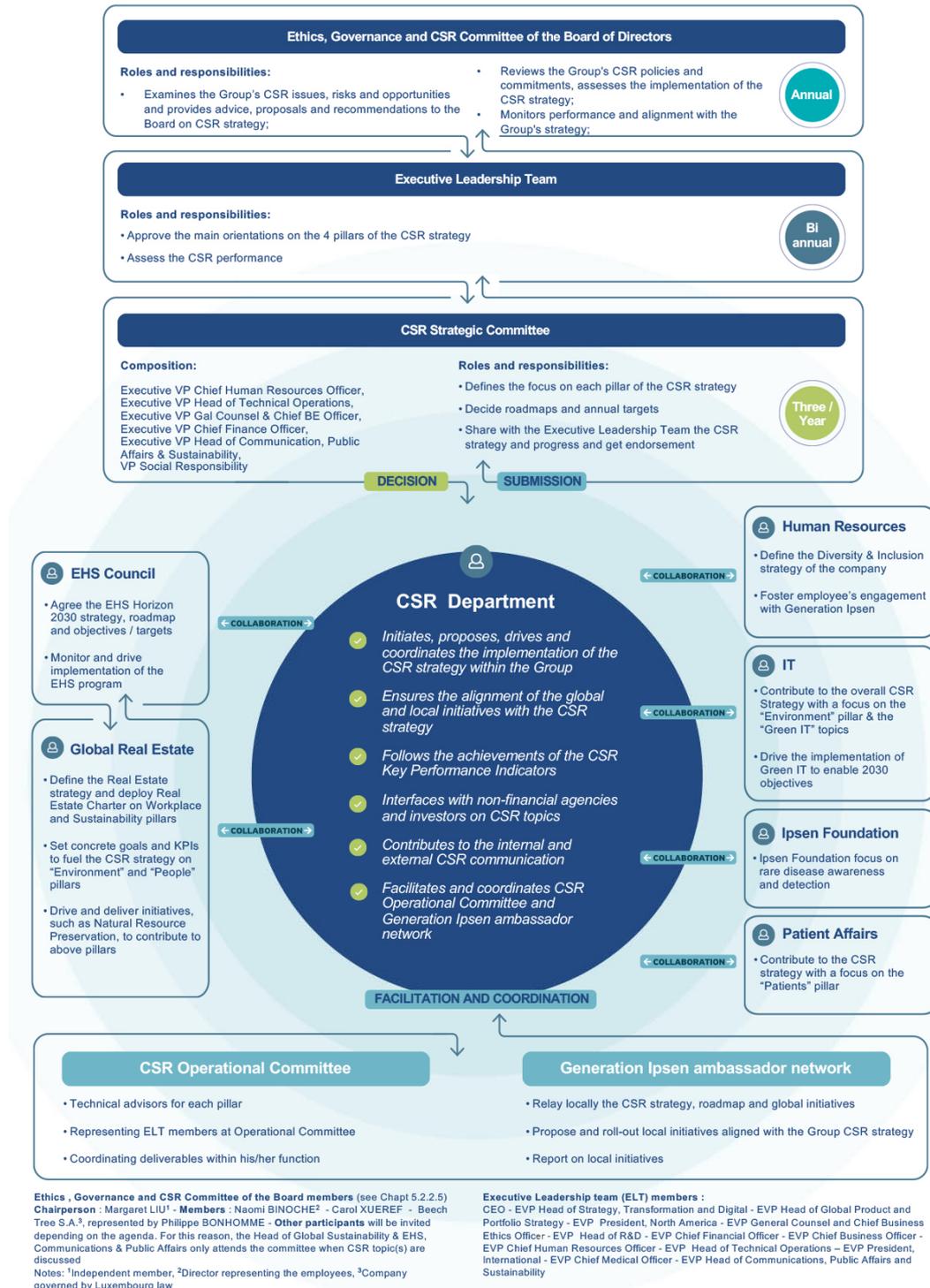
Through *Generation Ipsen*, we are fostering a culture of integrity and responsibility that touches every part of our business. A culture where we go beyond commitments, and where each of us understands the individual role we must play in shaping a positive future.

CSR governance

The Group's CSR strategy is implemented at different levels of the Company through a robust and mature governance system.

The CSR department coordinates and aligns the deployment of the CSR strategy within the Group, working closely with various departments to align the CSR roadmap and actions with the overall business strategy of the Company.

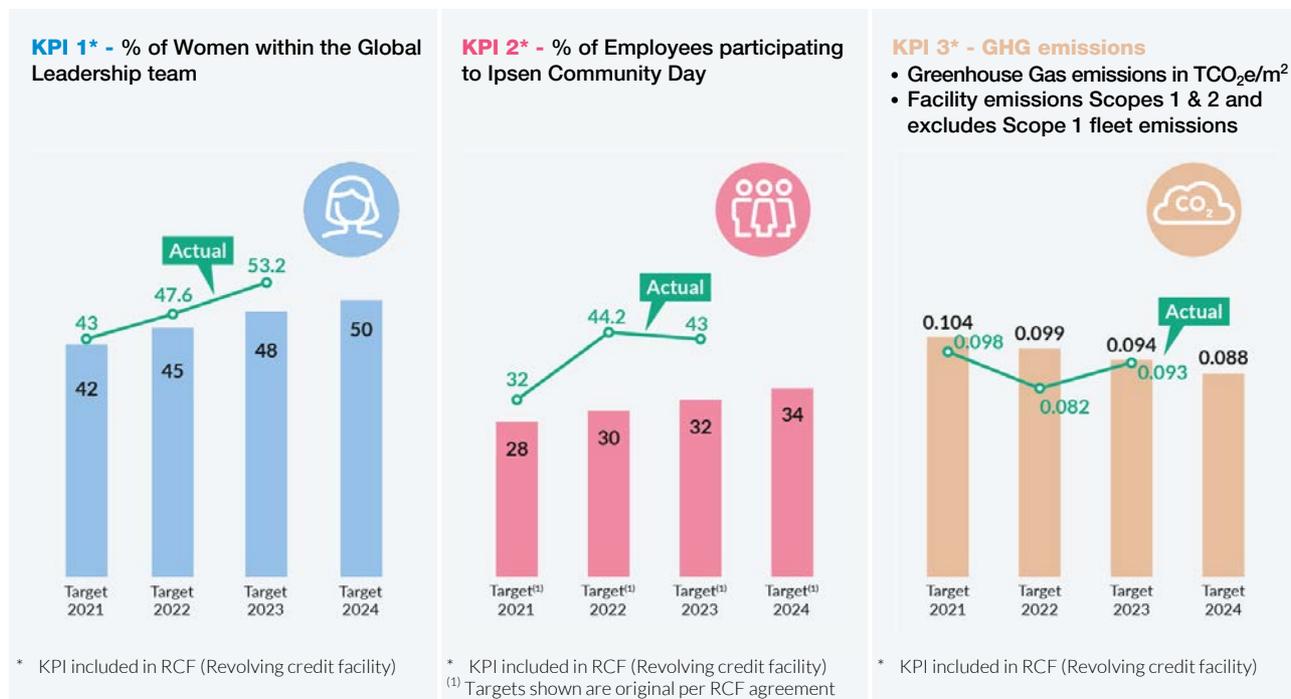
The Board of Directors, which is strongly involved in CSR, relies in particular on the advice, proposals and recommendations of the Ethics, Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Committee on CSR strategy. To reflect this commitment, Ethics and Governance Committee was renamed the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee by the Board of Directors on 31 May 2023.



Incentive-related CSR criteria

Ipsen uses several CSR performance indicators to incentivize leadership performance and mechanism for charitable donation (Revolving Credit Facility).

These are assessed across a multi-year period.



CSR indicators in the remuneration of the leadership

In 2020, CSR metrics were introduced into the variable compensation of the Global Leadership Team (senior management including the CEO of the Company) highlighting the importance of Company Social Responsibility in the strategy of Ipsen.

Since its launch in 2022, Ipsen's CSR Strategy, branded as Generation Ipsen moved from a 3- to a 4- pillars' paradigm by separating the Social pillar into Patients and People pillars. This enabled the following:

- To reflect Ipsen's patient-centric philosophy and to allow the Group to articulate a specific focus on patients.
- To acknowledge Ipsen's achievements in the area of gender parity and then implement a new social ambition (around voluntary turnover) as part of the Group strategy.
- To further accelerate our GHG emissions reduction.

With this in mind, 3 new CSR KPIs have been included in the calculation of the LTI 2023- 2025 to reflect a renewed and bolder Generation Ipsen ambition aligned with the Group strategy:

- Focus on the Environment: "Caring for the planet":
 - Our environmental pillar has a strong focus on greenhouse gas / carbon reduction but also aims to minimize Ipsen's impacts in other areas

- New KPI: Specific targets set by 2025 for Scopes 1,2 & 3 and for Scopes 1 & 2:
 - Scopes 1,2 & 3: Ensure GHG emission to a maximum level of 25.543 TCOE^{2 (1)};
 - Scopes 1 & 2: Ensure GHG emission to a maximum level of 11,787 TCOE²;
 - Market based;
- Focus on Patients: "Patients at the heart of everything we do":
 - Our "Patients" pillar aims to drive innovation and increase access, affordability, quality and improve patient experience;
 - New KPI: Deliver a 25% reduction in the time taken from top line results to submission and registration of some of Ipsen's medicines (selected emerging markets)
- Focus on People: "Passionate people making a real impact every day"
 - Our people pillar has our employees, and broader society and communities in mind.
 - New KPI: Reduce voluntary turnover.

⁽¹⁾ This is an adjusted scope for LTI purposes only, which includes all Scopes 1 & 2, and selected Scope 3 Categories, including Fuel- and Energy- related activities, Waste generated in operations, Business Travel, and buildings related aspects of Capital Goods emissions.

CSR metrics are also part of the compensation package of the Chief Executive Officer (see section 5).

CSR indicators in the Revolving Credit Facility

In 2019, Ipsen introduced three CSR criteria into the Company's revolving Credit Facility, thus reflecting the Ipsen Group's CSR commitment to patients

- Gender balance in the Global Leadership Team,
- Participation of Ipsen employees at the Community Day,
- Reduction of our greenhouse gas emissions (Scopes 1 & 2).

The implemented mechanism is structured to allow the payment of both a sustainability discount or premium, if any, to a charity (International-Health Partners).

CSR gender balance indicator

Ipsen has decided to establish gender-balance and international experience targets for both the Executive Leadership Team and the Global Leadership Team (Senior management of the Company) by 2025:

- Executive Leadership Team: to achieve a minimum of 35% both genders and of 45% of diverse nationals (i.e. employees having a nationality different from the most represented one).
- Global Leadership Team: to achieve a minimum of 45% for both genders and of 65% of diverse nationals.

Targets		2021*	2022	2023	2024	2025
Global Leadership Team **	Women (%)	43	47.6	53,2	>45	>45
	Diverse nationals (%)	57.6	60.4	63,9	64	65
Executive Leadership Team **	Women (%)	30.8	25	38,5	>35	>35
	Diverse nationals (%)	53.8	66.7	69,2	45	45

* Due to the divestment of the Consumer Healthcare (CHC) business in 2022, data are reported without the CHC segment.

** GLT excluding CEO - ELT including CEO.

2023 Ipsen's main CSR achievements:

Ipsen 2023 CSR achievements

We continually challenge ourselves to go beyond what is expected – doing what is right, not what is easy.

 <p>ENVIRONMENT</p>	 <p>PATIENTS</p>	 <p>PEOPLE</p>	 <p>GOVERNANCE</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Science Based GHG emission reductions across entire value chain. FY 2023 – 36% reduction Scopes 1-2*, 29% reduction Scope 3* • Zero Environment or health & safety Notices of Violation in 2023 • Net positive impact on biodiversity by 2030: Ipsen-owned sites with 1 gold level, 3 bronze level N&B certificates • Fleet for Future programs, aimed at significantly reducing our GHG emissions: 32%* • Green IT certificate level 1 label "Numérique Responsable" - certificate endorsed by the French Government <p>* vs 2019 baseline</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Development of Axios co-pay programs to more patients. Total enrolled patients in 2023: 137 (110 in 2022) in MEA • Our partnership with Access Accelerated has continued to support communities that lack sufficient access to healthcare • Established KPI enabling access to good health minimizing delays for underserved populations. Patient KPI aiming at delivering a 25% reduction in the time taken from top line results to submission of some Ipsen's medicines • We have contributed access to healthcare with a +84K€ donation to International Health Partner through the Revolving Credit Facility mechanism • Ipsen's 2023 Patient Engagement performance of 8.7/10 (+0.1 point/2022) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We have reached 53.2% female representation at the Global Leadership Team • Women at Executive Leadership Team: 38.5% • Were awarded Employer of Choice in 25 countries • World Best employer 2023 – Forbes: 1st time listed • In 2023, the campaign led to 96.5% of employees updating their development plan. • 43% of Ipsen employees participated in the 2023 Community Day, supporting healthcare and environmental associations • +60 Generation Ipsen ambassadors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ISO 37001 anti-corruption certification renewal for 2023 • Anti-Corruption dedicated governance implementation • Completion rate of trainings on the Anti Corruption 99.9% • Continued to comply with the highest ethics and compliance standards including our own Ipsen Code of Conduct • Completion rate of trainings on the Code of Conduct 99.9% • CSR reporting to specific Board committee re-named Ethic, Governance & CSR committee • Completion rate of trainings on conflict of interest 99.9%

Ipsen employees engaged for society in 2023 (local initiatives)

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Supporting biodiversity in local areas • Sourcing Green electricity (Sites, automobile cars) • Raising awareness among employees regarding waste reduction and land preservation 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Taking care of patients and communities • Support local and global associations • Promoting sciences et research 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promoting well-being and safety at work • Promoting and recruiting talent (recognition programs, awards) • Foster Gender Balance and Diversity among employees 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Fight against corruption • Increase transparency • Respect for Human rights
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

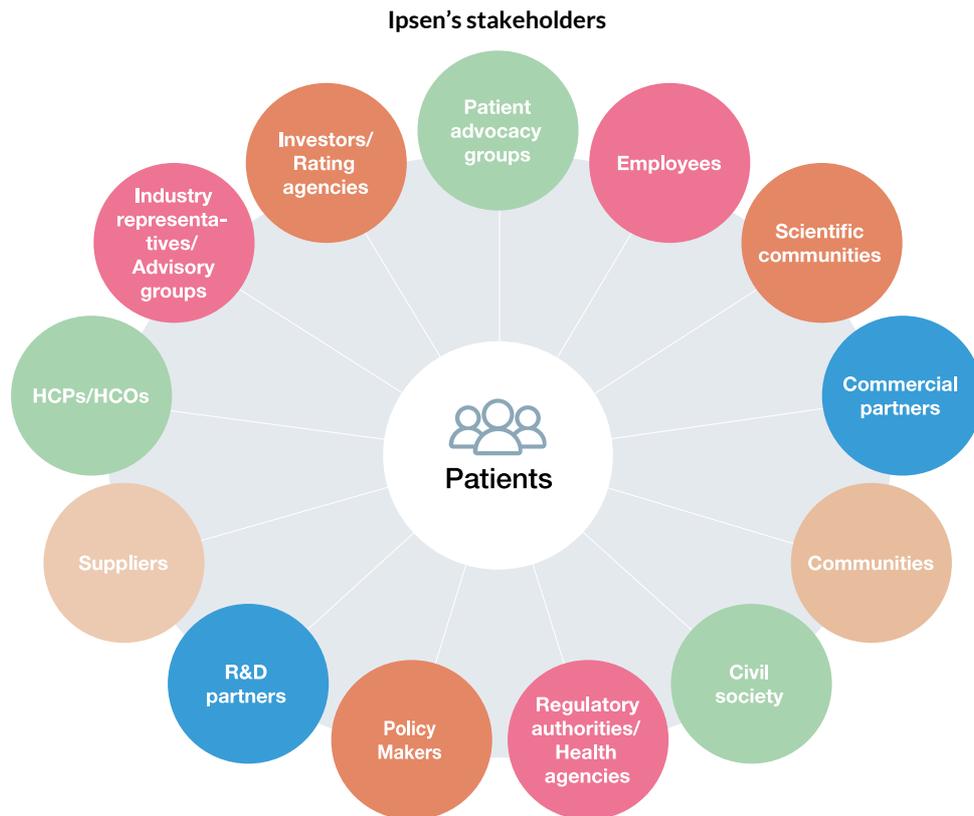
4.1.2 The Group's key CSR risks and opportunities

Ipsen is a global mid-size pharmaceutical Company focusing on areas of high unmet medical needs. With drugs marketed in more than 100 countries, the Group acts to provide concrete responses to the needs and expectations of a wide variety of stakeholders. With the ultimate goal of prolonging patients' lives, improving health outcomes, and creating a positive impact for patients and society, Ipsen pursues a constructive dialogue with: patients and patient advocacy groups, employees, healthcare professionals and organizations, scientific communities and academics, business partners and suppliers, communities and civil society, legislators, policymakers and regulators including health agencies, industry representatives and advisory groups, investors, financial partners and rating agencies. The objectives are to provide reliable and factual information, develop partnerships, and support patients associations.

In this context, the Non-Financial Statement should reflect the business model and an approach based on the analysis of the main CSR risks.

It is an opportunity to highlight the strategy and achievements of the Company in this regard. This implies aligning the materiality analysis of CSR issues with the identification of the main risks and opportunities.

A full materiality assessment was carried out in 2019, with a follow-up analysis review in 2022 following the divestiture of Consumer Health Care activity. These have helped shape the current Non-Financial Statement and reflect Ipsen's main stakeholders' concerns in terms of risks and expectations in terms of risk management. Despite the acquisition of Albireo in 2023, and due to the limited impact based on employee headcount, manufacturing sites and R&D activities, the conclusions of the materiality analysis remain the same. Indeed, there has been no material effect on Ipsen's strategy, therapeutic areas and divisions, or overall turnover as a result of that acquisition.



The Non-Financial Statement is based on the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UN SDGs) evidencing the importance for the Company of the commitment made for the first time in 2012.

The table below shows the results of the last materiality analysis with 13 main CSR risks and opportunities selected and classified into four categories.

Currently, in the Group Risk Map, the topics identified below are ranked as medium or low. Within the framework of the analysis of CSR risks and opportunities, they have been identified as main risks.

Category	SDG's contribution	Name of the risk/opportunity	Description and link with Ipsen's activities	Chapter references
Improving patients' lives by offering innovative and safe medicines	 	Product quality	Protecting patients against the risks inherent to the biologic action of medicinal products and ensuring that benefit/risk for all products is positive.	2.2.2 and 4.2.1
		Product and Patient Safety	Risk of non-compliance with security requirements that could jeopardize patients' health.	2.2.2 and 4.2.2
		Commitment to ensure supply continuity	Risk of a shortage in the supply of Ipsen's medicines.	2.2.2 and 4.2.3
		Counterfeit products	Counterfeit products of low quality and not complying with Ipsen's quality standards, which may endanger patients' health and generate a loss of sales revenue.	2.2.2 and 4.2.4
		Responsible product promotion	Risk of improper marketing practices resulting in legal proceedings and mistrust of patients and healthcare professionals.	2.2.2 and 4.2.5
		Access to health	The implementation of initiatives and actions to improve healthcare in countries where access to medicines is difficult and diseases are difficult to treat.	4.2.6
Enhancing integrity to maintain a trusted relationship with our stakeholders	   	Data privacy	Risk of inability to ensure integrity and confidentiality of data, resulting in disclosure or theft of patients' information and breaches of data privacy.	2.2.2 and 4.3.1
		Anti-Corruption Conflict of interest	Risk of corruption and conflicts of interest situations which could lead to major fines, penalties and damage to Ipsen's image.	2.2.2, 4.3.2 and 4.3.3
		Human Rights	Risk of non-respect of Human Rights in Ipsen's operations and in its supply chain.	4.3.4
Driving our employees' excellence and engagement	  	Talent attraction, retention and engagement	Risk of loss and/or lack of key capabilities leading to delay or failure of key programs, research & commercialization projects, which would jeopardize Ipsen's ability to improve patients' health. Risk of lack or reduced engagement and/or lack of respect of Ipsen's values/Way of Being would lead to reduced productivity, absenteeism, and turnover impacting Ipsen's ability to improve patients' health.	4.4.1 and 4.4.2
		Health and safety	Risk of non-compliance or risk control failure which could result in several incidents causing injury or impacting employees' health.	2.2.2 and 4.4.4
Caring for the planet	     	Climate and energy	Climate risk related to business and supply chain disruption. Failure to take action on climate change which could have an impact on investor confidence and talent retention.	2.2.2 and 4.5.1
		Management of water, waste and air emissions	Failure of compliance or risk control which could result in water, waste and/or air pollution harming the environment and/or human health.	2.2.2, 4.5.2 and 4.5.3

4.2 Improving patients' lives by offering innovative and safe medicines

4.2.1 Bringing high quality products to patients

Definition of the risk

At Ipsen, Quality is embedded in the whole lifecycle of our products, from research and development to commercialization, to ensure we bring high quality products to patients. As a pharmaceutical company, we must comply with all the good practices (GxP) and Medical Devices Regulations applicable to our portfolio in every market we supply (EU, U.S., Japan and Intercontinental).

The main risks potentially affecting Quality are:

- Critical inspection outcome;
- Significant product quality issue;
- Non-compliance with new regulations.

To ensure our readiness at all times, we have established a strong Quality Management System that relies on key principles:

- Extended audit program of our operations and external partners with audit frequency established using a risk-based approach;
- Inspections readiness;
- Risk-based approach in the design of all our processes;
- Risk-based approach in our decision-making process based on SISPPQ (Safety, Integrity, Strength, Purity and Quality).

In addition, to ensure we protect our operating license, Ipsen has implemented a process for the identification, assessment,

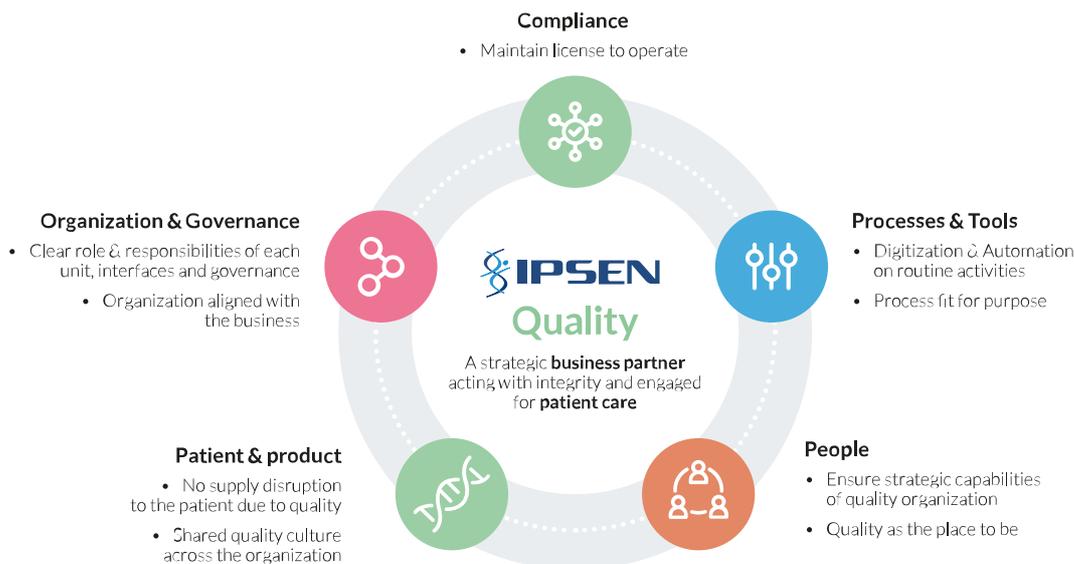
ranking, control, documentation, communication and review of quality risks across the lifecycle of products. Mitigation plans are defined for the most likely and highest-impact risks. The output/results of the Quality Risk Management process are regularly reviewed to take into account new knowledge and experience.

Mission

The mission of Ipsen Global Quality is to achieve patient satisfaction with a safe product or service that exceeds expectations without negatively affecting productivity and / or patient safety:

- By identifying the key processes, exercising leadership and promoting the effort of the human team to achieve continuous improvement;
- Through a Quality management system which brings together the necessary ingredients so that the organization's employees can identify, design, develop, produce, deliver and support the products and services that the patient wants;
- By ensuring compliance with applicable regulatory requirements.

The purpose of Ipsen Global Quality is to be "A strategic business partner, acting with integrity and engaged for patient care".



ACCOUNTABILITY | PATIENT CENTRIC | PARTNERING | INTEGRITY | TEAMWORK

Policies and procedures

Ipsen's Quality Management System is supported by policies and procedures ensuring compliance with GxP Regulations such as:

- Good Distribution Practice (GDP),
- Good Clinical practice (GCP),
- Good Manufacturing Practice (GMP),
- Good Laboratory Practice (GLP),
- Good Clinical Laboratory Practice (GCLP),
- Good Pharmacovigilance Practice (GVP),
- Medical Device Regulations.

Governance

Quality oversight and governance are achieved through the work of multiple councils. There is a minimum of one liaison between each of the governance levels to ensure clear and consistent communication.



Objectives

- Ensure that we comply with our License to Operate by applying a Quality & Regulatory Oversight process that is fit for purpose to GxP Operations, from R&D through to Commercialization.
- Continuing our Quality journey by rolling out our global quality strategic roadmap,
- Strengthening our Quality processes to enhance integration of new assets and/or Company from Due Diligence up to Integration completion,
- Continually seeking to optimize our QMS,
- Developing our people to foster their growth and prepare the future.

Metrics are defined for key performance areas and are used to monitor ongoing progress to quality objectives, to identify critical issues, to track improvement activities, and to identify and prioritize opportunities for quality and productivity improvements.

Results

KPI	2023	2022
Batch Acceptance level (%)	97.1%	97.7%
First Time Quality deviation (%)	91.2%	90.6%
Rate-on-time Action corrective preventive Action Closure %)	44.6%*	78.4%

* Result following an extension of scope and improvement of the calculation method (including additional parameters). The 2023 result without changing the scope and calculation method would be 72.6%.

4.2.2 Ensuring product and patient safety

Product and patient safety

Definition of the risk

Ipsen's product portfolio is focused on transformative medicines in Oncology, Rare Disease and Neuroscience. All products' lifecycle activities, including development, manufacturing and commercialization activities conducted by Ipsen, must comply with the appropriate legal and regulatory framework. In case of non-compliance with applicable legal and regulatory frameworks, Ipsen could potentially put patient safety at risk (product quality issues, safety risk not anticipated) or lose its operating license (quality and/or pharmacovigilance system unable to demonstrate the appropriate level of control and oversight).

Mission

The mission of Ipsen Global Patient Safety is to provide patients and healthcare providers with the means to safely and effectively utilize Ipsen's products.

In this context, Ipsen operates a pharmacovigilance system, developed to protect patients against the inherent risks of

the biologic action of medicinal products and ensure a positive benefit/risk balance for all products. This pharmacovigilance system ensures the collection, detection, assessment, understanding and prevention of adverse effects or any other medicine-related problems.

Ipsen is committed to continuously developing and improving its pharmacovigilance system to guarantee that patients are protected and that Ipsen products can be used safely and effectively under changing circumstances, which includes changes in the legislation, changes in the product portfolio and changes in the structure and size of the Company.

Ipsen Global Patient Safety operates over the entire life of a medicinal product, starting at the non-clinical development stage, accompanying the clinical development in humans through all stages to build a robust safety dossier and benefit/risk assessment for regulatory filings and surveying the product on the market by collecting safety data from any interaction with healthcare providers or patients, in sporadic contacts, post-marketing studies or systematic data collection programs.

Governance

The Head of Ipsen Global Patient Safety (GPS), the Qualified Person for Pharmacovigilance (QPPV), and their deputies and local representatives are responsible for the maintenance and compliance of the Ipsen pharmacovigilance system and, just as importantly, the quality of all signal detection and management activities for Ipsen products around the world. The QPPV, along with the deputies and the local pharmacovigilance representatives ensure that global and local applicable regulations are efficiently followed.

The Head of Global Patient Safety reports directly to the Chief Medical Officer, who reports directly to Ipsen's Chief Executive Officer ensuring a clear escalation path to manage any urgent and important safety risk.

Ipsen's Chief Medical Officer co-chairs with the Head of Research & Development a cross-functional Benefit/risk committee made up of Ipsen senior and executive leaders including the QPPV: the Benefit-Risk Decision Board. This committee is accountable for making patient safety decisions for the entire range of Ipsen products, at all phases of development. The Benefit-Risk Decision Board ensures the execution of actions taken and monitors the preparation and implementation of the Action Plan for Emerging Safety Issues.

The key principle of pharmacovigilance (Global Patient Safety) within Ipsen is the empowerment of the dedicated pharmacovigilance representatives and cross functional teams for the collection, analysis of data and safety information with the aim of maximizing the acquisition of safety data and its level of quality.

The global patient safety department includes safety scientists and physicians dedicated to each therapeutic area to define product-specific safety strategies, review and analyze all safety data and perform product signal detection and validation with the unique objective of minimizing identified risks for the patient and rigorously monitoring the benefit-risk profile of each product.

In addition to these expert patient safety teams, each product benefits from a dedicated cross-functional team ensuring the defined Benefit-Risk assessment is effectively communicated internally, to ensure that safety measures are implemented, and externally, to prescribers and patients. These cross-functional teams can refer topics to the Benefit-Risk Decision Board for recommendation, guidance, and escalation.

This 3-tiered governance structure and the escalation process guarantee the quality of the signal management process and ensure an accurate and up-to-date benefit-risk profile for Ipsen products.

Policies and action plans

Ipsen is dedicated to continuously developing, improving and adapting its pharmacovigilance system to ensure compliance with evolving regulations and laws at global and local level to ensure patient safety. Ipsen therefore adheres to international standards developed by the International Conference for Harmonization (ICH) as well as the Council for International Organizations of Medical Sciences (CIOMS) and the pharmacovigilance regulations and all regulations of countries where Ipsen products are developed or registered and marketed. These activities and the maintenance of an in-depth knowledge and expertise in the field rely on a strong internal network of local Pharmacovigilance, regulatory and quality experts in constant interaction with global teams, as well as Ipsen's involvement in focused groups, consortia, and global responsible pharmacovigilance initiatives in collaboration with regulators.

Ipsen's product safety management relies on a pharmacovigilance system encompassing all safety processes required to be carried out in a pharmaceutical product's lifecycle. The operation of the pharmacovigilance system ensures collection, analysis and reporting of safety data from all sources throughout the lifecycle of all products and involves close collaboration between many Ipsen functions, such as Regulatory Affairs, Clinical Operations, Medical Affairs, Quality, Marketing, Business Operations, and Legal. In this context, Ipsen is dedicated to continuously training and maintaining the pharmacovigilance knowledge of all stakeholders involved at all stages of products' life cycles in accordance with their role and expertise. In addition, each Ipsen employee is annually trained on the main Pharmacovigilance requirements and activities.

For products for which development and marketing responsibilities are shared with external parties (e.g. other pharmaceutical companies or academic partners) a dedicated governance structure is in place to ensure the collaboration across functional or organizational boundaries operates effectively. Ipsen's Global Patient Safety team ensures that operational product data activities are implemented flawlessly to support product reporting, the development of product safety strategies, appropriate plan for managing maintenance risks and related risk minimization measures to be shared with patients and healthcare providers.

As part of its continuous journey of improvement, Ipsen pharmacovigilance prioritizes:

- The continuous development of local/global synergies through its regional cluster of excellence to maintain in-depth knowledge and implementation of regulatory requirements.
- The consolidation of cross-functional collaborations for each product with a dedicated team of experts to facilitate and potentialize development strategies and cross-fertilization.
- The development and maintenance of a cross-functional Pharmacovigilance training strategy.

Objectives and results

Monitoring the safety profile of Ipsen products that are under development and being marketed is the main mission of Ipsen's pharmacovigilance function with a view to proactively updating the benefit-risk balance and informing patients and healthcare professional of any new risk.

Therefore, Ipsen's pharmacovigilance system efficiency can be demonstrated by its ability to efficiently detect, analyze and assess safety signals with a view to defining appropriate actions such as labelling updates. The number of safety

signals analyzed over a period is generally linked to the maturity of the portfolio and market expansion; increasing the knowledge on a product tends to decrease the number of the safety signals to analyze.

The compliance indicators presented below relate to Individual Case Safety Reports (ICSRs) submitted between 15 and 90 days directly by global Ipsen pharmacovigilance to the European Medicines Agency (EMA) in the context of post-marketing submissions.

Results

	2023	2022
On time ICSRs ⁽¹⁾ submissions to EMA managed at global level for marketed products	> 93%	> 98%
Analyzed safety signals ((products under development and being marketed))	6	8
Confirmed safety signals ((products under development and being marketed))	1	5

(1) Individual Case safety Reports for post-marketing submissions

Being inspected by Health Authorities is part of the specific surveillance done by Health Authorities to ensure that the maintenance of the licenses including the monitoring of the benefit-risk balance is performed by the pharmaceutical company in full compliance with the applicable regulations.

For pharmacovigilance system inspections, Health Authorities follow a specific calendar (*i.e.* an inspection every 3 to 4 years if the outcome of the inspection is favorable). The PV System of a pharmaceutical company can be inspected by each Health Authority in a country in which active licenses are registered.

PV inspections conducted at global and local levels:

PV inspections	2023	2022
Global	1	0
Local	2	0
Total	3	0

In addition to inspections by Health Authorities, it is mandatory for each pharmaceutical company to conduct regular audits to assess the compliance of the PV System internally (global & local) and externally (business partners).

Audits are part of continuous improvement and risk management. Conducting internal audits and being audited by partners contributes to the maintenance of a robust PV System.

Audits of PV system including internally initiated audits and partner audits.

PV Audits	2023	2022
Global	5	4
Local	16	13
Total	21	17

Animal welfare

Animal testing is required scientifically in order to ensure the safety of the pharmaceuticals produced and the health of the people who consume them.

Animal welfare is a sensitive issue for society. Ipsen is not directly exposed to the risk of demonstrations by animal activists as its internal animal facilities have been closed and all animal studies are now outsourced to third parties.

Meeting the highest animal welfare standards wherever possible and dedicating resources to manage this topic remains a priority for Ipsen while supporting innovation for patients.

Animal welfare is currently part of the double materiality analysis that should be finalized in 2024.

Mission & policies

EU Directive 2010/63 on the protection of animals used for scientific purposes is one of the most rigorous animal welfare standards in the world. The Directive calls for high-quality treatment and care for animal test subjects. Additionally, it mandates regular inspections and transparent communication on these assessments. At Ipsen, these EU guidelines represent our standard regardless of where animal studies are conducted. Our culture of care goes beyond legal requirements to ensure the safest and most ethical research and testing methods worldwide.

We are signatories of Gircor's (*Groupe Interprofessionnel de Réflexion et de Communication sur la Recherche*) "French transparency charter on the use of animals for scientific and regulatory purposes." Gircor is a body that brings together French biological and medical research organizations on the topic of animal research ethics. As a member of Gircor, we share their dedication to staying up to date with the latest research on developments in the world of animal research as well as replacement methods that enable us to adhere to the best practices.

Governance

Ipsen has decided to implement a dedicated governance system aimed at defining a strategy and monitoring its implementation in accordance with Ipsen's vision and values.

The Ipsen Animal Welfare (IAW) group, a cross-functional team within Ipsen, which works across all R&D and manufacturing sites, is in charge of monitoring and communicating internally and externally on the use of animal experiments across the Group.

A dedicated Operational monitoring group on animal ethics (R&D) monitors a number of key topics, such as Animal ethics, CRO (Contract Research Organization) categorization, resources for alternative methods and the "3Rs" principles.

Objectives & results

While it is currently impossible to phase out the use of animals for scientific reasons, Ipsen is committed to these guidelines on the *reduction* (Reducing the number of animals used per experiment), *refinement* (Refining experiments to minimize animal suffering and improve welfare) and potentially *replacement* (Replacing animal experiments wherever/whenever possible with alternatives) of animal experimentation.

Examples of the Company's commitment towards the improvement of animal welfare can be found in the fact that:

- Ipsen encourages the development of *in vitro* alternatives with a level of precision comparable to animal experimentation whenever / wherever possible, while ensuring patients' safety and medicinal products' efficacy.
- Ipsen's employees ensure that all animal testing is ethically justified and carry out quality assessments of all contract research organizations (CROs conducting animal testing on its behalf).
- Ipsen's Cell-Based Assay ("CBA") was developed to replace the *in vivo* "LD50" test and has been approved by the European and U.S. competent authorities, amongst others across the globe. It is used to establish the potency of each batch of Ipsen's toxin. This achievement has resulted in a radical reduction of animal-based testing.

4.2.3 Ensuring supply continuity

Definition of the risk

Despite a strong end-to-end supply chain organization, the marketing of certain products by the Group has been and could be affected by supply shortages and other disruptions. Such difficulties may be:

- a) regulatory (e.g. the need to correct certain technical problems in order to bring production sites into compliance with applicable regulations); or
- b) technical (e.g. difficulties obtaining supplies of satisfactory quality, equipment failures, difficulties manufacturing active ingredients, or drugs complying with their technical specifications on a sufficiently reliable and uniform basis at the required volume); or
- c) natural (e.g. natural disasters...).

Mission

Our mission is to ensure supply continuity of our medicines to patients.

Governance

Several teams are fully dedicated to covering this end-to-end supply chain risk, from raw material suppliers to distributors in the different countries.

The risk mitigation and action plans are defined by different leadership teams from Global Supply Chain, Global Procurement, Global Manufacturing and External

Manufacturing. All these functions are represented within the Technical Operations leadership team that endorses strategic decisions, validates associated capital expenditures, and monitors key achievements.

Policies

All these functions have defined, and regularly update business continuity policies and Standard Operating Procedures to anticipate, decrease and appropriately manage all potential supply risks.

Actions

Major actions are:

- a) risk identification: supply chain risk mapping exercise conducted every year;
- b) risk response: robustness and continuous improvement of manufacturing processes, critical suppliers risk management, insurance prevention actions, capital investments, security stocks and business continuity plans.

Objectives & results

We leverage our high-quality manufacturing network and end-to-end supply chain to deliver our medicines to patients in a safe and reliable manner without disruption even if technical, natural and regulatory difficulties take place:

- a) no product shortage;
- b) new product available upon market authorization.

KPI	2023	2022
OTIF (on-time, in-full)	99.43%	99.56% YTD

4.2.4 Fighting counterfeit products

Definition of the risk

Along with other manufacturers of pharmaceutical products, Ipsen and patients are exposed to serious potential health risks presented by illegal, falsified and counterfeit versions of products. A falsified medicine is any medicine that passes itself off as a real, authorized medicine. In the case of counterfeit medicines, the illegal products also infringe the trademark rights of Ipsen.

The health risks for patients from taking falsified and / or counterfeit medicines include:

- lack of effect, resulting in the underlying illness being untreated;
- infection / serious side effects from impurities and contaminants resulting from the frequently unsanitary and unsafe conditions in which these products are manufactured, stored and distributed;
- in the most serious cases, falsified and counterfeit medicines have caused the death of patients.

To the extent that falsified medicines or counterfeit products are sold as being those of Ipsen, both the patients' confidence and healthcare practitioners' trust in Ipsen's products could be undermined and Ipsen's reputation could be affected.

Mission

Fighting against falsified medicines to contribute to secure patient safety worldwide

The Anti-Counterfeit (ACF) function fights against falsified medicines to protect patient safety. By proactively managing, assessing, protecting and responding to counterfeits, we defend our business and support regulators and law enforcement partners to counter global counterfeiting threats.

Governance

Ipsen has implemented an anti-counterfeiting organization involving various stakeholders. It is composed of experts from various operational functions including Trademarks, Global Security, Global Quality, Regulatory, Supply chain and Communications. The governance structure is as follows:

- The 'Executive Security Steering Committee' oversees the ACF Strategy and Roadmap, agrees investment and sets the risk tolerance.
- Reporting to this committee, the 'Anti-Counterfeit Committee' manages the Roadmap, escalates high risk issues to the executive (as appropriate), collates risk and performance reporting, oversees operations and assures cross-functional engagement.

- An 'operational group' manages the day-to-day ACF casework (including running investigations), gathering KPIs / Key Risk Indicators (KRIs) and ensuring reporting measures are taken as appropriate.

Policies & action plans

Policies

The Global Policy

This Global Policy establishes the framework under which Ipsen's anti-counterfeiting strategy is defined and rolled out to prevent suspicious counterfeit / falsified products from entering the legal supply chain. It ensures individual cases will be appropriately managed and documented, when detected, to ensure regulatory compliance, secure the supply chain and protect patients.

This policy sets out the key strategic and operational requirements to ensure that Ipsen's anti-counterfeiting strategy is defined, implemented and maintained. This policy applies to all Ipsen Corporate functions, sites, entities and personnel managing or involved in the above listed activities related to suspicious counterfeit / falsified products.

The Global Standard Operating Procedure for case management

The purpose of this procedure is to define the principles, roles and responsibilities and process for the management of any suspicious counterfeit/falsified product case for an Ipsen product including the escalation process and notification of competent authorities as appropriate.

Main actions

1. Detecting and finding

Ipsen uses a variety of approaches to detect suspected falsified / counterfeit medicines. In the physical world, such reports may come from, *inter alia*, healthcare practitioners, patients, employees, healthcare and medicine regulatory agencies, and may also result from border measures (customs applications). In the digital world, the Company mainly relies on Internet online monitoring. Depending on regulations and circumstances Ipsen informs the local medicines regulatory agency where confirmed falsified and counterfeit medicines are found and may also support incidents of falsified and counterfeit medicines

2. Improving the supply chain

Ipsen's current anti-counterfeiting strategy is based on 3 pillars:

- Serialization in order to ensure product traceability: which consists in the implementation of a unique number assigned to a single unit in a batch that may be verified if needed at any step of the supply chain up until it is dispensed.
- Evidence of tampering in order to ensure packaging integrity: it guarantees the integrity of the original manufacturer's packaging and detects whether a box has been opened.
- Security features to facilitate the identification of counterfeits: this uses hidden printing on packaging elements to distinguish between products and counterfeits.

3. Cooperating with national and international organizations

Ipsen participates in local and international organizations.

Ipsen cooperates with law enforcement authorities, health authorities and other pharmaceutical companies, notably in efforts to shut down illegal websites that sell falsified medicines or to collect information to be used by law enforcement authorities to pursue criminal networks selling falsified medicines.

Moreover, Ipsen collaborates with: *Union des fabricants* (Unifab), national industry federations such as LEEM (the French Pharmaceutical Industry Association), professional federations, such as the European Federation of Pharmaceutical Industries and Associations (EFPIA), REACT (a non-profit organization providing services in fighting counterfeit trade) and the Pharmaceutical Security Institute (PSI).

Objectives & Results

Ipsen's objectives are:

- to protect patients' safety by securing its supply chain and preventing counterfeit / falsified products from entering it;
- to encourage the reporting of suspect falsified and counterfeit medicines wherever they are found in the physical or online environment;
- to provide an appropriate response to suspected incidents of falsified and counterfeit medicines (investigation, data collection, regulatory compliance).

KPI	2023	2022
Number of counterfeiting cases identified and reported to the National Drug Safety Agency (ANSM)	64	24

4.2.5 Promoting products responsibly

Definition of the risk

Companies are responsible for promoting their products in a non-misleading and transparent manner and without promoting off-label use of medicines. The below general requirements are the basis of the Ipsen Business Ethics program which seeks to mitigate the relevant risks:

• Fairness

Promotion must be accurate, balanced, fair, objective and sufficiently complete to enable the recipient to form an opinion of the therapeutic value of the medicinal product concerned. It must not mislead by distortion, exaggeration, undue emphasis, omission or in any other way.

Any comparison made between different products must be based on relevant and comparable aspects of the products. Comparative advertising must not be misleading or disparaging.

• Objectivity

Promotion must encourage the rational use of medicinal products by presenting them objectively and without exaggerating their properties.

• Transparency

The Group must transparently state if materials or activities are aimed at promoting its medicines including but not limited to materials sponsored by a company and promotional articles in journals.

• Approvals

The promotion of use of unapproved medicines or unapproved indications or unapproved dosage or form of administration as defined in the market authorization.

Inappropriate promotion may have serious consequences on the efficacy and safety of a product or may lead to wrong decisions impacting the health of patients.

Companies may face fines and penalties, expulsion from industry associations and reputational damage while, in the most serious cases, the entire industry may be discredited.

Promoting our products responsibly

Ipsen promotes its products responsibly, in compliance with the highest legal and regulatory standards.

- **We promote** our prescription-only medicines only for uses that have been approved by the relevant authorities.
- **We promote** our prescription-only medicines to HCPs. We also promote them to the general public, but only in countries where direct-to-consumer advertising is allowed, and in compliance with the applicable laws, regulations and industry codes.
- **We communicate** product information which is fair, balanced, objective, complete, accurate, substantiated and up-to-date.
- **We approve** promotional materials prior to their use following the applicable Company processes.
- **We train** all employees involved in the promotion of our products, on approved uses, product-related data, applicable requirements and on the company's promotional rules.

> FOR MORE INFORMATION

We can refer to the Country SOPs on Promotional Materials.

If we have questions or concerns, we speak to our manager, Regulatory Affairs or Business Ethics. For reporting any concerns, we can use the Whispli designated Alert Platform (<https://app.whispli.com/IpsenAlerts>) or the email address Ipsen.Ethics.Hotline@ipssen.com.

Mission

Code of Conduct: "Ipsen promotes its products responsibly, in compliance with the highest legal and regulatory standards."

Governance

The Business Ethics Department supports the team managing products promotion to ensure the laws, regulations, Codes of practice and Ipsen policies and procedures are complied with.

Policies and action plans

Code of Conduct & Applicable Requirements

Ipsen, through its Code of Conduct, commits to promoting its products in accordance with applicable laws, regulations and industry codes. Annual certification on the Code of Conduct is mandatory for all Ipsen employees (Refer to 4.3.2).

Furthermore, Ipsen is a member of the International Federation of Pharmaceutical Manufacturers & Associations (IFPMA), the European Federation of Pharmaceutical Industries and Associations (EFPIA) and other country industry associations such as Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of America (PhRMA) in the United States and the R&D-based Pharmaceutical Association Committee (RDPAC) in China and fully abides by their Codes including the articles dedicated to the promotion of products.

Procedures

In line with the Code of Conduct, Ipsen has in place country Policies on Promotional Materials, setting forth the general principles and requirements for the promotion of its medicines.

Country procedures are applicable concerning the review, approval and storage of promotional materials.

The process has been automated using an electronic tool (*CoManDo*) which has been implemented for use by all global functions and countries.

Other policies and procedures such as the Global Directive on Digital Activities, the Global Directive on Interactions with Healthcare Professionals & Healthcare Organizations (revised in 2023) are in place to provide guidance and direction to Ipsen's employees on how promotional activities must be conducted to ensure promotion is conducted in a fully appropriate and responsible manner and in full compliance with applicable requirements.

Objectives & Results

The objective is to ensure that Ipsen's employees are fully aware and trained on the requirements defined, ensuring that Ipsen's products are promoted responsibly.

KPI	2023	2022
Completion rate of training courses on the Code of Conduct (%)	99.9	98.4

4.2.6 Expanding access to health

Definition of the risk

The materiality analysis highlighted access to medicines as one of the main items expected by Ipsen stakeholders. The risk of insufficient progress in this area is a failure to meet stakeholders expectations, and consequent diminished credibility. Ipsen is looking for ways to develop differentiated approaches to improving healthcare in countries and for communities where access to medicines is challenging and diseases are difficult to treat. This is an important challenge for Ipsen given its size and the geographical areas in which it is located.

Policies & action plans

Ipsen's commitment to expanding health access is evident through its implementation of patient support programs (PSP), patient assistance programs (PAP), patient affairs and advocacy initiatives.

One such initiative is IPSEN CARES (Coverage Access Reimbursement & Education Support), a patient support program in the United States, facilitating access to IPSEN medicines in Oncology, Neuroscience, and Rare Diseases. This comprehensive program operates as a central hub, connecting patients, healthcare providers, insurance companies, and specialty pharmacies.

Dedicated Patient Access Managers within the IPSEN CARES Program provide valuable assistance, including benefits verification, prior authorization/appeal information, participation in copay assistance programs for eligible patients, access to patient assistance programs, medication reminder initiatives, coordination with specialty pharmacies, and the provision of nursing support programs.

In 2023, IPSEN CARES demonstrated its important role by assisting 2,196 patients in need of Ipsen's specialty medicines, showcasing a notable 28% increase compared to the previous year. This growth underscores the program's impact in supporting patients and their families.

The ZAD Patient Support Program (PSP) was launched in 2020 across Saudi Arabia, the United Arab Emirates, and Lebanon, with plans for further expansion into Egypt and Qatar. This program is specifically designed to support patients prescribed Cabometyx, Somatuline, and Decapeptyl.

The ZAD program is founded on two pillars - affordability and adherence. For affordability, Ipsen provides customized solutions for uninsured patients and introduces a co-payment option for those partially insured. The adherence aspect focuses on offering services such as dedicated call centers and home nursing/home delivery to improve treatment accessibility.

A strategic partnership with Axios, a specialized third party with a proven track record in healthcare access, underscores Ipsen's commitment to effective program implementation. Ipsen maintains a clear separation between the promotion of products (managed by Ipsen's commercial teams) and communication about the ZAD program (handled exclusively by Axios), adhering to Ipsen's procedures and local health regulations.

In fostering a community-centric approach, Ipsen collaborates with local charities, sharing patient needs and encouraging financial contributions from these charities. This collaborative effort ensures the sustainability of the program by allowing charities to purchase commercial packs, thus supporting more patients over an extended period.

A patient assessment process is incorporated in the ZAD program, with a notable 10-15% of patients being referred back to the healthcare system for treatment by the government or insurance.

With a regional focus on the Middle East, Ipsen remains dedicated to prioritizing access to treatment and adherence services. The ZAD program has enrolled 137 patients in 2023, with plans to extend its reach to around 300 patients in the coming years.

In a parallel initiative, since September 2020, Ipsen's iAccess Asean program has been established in collaboration with Axios. Countries in the Association of Southeast Asian Nations⁽¹⁾ (ASEAN) are self-pay or semi-reimbursed market. According to the countries' health care systems and financing, national reimbursement drug lists include limited numbers of innovative medicines, such as targeted therapy for cancer patients and treatment for rare diseases. Ipsen iAccess ASEAN Patient Assistance Program is aimed at increasing patient access to two Ipsen medicines, Cabometyx and Somatuline, for patients who have no reimbursement for their medication or no means to pay for the whole course of treatment. By the end of 2023, around 260 patients have been enrolled in the program.

Patient Affairs and Advocacy Efforts

At Ipsen, our dedication to supporting patients goes beyond the development of patient support programs. We understand that patient support involves a holistic approach, and this commitment is reflected in our patient affairs and advocacy initiatives.

In our efforts to understand and meet the unique needs of patients, we run programs aimed at enhancing health literacy for both patients and caregivers. We firmly believe that an informed patient is an empowered one, contributing to the creation of a resilient community capable of managing their health effectively.

Our involvement in Patient-Focused Drug Development (PFDD) is a commitment to three core principles that guide our approach to good patient engagement practices.

Firstly, we actively strive to empower patients by improving health literacy and addressing social determinants of health (SDOH). Recognizing that patient well-being is influenced by factors beyond medications, we work towards making a meaningful impact on their lives.

Secondly, we are committed to understanding burdens and boundaries within the healthcare system and policy landscapes. Patient Engagement Development (PED) is a commitment to understanding the challenges patients face and tailoring our support to alleviate burdens effectively.

Lastly, our belief in co-creating solutions through shared decision-making defines our approach. By involving patients, caregivers, and healthcare professionals in the decision-making process, we foster shared care pathways. This collaborative approach ensures that the care provided aligns with the unique needs and preferences of each individual, ultimately leading to better health outcomes.

Objectives & Results

The objective of the Patient Support Program (PSP) is to offer patients access to affordable and adherence solutions to make their treatment journey smoother and easier.

KPI	2023	2022**
Kingdom of Saudi Arabia (KSA)	52	20
United Arab Emirates (UAE)	83	90
Lebanon (LEB)	2	N/A
Total enrolled patients*	137	110

* Referred patients are potential patients, Enrolled patients are patients having access to ZAD services.

** 2022 figures have been restated to consider only enrolled patients.

Access Accelerated initiative

In 2019, Ipsen joined the Access Accelerated initiative, the largest collective industry effort to address the growing health challenge posed by Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs).

The rising incidence of NCDs represents one of the greatest threats to health and development worldwide and reducing NCD mortality is recognized as a priority in the United Nations 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development (United Nations Development Goal 3.4: "By 2030, reduce by one third premature mortality from non-communicable diseases through prevention and treatment and promote mental health and wellbeing.").

NCDs cause 41 million deaths each year - equivalent to 74 percent of all deaths globally. Cardiovascular diseases, cancers, respiratory diseases and diabetes are the most frequently occurring NCDs. The burden is most acutely felt in low- and middle-income countries (LMIC), which represent more than 3/4 of total NCDs deaths.

⁽¹⁾ ASEAN 10 member states: Brunei, Cambodia, Indonesia, Lao PDR, Malaysia, Myanmar, the Philippines, Singapore, Thailand, and Vietnam.

Access Accelerated is a collective of more than 12 biopharmaceutical and life science companies working together to advance action for NCDs. Using a multi-sectoral approach, Access Accelerated catalyzes force for financial investment by pooling funds, building partnerships, empowering local stakeholders, and facilitating sustainable and scalable solutions.

To maximize impact, Access Accelerated concentrates on 4 key areas:

- **Health financing:** the ability of people to access quality health services requires functional, efficient, and sustainable health financing. To meaningfully address NCDs, the view of health as a cost has to be shifted to health as an investment. Access Accelerated explores innovative funding avenues and develops new models of working across governments, including collaboration with the Ministries of Finance whose buy-in is essential to mounting an effective response at the country level.
- **Universal health coverage (UHC)** ensures that everyone can access quality health services, including prevention and treatment, without financial hardship. Its importance to global health is so significant that it is specifically highlighted as a key target in the UN Sustainable Development Goals. Achieving UHC demands innovation and collaboration across sectors. There is no one-size-fits-all approach, so Access Accelerated supports targeted, catalytic investments to accelerate both public and private investments that are aligned with a given country's needs.
- **Primary care strengthening:** whether it is provided at the doctor's office, a community clinic, or a pharmacy, for most people primary care is their first contact with the healthcare system. Strong primary care is needed to effectively address NCDs because it reaches people living with or at risk of NCDs where they are, with the services they need at a lower cost, and acts as an important entry point for delivering integrated care. Access Accelerated works closely with partners to integrate NCD prevention, treatment, and care into primary health services, increasing prevention and early detection and improving patient outcomes.
- **Knowledge sharing:** Access Accelerated has made a strong commitment to independent, robust metrics and evaluation. By documenting its work and sharing the lessons learned from projects, Access Accelerated creates an important body of evidence and insights that can then support countries and organizations in implementing more sustainable and connected NCD solutions.

In 2022, Access Accelerated supported more than 50 projects in over 30 countries that have collectively reached approximately 700 million people through training,

treatment, and policy shaping. But the most significant impact of its work is the catalytic role that Access Accelerated has played in increasing funding for NCDs. From 2020 to 2022, its initiatives stimulated an additional investment of USD 3.7 billion in NCDs.

In all actions undertaken on the ground, the program focuses on patient experience and empowerment, which is fully aligned with our Generation Ipsen "Patient" pillar. And values that support Access Accelerated actions and decision-making – transparency, accountability and collaboration – resonate with Ipsen Generation "Governance" pillar.

Indeed, the Access Accelerated initiative represents for Ipsen a concrete way to implement the "Together" and "For patients & society" pillars of our Group strategy ("Focus. Together. For Patients & society").

Supporting International Health Partners

Since 2019 and for the first time in its history, Ipsen has introduced in the revolving credit facility of the Company, three environmental, social and governance criteria (gender equality in the Global Leadership Team, participation of Ipsen employees in the Community Day and reduction of our greenhouse gas emissions (Facility emissions Scope 1 & 2 and excludes Scope 1 fleet emissions), thus reflecting the Ipsen Group's CSR commitment.

The implemented mechanism is structured to allow the payment of both a sustainability discount or premium, if any, to a charity.

International Health Partners (IHP) has been selected as a beneficiary of the payments as it operates in our area of expertise as a biopharmaceutical company and provides health care services. Moreover, we wanted to join forces with other pharmaceutical companies, as we have done with the Access Accelerated initiative, reinforcing and evidencing once again our strategy "Focus. Together. For Patients & society".

IHP is a global health non-profit organization based in the UK. It supports people in disaster-hit and vulnerable communities in obtaining vital medicines and health supplies they need. IHP works with a strong network of Healthcare companies, Non-Governmental Organizations (NGOs), Logistics partners and local alliances to source medicines and high-quality medical supplies that are appropriate for use in resource-poor contexts. It then ships responsibly and distributes them to help equip clinics, hospitals and healthcare workers around the world. It can respond rapidly to humanitarian disasters, supports long-term healthcare development projects and provides medics with supplies to carry out their work.

In almost twenty years of existence, 75 vulnerable and disaster-hit countries around the world have received medicines and supplies from IHP.

As a first example of action over the past year and a half, IHP has addressed a wide range of primary health care needs in Ukraine, facilitating access to essential treatments that respond to the health needs of this conflict. In addition to treatment, IHP has also sent a wide range of medical supplies to better equip health workers in this crisis.

A second example of IHP's actions in 2023 relates to the Horn of Africa - Somalia, Ethiopia, Kenya, Eritrea, and Djibouti - which has experienced flash floods, after the worst droughts the region has experienced in decades. This causes further displacement, severely limits access to safe, clean water and increases widespread vulnerability to outbreaks of infectious diseases. IHP responds to this crisis in collaboration with three in-country partners, intervening in camps and giving refugees free access to the medical treatment they need.

In 2023, the achievement of CSR criteria enabled our Group to donate to IHP more than €84,300. Thus, Ipsen helped to provide medicine with a total value of €825,296, send more than 187,079 treatments and support 62,360 people in need.

Fondation Ipsen

Mission

The mission of *Fondation Ipsen* is "Rare but not alone". *Fondation Ipsen* focuses on improving rare disease detection. *Fondation Ipsen* exhorts a vision to ensure that all people living with a rare disease are respected and receive an accurate and timely diagnosis.

Governance

Fondation Ipsen was established in 1983, under the aegis of the *Fondation de France*. The foundation is overseen by *Fondation de France* and an independent scientific board. Actions taken by *Fondation Ipsen* are independent and unrelated to the business of Ipsen Pharma. *Fondation Ipsen* is subject to objective auditing by *La Cour des comptes*⁽²⁾.

Relationship between Fondation Ipsen and Ipsen

Fondation Ipsen is a sheltered foundation under the aegis of *Fondation de France*. As such, it is not a legal entity and has no legal capacity. *Fondation Ipsen* is independent from Ipsen Pharma. Ipsen Pharma exerts no control over *Fondation Ipsen* with respect to management, activities, and outcomes.

Ipsen Pharma, with true philanthropic intent, donates funds to *Fondation de France*. *Fondation de France* allocates, and contracts donated funds towards projects aligned with the mission and the programs of *Fondation Ipsen*. Under the supervision of an external scientific board and through independent management by *Fondation Ipsen* staff (staff of Ipsen Pharma assigned to *Fondation Ipsen*), *Fondation Ipsen* staff facilitate the management of these programs. In this respect, *Fondation Ipsen's* mission is to support projects of general interest in the sciences, education, disabilities, and health. *Fondation Ipsen* facilitates public access to science and its diffusion.

A *posteriori* audits of *Fondation Ipsen* are carried out exclusively by *Fondation de France*. Noting the philanthropic nature of the corporation's donation, and the independence of the foundation, the outputs and impact of *Fondation Ipsen* are products of the beneficence of the Company. Since Ipsen Pharma gains no business benefit nor seeks to benefit from or regulate these activities, the impacts of *Fondation Ipsen* are reported in the Universal Registration Document of Ipsen.

Actions

Fondation Ipsen BookLab

The accurate transmission of science to the public is complex because scientific information is often technical and the information provided is often inaccurate. *Fondation Ipsen's* publishing arm, BookLab, addresses this need by offering, free of charge, educational high-quality books on sciences and health, with a focus on rare diseases and disabilities. To raise general interest of these issues and to combat the stigma that patients endure, *Fondation Ipsen's* BookLab publications, with original and attractive formats, are aimed at the public, patients, and families of all ages and cultures, countries, and languages.

Fondation Ipsen's quarterly magazine for young children, *Little Issue*, developed in collaboration with The Big Issue, offers complete educational content (sciences, languages, reading, general culture). Initially distributed to schools in South African townships, *Little Issue* is also available for sale in South African supermarkets (SPAR). The quality of the content has aroused interest at an international level. *Little Issue* is published in multiple languages and is distributed in schools in South Africa, in Asia (Nepal, Vietnam), in French-speaking Africa (Ivory Coast, Gambia, Madagascar, Niger, Togo, Burundi, Madagascar) and in France. In 2023, 40,000 copies of English versions were distributed each trimester in South Africa. About 2,000 copies of French versions are distributed each trimester to schools in Francophone Africa.

Aimed at children aged 3 or above, the "Children of Genetics" books break down the barriers between families living with a rare disease and the Rest of the World. By taking the form of illustrated tales, these books bring the specific issues faced by these families and patients into everyone's daily life. The books inform the public, for a better detection of rare diseases and invite, from the youngest age, an acceptance of interindividual differences. The books are intended for distribution as eBooks, in different languages (French, English, Spanish, Chinese, German, Latvian, Ukrainian), via the main e-platforms. The printed French versions are distributed to local communities (schools, libraries) and to patients/families, patient associations, with the support of Dijon University Hospital and the ARGAD Association (*Association de Recherche en Génétique et d'Accompagnement des familles et professionnels de Dijon-Bourgogne*).

⁽²⁾ *La Cour des comptes* is a financial jurisdiction of the administrative order in France.

Pediatric patients' voices are rarely heard amid the complexity of modern medicine. Therefore, each story in the "My Life Beyond" series stems from the imagination and experience of a Mayo Clinic patient. The books were developed through collaboration between these patients, Mayo Clinic physicians and author-illustrator Hey Gee. Through this unique lens of inspiring experiences, the series, intended for 5-9 years old, explores how children view illness, challenges, and recovery. The printed books are distributed within the U.S. and in France to collectivities (schools, libraries) and partner associations. The first and second trilogies of the book series (*Harassment, Leukemia, Autism and Vaccines, Neurofibromatosis and Diabetes*) were distributed in 500 libraries in France, in collaboration with a company working with people with disabilities.

Art plays a pivotal role in raising awareness. This understanding drove the BookLab, in collaboration with the Platform of Expertise for Rare Diseases Bourgogne Franche-Comté, to publish in 2023 an alphabet book on rare diseases. This unique ABC book showcases a multifaceted perspective on 26 rare diseases, through the triple lens of medicine, science, and art. The works of art were exhibited at the Autonomics forum in Paris.

Fondation Ipsen's BookLab is dedicated to producing major reference publications. For example, the collaboration with the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development (OECD) resulted in the publication of a report entitled *Artificial Intelligence in Science. Challenges, Opportunities and the Future of Research* that delves into the current, emerging, and potential future uses of artificial intelligence in science. It highlights areas where progress is essential to advance scientific frontiers, enhance scientific productivity, and facilitate the integration of AI in developing countries.

Other major 2023 milestones include the launch of the "Science Unlocked" book series, designed to provide valuable guidance for both the public and professionals, and the introduction of the *So In. Society and Inclusion* magazine, emphasizing the importance of inclusion in building a fairer society (first issue published in December 2023).

Podcasts and digital communication

Fondation Ipsen's podcast program is composed of four channels, each having a different focus. "Life and Science" offers the public and the scientific community the opportunity to listen to webinars on rare diseases organized in collaboration with the journal *Science/ AAAS*. The podcasts are available for free on all popular Podcast platforms such as Apple Podcasts, Spotify, Deezer, Ausha, Podcast Addict and more. They are promoted on *Fondation Ipsen's* social networks (Facebook, LinkedIn, Instagram), as well as on its website. "Science (Hi)Stories", designed for the public, offers a journey through time, making it possible to understand scientific issues through a historical perspective. The "Science Corner", designed for children, addresses the subject of difference and tolerance in rare diseases, through the tales of Jonas, a 10-year-old schoolboy who finds himself trapped in the "DNA Vortex". "Our Health", designed for the public and the scientific community, addresses health and wellbeing issues, and consists of interviews with prominent scientists and personalities.

Overall, *Fondation Ipsen's* website <http://www.fondation-ipsen.org> is promoted to the public in several ways. The Google Ads tool is used to promote it in English and French. In addition, *Fondation Ipsen* is active on social networks, including Facebook, Instagram and LinkedIn.

Programs in communication, advocacy, and innovation

To communicate up-to-date scientific information to the rare disease community, *Fondation Ipsen* supports the development of Orphanet's newsletter, OrphaNews International (<https://international.orphanews.org/home.html>).

To communicate information about rare diseases from world experts to the public, *Fondation Ipsen* organizes bimonthly webinars about rare diseases with the journal *Science/ AAAS*. In 2023, webinars focused on advocacy in rare disease. Webinar transcripts are regularly edited and published by *Fondation Ipsen's* BookLab. Furthermore, together with the Children's National Hospital, *Fondation Ipsen* organized six Grand Rounds in rare disease science to educate both the scientific community and the public on various topics in the field of rare diseases.

Since 2021, *Fondation Ipsen* has also collaborated with the National Press Foundation to select, train, and provide scholarships to a delegation of international journalists to report on rare diseases. For the edition, which took place in November 2023, 25 selected journalists from 21 countries attended conferences and workshops given by international scientists, CEOs, and heads of patient networks, to write in local media and broadcast about rare disease in underserved communities. The third edition took place in November 2023.

To foster collaboration between organizations and experts, *Fondation Ipsen* organizes international conferences on rare disease detection. Since 2022, *Fondation Ipsen* has collaborated with the University of California San Francisco to organize interdisciplinary Rare Disease Symposia focusing on the development of new diagnostics, therapeutics and social advances for people living with a rare disease. The second meeting is being planned and will be held in February 2024. Furthermore, to connect researchers and science entrepreneurs with innovative foundations and potential investors, and to explore how Venture Philanthropy and foundations can play a key role in accelerating the launch of new therapies for rare diseases, *Fondation Ipsen* also supports LaunchBio in the organization of two international "Invest in Cures" forums. The first forum took place in San Diego in August 2023.

To support and accelerate research in rare diseases, *Fondation Ipsen* also collaborates with *Fondation Maladies Rares* to develop a French version of the Massive Open Online Course (MOOC) "Diagnosing Rare Diseases: from the clinic to research and back" within the framework of the European Joint Programme on Rare Diseases. *Fondation Ipsen* also supports Orphanet to document the functional impact of rare diseases on patients' daily lives via interviews conducted with patient organizations and healthcare professionals, used to update the Orphanet Functioning Thesaurus.

To address the rare disease funding gap, *Fondation Ipsen* convened in January 2023 a 3-day "Rare Intelligence" international leadership meeting in rare disease innovation and finance. The meeting assembled 15 experts and representatives from international organizations, governments, the rare disease community, university accelerators, as well as the Venture Capital, Venture Philanthropy, and biotech communities. Furthermore, together with *Fondation de France*, *Fondation Ipsen* launched the Working Group on Rare Diseases, assembling foundations operating in the rare disease space. The group aims to influence public policy through collaborative advocacy.

With a commitment to the wellbeing of patients, *Fondation Ipsen* works with renowned partner organizations to further accelerate detection and diagnosis of, and raise awareness about, rare diseases internationally. For example, *Fondation Ipsen* funded the Rare Disease Day campaigns (a globally coordinated movement on rare diseases initiated by EURORDIS in 2008) of EURORDIS' national alliance organizations in several countries and regions. Together with EURORDIS, *Fondation Ipsen* is also developing classroom curricula and toolkits to help raise awareness among young people about rare diseases and foster brainstorming among students about ways in which their schools can be more inclusive of people living with a rare disease. *Fondation Ipsen* also supports EURORDIS in shaping, promoting and advocating for an integrated European framework for the collection and ethical use of data relevant to rare diseases.

Finally, *Fondation Ipsen* has also joined forces with multiple organizations to amplify awareness regarding rare diseases and disabilities among the public, harnessing the power of sports and art. One such initiative was the backing of the Wheelchair Rugby Women's Cup Championship organized by CAPSAAA in April 2023. *Fondation Ipsen* also funded an educational Paralympic week in the town of Magny-les-Hameaux, to raise awareness about parasports among children. In the realm of inclusive cinematic creation, the foundation also supported the organization of the 2023 *Courts Devant* film festival, promoting the visibility of professionals living with disabilities.

Results

Meaningful results have been achieved in 2023. *Fondation Ipsen*:

- reached over 10.6 million people through digital communication, including over 28,000 podcast listeners (reaching a total of over 107 million people and 160,000 podcast listeners since 2019);
- distributed over 194,000 printed books and 56,000 eBooks (totaling over 560,000 printed books distributed and 85,000 eBooks distributed in 123 countries since 2019);
- engaged with 370 leading experts from 316 organizations and 58 countries since 2021;
- financially supported 15 organizations.

4.3 Enhancing integrity to maintain our stakeholders' trust

4.3.1 Protecting personal data

Definition of the risk

The major risk regarding processing of personal data is a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorized disclosure of, or access to, personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed.

This risk is important to manage considering current developments in information and communication technologies and because of its potential impact and consequences it can have on personal aspect.

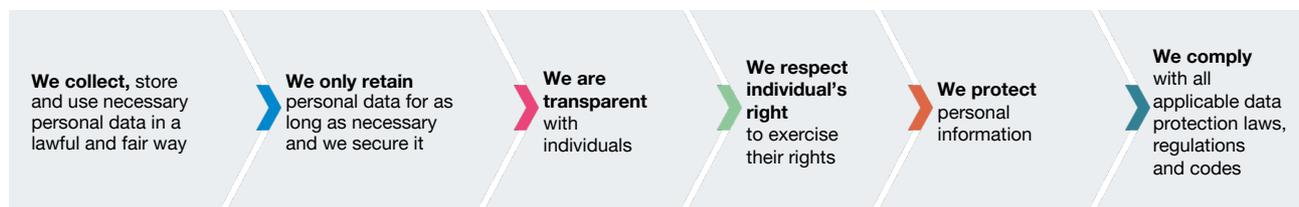
Ipsen is committed to protecting the personal data of its employees, patients, healthcare professionals and other partners Ipsen interacts with. The Company protects patients and healthcare professionals' data and is transparent about the use of their data in its activities such as Research, but also employees' data by accompanying and training Ipsen employees on processing and protecting of personal data.

Mission

Our mission is to protect the fundamental rights and freedoms of people and in particular their right to the protection of personal data by preserving the integrity, confidentiality and availability of data.

In order to perform its mission, Ipsen approaches Data Privacy on several parts such as a business approach through prevention, measuring risks and conducting assessment, analysis and a legal approach to secure every project by protecting individuals' rights through legal frameworks such as contracts, privacy notices and consent forms.

Main Data Privacy Principles at Ipsen



One of the main aspect of Data Privacy is the IT security approach. Ipsen aims to secure its assets by always prioritizing defenses to protect. In order to achieve that goal, Ipsen has developed a 'Risk Informed' strategy that seeks to understand the threats, vulnerabilities and impacts with a view to taking the right decision but also creating a long-term Security Culture within the Group to protect people, processes and technologies.

Governance

Since 2016, the Data Protection Officer (DPO) has been responsible for ensuring the implementation of a Data Privacy and Protection program within the Group. The role of the DPO is to advise, inform and monitor compliance with Data Privacy regulations.

The DPO reports to the General Counsel and Executive leadership team member.

The DPO has set up an international and corporate Privacy Champion Network in charge of raising awareness and supporting each affiliate and corporate team. Members of the network are employees representing all functions and businesses.

Policies & action plans

Ipsen's activities involve different personal data processing for different groups of individuals such as employees, patients, healthcare professionals, contractors, scientists, etc.

To protect the privacy of individuals, Ipsen has created a Group Global Privacy policy that defines the main principles of Data protection. This global policy applies to all Ipsen employees processing personal data in compliance with European requirements and local regulations for each Ipsen Affiliate.

Awareness-raising and training courses for employees

In 2023, Ipsen enhanced its mandatory annual training modules for all employees through online training courses, face-to-face tools adapted to the different functions so that employees are part of the data protection compliance pathway.

Training modules are updated regularly, awareness-raising modules are available for all newcomers and training courses are organized in every affiliate according to countries' specific requirements.

Documentation for employees on the processing of personal data are available on Ipsen's intranet such as templates for contracts, Privacy Notices, Consent forms, checklists for compliance with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), policies and general documentation about Data Privacy.

Ipsen has implemented OneTrust, a data privacy management tool to assess the compliance of projects involving data processing with respect to the regulations, to define corrective actions to be implemented and maintain our register of data processing.

The Privacy Champion network is also a key asset in training employees on their role of identifying risky projects and Data Protection Impact Assessment needs.

Description of data protection on clinical trials

Patients' personal data may be collected for clinical trials. When this is the case, an Informed Consent form is required. The Consent form triggers voluntary participation in a study and provides them with information about the use of the collected data and the right to privacy, depending on the applicable regulations, as well as information about pharmacovigilance processing.

Healthcare professionals' personal data may also be collected during a study: a privacy notice is then required to inform them about the processing of the data and the right to privacy depending on the applicable regulations, as well as information about pharmacovigilance processing.

Objectives & Results

The main objective of Ipsen is to reach the highest level of data privacy compliance and training in respect of Ipsen's activities.

Ipsen's number of data breaches in 2023 was low, with 1 data breach reported to the authorities. This level of performance is the result of Ipsen's enhancement of its awareness-raising programs and procedures related to data security prevention and data breach notifications by developing new policies and training courses.

Ipsen has implemented a catalog of modules concerning each step of compliance with data privacy regulations and continuously updates training courses and adapts its roadmap in order to demonstrate its compliance in terms of Data Privacy.

KPI	2023	2022
Number of data breaches reported to the authorities	1	0

4.3.2 Fighting corruption

Definition of the risk

Corruption is the act of offering, promising, making, authorizing, requesting, agreeing to receive or accepting, directly or indirectly through third parties or intermediaries, any transfer of value to any person or organization, for the purpose of obtaining or retaining any undue advantage.

Corruption in its broader definition may also include influence peddling, tax evasion, money laundering and fraud.

Corruption negatively impacts society in multiple ways.

It hinders economic and social development and creates poverty. Public money is misused instead of being used for the right priorities such as healthcare, education, pensions, investments and transport infrastructure. In healthcare, decisions can be made for the benefit of individuals other than patients; patients may be prescribed the wrong treatment and citizens can suffer from distorted prices of medicines, medical devices or medical services.

It distorts fair trade and it may feed criminal networks and terrorist activities.

Corruption negatively impacts both companies and individuals.

The impact may range from damage of trust of consumers, candidates or other stakeholders, unquantifiable reputational damage, impact on share prices, fines and penalties, exclusion from public tenders, loss of talent as far as discrediting an entire industry.

Mission

Ipsen rejects unequivocally any form of corruption and is committed to acting with the highest standards of ethics, integrity and transparency.

Fighting corruption

Ipsen strongly rejects all forms of corruption as these distort fair trade, hinder economic development and impose multiple costs on society at large.

Ipsen prohibits employees and contractors from accepting, offering or giving, directly or indirectly through third parties, anything of value to any person or organization, whether public officials or not, to obtain or retain any undue advantage.

Ipsen complies with all applicable international and national laws, regulations and codes that prohibit any form of corruption. Non-compliance with applicable anti-corruption laws can have severe consequences for Ipsen and the employees concerned. Ipsen avoids doing business with entities and/or individuals that are subject to official trade and economic sanctions.

- **We interact** with all our stakeholders with the highest level of integrity based on the merits and the science behind our assets.
- **We do not offer** or give any stakeholder anything of value with a view to obtaining or retaining any undue advantage.
- **We do not offer** HCPs and/or other stakeholders any gifts, congress sponsorships, grants, donations, hospitality, or anything of value in return for an increase in prescriptions or to obtain any other undue advantage for Ipsen.
- **We maintain** accurate books and records to reflect all financial transactions made and received.

> FOR MORE INFORMATION

We refer to the Ipsen "Global Anti-Corruption Policy" (GLB-POL-004), revised in 2023. If we have questions or concerns, we speak to our manager or Business Ethics or, for reporting any concerns, we can use the Whispli designated Alert Platform (<https://app.whispli.com/IpsenAlerts>) or the email address Ipsen.Ethics.Hotline@ipson.com.

Governance

Business Ethics Infrastructure & Governance

Ipsen has established in recent years infrastructure and governance at global and country level to identify and mitigate compliance- and ethics-related risks.

Business Ethics Program & Ethical Culture

Ipsen's Business Ethics Program is continuously enhanced with new elements, revisions and other improvements in areas such as policies and procedures, education and monitoring. In addition, existing and new initiatives intend to continuously shape Ipsen's culture with a focus on ownership, accountability and decision-making and conduct of activities. Ipsen routinely measures its ethical culture through specific questions in employee surveys. In the 2023 survey, the question "People at Ipsen behave ethically and compliantly", got an agreement score of 81%.

Governance & Resources

All entities including commercial operations, R&D and manufacturing sites as well as global functions are overseen by appointed Business Ethics Officers, members of Ipsen's Business Ethics department.

Business Ethics Committees co-chaired by the Business Ethics Officers and the Country Managers or Function Heads oversee the evolution of the compliance programs and the external developments in the countries while the Business Ethics committee of the Executive Leadership Team is informed about important updates and endorses priorities twice a year.

In early 2023, a specific governance body was established to oversee the Ipsen "Anti-Corruption Program", demonstrating Ipsen's commitment to conducting business with high standards of ethics, for a positive societal change under Generation Ipsen. All functions play a role and contribute to the ACP, being integrated in the business through collaboration and joint efforts of all employees. The ACP Operational Committee (ACP OC) has been established, meets quarterly, and maintains the ACP (communications, external certifications, external audit readiness, implementation of decisions taken, reports to Executive Leadership Team, coordination with Generation Ipsen).

Finally, the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee of the Board oversees the evolution of the Business Ethics Program and significant matters that may have a major impact on its effectiveness.

Continuous Enhancement of Ipsen's Anti-Corruption Program

In addition to its Anti-corruption Policy and the other elements described below, Ipsen strives to continuously assess and reinforce its anti-corruption infrastructure in accordance with any applicable new requirements deriving from new country or extraterritorial laws, regulations or international standards.

In 2020, Ipsen launched a new initiative with the aim of ensuring that its anti-corruption infrastructure in all relevant areas beyond policies and procedures could effectively address the risk and respond to the expectations of the identified interested parties. The dedicated anti-corruption system obtained in November 2021 the ISO 37001 certification, awarded by EuroCompliance, confirming its commitment to fighting corruption. The certification was renewed in July 2023.

Ipsen has also led other efforts towards this aim such as the revision of the Employees Conflict of Interest SOP, supported by an annual and mandatory e-learning course assigned to all employees, launched in 2021 and revised in 2023 (Refer to 4.3.3).

Policies & action plans

Code of Conduct

Through its new Code of Conduct which was launched in 2019 and revised in June 2023, Ipsen and its leadership reject unequivocally any form of corruption and are committed to acting with the highest standards of ethics, integrity and transparency.

The Code of Conduct and its courses is available in 15 languages and revised on a yearly basis. The training on the Code of Conduct is mandatory for all new hires and mandatory annual certification by all Ipsen employees is required.

As part of the annual assignment, Ipsen employees were assigned the Code of Conduct Training in 2023 and each individual has to certify the pledge to the Code.

Global Anti-Corruption Policy

The Global Policy has been effective since March 2019, revised in 2023, and it reaffirms Ipsen's position on corrupt practices and sets global standards for its employees, third parties and contractors.

Ipsen complies with all applicable laws, regulations and codes that prohibit any form of corruption, including, but not limited to, French Law 2016-1691 (Sapin II), Articles 432 and 433 of the French Criminal Code, the U.S. Foreign Corrupt Practices Act (FCPA) and the UK Bribery Act when applicable, as well as applicable international conventions, including, but not limited to, the OECD Anti-Bribery Convention and the UN Convention against Corruption. Ipsen has been a member of the United Nations "Global Compact" program since 2012.

In accordance with this Policy, corruption in any form is strictly prohibited. Influence peddling is also forbidden.

The Code of Conduct and Global Anti-corruption Policy constitute the cornerstone of Ipsen's commitment against corruption and the anchor of its Anti-corruption Program. Consequently, any breach of the Code of Conduct, the Anti-corruption Policy or of the related laws, regulations and codes may result in disciplinary measures, including termination, in compliance with the applicable employment legislation.

Training available in 15 languages on the Anti-corruption Policy has been annually assigned to Ipsen employees since 2020. The training content is customized to ensure relevant cases are examined depending on the function/role of the individuals.

Global Policy on interactions with external stakeholders

The Ipsen Global Policy on interactions with external stakeholders was developed in 2016 to establish a global framework and define global principles around our interactions with external stakeholders, to be conducted with integrity and transparency, and in full compliance with laws, regulations, codes and Ipsen procedures. In addition to this Policy, several directives are in place to guide employees in their interactions with specific external stakeholders: HCPs/HCOs, Government Officials, individual patients and Patient Organizations.

All the Business Ethics-related procedures are easily available to all employees on the Intranet.

MAKE THE RIGHT CALL

You are **encouraged** to always **speak up or raise** any questions or concerns on any business and employee conduct with your manager. If the matter involves your line manager, then report directly to **Business Ethics or Human Resources** in your country, function or site.

If you are **not comfortable** with reporting the matter to your manager, Business Ethics or Human Resources, **raise your alert through:**

- WHISPLI PLATFORM**
<https://ipсен.whispli.com/Alerts>
- EMAIL ADDRESS**
Ipsen.Ethics.Hotline@ipсен.com
- NORTH AMERICA ANONYMOUS HOTLINE**
1-866-384-4277

Your alert is treated with confidentiality and privacy to the fullest extent possible and can also be made anonymously. Retaliation is not tolerated in any case.

24 HOURS A DAY, 7 DAYS A WEEK

IPSEN GLOBAL BUSINESS ETHICS
Innovation for patient care

Speak up

Ipsen strongly encourages a culture where employees can speak up or raise any questions or concerns on any business and employee conduct that is suspected not to comply with our Code of Conduct, our policies and procedures and Ipsen's legal and ethical obligations.

When we speak up, we do the right thing. By raising concerns, we help to protect ourselves, our colleagues and Ipsen's image and reputation:

We can speak with our manager, with Human Resources or Business Ethics.

- Additionally, if we prefer, we can use the Whispli designated Alert Platform (<https://app.whispli.com/IpsenAlerts>) or the email address Ipsen.Ethics.Hotline@ipсен.com. The information submitted through the Alert Platform and the email address will only be received by the specific individuals in the Global Business Ethics department entrusted with the management of alerts.
- We provide a safe environment for raising concerns:
 - To the extent permitted by applicable laws.
 - The protection of the individual making the alert is of paramount importance. Any information that may assist in identifying the individual making the alert will not be disclosed to any person other than those directly involved in the treatment of the alert.
 - Reports may be made anonymously, if the individual feels uncomfortable disclosing their identity.
 - Ipsen is committed to a strict non-retaliation policy. No retaliatory action will be taken against any individual making an alert in good faith.
 - Ipsen is responsible for the handling of any alert and takes all necessary precautions to ensure the protection of data.
 - Only personal data that is relevant, adequate and considered absolutely essential, will be collected.
 - Alerts must be based on facts and made in good faith. Abusive, malicious or frivolous reports may lead to disciplinary sanctions.

> FOR MORE INFORMATION

We can refer to the Ipsen "Global Whistleblowing Policy" (GLB-POL-003). If we have questions, we ask our manager or Business Ethics.

Global Whistleblowing Policy

The enhancement of the speak-up culture is a priority for the Company. Its evolution is monitored every two years through the Employee Engagement Survey.

Ipsen implemented the Global Whistleblowing Policy in September 2018 and across 2019 in various waves with the aim of encouraging employees and contractors to report any concerns about potential non-compliant or unethical behaviors. The Global Policy sets the principles and requirements on how these reports must be treated including confidentiality, respect of anonymity, personal data protection and non-retaliation.

The Global Policy's launch was accompanied by the Global Investigations SOP to formalize the process of investigations, from initiation up to closure and remedial and/or disciplinary actions. These documents were revised in 2023.

Senior Leaders such as General Managers, Heads of Technical Operations and R&D Sites, Human Resources, Legal and Business Ethics have so far been trained to date on the policy.

Employees can report any concerns to their manager, HR, or Business Ethics Officer directly or use a central email address or a new platform which has been made available to expand the reporting channels. Both the Policy and the Platform are made available in 15 languages. A link to the Reporting platform can be very easily found on the Intranet home page.

The global internal communication campaign ("Make the right call") was renewed in 2023, through various means (Including onboarding training courses, Business Ethics committees presentations, etc.).

Third-Party Business Ethics Management Program

The Third-Party Business Ethics Management Program was initiated in 2017. It has been designed and is continuously improved upon to avoid any transactions with a Third Party subject to economic or trade sanctions, and to mitigate the risk related to corruption among other compliance-related risks, to mitigate the risks related to CSR (e.g., Human Rights) and to comply with all applicable anti-corruption and anti-bribery laws including the French anti-corruption Law Sapin II.

The program was revised in 2021 and 2023 so that resources and attention are devoted throughout the whole business lifecycle of the contract with the third party, as well as ongoing relationship management controls, with an objective of having the compliance responsibilities owned by Business owners, with more bridges between Operations and Business Ethics, for a more efficient risk management. The Code of Conduct for Business partners was also revised to reflect the vision of the Ipsen Third-Party Business Ethics Management Program.

Several thousands of third parties have been assessed since its launch. The due diligence performed is also complemented by training courses and monitoring activities consistent with the main anti-corruption laws and guidance documents (e.g., FCPA, UK Anti-Bribery Act and French Law Sapin II).

Objectives & results

The objective is to avoid any form of corruption through employees' commitment to acting with the highest standards of ethics, integrity and transparency. Ipsen has developed specific written standards and awareness training courses to support its employees in this matter.

KPI	2023	2022
Completion rate of training courses on the Code of Conduct (%)	99.9	98.4
Completion rate of training courses on Anti-Corruption (%)	99.9	97.3
Number of Business Ethics related alerts raised	34	19
Total number of Due diligence conducted	625	970

4.3.3 Avoiding conflict of interest

Definition of the risk

Ipsen expects its employees to make decisions based on what is best for the Company and the wellbeing of patients and not for personal benefit. Ipsen employees may find themselves in a situation where their personal, social, financial or political interests, or those of private individuals or corporations with whom they are linked or close to, may come into conflict with the interests of Ipsen.

A conflict of interest, whether potential or actual, can seriously damage Ipsen's reputation and have consequences for the individuals involved.

Mission

We make decisions based on what is best for the Company and the wellbeing of patients.

We do not unduly use our professional role for our personal benefit or to benefit relatives.

We take every reasonable step to avoid finding ourselves in situations of conflicting interests with our Company.

We disclose actual or potential conflicts of interest in writing in accordance with the existing procedures.

We do not accept any gifts.

We do not accept any invitations to a meal or social, cultural, sporting or hospitality event that may compromise our independence or judgment regarding a third party or that otherwise may be considered as, or reasonably appear to be, inappropriate.

Governance

Conflicts of interest involving Ipsen's employees are managed by Business Ethics, Legal, and Human Resources, with all functions assessing the situations and the proposed actions to manage the conflict of interest.

Policies and action plan

Ipsen has created a Global SOP on conflicts of interest (co-owned by Business Ethics and Legal) that defines the main principles which apply to all Ipsen employees. This written standard was revised in 2023 to include the description of the process of disclosure and assessment of a potential situation of conflict of interest (in the past described in a separate SOP), and supported by an IT tool developed for Ipsen in 2020, allowing each employee to disclose a specific situation, at any time.

Training courses

Ipsen has developed an e-learning course on conflicts of interest, explaining the risk for Ipsen and describing the different types of conflict of interest. This e-learning course is assigned to all employees on a yearly basis, and is mandatory to complete. It is revised at least every two years.

Objectives & Results

The objective is to ensure Ipsen's employees can, at any time, declare a potential situation of conflict of interest and have it assessed. Mandatory training and the dedicated IT tool allow the identification of such situations for an efficient mitigation of the risk.

KPI	2023	2022
Completion rate of training courses on conflicts of interest	99.9%	98.5%
Number of conflicts of interest declared and assessed (incl. ongoing assessment)	110	145

Avoiding conflicts of interest

Ipsen expects its employees to make decisions based on what is best for the Company and the wellbeing of patients and not for personal benefit. Ipsen employees may find themselves in a situation where their personal, social, financial or political interests, or those of private individuals or corporations with whom they are linked or close to, may come into conflict with the interests of Ipsen. A conflict of interest, whether potential or actual, can seriously damage Ipsen's reputation and have consequences for the individuals involved.

- **We make** decisions based on what is best for the Company and the wellbeing of patients.
- **We do not** unduly use our professional role for our personal benefit or to benefit relatives.
- **We take** every reasonable step to avoid finding ourselves in situations of conflicting interests with our Company.
- **We disclose** all actual or potential conflicts of interest in writing in accordance with the existing procedures.
- **We do not** accept any gifts.
- **We do not** accept any invitations to a meal or social, cultural, sporting or hospitality event that may compromise our independence or judgment regarding a third party or that otherwise may be considered as, or reasonably appear to be, inappropriate.

To prevent conflicts of interest, we safeguard against situations in which the objectivity of a business decision may be impaired, or may reasonably appear to be impaired, especially when:
Investing in a competitor, supplier or customer. Having a family member who wants to do business with Ipsen. Taking a second job or accepting board membership in another company.

4.3.4 Promoting and defending Human Rights

Definition of the risk

As a Company present in several countries with many stakeholders, adverse Human Rights impacts may arise in the course of doing business. Human Rights violations may lead to negative impacts on business operations (e.g., cancellation of contracts), on the Company's reputation, but also on the patients Ipsen serves. Ipsen must ensure that Human Rights are respected in all its activities and its supply chain. Human Rights refer to the fundamental rights of the United Nations (UN Global Compact, Universal Declaration of Human Rights) and the International Labour Organization (ILO).

Ipsen must comply with regulatory Human Rights obligations, including international standards such as the United Nations Guidelines on Business and Human Rights and national regulations and must identify the nature and extent of potential Human Rights violations in each country where the Company, its suppliers and direct sub-contractors operate.

Ipsen's organization, policies, action plans and individual approach to Human Rights are presented below.

Mission

Code of Conduct: "We respect human rights and carry out our Human Rights duties through exemplary behavior in our business conduct."

Governance

Human Rights are overseen by various Ipsen departments, including Business Ethics, EHS & Procurement to ensure they are respected all along the value chain, from the supplier to the patients.

Policies & action plans

Policies

- Ipsen encourages its employees to be exemplary corporate citizens, committed to serving the communities in which the Company operates.
- These actions seek to respect people, protect the planet and integrate human rights and environmental considerations into all aspects of activities, from research and product development to the supply chain and manufacturing operations to patients. A specific section is dedicated to Human Rights in the Ipsen Code of Conduct, (as mentioned earlier, all Ipsen employees must complete an annual and mandatory e-learning course).

- Ipsen has been committed to the principles of the United Nations (UN) Global Compact since 2012 and supports the 10 principles set out in the UN Declaration of Human Rights and the International Labour Organization's standards.
- Ipsen invests in communities and focuses efforts on patient associations and charitable work. Ipsen's commitment reflects its Company Social Responsibility effort.

Respecting Human Rights

Ipsen respects Human Rights and carries out its Human Rights duties through exemplary behavior in its business conduct.

- **We respect and promote Human Rights.**
- **We adhere** to the principles of the United Nations (UN) Global Compact; we support the principles set out in the UN Declaration of Human Rights and the International Labour Organization's standards regarding child labor and minimum wages.
- **We invest** in communities and focus our efforts on patient associations and charitable work. Our commitment reflects our Company Social Responsibility effort and Ipsen's employees are our ambassadors.
- **We select** sustainable suppliers that adhere to the principles of the UN Global Compact.

> FOR MORE INFORMATION

We can refer to Ipsen's Annual Report, available on Ipsen's website, and to www.unglobalcompact.org.

If we have questions or concerns, we speak to our manager or Business Ethics or for reporting any concerns, we can use the Whispli designated Alert Platform (<https://app.whispli.com/IpsenAlerts>) or the email address Ipsen.Ethics.Hotline@ipсен.com.

Main achievements

Ipsen wishes to only work with individuals and organizations who share Ipsen's commitment to ethical business practices and operate in a socially and environmentally responsible manner.

The Business Partner Code of Conduct clearly outlines the principles and expectations of suppliers who wish to establish and maintain a relationship with Ipsen. This includes Ipsen's requirements around human and labor rights, health and safety, protection of the environment and ethical business practices. Selected partners are asked to sign the Ipsen Business Partner Code of Conduct to reflect their commitment to Ipsen's standards. For all of them, compliance clauses are included in agreements to address overall ethical business standards.



• Supplier Risk Management (SRM)

In 2022, Ipsen piloted a group-wide coordinated risk management process under a single 'go to' digital platform, bringing together internal experts across Procurement,

Business Ethics, EHS, Data Privacy, Cyber Security, Operational Tech security & IT Quality to develop a world-class SRM solution that determines where and which risk assessments are required for potential new suppliers. This initiative streamlines internal/ external inputs and reviews while ultimately protecting Ipsen in ensuring third party suppliers meet Ipsen's standards and requirements, including those in the Code of Conduct. Ipsen's risk management process incorporates checks using industry recognized databases (including Duns&Bradstreet, Dow Jones and Ecovadis) to monitor and develop suppliers as well as combining with in-house subject matter expert assessments and reviews.⁽¹⁾

• Third-Party Business Ethics management program

The Ipsen Third-Party Business Ethics program, aimed at fighting against corruption and bribery, assesses several hundred Ipsen partners each year.

In 2021, the Third-Party Business Ethics management program was reviewed to include more questions for the third parties assessed on Human Rights, in a dedicated section on Company Social Responsibility. Third parties rated as high or medium risk are asked to provide Ipsen with their standards in relation to Human Rights, among other topics (e.g., fight against corruption).

In 2023, 272 new Third Parties covered by the Third-Party Business Ethics management program were evaluated, compared to 245 in 2022.

Objectives & Results

Ipsen's objective is to be able to identify, assess, prevent and potentially address Human Rights abuses resulting from business operations through employees awareness and business partners due-diligence process.

KPI	2023	2022
Number of new third parties assessed through the Business Ethics Management program *incl. 3Ps that are no longer engaged (excl. in 2022)	272*	245
Completion rate of training courses on the Code of Conduct (%)	99.9	98.4

⁽¹⁾ Number of suppliers evaluated by Ecovadis indicator removed since 2020 disclosure.

4.4 Driving our employees' excellence and engagement

4.4.1 Anticipating workforce-related needs

Definition of the risk

The realization of Ipsen's ambition might be hindered by the impact on the workforce of demographic trends, and external factors. The delivery of strategic business objectives depends on the availability of the right people, in the right place, at the right time, at the right cost, with the right skills.

Mission

Ipsen anticipates these needs and impacts by carrying out a Strategic Workforce Planning (SWP) exercise, in alignment with the Long-Range Plan (LRP) process.

The SWP is structured around the following steps:

- Understanding strategic business drivers, defining scenarios and hypotheses for the future. Drivers can be linked to the strategy of Ipsen or to external factors impacting the industry and Ipsen,
- Defining the Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) requirements to deliver these drivers both quantitatively and qualitatively (new types of roles...),
- Defining the competencies requirements to deliver these drivers (evolution, new...),
- Analyzing the impact of demographic trends on the current workforce,
- Analyzing the gap between future needs and natural evolution of the workforce,
- Defining a multi-year comprehensive action plan to "close the gap".

This approach enables Ipsen to:

- a.) Shape the workforce in full alignment with future business needs,
- b.) Deliver concrete insights for action planning,
- c.) Enable a socially adapted transformation,
- d.) Anticipate and optimize workforce costs.

Governance

The SWP governance is based on a partnership between the HR Partners, Strategy/Business leaders and Finance Partners. In HR, 2 types of professionals work closely together: the Talent Management Centers of Excellence and the HR Strategic Business Partners.

Strategic Workforce Planning	
CoEs	<p>Talent Management Centers of Excellence: Global experts that define the roadmap and policies and their own global tools. They are accountable for rolling out and ensuring consistency in the application of tools and policies.</p>
Division	<p>Strategic Business Partners: Senior level HR leaders who are responsible for maintaining and feeding the internal talent pipeline for their scope of responsibility.</p>

Tools

A SaaS platform (Albert) facilitates the collaboration across the various stakeholders and across the organization. The exercise also relies on the data provided by HR and Finance (TM1) Information Systems.

Main recent achievements

In 2023, the SWP exercise was fully embedded in the LRP exercise, thus providing insights to the Executive Leadership Team and the Board of Directors on the forecasted FTE and competencies to deliver the strategy over the next 5 years, as well as an action plan structured on 6 "B" categories: Skill/ Re-skill (Build), Retain (Bind), Augment (Boost), Recruit (Buy), Partner (Borrow), Let go (Bounce).

As regards the operational, current-year workforce needs in 2023, staffing needs have been sized and defined in alignment with the Budget processes. They have been updated at key moments such as the first Forecast review. The hiring needs are shared and aligned with Talent Acquisition partners and the Operational HR Partners. This allows us anticipate not only the needs in new positions but also the replacement of departures linked to retirement and turnover.

4.4.2 Attracting the best talents

Definition of the risk

Ipsen's expansion might be hindered by missing out on key expertises and resources, such as those needed for business development, market access, management of clinical trials, or regulatory licenses.

In addition, there are some specific challenges linked to Ipsen's footprint such as:

- the strategic importance of Ipsen's presence in the United States of America,
- a large geographical footprint with small-sized locations,
- the evolution of the portfolio *via* external acquisitions that may require us to anticipate or adapt quickly to new assets.

Even if the "Great Resignation" experienced in 2022, in the USA, UK and Ireland, is less acute, the competition for certain pharma talents is still very high.

That is why Ipsen relies heavily on recruiting and retaining the best executive management and scientists.

Mission

To address these various challenges, the mission defined is as follows:

To apply a strategic approach to identify, attract, hire talented individuals to Ipsen, to efficiently and effectively meet our growing and dynamic business needs.

Governance

Within Human Resources (HR), three types of HR professionals work closely together to ensure Ipsen attracts the best talent: Talent Acquisition and Compensation & Benefits Centers of Excellence, Strategic Business Partners and HR Operations. In 2022, roles and responsibilities have been clarified in detail.

Their respective roles are summarized below:

Talent Acquisition	
CoEs	Talent Acquisition and Compensation & Benefits Centers of Excellence: Global experts that define the roadmap and policies and their own global tools. They are accountable for rolling out and ensuring consistency in the application of tools and policies. They review operational KPIs and identify action plans when needed.
Division	Strategic Business Partners: Senior level HR leaders who are responsible for maintaining and feeding the internal talent pipeline for their scope of responsibility.
Operations	HR Operations and Shared Service Center: Key resources for transactional HR interactions within a specific geographic zone (countries, regions, locations...) including on-boarding of new talents.

Policies, Frameworks & action plans

Existing policies & frameworks

Ipsen's Employment Value Proposition relies on 4 key pillars: "It's all about size", "Impact Always", "Purpose-led", "People-powered". These represent the best of both worlds for talent: Big Pharma and Biotech. This value proposition was refreshed in 2022.

Our purpose is to provide a flexible and innovative framework to care about our people and to support our business.

Ipsen has a Total Rewards approach aligned with the market. Ipsen provides a comprehensive package of compensation and benefits that support the needs of our business and our employees, and is designed to attract and retain the best talent. A Hybrid Work policy has also been implemented to give flexibility.

The Talent Acquisition principles, which are part of a global document called "Ipsen HR Principles", cover the following aspects: data-informed planning and strategy, link to internal succession plans, employer branding, candidate relationship management, candidate assessment, candidate care and feedback.

In 2022, Ipsen also reviewed and validated a **list of preferred executive search firms** focused on amplifying quality requirements across our global footprint for the most critical positions. The selection was made using a robust tender process including diversity, inclusion and equity principles/metrics.

Ipsen's Talent Acquisition Recruitment resources are allocated and structured across the main hubs: North America, UK & Ireland, France and China.

Finally, Ipsen defined a **standard onboarding journey**, applicable to any newcomer to Ipsen, thereby ensuring it delivers a consistent employee experience across our global footprint.

Main recent achievements

The Talent Acquisition Center of Excellence has developed and deployed a range of KPIs to monitor Talent Acquisition activity, gain efficiencies and promote the harmonization of processes across its key stakeholders. A refined roles and responsibilities charter has been launched and several initiatives are underway to ensure excellence in delivery and execution.

The COE has also developed a more systematic approach to analyze external feedback provided *via* social media. It also developed targeted satisfaction questionnaires sent to hiring managers and successful candidates, to create improvement plans for the Talent Acquisition process.

Objectives & Results

The objective is to deliver strategic services that create a competitive position for Ipsen by sourcing, attracting and hiring high-caliber talents leveraging technology for engagement throughout the talent process for an exceptional candidate experience:

- create an exceptional experience for every candidate,

- elevate Ipsen's brand so that it is recognized as a leading biopharma company,
- operate as a nimble organization aligned to the business,
- upgrade capabilities to drive operational & execution excellence.

Description of key performance indicators:

KPI	2023	2022
Number of recruitments	1,162	1,445
Headcount	5,234	5,240
Share of women in the Global Leadership Team (%)	53.2	47.6

4.4.3 Enhancing employees' engagement

Definition of the risk

The Group's success largely depends on the motivation of its employees. Negative impacts on employee motivation or on the quality of social relations could jeopardize the achievement of some Group targets related to research, Production, or Commercialization activities and lead to a corresponding impact on the Group's results or financial position.

Also, the Group's success depends on the availability and level of competencies of global leaders and well as incumbents of pivotal roles for the organization. The departure of these employees could damage the Group's competitiveness and compromise its ability to achieve its objectives.

Finally, Ipsen is convinced that it is through being an inclusive and diverse organization that we will best manage the complexities we face today and innovate for tomorrow.

That is why, investing in employee's engagement and development is a key objective of the HR Policy.

Mission

Employees' engagement is at the center of the HR vision, that is outlined as follows:

Ipsen's ambitious growth and innovation is driven by optimal organization capabilities and fully-engaged teams. Each employee's engagement is the outcome of an approach based on the three "C's": *capabilities, contributions, and commitment*: build strong capabilities, ensure contributions are fully recognized and maintain an unwavering commitment from everyone.

Governance

The governance around the employees' engagement is to be considered at different levels:

Talent Management

At Ipsen, we believe in providing a growth and learning environment where all talents can thrive. We leverage the full potential of all talents, enable them to develop as future leaders across the organization, and measure the outcomes.

We are committed to accelerating development for those who have leadership potential.

Leadership Potential refers to employees who are recognized as a role model of the Ipsen Way of Being and have the ability and readiness to contribute in a more complex role with increased scope and responsibilities in the future.

The assessment of Potential is based on 3 pillars: Ambition, the Accelerating Model and the Ipsen Way of Being.

- Ambition refers to the past and present career pace as well as future aspiration;
- The Accelerating Model is based on 4 attributes: Curiosity, Thinking dexterity, Social agility, and Tenacity;
- Role modelling the Ipsen Way of Being.

Assessing the potential for leadership roles.

The assessment of our employees' potential helps our HR Business Partners understand specific development needs and identify targeted development actions for our future leaders either through mobility, coaching, career acceleration programs, exposure events and other development actions.

The potential is assessed by managers based on a model including the evaluation of Ambition as well as the 4 acceleration attributes: Curiosity, Thinking Dexterity, Social Agility and Tenacity.

Identifying successors for leadership and pivotal roles

To ensure Ipsen's success in the present and future, it is critical to build a solid pipeline of future leaders and anticipate the development and preparation of these future leaders.

It is done through:

- Identifying roles targeted for talents, taking into account their aspiration and abilities;
- Defining their level of readiness (short-term (0-1 year), mid-term (1-2 years), long term (3+ years)) and related development needs;
- Exploring across the organization (within the division and across divisions) to enrich succession plans with diverse pools of successors.

Developing employees

Individual Development Planning is now fully embedded in the Company with an annual update.

In 2023, the campaign led to 96% of employees updating their development plan.

Specific guidance was shared to ensure the objective of the development plan is defined in two aspects: within the employee's own job and for a targeted position. In 2023, 90% of employees defined a career interest. Accordingly, the development needs are discussed between the manager and their team members and the actions towards it are identified leveraging the 70-20-10 model (70% of the learning comes from experience, 20% from others and 10% from courses). The Ipsen Learning & Development offer is aligned to that framework and gathers the resources available to employees.

Talent governance involves 3 different types of actors within the HR function, with specific roles as described in the following chart:

Talent Management & Total Rewards	
CoEs	<p>Talent Management Center of Excellence: Global experts that define the Talent Management roadmap and policies and own global Talent Management tools. They are accountable for rolling out global programs, for coordinating annual development and talent assessment campaigns and for ensuring global consistency in the application of tools and policies. They review operational KPIs and identify action plans when needed. The Talent Management CoE is grouped with the Learning & Development CoE. The CoE comprises a small global team and a network of geographic Talent Partners for each Hub and clusters of countries.</p>
Division	<p>Strategic Business Partners: Senior level HR leaders who are responsible for maintaining and feeding the talent pipeline for their scope of responsibility. They coordinate the Talent Management activities at divisional level, partnering with Business Leaders to identify future leaders and ensuring their development. Senior level HR leaders are involved in the definition of the Total Rewards roadmap and they implement the related policies for their scope of responsibility.</p>
Operations	<p>HR Operations and Shared Service Center: Key resources for more transactional HR interactions within a specific geographic zone (countries, regions, locations...). They are accountable for the local roll-out of annual campaigns, global policies, programs and tools.</p>

Total Rewards

At Ipsen, most topics directly related to employees' engagement (Learning and Development, Diversity and Inclusion, Engagement) are gathered under the "Talent" umbrella, which encompasses both Talent Management and Talent Acquisition and thus enables positive synergies.

The three guiding principles of the Ipsen Total Rewards framework are as follows:

- We Reward for what matters;
- We Share our success;
- We Care about our People as much as our People care about patients.

Ipsen provides competitive and equitable remuneration to all its employees as well as fair and inclusive rewards, including equitable pay for similar work and experience (regardless of gender or any other non-work-related criteria).

The Total Rewards governance framework involves three different types of actors within the HR function, with specific roles as described in the following chart:

Total Rewards	
CoEs	<p>Total Rewards Center of Excellence: Compensation & Benefits experts in charge of articulating the Total Rewards framework between the group principles and the local markets to define competitive and equitable policies. They define and update the Total Rewards roadmap encompassing the People performance model, the Compensation & Benefits policies and our recognition program to support business needs and to enhance our employees' engagement. They identify action plans and develop the necessary tools and KPIs to drive their programs and comply with Ipsen's values and principles.</p>
Division	<p>Strategic Business Partners: Senior level HR leaders who are responsible for maintaining and feeding the talent pipeline for their scope of responsibility. They coordinate the Talent Management activities at divisional level, partnering with Business Leaders to identify future leaders and ensuring their development. Senior level HR leaders are involved in the definition of the Total Rewards roadmap and they implement the related policies for their scope of responsibility.</p>
Operations	<p>HR Operations and Shared Service Center: Key resources for more transactional HR interactions within a specific geographic zone (countries, regions, locations...) They are accountable for the local roll-out of annual campaigns, global policies, programs and tools.</p>

HR Functions

In addition, and although the Talent Management & Total Rewards activities are critical in ensuring the engagement of all employees, all other HR expert functions (such as Employees Relations, International Mobility, HR Information Systems) also contribute to that objective.

CSR Department and the "People" pillar

In addition to the HR functions, the Company Social Responsibility Department works closely with the HR Department to define the overall strategic goals of the "People" pillar of the CSR Policy: the CHRO (Corporate HR Officer) is a member of the CSR Strategic Committee and many local CSR ambassadors are also HR representatives.

Diversity, Equity & Inclusion (DE&I)

In 2023, some important steps were taken to continue driving the DE&I effort based on our three pillars of Inclusive Culture, Equitable Outcomes, and Workforce Diversification.

The Global DE&I Council has been reset with a separation between the strategic council, which sets the direction for the work, and the operational council made up of HR stream leads, who drive inclusion into our people processes.

Our DE&I motto has also evolved this year, to bring an overarching theme to the previous Authentic, True, You: the now "Real Us" highlights that everything done in DE&I aims to create an environment where employees can be their real selves, to make a real impact on patients' lives.

The DE&I survey was run for the second time, and included demographic questions for the first time in the three hubs in the United Kingdom, the United States and in France and selected countries that chose to opt in. This provided a picture of the current representation at Ipsen, as well as a measure of the extent to which employees from underserved groups feel included.

New ERGs (Employee Resource Groups) have also come together, around LGBTQ+ identities (Spectra), and Disabilities. A European branch of the Women's ERG, Elevate was also created.

A global DE&I calendar was also developed, highlighting one event per quarter, raising awareness of gender equity (International Women's Day), Pride (LGBTQ+), Cultural Diversity (race, ethnicity, nationalities), and Disability.

Finally, Ipsen is proud of achieving the global gender balance and diversity of nationalities' targets for the Executive Leadership Team (ELT) and Global Leadership Team (GLT) in 2023.

Ipsen is committed to reviewing opportunities to re-define the inclusivity of our clinical trial and our processes.

Local level and wellbeing at work

Finally, as regards the specific topic of improving wellbeing at work, many concrete improvements are undertaken directly at local level.

In 2023, Ipsen moved to a global contract with Great Place to Work (GPTW); the responsibility for applying for the award remains local, but questions and approaches are now harmonized, and a new bi-annual frequency introduced to reduce survey fatigue and enable analysis of global results.

In 2023, 14 countries applied for and received their GPTW certification.

Policies & action plans

Policies and Tools

To sustain the three-C's approach to engagement, policies have been developed to cover each aspect:

- On the "Capabilities" side, the Total Rewards framework and principles were documented in 2019. They cover the following aspects: compensation policies, incentive plans, and benefit programs.
- To ensure contributions are fully recognized throughout the Group, a global Recognition Program called Bravo! was launched in October 2022. It empowers peer-to-peer recognition and allows each of Ipsen's employees to recognize their colleagues for the real impact they make in our daily life. Bravo! is powered by a single and global digital platform that connects all employees. Emphasis on this project is based on the strong belief that to recognize, to be recognized and visible, and to congratulate each other for our achievements and behaviors nurtures employees' engagement at Ipsen.

- To encourage the commitment of all employees, Ipsen's CSR strategy is being developed so that all employees commit to *Generation Ipsen*. Criteria have been defined to provide guidance to local teams in supporting the appropriate initiatives.

The Ipsen Code of Conduct sets out Ipsen principles in terms of inclusion and non-harassment, thus acknowledging that inclusion is an important element of commitment.

Finally, Ipsen encourages its affiliates – coordinated and supported by the Global engagement team – to seek external recognition awards such as "Great/Best Place to Work" to encourage their efforts to improve wellbeing at work.

The level of engagement is measured worldwide every year via the Employee Experience Survey (working with an independent provider), with action plans implemented at global and local level, wherever necessary.

Recent achievements

• New People Performance Model

A new simpler, more focused, fair and holistic model was introduced in 2023. It acknowledges that given the high standards for people to perform and deliver in a culture of collaboration and excellence, Ipsen employees are as a principle "strong performers".

Another principle is that the overall performance assessment of each employee is holistic and takes into consideration the day-to-day job (Job Content) and the specific priorities of the year (Focus of the Year), both from a "What" and "How" standpoint. Finally, employees' performance must be sustainable, meaning it must support Ipsen's values and behaviors.

• Developing Leaders and High Potentials Leaders

Global Leaders at Ipsen (Global Leadership Team- GLT): in 2022 and 2023, the entire Global Leadership Team completed an 18-month leadership program called "Impact Together" in partnership with the International Institute for Management Development (IMD). This program is a blended learning journey including face-to-face modules with a high-standard leadership course, coaching, virtual modules with an outside-in perspective. The program includes an accountability as well for participants to pass on the learning and content to their teams.

In 2023, the Company launched new First-class Management skills development programs in alignment with the Human-centric Leadership Model called "3H: Head, Heart, Hands", defining the new expectations from Ipsen leaders. The two programs target People Managers and Managers of Managers (non-GLT) will be deployed to all managers by 2026 to ensure a collective and inclusive evolution.

• Accelerating readiness of High Potentials towards leadership positions

In 2023, five Talent Speed networking events were organized, enabling 2-way feedback and rich career and development exchanges between talents and members of the Executive Leadership Team. These events are now routinely part of the agendas of the Executive Leadership Team when visiting countries and sites.

We continued to focus on enriching succession plans to enable faster targeted development and preparation of the organization. Nearly 90% of employees identified as having high potential are positioned in at least one succession plan (progressed by 10 points).

We increased in 2023 the number of talents enrolled in Acceleration programs to 80 reinforcing the pipeline of future leaders at country and global level.

• Developing every employee

We built on the success of 2022 Ipsen Career Month, and organized the second edition in May 2023 with events held across all Ipsen entities, at global and local level, based on the motto "I own my Growth", enabling teams to get inspiration from career stories and key projects, improve their knowledge of the ecosystem of resources available and share and learn with peers. Close to 550 people connected to the online global event and the recording has been made available to all on the intranet.

• Every day is a learning experience (on-line learning)

In 2023, the online learning partnership with LinkedIn Learning was expanded and further activated with an Enterprise contract signed. The rich content is shared with a large or targeted audience to fit the needs at the right moment: Career Management-related content during Career Month, Feedback during the Year-end period, Diversity-related content in alignment with the 4 key events, Project Management for participants to projects assignments or wellbeing for targeted teams. All employees of Ipsen have the possibility to activate their license and leverage the content based on their needs and aspirations. Approximately 2,000 additional people activated their license in 2023.

• **An enriched 'Learning through others' offer**

The mentoring offer continued to be enriched in 2022, with a campaign of recruitment of new mentors during Ipsen Career Month and the organization of onboarding session for mentoring pairs.

Additionally, Ipsen reinforced its Learning & Development (L&D) offer with an updated coaching policy and the selection of a platform to democratize coaching that was made available to employees in 2023. In total, 475 employees took part in the 360 feedback in 2023, all of whom received a debrief with a coach and a session to define actions for the future. 165 employees have benefited from a six-month coaching journey through the platform.



• **Developing career mobility**

Career Pathways have been developed for pivotal jobs and in areas of the Company where retention is a particularly acute issue.

Cross-mobility (cross-job, cross-geography, cross-division) is particularly valued at Ipsen. At the end of December 2023, 305 employees had experienced a cross-move at Ipsen. This kind of career path was highlighted during an Ipsen Live event to provide inspiration using true stories.

• **Establishing a new Hybrid Model**

Guidance has been provided to all countries regarding the number of days on which employees are allowed to work from home. Employees were surveyed on this topic as part of the 2021 Engagement Survey and again in the Action Pulse Survey in 2022. Existing and new workplaces will be progressively adapted to foster this new collaboration method.

Specific training sessions have been held for employees and managers to support them through this significant change.

• **Ensuring Global Minimum Standards for Benefits**

Ipsen has developed a first set of Global Minimum Standards for core Benefits for all employees wherever they are. Working in a biopharma company resonates at Ipsen: we care about our People as much as our People care about Patients.

We have defined a roadmap around pillars to offer common minimum key benefits ("Global Minimum Standards") for all Ipsen employees worldwide. Our current Global Minimum Standards are the following:

- Medical: All Ipsen employees have access to competitive medical coverage.
- Death: All Ipsen employees are offered life insurance that covers at least two Annual Base Salaries in the event of death.
- Retirement: All Ipsen employees have access to a pension scheme (Defined Contribution plan).
- Caregiver leave (birth / adoption related):
 - Primary caregiver (maternity / adoption): All Ipsen employees are offered at least a 10 weeks' fully paid leave,
 - Secondary caregiver (paternity): All Ipsen employees are offered at least a 5 weeks' fully paid leave (continuous or not).
- Employee Assistance Program: An Employee Assistance Program (EAP) is now in place in every country to support our employees and their families on a free and fully confidential basis 24/7/365. No matter when, no matter where, you have free and confidential support.

Ipsen will continue to enrich our global minimum standards with a new roadmap to increase employee engagement and attractiveness, addressing a wide range of wellness initiatives to our employees.

Anchoring and developing our Ipsen Way of Being

In 2022, the Ipsen Way of Being that represents the backbone of Ipsen's culture and values was further rolled out across the Company. It was incorporated into the 360 feedback program and cascaded to all Ipsen managers over the next 3 years (beginning in 2023).

Also in 2022, the Ipsen Culture Manifesto was introduced to articulate our aspirational culture. Designed to enable rapid and supported cultural transformation, the manifesto includes an engaging traffic light mechanism to support conversations between individuals, teams, and Ipsen as a whole, and measure progress against the 18 attributes contained within it. In 2023, the traffic lights were set for all teams, functions, sites, and for Ipsen via the Employee Experience Survey.

Additionally, HR globally supported some specific aspects of the transformation of Ipsen:

- The "Asset Centric Model" for which HR developed a specific program to help Asset Teams work effectively together.
- Also, a "Digital Pathway" was developed with an expert provider to provide high-quality e-learning modules on all digital aspects and from a "literacy" to an "expert" level. The "literacy" level was achieved by more than 1,000 employees.
- Adapting the Ipsen assessment tools based on this new Ipsen Way of Being and Culture Manifesto.

Actively listening to our employees

Ipsen also decided to make a specific effort to better listen to its employees. The implementation of a specific tool (Glint) along with a willingness to implement shorter, more frequent "pulse surveys", support this approach. In 2021, the Engagement Survey was run using this new tool that gives every manager a precise view of their team's results and encourages them to develop their own action plan.

In 2022, a follow-up Action Survey was conducted to assess the impact of actions recorded in 2021 and overall engagement; results indicated that engagement remained the same, i.e. high and above the benchmark. These results were maintained again in 2023.

Following the October 2022 survey twelve areas where employees reported experiencing "Barriers to Execution" were identified. Projects sponsored by a member of the Executive Leadership Team tackled the underlying issue. A transversal work stream also addressed some cultural aspects (such as fostering mindful risk-taking and improving collaboration and prioritization). In 2023, the Barrier Breaker work continued, alongside two further work streams: one focusing on improving company-wide communication and the other on driving our speak up culture (with a specific focus on psychological safety).

The Employee Assistance Program (EAP) provides in our main countries assistance to all employees and their family members.

Finally, some HR resources have been specifically dedicated to supporting Ipsen's efforts to sustain engagement in its workforce.

As well as developing employees, fostering their engagement for the benefit of Patients and of the community has also been a strong line of action:

• Enabling and encouraging employees to take part in the "Ipsen Community Day"

Created in 2019 to promote and support the engagement of our employees in healthcare and environmental activities, the Ipsen Community Day focuses on very key actions that make our CSR commitment concrete and anchor it in every one of our daily lives. Its participation rate is taken into account in calculating our Revolving Credit Facility (RCF), which generates the donation to IHP.

Around the world, local affiliates organize a wide range of events to support patients, healthcare communities, caregivers and environmental associations. With a minimum duration of half a day, actions are defined by all the stakeholders of each geographical region, which allows a real closeness with the local charities and the empowerment of all local employees. Events can be organized at any time of the year and can also be multiplied throughout the year. This flexibility is a key element in ensuring that actions respond both to the needs of charities on the ground and to the agendas of geographical regions.

At Ipsen, our commitment to responsibility takes the form of an identity that unites our employees around a common vision. We call it: Generation Ipsen – For Positive Change.

Generation Ipsen focuses on driving positive action across four pillars: Environment, Patients, People and Governance. Implemented actions and charities supported during the Community Days are naturally linked to them:

- Caring for the Planet:
 - land care with desert cleaning, trash and seashore litter collection, visits to Nature Reserves, walks in forests,
 - tree and hedgerow planting activities, ecological regeneration, garden maintenance,
 - biodiversity projects, preservation of natural spaces for birds, animal shelter care, coral restoration, bird box building, bird tagging,
- Patients at the heart of everything we do:
 - superhero kits for hospitalized children,
 - therapeutic garden in hospital,
 - community support by connecting members with trusted Healthcare Professionals,
 - fun-filled movie night and care kits to support Children's Cancer Foundation, walking challenge to raise funds for Pancreatic Cancer research,
 - wellness and sound therapy with Alzheimer disease patients and their caregivers,
- Passionate people making a real impact, every day:
 - cleaning, painting and gardening in schools, children Foundation, family or elderly centers,
 - underprivileged children and family support through volunteering, bicycle assembly, Christmas gift preparation or collection and material donations,
 - cooking, DIY activities and crafts with disabled children and adults,
 - food collection, cooking, clothing collection, hygiene kits packing for people in need, refugees or homeless people.

Each year, more and more of our employees come together and unite behind common values to act within their communities and shape positive change. In 2023, more than 2,200 people in 42 geographic regions participated. The 32% participation target was once again exceeded with a final participation rate of 43%.

Employees' feelings, confided during these strong moments of sharing, show that their motivation lies in "being with colleagues while having the chance to give back to our local community, thus feeling even more connected to Ipsen and its culture".



Combining Health with the support of Patients, Communities and the Environment

Ipsen in Motion is our global program dedicated to the health and wellbeing of our employees, all at the service of society, while allowing us to support patients' associations and environmental causes in countries where Ipsen has a presence.

It consists of a series of challenges proposed to all Ipsen employees around the world through a digital platform (United Heroes). All sports or physical activities are taken into account: running, swimming, walking, cycling as well as gardening, eco-action or yoga.

Challenges can be Global, taking place over the whole year or Local, of one month duration, scheduled over the year. The initiative is then given to geographic regions to propose a challenge and to communicate to embark and motivate colleagues from all other regions.

The chosen associations for which we raise funds operate in our therapeutic areas and since 2021, we have expanded to environmental causes, thus reinforcing the actions taken in favor of our Ipsen Generation "Caring for the planet" pillar.

Ipsen in motion



* Since 2019.

In 2023, four Local challenges were selected, chronologically initiated by UK & Ireland, United Arab Emirates (UAE), Canada and Greece. All objectives have been exceeded, resulting in a total of €40,000 being donated to support a total of 5 local patients' associations:

- Stroke Association UK, raising funds to help stroke survivors recover thanks to support services, accurate and up-to-date information, research funding, stroke care improvement and volunteering,

- Irish Heart Foundation, a national non-profit independent organization whose mission is to prevent people from dying of premature heart disease or of stroke, using different methods such as care for & speak for, health promotion and prevention or Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) Training,
- Friends of Cancer Patients (UAE), founded under the guidance and patronage of Her Highness Sheikha Jawaher bint Mohammed Al Qasimi, wife of the leader of Sharjah, helps cancer patients and their families by promoting access for patients to treatment and psychological support or organizing early detection campaigns,
- Jane Goodall Institute Canada, part of a worldwide community-centred conservation organization, advances the vision and work of Dr. Jane Goodall and mobilizes action on the convergence of three crises: biodiversity loss, climate change, and environmental inequity in Canada and in "Chimpscape" regions of Africa,
- 95 Hellenic Alliance for Rare patients fights diagnostic wandering by providing solutions to undiagnosed or misdiagnosed patients such as support, awareness campaigns, prevention programs, research promotion and equal access to care.

In addition to supporting remarkable actions and improving employees' wellness, participating in Ipsen in Motion is a real opportunity to demonstrate our commitment to patients, communities and the environment by supporting different NGOs and associations that are working to improve the world of today and tomorrow.

Furthermore, Ipsen in Motion creates a real link between Ipsen's employees at local and global level, supporting and encouraging each other, thus reinforcing engagement and motivation.

Spontaneous support for local communities

In addition to the actions planned as part of the Ipsen Community Day or Ipsen in Motion challenges, local teams also responded to the call of their communities with spontaneous specific actions or demonstrated a conscious and long-term approach for a specific program.

The many actions undertaken in all geographic regions include:

- Ipsen BELUX employees have now the opportunity to lease a bike of their choice, from a store of their choice, through a specific program with an external partner. This allows them to improve their health and wellbeing by cycling to the office and for leisure, while benefiting from an attractive tax scheme.
- U.S. teams mobilized throughout the year for various activities serving their community, such as production of kits for hospitalized children, clothing collection for unhoused people, golf tournament organization to raise funds for the homeless, serving meals at women's shelters and food collection for people with addictions.

- The Boulogne site in FRANCE continued its partnership with «Stopilletrisme » which consists of creating pairs of Ipsen tutors, and teaching French to students from its Cleaning contractor. Food donation also has been made to a non-profit organization and full office cleaning made it possible to make a giveaway to the Red Cross. From an environmental point of view, beehives were installed on the roof of the building and the site was closed some Fridays during the year to limit the carbon footprint.
- Thanks to the Cero Papel (Zero Paper) project, paper consumption at IBERIA offices has decreased to such an extent that barely 30,400 sheets were printed in 2023, which represents a reduction of nearly 73% in 3 years.
- In AUSTRALIA, 25 laptops were donated (instead of being thrown away and recycled) to an Adult Education Centre supporting high-need adult learners with a focus on migrant-background residents. Gift donations were also organized in support of a local charity, to ensure that each child, mother or father has a gift for Christmas.
- Ipsen IRELAND partnered this year with LauraLynn, Ireland's Children Hospice through various volunteer activities such as a mini-marathon, virtual fitness challenge or e-cards for Christmas. In the UK, teams organized a donation of 500 trees and a bird box building workshop.
- An ambitious operation was launched in MEA called "Let us together make Ipsen Dubai a Green Office". Its objective is to develop a green office policy, by championing the three R's: Reduce (create less waste), Reuse (take old or unwanted items otherwise thrown away and find a new use or donate them) and Recycle (paper, newspaper, tin and aluminium cans, etc.).

The People pillar of Generation Ipsen - For Positive Change highlights that we are passionate people making a real impact, every day. All these local and spontaneous initiatives are the concrete evidence of this mindset that drives us all.

• Translate commitment financially

To show its commitment to the CSR objectives, Ipsen has been willing to place some financial conditions on its fulfillment of certain CSR criteria: this is the case for the revolving credit facility negotiated in 2019, as well as the French profit-sharing agreement (starting in 2019).

Ipsen also wants all employees to share its success. A key pillar of Ipsen Way of Being is *sharing and celebrating successes*. In February 2023, all employees received an award of €500 gross (or equivalent) on an exceptional basis provided they were employed by Ipsen before 1 January 2023 irrespective of their level of responsibility at the Company.

Objectives & Results

The objective is to provide an environment where employees can fulfill themselves and grow.

The main KPIs taken into account are those that:

- reflect the stability of the workforce (turnover, % of permanent positions, absenteeism);
- the means to ensure their development (number of training hours per employee, % of employees with a formalized development plan);
- and the level of engagement (engagement index, number of certified sites).

KPI	2023	2022
Number of countries which are certified "Great / Best Place to Work"	25	23
Number of training hours per employee (h)	20,2	23
Employees with a formalized development plan (%)	96	96
Employees having taken part in the Ipsen Community Day (%)	43	44.2
Turnover (%) ⁽¹⁾	10,2	13.2
Percentage of permanent jobs in the Group (%)	96,7	96
Absenteeism rate (%)	2,69	2.87
Gender Equality Index (France)	96	85

⁽¹⁾ Voluntary turnover for permanent positions.

KPI	2023	2022	2021-2022
Engagement index (%)	76	76	74

The Engagement Survey is run every other year. In 2022, a Pulse survey was conducted to follow up on the previous year's results.

4.4.4 Providing a healthy and safe workplace

Definition of the risk

The risks associated with employee motivation have been outlined in 4.4.3 above. Providing a safe and healthy workplace is an essential aspect of this and in preventing the loss of employee trust associated with workplace injury or illness.

The supply of products to patients could be disrupted by a significant incident or action taken by a regulator that restricts or stops operations. Fines, penalties and business recovery will have financial impacts.

Health and Safety performance and management system effectiveness are also common supplier assessment criteria to establish and maintain commercial relationships with customers.

Changes in regulatory requirements affect Ipsen's operations and those across the supply chain.

All these risks can impact operations, costs and the ability to compete in the biotech business sector.

Mission

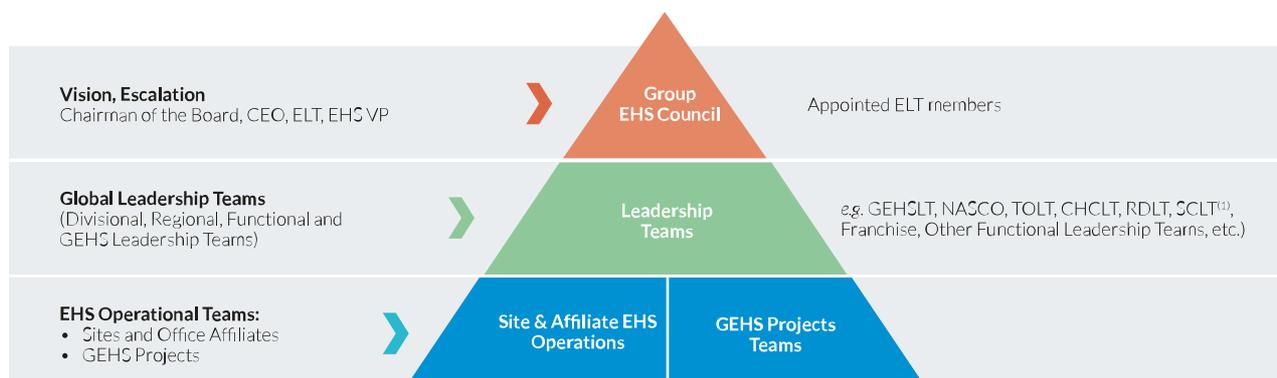
Ipsen's Code of Conduct outlines Ipsen's commitment to "Provide a safe work environment".

Protecting our people and improving their wellbeing to ensure the provision of Ipsen drugs for patients.

Governance

Occupational health and safety compliance and risk improvement is managed by the Environment Health and Safety (EHS) governance bodies at every level of the organization:

EHS Governance Pyramid



⁽¹⁾ Global EHS Leadership Team, North American Steering Committee, Technical Operations Leadership Team, Consumer Healthcare Leadership Team, Research and Development Leadership Team.

Group level: The Group EHS Council defines the vision of the Group, and determines the strategy and objectives.

Division level: The Global Leadership teams drive the EHS performance for the Regional, Divisional and Functional Teams and are in charge of implementing EHS strategies and objectives.

Site level: the EHS Operational Teams drive the EHS performance.

Policies & action plans

Policies

Ipsen's EHS policy applies the following principles in relation to occupational Health and Safety:

- Provide a safe, injury-free workplace;
- Prevent illness and enhance well-being;
- Communicate plans, goals and results;
- Continually improve systems and approaches.

Ipsen's EHS Management System drives the management and operational standards necessary to protect employees, contractors and visitors' Health and Safety.

The effectiveness of the management system is independently verified through the Ipsen Group certification to the international standard ISO 45001:2018 - Occupational health and safety management.

2023 Health and Safety Program Achievements

Group ISO 45001-2018 certification was maintained and no material findings arose from independent audits.

In addition to local internal auditing, Group EHS compliance audits are conducted, on behalf of Ipsen corporate EHS, by a competent EHS audit partner. 2023 audit sampling included two manufacturing locations, one R&D facility and four affiliate offices.

Over 1,400 S3 visits were completed in 2023. Each provided an opportunity for teams to speak up about safety concerns and to make our facilities safer.

> FOCUS

The People-based Safety program

- Ipsen's Behavioral safety approach is structured around the S3 Code; Step Up, Speak Out, Stay Safe
 - Raise awareness to the fact that all accidents are preventable and everyone has a role to play
 - Foster regular structured dialogue and individual feedback around safety improvement; Peer to peer and management to team
 - Identify and correct unsafe conditions and unsafe behaviors
- Formal S3 visits and managerial safety visits are required at all R&D and manufacturing sites, supported by site specific targets

Objectives & Results

Ipsen is committed to delivering world-class safety performance. The business has set a target to achieve zero medicalized incidents by 2025 and to maintain this into the future.

In 2023, the Ipsen Group's medicalized incident rate per 1 million hours worked (FR2) was 0.52. This is slightly up from 2022 but still a 26% improvement since the 2019 base year. In 2023, medicalized incident categories included three slips/falls at the same level and a musculoskeletal injury.

Four 2023 medicalized incidents occurred at manufacturing sites and the other at our Romanian affiliate. The gender profile of the injured persons is 4 male and 1 female.

Despite the small increase in FR2, the number of accidents with lost time decreased from 3 in 2022 to 2 in 2023, with a 60% reduction in days lost due to injuries.

Although Ipsen has reduced medicalized injuries since 2019, we are committed to continued improvement, and a significant rebuild of our S3 program was carried out in 2023, ready for a 2024 global launch.

All incidents and illnesses are investigated to root cause and improvement actions are tracked to close within the Ipsen Group EHS information Platform: EHSphere.

In 2023 Ipsen introduced additional processes to enhance lessons learned across the group from medicalized incidents and selected near misses (including periodic global incident review calls, and workshops focused on best practices).

KPI	2023	2022	2021	2019
Ipsen Medicalized Accidents Frequency Rate (FR2)	0.52	0.43*	0.34	0.72
S3 Safety Visits	1,446	1,688	1,494	1,302

*restated from 2022 URD to include 1 incident classified after URD publication

Collective agreement contribution to performance and employee wellbeing

Ipsen has put in place a strong social dialogue with its employee representatives:

- The Ipsen Group EHS management system requires each location to establish and maintain employee consultation processes or forums such as safety committees.
- Employees are represented in each Ipsen legal entity in accordance with the applicable local legislation, *i.e.* by the Joint Consultation Group in the United Kingdom, by the *Rappresentanza Sindacale Unitaria* in Italy, by the *Comité de Empresa* in Spain and by the *Betriebsrat* in Germany. In France, employee representation is ensured at the local level (7 companies) and at the central level within the framework of an Economic and Social entity (*Unité Économique et Sociale*), with a single Central Works Council for all employees in France and a Central Negotiation Body (*Instance Centrale de Négociation*) which brings together trade union representatives of the Economic and Social entity.
- The frequency of meetings between management and employee representatives depends on the applicable local legislation.
- The Group ensures that the rights and freedom of employee representatives are strictly observed and that they enjoy the same promotion and training opportunities as other employees.

A European Works Council, composed of 8 members representing the European countries, was launched in 2014. The members of the European Works Council work together, taking a concerted approach, and in compliance with the legal and regulatory practices as well as the cultural and social characteristics of the various countries. Ordinary meetings are held annually in order to present the progress in Ipsen's business and its strategic directions.

It is a European employee representation body for information and consultation on so-called "transnational" issues which is responsible for sharing information and exchanging viewpoints, fostering experience-sharing and building coordination between European countries.

In 2017, Ipsen signed a 4-year agreement aimed at fostering wellbeing at work as well as gender equality and renewed it in 2022 for another 4 years (2022-2025). This agreement is structured around five pillars:

- Gender equity;
- Promotion of work-life balance;
- Development of an effective work environment;
- Promotion of Diversity and Inclusion;
- Monitoring of risky situations and provision of psychological support.

As this agreement was initially rolled out in 2018, all Ipsen French sites have reinforced their specific actions for wellbeing at work, such as sports activities, concierge services, a day nursery co-financed by the Company and prevention of psychosocial risks.

In 2018, Ipsen signed the charter of the *Institut National contre le Cancer* and thus committed itself to a set of 11 measures designed to improve "patient/employee" life during and after medical leave.

In 2019, the trade union rights agreement to implement the new "Social and Economic Committee" within the legal structures (EC, DP and CHSCT) was completely renegotiated. In 2023, the new members of the Social and Economic Committee were reelected for 4 years.

Finally, the three-year profit-sharing agreement initially signed for 2019-2021 was renewed for one year (2022). It applies three CSR-related criteria: one related to the environment (reduction of carbon emissions, implementation of eco-responsible solutions for the French sites), a second to security at work and a third to the French Community Day (Ipsen Patient Day) event, which offers employees the opportunity to spend time volunteering at associations.

4.5 Caring for the planet

4.5.1 Leading action on climate

Definition of the risk

Climate change can pose several significant business risks for Ipsen.

These risks can impact various aspects of our operations, supply chains, and financial performance. Here are the main business risks associated with climate change:

- Operations and Supply Chain Disruptions: Climate change can lead to extreme weather events, such as hurricanes, floods, and wildfires, which can disrupt the supply of raw materials, active pharmaceutical ingredients (APIs), and finished products. These disruptions can affect production and lead to shortages of medicines,
- Regulatory Changes: As governments and international organizations respond to the health impacts of climate change, regulations and reporting requirements related to pharmaceuticals may change (need to comply with stricter environmental regulations and demonstrate more sustainability efforts),
- Increased Energy Costs: Efforts to mitigate climate change involve transitioning to cleaner energy sources and improving energy efficiency,

- Water Scarcity: Water is a critical resource. Climate change can lead to water scarcity in certain regions, affecting production processes and necessitating investments in water management and conservation,
- Reputation and Social Responsibility: Ipsen may face reputational risks if we are perceived as not taking action to mitigate climate change or not being environmentally responsible. Consumers and investors are increasingly concerned about the environmental impact of businesses,
- Insurance Costs: Increased climate-related risks can lead to higher insurance premiums, which can increase operating costs.

Mission

Contribute transition to a net-zero future and limit the impacts of climate change by achieving substantial reductions in all our direct and indirect sources of greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions across our value chain (Scopes 1, 2 and 3).

Governance

Environmental issues are managed by the Environment Health and Safety (EHS) governance bodies at every level of the organization. For more details, please refer to 4.4.3 above.

The Ethics, Governance & CSR Committee provides regular oversight of Group ESG strategy and progress against commitments. This includes the Climate strategy and science-based targets. The climate action plan and LTI (Long Term Incentive plan) linked targets are reviewed and approved annually in a dedicated joint session with the compensation Committee.

Policies & action plans

As the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP) points out in its Emissions Gap Report 2022, the window to limit the global temperatures rise to 1.5°C is closing. Immediate and far-reaching actions are crucial to achieve the substantial emission reductions required to limit GHG emissions by 2030.

Ipsen is committed to science-based reductions in our greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions, sufficiently ambitious to help keep global warming to 1.5°C as called for in the Paris climate agreement. Ipsen's Climate action has been approved by The Science Based Target initiative (SBTi); confirming that our greenhouse gas (GHG) emission reduction target is in line with the required trajectory.

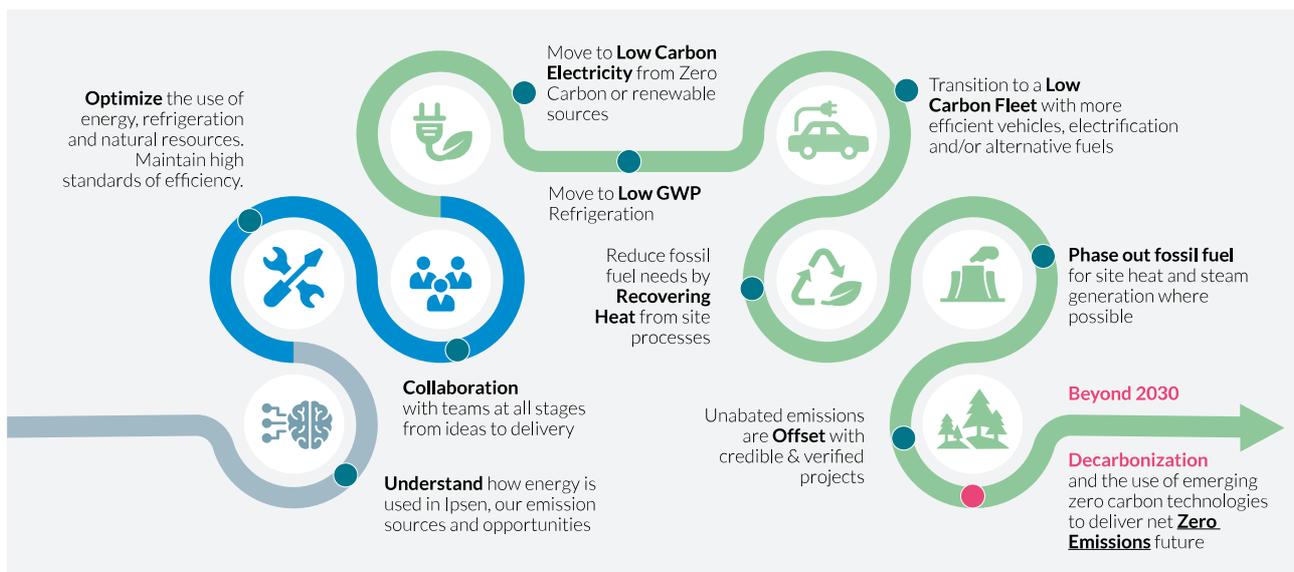
By joining the Business Ambition for 1.5°C campaign, Ipsen has also committed to reaching net-zero value chain GHG emissions by 2050.

Through its decarbonization roadmap, Ipsen is on track to reduce GHG emissions from its Facility and Fleet (Scope 1 and 2) by 50% by 2030 from a 2019 baseline.

By the end of 2025:

- Ipsen is targeting 100% renewable electricity and 30% of the Group fleet will be fully Electric Vehicles (EVs),
- Ipsen plans to have a carbon-neutral value chain.

Scope 1 & 2 Roadmap



Climate adaptation

Ipsen has completed a physical climate risk analysis in partnership with AXA Climate. The climate risk tool evaluated our current and future risks based on climate indicators per time horizon and climate change scenarios; SSP2-4.5 (Medium Challenges, Medium Mitigation) and SSP5-8.5 (High Challenges, Limited Mitigation). The scope of the assessment was all Ipsen

facilities, external manufacturing and distribution partners and critical suppliers. This will drive key climate adaptation actions in the coming years. However, Ipsen's key internal manufacturing facility "multi-peril" risks were scored as low risk projected to 2050 for the SSP5-8.5 'pessimistic' climate scenario. Therefore, climate adaptation will likely focus on supply chain risk mitigation.

2023 Achievements

Ipsen now uses 100% 'Green' Electricity for all operations in the UK, Ireland, France and North America. This has increased Ipsen's group-wide use of electricity from renewable sources to 95%. As mentioned above, Ipsen is committed to 100% renewable electricity by 2025.

In 2023, carbon reductions were driven by the full-year benefit of several key projects completed at the end of 2022 (e.g. new chiller system and waste heat recovery and reuse system in Ipsen's Dublin facility).

In addition 2023 projects across our manufacturing network included measures to improve insulation, installation of a weather station for real-time data to dynamically adjust temperature settings and optimization of various heating system settings.

HVAC (Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning) is the most significant energy user at manufacturing sites. Projects are already in progress at all sites to reduce HVAC emissions across non-GMP areas. Ipsen continues to work with industry-leading experts to develop projects and validation protocols, and to optimize HVAC carbon intensity for GMP areas.

Refrigerant gas (equivalent) emissions continue to decline, 18% vs 2022, driven by continued improvements in maintenance and reliability, and with investments in lower GWP (global warming potential) gas replacements; for example, the Dublin chiller replacement included a change of gas from a GWP >1700 gas to a very low GWP 7 gas.

In 2023 Ipsen invested (€230k) in an enhanced metering and monitoring system for our manufacturing operations. The program was piloted in Signes in 2023, with the connection of 150 meters (electricity, gas, water, CO₂, fuel, and compressed air) and a software tool to support improved real-time monitoring, improved trending and analysis, and better planned and reactive utilities maintenance. The program was identified as a key improvement during the December ISO 50001 audit. The program will move next to our Dublin manufacturing site in early 2024 with additional enhancement in the dashboards.

Ipsen is committed to a sustainable real estate footprint to minimize the climate impact of our office locations. Ipsen is continuing its cultural transformation by upgrading two of its Global hubs: the UK and France. The UK hub will move to

London in the first quarter of 2024, while the French hub will move to Paris in the spring of 2025. These moves, which follow a similar change to our U.S. hub last year, have been designed to maximize our ability to collaborate effectively across functions, harness the power of innovation within our R&D and commercialization teams and ultimately limit our impact on the environment.

In addition, Ipsen has created a "Facilities Playbook", a comprehensive set of guidelines, policies and procedures designed to optimize our real estate investments and create dynamic and secure workplace environments that support the changing nature of work. For our new offices, we are paying particular attention to energy efficiency, water conservation, materials selection, indoor air quality, and sustainable site development.

Ipsen committed to elevate the share of Battery Electric Vehicles (BEVs) within its Group fleet by 30% by 2025. This strategic initiative underscores a resolute shift towards sustainable transportation. The updated fleet policy not only reinforces Ipsen's dedication to environmental stewardship but also places a significant emphasis on the consistent adoption of electric vehicles, with a notable exclusion of Plug-in Hybrid (PHEV) vehicles due to concerns about potential higher greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions in real-world usage scenarios.

By policy, Ipsen is transitioning to electric vehicles in markets where the recharging infrastructure aligns with this progressive vision. To accelerate this transformation, Ipsen is set to revamp office charging infrastructure and is committed to financing the installation of home vehicle recharging units for its fleet drivers. This commitment translated into a 9% reduction in fleet emissions from 2022 to 2023, achieved through a proactive approach to fleet modernization. Each current active diesel and gasoline vehicle is being / will be replaced at the end of its individual contractual lease by a new generation of vehicle (EV where possible, Full Hybrid and GV below 140gCO₂/km).

Business travel and associated CO₂ has been on the rise since the post-COVID19 rebound. Ipsen established a Sustainable Travel Working Group in late 2023 to focus on identifying and implementing opportunities to improve Ipsen's environmental performance in this area.

> FOCUS

Fleet For Future

- Plan to transition at least 30% of Group fleet to battery electric vehicles (BEV) by 2025,
- Diesel vehicles prohibited, *
- Hybrid (HEV) vehicles will be offered where driver profile shows potential for net reductions in carbon emissions,
- Plug-in hybrid (PHEV) vehicles are excluded from the Group fleet offering, as studies suggest that GHG emissions may be higher in 'real world' use scenarios,
- Global emissions cap introduced for vehicle offerings.

Why 30% BEV target?

- A market maturity assessment reviewed vehicle availability and available charging infrastructure to identify the BEV opportunity for each market,
- Ipsen surveyed all fleet drivers to understand the requirements of their role, average and maximum daily mileage, urban vs rural driving profile, potential / limitations for home charging, etc.,
- The infographic illustrates the outcomes of the opportunity analysis; Ipsen has a high potential for BEV transition but market maturity remains a barrier.



* Where supported by infrastructure

Objectives & Results

The 2023 goal was to reduce facility and fleet (Scope 1 & Scope 2) carbon emissions by a 'science-based' 17% vs 2019 base year.

In 2023, Ipsen reduced its absolute Scope 1 & 2 emissions by 36% vs 2019.

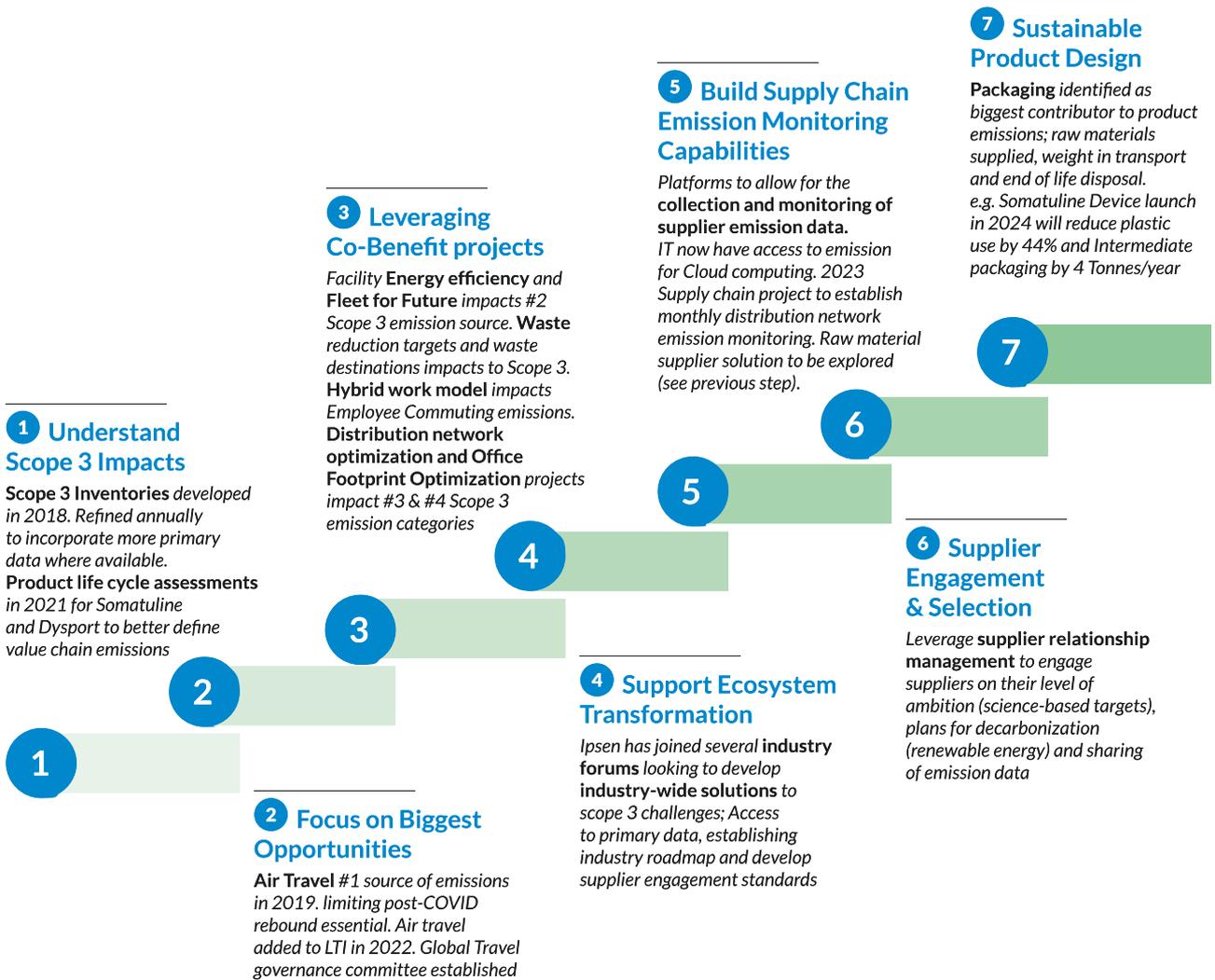
Facility carbon intensity metrics (tCO₂e per sq meter of facility footprint) are still in use as part of the existing revolving credit facility (RCF) obligations. Within the RCF, Ipsen committed to reducing group facility Scope 1 and Scope 2 (location-based) emission intensity to 0.095 tCO₂e/m². Ipsen achieved this commitment with a 2023 facility (location-based) carbon intensity of 0.093 tCO₂e/m².

KPI	2023	2022	2019
Ipsen Scope 1 + Scope 2 'Facility' GHG emissions (TCO ₂ e) Market-based	7,204	8,327	11,788
Ipsen Scope 1 'Fleet' GHG emissions (TCO ₂ e)	4,679	5,160	6,871

In 2022 Ipsen's 2030 trajectory was validated by the Science Based Targets initiative. The Group aims to reduce its Scope 3 emissions by 20% by 2030 against a 2019 baseline. This encompasses all Scope 3 emissions, in particular emissions from business travel, those related to fuels and energy supply and upstream emissions from freight and distribution.

The Roadmap for Ipsen's 2030 Scope 3 trajectory is presented below together with the key decarbonization levers.

Scope 3 Roadmap



Objectives & Results

As with many companies, some of the challenges Ipsen faces around Scope 3 center around data reliability and suppliers' ability to provide data. And like most companies, we are dependent upon industry average emission conversion factors. This makes it difficult to account for reductions from supplier engagement and selection processes.

To meet these challenges, a project was initiated at the end of 2023 covering categories 3-4 & 3-9 respectively "Upstream transportation & distribution" and "Downstream transportation and distribution" to have more granular and 'real-world' data for Supply Chain.

Separately with respect to category 3-6 (Business Travel), and as previously mentioned, Ipsen has created a "Sustainable Travel Governance Working Group" to look at improving data and developing solutions to reduce Ipsen's travel footprint.

Results and outputs from these working group and studies will enable detailed action planning to drive quantifiable reductions in Scope 3 emissions in future years.

And lastly, in view of the Company's profile in terms of GHG emissions, meeting the targets requires support from the supplier base. To that end, Ipsen is working on a global sustainable procurement roadmap to standardize, communicate and expand ESG initiatives with suppliers, including on decarbonization. Implementation will start in 2024.

4.5.2 Responsible consumption and production

Definition of the risk

Wasteful over-consumption of water can lead to water shortages, an important material input to Ipsen's operations.

This may also prompt regulatory action or price changes driven by scarcity.

Water risk associated with climate change is addressed in 4.5.1 above. Water Quality risks are included in the pollution prevention and regulatory compliance aspects of 4.5.3 below.

The generation and disposal of waste has significant environmental impacts and contributes to Ipsen's Scope 3 GHG emissions. The financial cost of raw materials, energy inputs and treatment inherent in the waste, can be significant.

The increased use of renewable energy will be challenging for energy providers as peak demand and supply may not always coincide. The building of infrastructure to meet increasing demand may also require high GHG processes (concrete, etc.). Even when purchasing green energy, reducing consumption is key to reducing environmental impact and costs.

Mission

Ipsen has identified UN Sustainable Development goal 12 "responsible consumption and production" as a material focus of our program.

Ipsen supports SDG 12 by the sustainable management and efficient use of natural resources; environmentally sound management of chemicals and all wastes throughout their life cycle; reducing waste generation through prevention, reduction, recycling, and reuse and by adopting sustainable practices in all activities.

Policies & Action Plans

The Ipsen Group EHS policy includes fundamental principles for responsible consumption and production:

- maximize water & energy efficiency;
- minimize waste;
- transparency in plans, goals and results;
- continually improve systems, controls and performance.

We invest in energy and water conservation through focused efforts to identify where conservation opportunities exist and will continue to do so.

We work to reduce waste generated in our operations and to choose the most sustainable waste treatment destinations where possible.

Ipsen has committed to Zero waste to disposal (landfill or incineration without energy recovery) where technically feasible by 2025.

We have initiatives in place to reduce the packaging used for Ipsen's products and procure packaging materials from sustainable sources.

2023 Achievements

The Ipsen Natural Resource Preservation Program, which has been in place for 3 years, is designed to engage all manufacturing, R&D and significant office locations in reducing, waste, water and energy intensity.

In 2023, Ipsen's waste recycling rate continues to increase. 51% of Ipsen's waste is now sent for either recycling or recovery treatment vs 22% in 2019. This increase also applies to Ipsen's waste-to-energy amount, which has risen by 37% vs 2019; a sign of the successful implementation of Ipsen's policy to promote sustainable waste management practices.

Due to the sustained expansion of Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient (API) production at Ipsen's Dublin site in 2023 and the fact that solvents play an essential and major role in API production, solvent consumption recorded a 9% increase compared to 2019.

In addition, volume growth and the divestiture from CHC have resulted in a contained 1% increase in waste generation by Ipsen vs 2019.

Ipsen has completed a physical climate risk analysis, including an evaluation of water stress risk. Each site was mapped to its water basin to understand its future water stress per watershed; *i.e.* projecting availability vs demand pressures in 2050 assuming a SSP5-8.5 'Pessimistic' climate scenario. The outcome highlights that Ipsen's manufacturing water stress peril is low with no significant increase in water stress expected by 2050 within the SSP5-8.5 climate change scenario.

With the sale of the Ipsen Consumer HealthCare business in 2022, Ipsen's water program has evolved, transitioning from being solely focused on reducing water consumption to a more comprehensive and risk-based approach around sustainable water use and stewardship. The Signes facility was identified as having the highest water risk potential within Ipsen (but still classified as low risk). A water management review was completed to identify 'zero water waste' opportunities and confirm that site water intensity on site is sustainable.

Objectives & Results

The 2023 objectives were to:

- Maintain 2022 facility Energy intensity, now measured per MWh/Million €;
- Maintain water intensity, now measured per m³/Million €, at or below 2019 levels;
- Reduce process waste intensity, now measured per Kg/Million €, by 20% in 2025 vs 2019 base year.

Ipsen has changed the way it presents the following KPIs by calculating them by Revenue rather than Occupied Area to provide a more holistic and nuanced understanding of Ipsen's environmental impact.

Here are the key reasons why this new approach:

- Revenue is a direct measure of Ipsen's economic activity and the resources it utilizes,
- Revenue normalizes environmental impacts across different industries and company sizes,
- Revenue-based environmental KPIs are more compelling for Ipsen's stakeholders.

KPI	2023	2022	2019
Ipsen Total Energy Use Normalized to Revenue (MWh/Million€)	22.546	24.101	28.186
Ipsen Total Water consumption Normalized to Revenue (m ³ /Million€)	30.80	30.01	34.64
Ipsen Total Waste Intensity Normalized to Revenue (Kg/Million€)	1.22	1.05	1.41

4.5.3 Protecting the environment and healthy ecosystems

Definition of the risk

Water, waste and air emissions due to Ipsen's activity, which could cause significant damage to sensitive areas, ecosystems and to general public health.

The supply of products to patients can be disrupted by a significant incident or regulator decision that restricts or stops operations. Any associated fines, penalties and business recovery will also have a financial impact.

Environmental performance and management system effectiveness are increasingly common supplier assessment criteria to establish and maintain commercial relationships with customers.

Changes in regulatory requirements affect Ipsen's operations and those across the supply chain. With the evolution of the EU taxonomy regulation, financial institutions are also focusing more on environmental criteria within investment risk evaluations.

Talent recruitment and retention is an emerging risk in relation to environmental performance and ambition. Top talent has greater sustainability expectations. Numerous studies have highlighted that approximately 60% of early career candidates see sustainability as one of their top considerations when choosing an employer.

All these risks can impact operations, costs and ability to compete in the biotech business sectors.

Mission

Climate change and nature loss are intricately linked, forming a complex web of ecological challenges that pose significant threats to the planet's biodiversity, ecosystems, environmental health and overall human health. This interdependence arises from a multitude of factors, each influencing and exacerbating the impacts of the other.

Ipsen's Code of Conduct outlines Ipsen's commitment to:

Protect the environment throughout the entire product lifecycle.

Governance

Environmental issues are managed by the Environment Health and Safety (EHS) governance bodies at every level of the organization. For more details, please refer to 4.4.3 above.

Policies & Action Plans

The Ipsen Group EHS policy includes fundamental principles for protecting and enhancing the environment:

- comply with all applicable regulatory requirements,
- minimize waste,
- prevent environmental incidents,
- transparency in plans, goals and results,
- continually improve systems, controls and performance.

Ipsen's EHS Management System drives the management and operational standards necessary to protect the environment.

The effectiveness of the management system is independently verified through the Ipsen Group certification to the international standard ISO 14001:2015 – Environmental management systems.

The waste, water and air emissions management program focuses on eliminating or reducing adverse emissions from Ipsen's operations.

We comply with all applicable regulatory requirements and Ipsen's Environment, Health & Safety (EHS) policies, standards and requirements wherever we operate.

We design and manufacture products that strive to minimize their impact on the environment.

We promote biodiversity wherever we can at our sites across the globe.

Objectives & Results

Ipsen protects the Environment around our facilities by effectively managing risk, complying with regulations/permits and continuously improving environmental performance. This is facilitated by establishing and maintaining Group certification to the ISO 14001-2015 – Environmental Management system standard.

In 2023, independent management system surveillance audits identified no critical findings and Ipsen has maintained its ISO 14001 certification (environmental management system).

Regulatory agencies also audit our facilities to ensure we are in compliance with obligations. Ipsen received zero Notices of Violation in 2023.

Process efficiency improvements are also reducing our environmental impact with significant reductions in air and waste-water emissions.

Results and KPI	2023	2022	2019
Notice of Violation / Regulator enforcement action	0	0	0
Environmental Incidents / Pollution Events	0	0	0
COD Loading (Tonne)	1.97	4.74	3.17
BOD Loading (Tonne)	0.67	1.46	1.05
Total Suspended Solids (Tonne)	0.74	1.38	1.64

Ipsen protects the Environment across the rest of the value chain through:

- The Code of Conduct and the Supplier Risk Management (SRM) program (see 4.3.4).
- Product Environmental Risk Assessment.
- The Pharmaceuticals in the Environment (PIE) program.

> FOCUS

Pharmaceuticals in The Environment

- Objective to minimize Active Pharmaceutical Ingredients (API) discharges across the product value chain
- New medicines entering the market have an Environmental Risk Assessment to model potential API discharges from patient use and to ensure any adverse impacts are mitigated
- Preventing API discharges from our factories
 - Process washes are captured and safely disposed of as hazardous waste
 - Factory effluent discharges are monitored for API
 - 2021 analytical method development to improve levels of detection of API in effluent
- Ipsen participates in the EFPIA (European Federation of Pharmaceutical Industries and Associations) PIE working group to support the industry's response to this important issue

Group Biodiversity Program

Biodiversity plays a pivotal role in regulating the Earth's climate. Diverse ecosystems, such as forests, wetlands, and oceans, act as carbon sinks, absorbing and storing vast amounts of carbon dioxide. The loss of biodiversity, through activities like deforestation and habitat destruction, diminishes the Earth's capacity to sequester carbon, contributing to the accumulation of greenhouse gases in the atmosphere.

Ecosystems provide a wide range of services essential for human well-being, including pollination of crops, water purification, and regulation of disease. Climate change and nature loss disrupt these ecosystem services.

Ipsen recognizes that the link between climate change and nature loss is fundamental to creating effective solutions.

Ipsen protects biodiversity through a Biodiversity Strategy Plan (BSP) that has been developed to drive further actions across the Company.

Since 2021, Ipsen has been working towards:

- Improving ecological surveys across all of its sites,
- Developing a biodiversity strategy plan to incorporate all its actions towards achieving "Nature Positive by 2030",
- Developing a biodiversity policy and associated KPIs,
- Setting up a site biodiversity certification system (Nature & Biodiversity Certification Scheme),
- Assessing the high-level upstream and downstream value chain impact for its product Somatuline and its operations on site,
- Engaging its staff with the topic of biodiversity through all Ipsen employee events (Ipsen live) and presentation of the data at Milton Park on UN Biodiversity Day.

In 2023, the following strategy components were delivered:

- Environmental DNA (eDNA) surveys were conducted at all five Ipsen-owned sites and focused on bacteria, fungi, macro-invertebrates and vertebrates,
- the Biodiversity Data Dashboard was updated,
- the Biodiversity Strategy Plan (BSP) was updated from 2023 through to 2026.

No protected species were recorded from the eDNA surveys and analysis. In addition, there were no species identified as threatened with extinction from the IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature) Red List of Threatened Species. Those that were recorded on the IUCN Red List database were all common species or identified as Least Concern.

eDNA is an established tool for identifying Invasive Species, particularly 'cryptic' animals that are challenging to spot during traditional surveys. However, some of these invasive species (e.g. Nutria, Grey squirrel, Signal Crayfish) pose significant eradication challenges.

The dashboard highlights several key findings:

- i. The total species diversity across all sites increased from 693 species to a remarkable 1,076, averaging 215.2 species per site,
- ii. Two additional species listed as Vulnerable on the IUCN Red List of Endangered Species were identified from the 2021 survey: Horse chestnut (*Aesculus hippocastanum*) and European turtle dove (*Streptopelia turtur*). No other notable IUCN species were detected through eDNA analysis,

- iii. Based on a GIS habitat map derived from satellite imagery, Dreux harbors approximately 110 trees, contributing to a total of 905 trees across all manufacturing and R&D sites, averaging 181 per site,
- iv. Five new Invasive Alien Species (IAS) were discovered across the sites: Brown or Norway rat (*Rattus norvegicus* – eDNA finding), Common Reed (*Phragmites australis*), Grey Squirrel (*Sciurus carolinensis* – eDNA finding), Signal Crayfish (*Pacifastacus leniusculus* – eDNA finding), and Stinking Sumac (*Ailanthus altissima*).

Ipsen's sites also involve themselves in community-based conservation activities as part of Ipsen's CSR Community Days. A range of activities were undertaken, including local habitat creation and enhancement (no mow areas, installation of nest boxes, "bug hotels", tree planting, wildflower planting), partnerships with external conservation organizations and litter picking.

The Ipsen Pharmaceuticals in the Environment controls, sustainable packaging initiatives, procurement of raw materials and future nature-based carbon compensation offsets were all identified as opportunities to protect ecosystems and / or enhance biodiversity beyond Ipsen's direct impacts.

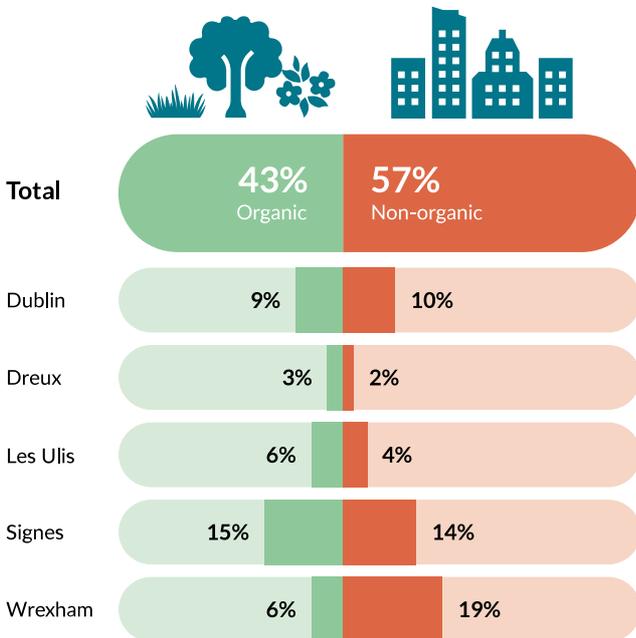
See below, screenshot of the 2023 Ipsen Biodiversity Dashboard – this visualisation includes eDNA data for macro-invertebrates and vertebrates

Total land use

295,762 m²

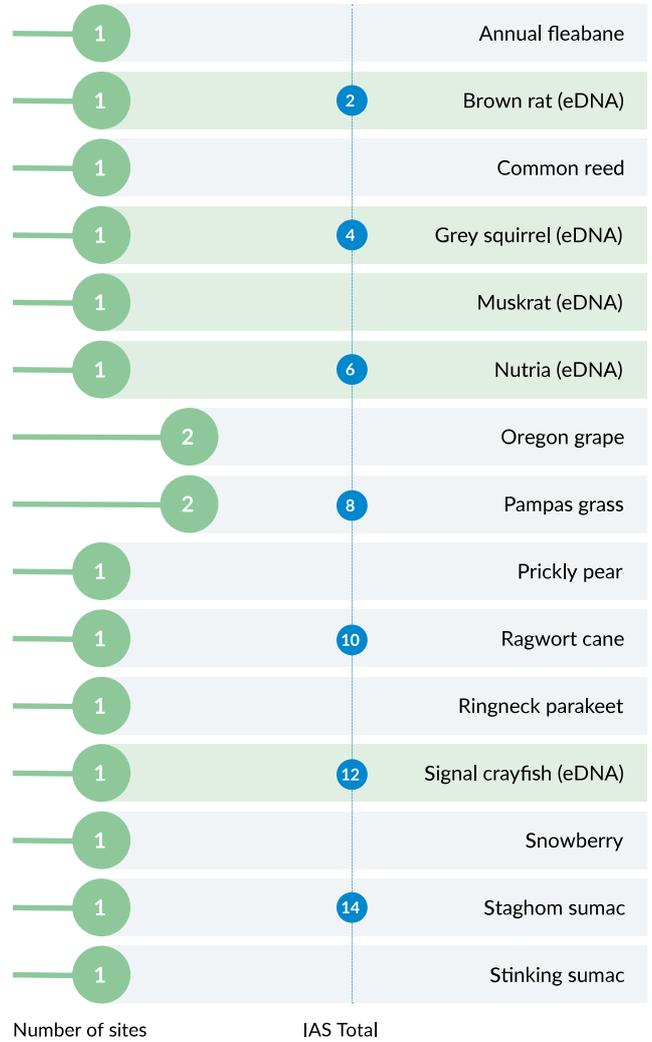


Green vs. built-on spaces



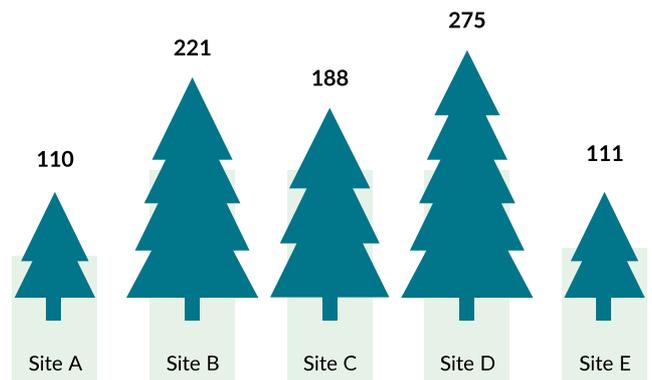
Invasive Alien Species (IAS)

17 Total on all sites

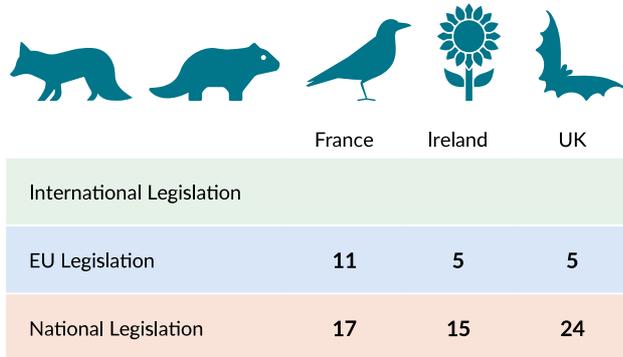


Total no. of trees

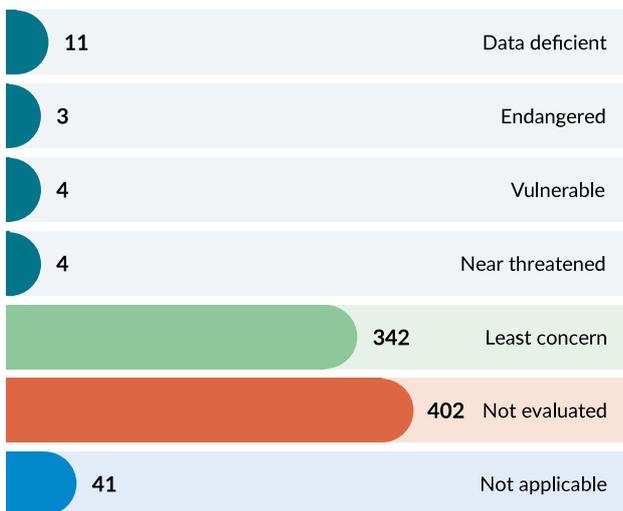
905 Average per site 181



Total of legally protected species

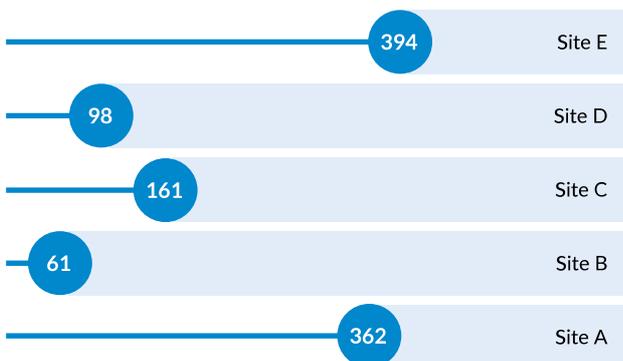


Total no of species by IUCN red list status



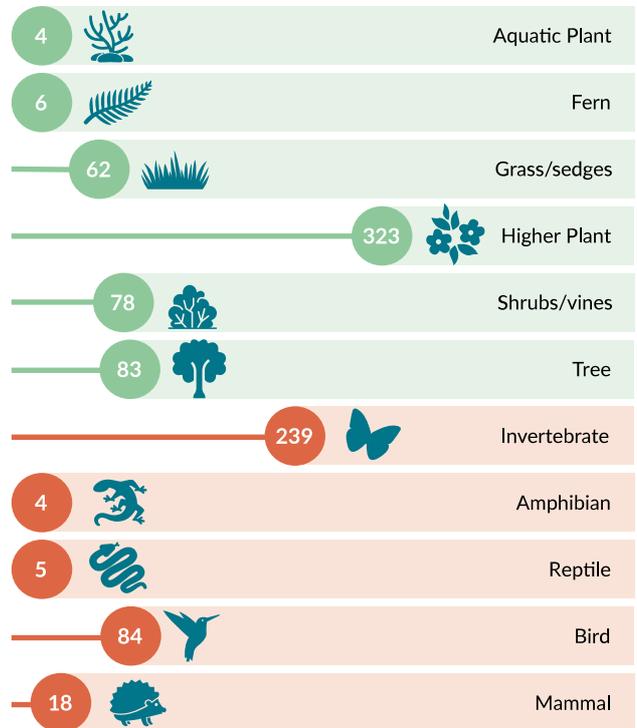
Total species recorded

1,076 Average per site 215.2



Total no. species per site

Total no. of species by Group



* These numbers only include unique species recorded at Ipsen sites and exclude any duplicates.

Notable IUCN species

	Species name
EN	Ginkgo Biloba / Maidenhair tree (<i>Ginkgo Biloba</i>)
	Dawn redwood (<i>Metasequoia glyptostroboides</i>)
	Coast redwood (<i>Sequoia sempervirens</i>)
VU	Horse chestnut (<i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>)
	Field wood-rush (<i>Luzula campestris</i>)
	European turtle dove (<i>Streptopelia turtur</i>)
	Wych Elm (<i>Ulmus glabra</i>)
NT	Common or European Ash (<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i>)
	Herring Gull (<i>Larus argentatus</i>)
	Black kite (<i>Milvus migrans</i>)
	European Rabbit (<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>)
	Ocellated lizard (<i>Timon lepidus</i>)

EN: Endangered
VU: Vulnérable
NT: Near Threatened

4.6 Annex I: scope of risks covered

Law	Mandatory issue	How the risk is tackled
Decree implementing the European Directive (n° 2017-1265)	Consequences on climate change from the activity and the use of the Company's products and services	4.5 Caring for the planet
	Circular economy	4.5 Caring for the planet
	Fight against food waste	Considering Ipsen's business and activities, this issue was considered as non-material for the Company
	Collective agreements	4.4.3 Providing a safe and healthy workplace
	Actions against discrimination and in favor of diversity and the inclusion of disabled people	4.4.2 Attracting the best talents
	Societal engagements in favor of sustainable development	4.1.1 Ipsen's company social responsibility vision and strategy; 4.2 Improving patient's lives by offering innovative and safe medicine; 4.5 Caring for the planet
Law on the fight against fraud - 23 October 2018	Fight against tax evasion	2.2.1 Risk factors
Law on sustainable food - 30 October 2018	Fight against food poverty, respect of animal well-being, responsible, equitable and sustainable food	4.2.2 For animal well-being Considering Ipsen's business and activities, other issues (food poverty, responsible, equitable and sustainable food) are considered as non-material for the Company
Law on promoting the practice of sport - (2022-296) 2 March 2022	Promotion of the practice of sport by considering the social, environmental, cultural and sporting aspect of its activity	4.4.2 Enhancing employees' engagement

4.7 Annex II: correspondence table with GRI standards

Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) G4 table correspondence

GRI category and requirement	Reference
General standards disclosures	
Strategy and Analysis	
G4-1: CEO statement.	4.1.1 Presentation and governance of Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility strategy
G4-2: Description of Key Impacts, Risks and Opportunities.	4.1.2 The Group's key CSR Risks and opportunities 1.1.2.3 Ipsen's Business Model
Organization profile	
G4-12: Organization's supply chain.	4.2.1 Bringing high quality products to patients 4.2.4 Fighting counterfeit products 4.3.4 Promoting and defending Human Rights 4.4.4 Providing a healthy and safe workplace 4.5 Caring for the planet
G4-15: Economic, environmental and social charters, principles, or other initiatives to which the organization subscribes or which it endorses.	4.1 Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility Vision and Strategy – UN Global Compact 4.5.1 Leading action on climate
G4-16: Membership of associations and organizations.	4.1 Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility Vision and Strategy – UN Global Compact 4.2.6 Expanding access to health – PSP- PAP- Access Accelerated initiative - IHP 4.2.5 Promoting products responsibly – IFPMA, EFPIA and other country industry associations in the pharmaceutical industry
Stakeholder Engagement	
G4-24: List of stakeholder groups engaged by the organization.	4.1.2 The Group's key CSR Risks and opportunities
G4-26: Organization's approach to stakeholder engagement.	4.3 Enhancing integrity to maintain a trusted relationship with our stakeholders
Governance	
G4-35: Process for delegating authority for economic, environmental and social topics from the highest governance body to senior executives and other employees.	4.1 Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility Vision and Strategy
G4-36: Executive-level position or positions with responsibility for economic, environmental and social topics, and whether post holders report directly to the highest governance body.	4.1 Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility Vision and Strategy
G4-37: Processes for consultation between stakeholders and the highest governance body on economic, environmental and social topics.	4.1 Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility Vision and Strategy
G4-43: Measures taken to develop and enhance the highest governance body's collective knowledge of economic, environmental and social topics.	4.1 Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility Vision and Strategy
G4-44: Expertise of the governance bodies in sustainability topics.	4.1 Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility Vision and Strategy
G4-45: Highest governance body's role in the identification and management of sustainability impacts, risks, and opportunities. Include the highest governance body's role in the implementation of due diligence processes.	4.1 Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility Vision and Strategy
G4-46: Highest governance body's role in reviewing the effectiveness of the organization's risk management processes for sustainability topics.	4.1 Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility Vision and Strategy

GRI category and requirement	Reference
G4-48: Highest committee or position that formally reviews and approves the organization's sustainability report and ensures that all material aspects are covered.	4.1 Ipsen's Company Social Responsibility Vision and Strategy
Ethics and Integrity	
G4-56: Organization's values, principles, standards and norms of behavior such as codes of conduct and codes of ethics.	4.2.5 Promoting products responsibly 4.3.2 Fighting corruption 4.3.3 Avoiding conflicts of interest 4.3.4 Promoting and defending Human Rights
G4-57: Internal and external mechanisms for seeking advice on ethical and lawful behavior, and matters related to organizational integrity, such as helplines or advice lines.	4.3.2 Fighting corruption 4.3.4 Promoting and defending Human Rights
G4-58: Internal and external mechanisms for reporting concerns about unethical or unlawful behavior, and matters related to organizational integrity.	4.3.2 Fighting corruption 4.3.3 Avoiding conflicts of interest 4.3.4 Promoting and defending Human Rights
SPECIFIC STANDARDS DISCLOSURES	
Environmental – energy	
G4-EN3: Energy/fuel consumption within the organization.	4.5.2 Responsible consumption and production
G4-EN6: Energy saved due to conservation and efficiency initiatives.	4.5.2 Responsible consumption and production
G4-EN7: Reductions in energy requirements of products and services.	4.5.2 Responsible consumption and production
Environmental – water	
G4-EN8: Total water withdrawal by source.	4.5.2 Responsible consumption and production
Environmental – biodiversity	
G4-EN11: Operational sites owned, leased, managed in, or adjacent to, protected areas and areas of high biodiversity value outside protected areas.	4.5.3 Protecting the environment and healthy ecosystem
G4-EN13: Habitats protected or restored.	4.5.3 Protecting the environment and healthy ecosystem
Environmental – Emissions	
G4-EN15: Direct Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions (Scope 1) – Metric Tons of CO ₂ .	4.5.1 Leading action on climate
G4-EN16: Energy indirect Greenhouse Gas (GHG) emissions (Scope 2) – Metric Tons of CO ₂ .	4.5.1 Leading action on climate
Environmental – Effluents and Waste	
G4-EN23: Total weight of waste by type and disposal method.	4.5.3 Protecting the environment and healthy ecosystem
Social – Labor Practices and Decent work	
G4-LA1: Total number and rates of new employee hires and turnover by age group, gender and region.	4.4.3 Enhancing employees' engagement
G4-LA10: Programs for skills management and lifelong learning that support the continued employability of employees and assist them in managing career endings.	4.4.3 Enhancing employees' engagement
G4-LA11: Percentage of employees receiving regular performance and career development reviews, by gender and by employee category.	4.4.3 Enhancing employees' engagement
Social – Labor Practices and Decent work – Occupational, Health and Safety	
G4-LA5: Workers representation in formal joint management-worker health and safety committees	4.4.4 Providing a healthy and safe workplace
G4-LA6: Types of injury and rates of injury, occupational diseases, lost days, and absenteeism, and number of work-related fatalities	4.8 Annex III: Summary of our Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

GRI category and requirement	Reference
G4-LA8: Health and safety topics covered in formal agreements with trade unions.	4.4.4 Providing a healthy and safe workplace
Social – Human Rights – Investment	
G4-HR2: Total hours of employee training on policies and procedures concerning aspects of Human Rights that are relevant to operations, including the percentage of employees trained.	4.3.4 Promoting and defending Human Rights
Social – Human Rights – Non-discrimination	
G4-HR4: Operations and suppliers identified in which the right to exercise freedom of association and collective bargaining may be violated or at significant risk, and actions taken to support these rights.	4.4.4 Providing a healthy and safe workplace
Social – Human Rights – Security practices	
G4-HR7: Percentage of security personnel trained in the organization's policies and procedures concerning aspects of Human Rights that are relevant to operations.	4.4.4 Providing a healthy and safe workplace
Social – Society – Anti-corruption	
G4-SO4: Communication and training on anti-corruption policies and procedures. (GRI G3 involved only employees' training).	4.3.2 Fighting corruption

4.8 Annex III: summary of our CSR key performance indicators (KPIs)

Description of the indicator	2023	2022
Product quality		
Batch Acceptance level (%)	97.1	97.7
First Time Quality Deviation (%)	91.2	90.6
Rate-on-time Action corrective preventive Action Closure (%)	44.6 ⁽³⁾	78.4
Product and patient safety		
On time ICSRs ⁽¹⁾ , submissions to Health Authorities managed at global level (%)	>93	>98
Analyzed safety signals	6	8
Confirmed safety signals	1	5
PV inspections	3	0
PV audits	21	17
Supply continuity		
OTIF (on-time, in-full) (%)	99.43	99.56
Counterfeit drugs		
Number of counterfeiting cases identified and reported to ANSM (National Drug Safety Agency)	64	24
Responsible product promotion		
Completion rate of trainings on the Code of Conduct (%)	99.9	98.4
Access to health		
Total of enrolled patients in KSA, UAE & LEB	137	110
Data privacy		
Number of data breaches reported to the authorities	1	0
Anti-Corruption		
Completion rate of training courses on the Code of Conduct (%)	99.9	98.4
Completion rate of training courses on Anti-Corruption (%)	99.9	97.3
Number of Business Ethics-related alerts raised	34	19
Total number of Due diligence conducted	625	970
Conflict of interest		
Completion rate of training courses on conflict of interest (%)	99.9	98.5
Number of conflicts of interest declared and assessed (incl. ongoing assessment)	110	145
Human Rights		
Number of new third parties assessed through the Business Ethics Management program	272	245
Completion rate of training courses on the Code of Conduct (%)	99.9	98.4
Talent attraction		
Number of recruitments	1,162	1,445

Description of the indicator	2023	2022
Employee engagement		
Number of countries which are certified "Great/Best Place to Work"	25	23
Number of training hours per employee (h)	20.2	23
Employees with a formalized development plan (%)	96.5	96
Employees having taken part in the Ipsen Community Day (%)	43	44.20
Turnover (%) ⁽²⁾	10.2	13.2
Percentage of permanent jobs in the Group (%)	96.7	96
Absenteeism rate (%)	2.69	2.87
Gender Equality Index (France)	96	85
Engagement index (%)	76	76 (Pulse Survey)
Headcount	5,234	5240
Share of women in the Global Leadership Team (%)	53.2	47.6
Share of diverse nationals in the Global Leadership Team (%)	63.9	60.4
Share of women in the Executive Leadership Team (%)	38.5	25
Share of diverse nationals in the Executive Leadership Team (%)	69.2	66.7

⁽¹⁾ Individual Case Safety Reports for post-marketing submissions.

⁽²⁾ Voluntary turnover for permanent positions.

⁽³⁾ Change of scope and calculation method as from 2023. The 2023 result without changing the scope and calculation method would be 72,6%.

Description of the indicator	2023	2022	2021	KPI 2019
Energy reduction, Climate change and Waste ⁽⁵⁾				
Ipsen Total Energy Use Normalized to Revenue (MWh/Million€)	22.546	24.101	29.808	28.186
Ipsen GHG Scope 1 & 2 Emissions Normalized to Revenue (tCO ₂ E/Million€) Location-based ⁽¹⁾	5.48	5.98	7.05	8.91
Ipsen GHG Scope 1 & 2 Emissions Normalized to Revenue (tCO ₂ E/Million€) Market-based ⁽¹⁾	3.59	4.29	5.09	6.93
Ipsen Total Waste Intensity Normalized to Revenue (Kg/Million€)	1.22	1.05	1.03	1.41
Management of water ⁽⁵⁾				
Ipsen Total Water Consumption Normalized to Revenue (m3/Million€)	30.80	30.01	27.56	34.64
Safety and Health Management ⁽⁵⁾				
Ipsen Fatalities	0	0	0	0
Ipsen Medicalized Accidents with Lost Days (Frequency Rate 1 FR1)	0.21	0.33	0.23	0.00
Ipsen Medicalized Accidents with and without Lost Days (Frequency Rate 2 FR2)	0.52	0.33	0.34	0.72
Ipsen Severity Rate	0.005	0.015	0.026	0.005
Ipsen Manufacturing and R&D Medicalized Accidents with Lost Days (Frequency Rate 1 FR1)	0.37	0.81	0.44	0
Ipsen Manufacturing and R&D Medicalized Accidents with and without Lost Days (Frequency Rate 2 FR2)	1.51	0.81	0.88	0.82
Ipsen Occupational Illness	2	7	3	5
Contractor Fatalities	0	0	0	0
Contractor Medicalized Accidents with and without Lost Days	1	0	1	2
S3 Safety Visits	1,446	1,688	1,494	1,302
Waste Management ⁽⁵⁾				
Total Waste (tons)	4,038	3,319	2,828	3,805
Recycled Waste (tons)	2,063	1,205	867	831

Description of the indicator	2023	2022	2021	KPI 2019
Recovery (tons)	1,004	590	1,042	735
Disposed Waste (tons)	1,872	1,524	919	2,239
Hazardous Waste (tons)	3,432	2,560	2,358	3,403
Energy Management ⁽⁵⁾				
Total Energy (kWh) Ipsen	74,538,039	75,820,882	81,911,804	75,876,702
Electrical Energy (kWh)	42,592,114	45,005,697	45,261,618	43,935,727
Renewable Electricity (kWh) ⁽²⁾	40,572,092	40,522,096	33,897,407	17,840,072
Fossil Fuel Derived Energy (kWh - HCV)	31,635,920	30,810,968	36,647,977	31,896,414
Other Energy (kWh)	–	4,216	2,209	44,561
Carbon Management ⁽⁵⁾				
Carbon Scope 1 Total Emissions (tCO ₂ E)	11,516	11,920	11,477	14,316
Carbon Scope 1 Building Energy Emissions (tCO ₂ E)	6,502	6,349	7,581	6,678
Carbon Scope 1 Car fleet Emissions (tCO ₂ E) ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾	4,679	5,160	3,292	6,871
Carbon Scope 1 R-Gas Emissions (tCO ₂ E)	335	411	604	767
Carbon Scope 2 Total Emissions (tCO ₂ E) Location-based methodology	6,588	6,890	7,892	9,670
Carbon Scope 2 Total Emissions (tCO ₂ E) Market-based methodology	367	1,567	2,497	4,343
Carbon Scope 3 Total Emissions (tCO ₂ E)	21,248	17,956	11,268	29,861
Carbon Scope 3-1 Purchased goods or services (tCO ₂ E)	1,082	955	157	150
Carbon Scope 3-2 Capital goods (tCO ₂ E)	1,985	1,917	1,808	1,757
Carbon Scope 3-3 Emissions related to fuels and energy (not included in Scope 1 and Scope 2) (tCO ₂ E)	4,948	4,899	4,819	5,517
Carbon Scope 3-4 Upstream freight and distribution (tCO ₂ E)	1,422	1,265	231	216
Carbon Scope 3-5 Waste generated (tCO ₂ E)	1,180	888	796	2,483
Carbon Scope 3-6 Business travel (tCO ₂ E)	7,535	5,540	1,573	14,687
Carbon Scope 3-7 Employees commuting (tCO ₂ E)	1,688	1,463	856	2,929
Carbon Scope 3-9 Downstream freight and distribution (tCO ₂ E)	1,083	691	536	1,165
Carbon Scope 3-12 End-of-life of sold products (tCO ₂ E)	118	111	33	31
Carbon Scope 3 Other indirect emissions upstream	208	226	459	926
Water Management ⁽⁵⁾				
Total Water Consumption (m ³)	101,824	94,401	75,724	93,262
Hazardous Materials Management ⁽⁵⁾				
Solvent Consumption (tons)	985	732	726	908
Compliance Management ⁽⁵⁾				
Notices of Violation Received	0	0	0	0
Fines and Penalties Paid	0	0	0	0
Air Emissions Management ⁽⁵⁾				
VOC Emissions (tons)	4.41	2.55	1.31	1.99
NOx Emissions (tNO ₂)	3.16	3.18	0.78	0
SOx Emissions (tSO ₂)	0.01	0.02	0.44	0
Waste Water Management ⁽⁵⁾				
Waste Water Treated (m ³)	20,115	20,057	21,474	18,486
COD Loading (tons)	1.97	4.74	2.96	3.17
BOD Loading (tons)	0.67	1.46	1.03	1.05
Total Suspended Solids (tons)	0.74	1.38	1.04	1.64
Total Facility Area (m²) ⁽⁵⁾	144,871	166,201	164,073	152,784

(1) Without direct emissions from mobile sources with combustion engines.

(2) Renewable electricity data from 2021 is based on guarantees of origin or similar assurance structures built into Power Purchase Agreements (PPA). Previous years quantities were calculated according to supplier electricity mix information provided on invoices, regardless of contract terms.

(3) Car fleet data is split into business use (included in Scope 1) and non-business use of Company-provided vehicle (included in Scope 3). Where primary use cannot be determined or quantified, emissions are reported under Scope 1.

(4) China is excluded from car fleet data, but is estimated to represent 0.3% of Group Scope 1 emissions.

(5) Excluding CHC.

4.9 Annex IV: complying with the European taxonomy

The European Union Taxonomy Regulation (Regulation EU 2020/852) entered into force in July 2020 covers six environmental objectives: climate change mitigation, climate change mitigation adaptation, sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources, transition to a circular economy, pollution prevention and control, and the protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems. Ipsen applies the delegated acts supplementing the Taxonomy regulation, namely:

1. the delegated act specifying the key performance indicators (“KPIs”) related to turnover, capital expenditure (“Capex”) and operational expenditure (“Opex”) that non-financial companies must disclose under article 8 of the Taxonomy regulation;
2. the delegated act concerning the technical screening criteria for economic activities with significant contribution to Climate Change Mitigation (CCM) and Climate Change Adaptation (CCA) (the ‘Climate Delegated Act’). For 2023, as for 2022, the eligibility and alignment ratios are reported for the climate objectives;
3. the delegated act concerning the technical screening criteria for economic activities with significant contribution to Pollution, Prevention and Control (PPC), Water (WTR), Biodiversity (BIO) and Circular Economy (CE) (“Taxo 4” delegated act) applicable as of 1 January 2023. For 2023, only the disclosures related to eligibility are required for those four new environmental objectives.

Turnover

Regarding the specific disclosures on proportion of turnover derived from a product associated with eligible environmentally sustainable activities, by their nature, activities of the pharmaceutical industry have not been listed as activities contributing substantially to climate change mitigation, climate change adaptation, sustainable use and protection of water and marine resources, transition to a circular economy, and the protection and restoration of biodiversity and ecosystems. For this reason, the proportion of eligible turnover as of 31 December 2023, for these five objectives is equal to zero. However, the activities of the pharmaceutical industry have been listed as activities contributing substantially to pollution protection and control.

100% of Ipsen turnover⁽¹⁾ is eligible to the activity PPC 1.2 Manufacture of medicinal products.

The alignment analysis is not required in 2023, it will be performed in 2024. According to the delegated act on the objective PPC, in order to make substantial contribution, the API or the ingredients that constitute the formulation of the pharmaceutical preparation will need to be either naturally occurring substances or readily biodegradable. They should also qualify as an appropriate substitute to another API available in the market.

Capital expenditures (CAPEX)

The following activities related to capital expenditure have been identified as eligible:

Taxonomy Eligible Activities 2023	
Taxonomy code	Activity related to capital expenditure (CAPEX)
CCM 4.25	Installation producing heat/cool using wasted heat
CCM 6.5	Transport by motorbikes, passenger cars and light commercial vehicles
CCM 7.1	Construction of new buildings
CCM 7.2	Renovation of existing buildings
CCM 7.3	Energy efficiency equipment
CCM 7.4	Charging stations for electric vehicles
CCM 7.5	Energy performance of buildings
CCM 7.7	Acquisition and ownership of buildings
CCM 8.2	Data-driven solutions for GHG emissions reductions
PPC 1.1	Manufacture of active pharmaceutical ingredients (API) or active substances
PPC 1.2	Manufacture of medicinal products

The Capex related to Climate Change Mitigation (CCM) have the nature of “individual Capex”.

As of 31 December 2023, the proportion of eligible Capex related to the objective Climate Change Mitigation amounts to 14,3% of the total Capex⁽²⁾ (vs 13% as of December 2022).

The Capex of industrial and R&D sites may contribute substantially to the objectives CCM and PPC.

In order to avoid double counting, the numerator of the Capex ratio of the PPC objective has been calculated as follows: After the allocation of individual Capex to the objective CCM, Capex related to the R&D sites Dreux, and Les Ulis, as well as Capex related to the Dublin site have been allocated to the activity PPC 1.1. Investments in intangible assets related to milestones and Intellectual property have also been allocated to the activity PPC 1.1. All other Capex related to manufacturing sites have been allocated to the activity PPC 1.2.

⁽¹⁾ Total Sales 2023 IFRS: see section 3.2.1 Consolidated income statement.

⁽²⁾ Total Capex 2023: €182.9 millions (see lines “Acquisitions/ Increases” of the Note 11 Intangible assets (€66,7 millions) and Note 12.1.)

As of 31 December 2023, the proportion of eligible Capex related to the objective Pollution Prevention and Control amounts to 84,1% of the total Capex⁽³⁾.

No CAPEX was identified as eligible for the objective climate change adaptation, water, circular economy, and biodiversity.

The denominator of the Capex ratio corresponds to lines "Acquisitions/Increases" of the Note 11 Intangible assets and "Acquisitions/Increases" of the Note 12.1 Property, Plant & Equipment for the year 2023 in Chapter 3.2 Consolidated Financial Statements.

Operational expenditures (OPEX)

The operational expenditures (Opex) related to the activities listed in the table "Taxonomy eligible activities 2023" above are eligible according to the Taxonomy regulation.

The denominator of the Opex ratio corresponds to the line R&D expenses reported in the face of the P&L as well as the maintenance and repair costs booked as expenses in 2023.

For the Pollution, Prevention and Control objective, all R&D costs in 2023 have been allocated to the activity PPC 1.1 Manufacture of active pharmaceutical ingredients (API) or active substances in calculation of the denominator.

As of 31 December 2023, the proportion of eligible Opex related to the objective Pollution Prevention and Control amounts to 99,5% of the total Opex⁽⁴⁾.

For the Climate Change Mitigation objective, the maximum eligibility is below 5% and the numerator is therefore considered non-material.

Climate Change Mitigation (CCM) – Alignment analysis

To assess the current level of alignment of activities identified as eligible for the CCM objective, the Group verified compliance with the technical criteria for these activities and compliance with the minimum safeguards (MS).

Verification of compliance with the technical criteria

For each eligible activity, two types of technical criteria need to be checked for compliance: the substantial contribution criteria and the "DNSH" criteria. The "DNSH" criteria are either specific to an activity or generic. They aim at verifying that the activity "does no significant harm" to the other five environmental objectives.

For 'acquisition and ownership of buildings' related to leased office buildings, the technical criteria assessment is performed at corporate level on the basis of IFRS 16 financial reporting. Sustainability criteria for leased office buildings were assessed with the real estate department using data provided by landlords.

The 'transport by motorbikes, passenger cars and light commercial vehicles', the technical criteria assessment is performed at corporate level on the basis of IFRS 16 financial reporting, using data from the leasing service providers.

For all the other individual Capex, the Group uses an internal reporting of investments as the basis for the technical criteria assessment: the main R&D and manufacturing sites assess individually each project reported as investment through a survey which details the eligibility criteria as well as the specific substantial contribution and specific DNSH criteria. As the individual Capex eligible for the Climate Change Adaptation objective are reported project by project in the financial consolidation system, and eligibility and alignment assessment is performed at project level, no allocation between eligible and non-eligible Capex is necessary.

Verification of compliance with the minimum safeguards (MS)

The Group meets the requirements of the minimum safeguards of the report of the Platform on Sustainable Finance (PSF) in terms of Human Rights, corruption, competition law and taxation. Compliance with those topics is embedded in Ipsen's Code of Conduct and Ipsen's Business partner Code of Conduct. Moreover:

1. Ipsen ensures that Human Rights are respected in all its activities and in its supply chain (see 4.3.4. Promoting and defending Human Rights and 4.4.3 Providing a healthy and safe workplace).
2. Ipsen has implemented a global anti-corruption management system for which the ISO 37001 certification has been renewed in 2023 (see 4.3.2. Fighting corruption).
3. No financial penalties were imposed on Ipsen for anti-competitive practices (see 6.4.3. Cross-reference table of the Management Report and of the Board of Directors' Report on Corporate Governance - Legal, financial and tax information of the Company).
4. Ipsen is committed to observing all applicable laws, rules and regulations in meeting its tax compliance and reporting responsibilities and paying its fair share of taxes in all jurisdictions where it operates (see paragraph 2.1.4.3. First line of defense).

In addition, the effectiveness of the procedures in place is considered demonstrated by (i) the absence of condemnation of the Group or a Ipsen employee or (ii) the implementation of an action plan to follow up on a conviction on one of these four themes.

⁽³⁾ Total Capex 2023: €182.9 millions (see lines "Acquisitions/ Increases" of the Note 11 Intangible assets (€66,7 millions) and Note 12.1.).

⁽⁴⁾ Total Opex denominator 2023: €643.3 millions (Opex denominator = Opex R&D + repairs & maintenance and short term rentals).

In accordance with the delegated act "Article 8" of the Taxonomy adopted on 6 June 2021 and amended in June 2023 on the content and presentation of the information to

be reported, the three regulatory tables indicating the share of eligible and aligned activities for each indicator are published below.

Activities related to row nuclear energy or fossil gas

Row nuclear energy related activities		
1	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to research, development, demonstration and deployment of innovative electricity generation facilities that produce energy from nuclear processes with minimal waste from the fuel cycle.	NO
2	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction and safe operation of new nuclear installations to produce electricity or process heat, including for the purposes of district heating or industrial processes such as hydrogen production, as well as their safety upgrades, using best available technologies.	NO
3	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to safe operation of existing nuclear installations that produce electricity or process heat, including for the purposes of district heating or industrial processes such as hydrogen production from nuclear energy, as well as their safety upgrades.	NO

Fossil gas related activities		
4	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction or operation of electricity generation facilities that produce electricity using fossil gaseous fuels.	NO
5	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction, refurbishment, and operation of combined heat/cool and power generation facilities using fossil gaseous fuels.	NO
6	The undertaking carries out, funds or has exposures to construction, refurbishment and operation of heat generation facilities that produce heat/cool using fossil gaseous fuels.	NO

As the Company does not carry out, funds or has exposure to any activity related to row nuclear energy or fossil gas, as set out in the above table, the templates 2 to 5 from Annex XII of the delegated act (EU) 2021/2178 amended in July 2022 are not applicable.

4.9.1 Taxonomy Eligible / Aligned Turnover

Economic activities ⁽¹⁾	Code (2)	Absolute turnover (3)	Proportion of Turnover year N (4)	Substantial Contribution Criteria							DNSH criteria ("Does No Significant Harm")					Proportion of taxonomy aligned (A1) or eligible (A2) turnover year N-1 (18)	Category (enabling activity) (19)	Category (transitional activity) (20)	
				Climate Change Mitigation (5)	Climate Change Adaptation (6)	Water (7)	Pollution (8)	Circular Economy (9)	Biodiversity and Ecosystems (10)	Climate Change Mitigation (11)	Climate Change Adaptation (12)	Water (13)	Pollution (14)	Circular Economy (15)	Biodiversity (16)				Minimum Safeguards (17)
Text		M€	%	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	%	E	T

A TAXONOMY ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES

A1 Environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned)

Turnover of environmentally sustainable activities (taxonomy-aligned activities) A.1	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N/A		
<i>of which Enabling</i>		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N/A	E	
<i>of which Transitional</i>		0%	0%							Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N/A		T

A2 Taxonomy-eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not taxonomy aligned activities)

				EL; N/EL															
Manufacture of medicinal products	PPC 1.2	3,127.5	100%	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	EL	N/EL	N/EL										N/A
Turnover of taxonomy-eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not taxonomy aligned activities) (A2)		3,127.5	100%	100%	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%										N/A
A Turnover of Taxonomy eligible activities (A1+A2)		3,127.5	100%	100%	0%	0%	100%	0%	0%										N/A

B TAXONOMY NON-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES

Turnover of Taxonomy non-eligible activities			0.0%
Total (A+B)		3,127.5	100%

4.9.2 Taxonomy Eligible / Aligned Capex

Economic activities (1)	Code (2)	Absolute Capex (3)	Proportion of Capex year N (4)	Substantial Contribution Criteria						DNSH criteria ("Does No Significant Harm")						Minimum Safeguards (17)	Proportion of taxonomy aligned (A1) or eligible (A2) Capex year N-1 (18)	Category (enabling activity) (19)	Category (transitional activity) (20)
				Climate Change Mitigation (5)	Climate Change Adaptation (6)	Water (7)	Pollution (8)	Circular Economy (9)	Biodiversity and Ecosystems (10)	Climate Change Mitigation (11)	Climate Change Adaptation (12)	Water (13)	Pollution (14)	Circular Economy (15)	Biodiversity (16)				
Text		M€	%	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	%	E	T
A. TAXONOMY ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES																			
A1. Environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned)																			
Construction of new buildings	CCM 7.1		0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	2.1%		
Investments in renovation of existing buildings	CCM 7.2		0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0.1%		T
Investments in energy performance of buildings	CCM 7.5	0,1	0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0.0%	E	
Investments in energy efficiency equipment	CCM 7.3		0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	1.9%	E	
Investments in renewable energy technologies	CCM.7.6		0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0.0%	E	
Investments in data-driven solutions for GHG emissions reductions	CCM 8.2		0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0.0%	E	
Investment in solar panels	CCM 4.1		0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0.0%		
Storage of hydrogen	CCM 4.12		0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0.0%	E	
Investments in electric heat pumps	CCM 4.16		0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0.0%		
Investment in installation producing heat/cool/ chilled water using waste heat	CCM 4.25		0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0.2%		
Investment in charging stations for electric vehicles	CCM 7.4		0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0.0%	E	
Acquisition and ownership of buildings	CCM 7.7		0.0%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0.4%		
Fleet (Transport by motorbikes, passenger cars and light commercial vehicles)	CCM 6.5	1,3	0.7%	Y	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	0.3%		T
Capex of environmentally sustainable activities (taxonomy-aligned activities) A.1		1,3	0.7%	0.0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	5.0%		
<i>of which Enabling</i>			<i>0%</i>	<i>0%</i>	<i>0%</i>	<i>0%</i>	<i>0%</i>	<i>0%</i>	<i>0%</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>2.0%</i>	<i>E</i>	
<i>of which Transitional</i>			<i>0.7%</i>	<i>0.7%</i>						<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>Y</i>	<i>0.4%</i>		<i>T</i>
A2. Taxonomy-eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not taxonomy aligned activities)																			
				EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL										
Construction of new buildings	CCM 7.1	1,5	0.8%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								1.17%		
Investments in renovation of existing buildings	CCM 7.2	0,1	0.0%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								1.0%		
Investments in energy performance of buildings	CCM 7.5	0,1	0.1%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0.0%		
Investments in energy efficiency equipment	CCM 7.3	0,9	0.5%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0.0%		
Investments in renewable energy technologies	CCM.7.6	0,0	0.0%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0.0%		
Investments in data-driven solutions for GHG emissions reductions	CCM 8.2	0,1	0.1%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0.0%		
Investment in solar panels	CCM 4.1	0,1	0.0%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0.0%		
Storage of hydrogen	CCM 4.12	—	0.0%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0.0%		
Investments in electric heat pumps	CCM 4.16	—	0.0%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0.0%		
Investment in installation producing heat/cool/ chilled water using wasted heat	CCM 4.25	—	0.0%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0.0%		
Investment in charging stations for electric vehicles	CCM 7.4	0,1	0.0%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								0.0%		
Acquisition and ownership of buildings	CCM 7.7	15,0	8.2%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								4.2%		
Fleet (Transport by motorbikes, passenger cars and light commercial vehicles)	CCM 6.5	6,8	3.7%	EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL								1.7%		
Manufacture of active pharmaceutical ingredients (API) or active substances	PPC 1.1	56,2	30.7%	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	EL	N/EL	N/EL								N/A		
Manufacture of medicinal products	PPC 1.2	97,6	53.4%	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	EL	N/EL	N/EL								N/A		
Capex of taxonomy-eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not taxonomy aligned activities) (A2)		178,5	97.6%	13.5%	0%	0%	84.1%	0%	0%								8.1%		
A. Capex of Taxonomy eligible activities (A1+A2)		179,9	98.4%	14.3%	0%	0%	84.1%	0%	0%								13.1%		
B. TAXONOMY NON-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES																			
Capex of Taxonomy non-eligible activities		3,0	1.6%																
Total (A+B)		182,9	100%																

4.9.3 Taxonomy Eligible / Aligned Opex

Economic activities (1)	Code (2)	Absolute Opex (3)	Proportion of Opex year N (4)	Substantial Contribution Criteria						DNSH criteria ("Does No Significant Harm")						Minimum Safeguards (17)	Proportion of taxonomy aligned (A1) or eligible (A2) opex year N-1 (18)	Category (enabling activity) (19)	Category (transitional activity) (20)
				Climate Change Mitigation (5)	Climate Change Adaptation (6)	Water (7)	Pollution (8)	Circular Economy (9)	Biodiversity and Ecosystems (10)	Climate Change Mitigation (11)	Climate Change Adaptation (12)	Water (13)	Pollution (14)	Circular Economy (15)	Biodiversity (16)				
Text		M€	%	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y; N; N/EL	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	Y/N	%	E	T

A TAXONOMY ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES

A1 Environmentally sustainable activities (Taxonomy-aligned)

Opex of environmentally sustainable activities (taxonomy-aligned activities) A.1	-	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N/A		
<i>of which Enabling</i>		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N/A	E	
<i>of which Transitional</i>		0%	0%							Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N/A		T

A2 Taxonomy-eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not taxonomy aligned activities)

				EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL	EL; N/EL										
Fleet (Transport by motorbikes, passenger cars and light commercial vehicles)	CCM 6.5	1.3	0.2%	EL	NEL	NEL	NEL	NEL	NEL										0%
Manufacture of active pharmaceutical ingredients (API) or active substances	PPC 1.1	619.3	96.3%	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	EL	N/EL	N/EL										N/A
Manufacture of medicinal products	PPC 1.2	20.7	3.2%	N/EL	N/EL	N/EL	EL	N/EL	N/EL										N/A
Opex of taxonomy-eligible but not environmentally sustainable activities (not taxonomy aligned activities) (A2)		641.3	99.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	99.7%	0%	0%										N/A
A Opex of Taxonomy eligible activities (A1+A2)		641.3	99.7%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	99.7%	0.0%	0.0%										N/A

B TAXONOMY NON-ELIGIBLE ACTIVITIES

Opex of Taxonomy non-eligible activities	2.0	0.3%
Total (A+B)	643.3	100%

4.10 Annex V: reporting methodology

- Ipsen has audited consolidated financial statements and the list of entities included in its sustainability reporting is the same as in its financial reporting.
- Due to the sale of the Consumer Healthcare (CHC) business in 2022, data are reported without the CHC segment. When possible, indicators have been computed without CHC for previous years for comparability purposes.

Headcount

Headcount indicators reported in the universal registration document are based on Ipsen's global Human Resources Information Systems deployed in all countries. Primary, transactional, data is kept up-to-date by local HR teams and used for the global report.

The headcount includes all employees with a current work contract with Ipsen. Notably, external resources (temporary workers, trainees, etc.) are excluded from the headcount.

Headcount is the number of active and inactive employees present on the last day of the month. Includes: permanent employees, fixed-term employees, apprentices.

In 2022, Ipsen sold its CHC business to Mayoly Spindler with an impact of 1,085 employees. At the end of 2022, 95 "CHC" employees, working under Transition Distribution and Promotion Agreements (TDPA) until Mayoly Spindler created its own structure, were still reported under Ipsen's official Headcount.

Turnover

Number of departures (permanent positions) over the last 12 months divided by the average HC (permanent positions) over the 12-month (= headcount of each month divided by 12), excluding CHC and Acquisitions of the year.

Voluntary / Involuntary / Retirement: linked to the reason entered in iPeople by HR, reason that is mapped to "voluntary", "involuntary" or "retirement". Voluntary or Involuntary refer to the fact that the departure is at the request of the employee ("voluntary") or the employer ("involuntary").

Recruitments

Recruitments take into consideration employees coming from acquisitions:

- In 2021, there was no acquisition with an impact on personnel,
- In 2022, Ipsen acquired Epizyme with 198 employees. The number of recruitments in 2022 show the Ipsen perimeter, i.e.: CHC included before the sale, but not included after the sale date,
- In 2023, Ipsen acquired Albireo with a headcount of 199.

Regarding Joint Ventures, the Group HR policy does not apply to these entities and no HR reporting is requested from them. Therefore, all HR indicators are shown without the Joint Ventures.

Absenteeism

Absenteeism data are collected separately:

- For France, they are retrieved from the French payroll system,
- For other countries, they are collected from the HR manager.

At the end of 2023, this scope accounted for 2.69% of Ipsen's headcount.

Number of days of absence equal total working days of absence during the year, for the following reasons:

- sickness leave (including long-term sickness if paid by Ipsen),
- accident at work and commuting accident,
- unjustified absence.

Not considered in the absence:

- standard time-off related to parental/maternity leaves,
- People on long-term sick leave who are not paid by Ipsen anymore (e.g. salary is paid by Public or Private Health Insurance) should not be included).

Training & Development Plan

For face-to-face training, training activity is recorded in Ipsen's Learning Platform by the owner of the training course (Training Manager, HR...).

The evidence of the training duration is provided on this platform and/or by paper attendance signed sheets.

For virtual training, time is automatically recorded by the virtual platform (iLearn, LinkedIn learning, Acto...).

The training report is extracted at corporate level and all the collected data is consolidated into a common Excel file.

The Total number of training hours is divided by the total number of employees on the 31 of December (excluding trainees).

The percentage of employees with a development plan is calculated by the total number of successfully completed processes in iPeople divided the total number of employees enrolled. This excludes employees for whom no development plan is expected (trainees, apprentices, employees on long term sick leave, leavers, fixed-term employees due to leave within in the year).

Gender Equality Index (France)

The French "*Index de l'égalité professionnelle femmes-hommes*" measures the gender pay gap with the following criteria:

- Gender pay gap,
- Distribution gap in individual increases,
- Distribution gap for promotions,
- Number of female employees in receipt of a salary increase on their return from maternity leave,
- Parity among employees with the 10 highest.

Engagement

The engagement rate is measured by running Company-wide surveys every 2 years. In 2021, the provider was changed and the questions asked were marginally amended to comply with the provider's and for benchmarking purposes. This change might have slightly impacted the overall results compared with the previous campaign but there is no way to measure this impact.

For the first time in 2022, a shorter Pulse Survey was run to follow up on a limited number of questions.

The most recent Global Engagement Survey was conducted in May 2023.

Human Rights

Third parties were assessed through the Third Parties Due Diligence Platform, live as of June 2019.

Environment, Health and Safety (EHS)

Manufacturing and R&D sites include 4 manufacturing or production sites: Dublin (Ireland), Signes (France), Cambridge (USA) and Wrexham (United Kingdom), as well as 4 research and development (R&D) sites: Les Ulis (France), Dreux Pharm Sciences (France), Oxford-Milton Park (United Kingdom) and Cambridge (USA) which was closed during 2022.

Global Ipsen encompasses tertiary sites with a Human Resource representative, namely: Algeria, Germany, Switzerland, Austria, Australia, Czech Republic, Greece, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Mexico, the United States (Basking Ridge and Cambridge), France (Boulogne-Billancourt), Brazil, China, Korea, Taipei, Spain, Italy, Russia, Sweden and Nordics, Ukraine, Lithuania, Netherlands, Belgium, Canada, the United Kingdom (Slough), Vietnam and the new site in Colombia.

Data collection is performed using an information system. The data is controlled and extracted from this central system, which possesses means of control and alert (absurd data, problems of units...). This central system is a core training tool for the persons in charge of EHS on site in order to minimize the sources of error. Sites with fewer than 10 employees are not required to report EHS data.

All EHS data 2019-2022 have been restated to reflect the sale of CHC organization.

Sites included in the waste intensity calculation: Wrexham, Signes, Milton Park, Les Ulis, Epizyme, Dublin, Dreux - Pharm Sciences, Cambridge One Kendall and Cambridge 650 Kendall. Sites included in the water intensity calculation: Wrexham, Signes, Milton Park, Les Ulis and Dublin.

Further explanations need to be taken into account for the following indicators:

- The emission factors used to calculate Greenhouse Gas emissions are those of the Base Carbone ADEME and those provided by the IEA emission factors related to international electricity consumption.
- Renewable electricity data since 2021 are based on

guarantees of origin or similar assurance structures built into Power Purchase Agreements (PPA). Previous years' quantities were calculated based on information provided by suppliers about the electricity mix on invoices, regardless of contract terms.

- Car fleet data is split into business use (included in Scope 1) and non-business use of Company provided vehicle (included in Scope 3). Emissions linked to the non-business use of the vehicle fleet are estimated on a *pro rata* basis of Scope 1 emissions linked to the fleet for business use. The proportion is based on actual consumption data in liters of fuel for personal use from previous years.
- China is excluded from car fleet data. Ipsen does not have any owned or leased fleet vehicles in China. Ipsen does not fund fuel payments and does not offer mileage-based compensation in China. A study has identified employees that may be required to use personal vehicles in the course of their duties. These emissions are the estimated to be approximately 0.3% of Group Scope 1 emissions.
- Scope 3.1: Purchased Goods and Services emission factors are modeled based on product life cycle insights from studies, conducted in 2021, using 2019 production and sales data.
- Scope 3.7: Employee Commuting data are based on site attendance monitoring data from 2019 to 2022 at several Manufacturing, R&D and main office sites.
- Health and safety indicators including those used to determine accident frequency and severity rates include the following calculations:
 - The frequency rate 1 (FR1) is the number of work-related injuries that required an external medicalized treatment beyond first aid, with lost working time exceeding one day which have occurred over a period of 12 months per million hours worked (frequency rate 1 = number of medicalized injuries with lost working time x 1,000,000 / number of hours worked).
 - The frequency rate 2 (FR2) is the number of work-related injuries requiring external medicalized treatment, beyond first aid, with lost working time exceeding one day and without lost working time which have occurred over a period of 12 months per million hours worked (frequency rate 2 = number of medicalized injuries with and without lost working time x 1,000,000 / number of hours worked).
 - The severity rate is the number of worker-days lost as a result of a work-related injury per thousand hours worked (severity rate = number of worker-days lost x 1,000 / number of hours worked).
- Disposed Waste is defined as waste incinerated without energy recovery plus waste sent to landfill.
- Recovered Waste is defined as waste incinerated with Energy recovery and other methods.

The following table represents the approaches used to calculate carbon emissions for Scopes 1, 2 and 3 included in the section of the document on fighting climate change.

Scope	Categories	Description	Data sources	Emissions Factor sources
1	Direct emissions from stationary combustion sources	Natural gas and fuel combustion (kWh)	R&D manufacturing and affiliates reporting	Base Carbone®
1	Direct emissions from mobile sources with combustion engine	Diesel, gasoline for business-related use	R&D manufacturing and affiliates reporting	Base Carbone®
1	Direct fugitive emissions	Refrigerant gas losses (tons)	R&D manufacturing reporting	Base Carbone®
2	Indirect emissions from electricity consumption	Electricity consumption (kWh)	R&D manufacturing and affiliates reporting	IAE Highlights CO ₂ fossil fuels and Base Carbone for French sites
2	Indirect emissions from steam, heat and cooling consumption	Steam and cooling consumption (kWh) Only one site is concerned	R&D manufacturing and affiliates reporting	Base Carbone®
3	Emissions due to fuels and energy (not covered by Scopes 1 and 2)	Upstream emissions from energy extraction and transportation (kWh), non-business use car fleet	R&D manufacturing and affiliates reporting	Base Carbone®
3	Purchased goods or services	Extraction and Manufacturing of raw materials such as paper, aluminium and excluding transportation	R&D manufacturing: Weight of every component of primary, secondary and tertiary packaging (tons) and modeled using an assessment conducted in 2021 together with 2019 production	Base Carbone® and CarbonEM methodology
3	Capital goods	As per ISO14064 & ISO/TR14069 For capital goods, such as IT equipment, the depreciation period is as per replacement period GHG Emissions due to the construction of buildings (industrial and offices) depreciation based on 50 years	R&D manufacturing and affiliates reporting Buildings (sqm)	Base Carbone®
3	Upstream and downstream transportation and distribution	Road, Air, sea transportation of raw materials and final products from production site to first local delivery sites. Emissions are calculated on a well-to-wheel approach	Upstream: tons km from each site reporting Downstream: tons km from extraction of deliveries	Base Carbone®
3	End of life treatment of waste generated from site operations	GHG Emissions due to the treatment of production waste (incineration, landfill, recycling)	R&D manufacturing Reporting (tons)	Base Carbone®
3	Business travels	GHG Emissions due to the car fleet consumption and plane travel; train travel and travel by taxi is not included but an initial estimate concluded that there was an insignificant contribution to Scope 3 emissions compared to other business travel modes covered in this report. Fugitive emissions (condensation trails) are not taken into account in the emissions factors of plane travel	Travel agency (km) and reporting on gasoline consumption (liters)	GHG Protocol

Scope	Categories	Description	Data sources	Emissions Factor sources
3	Employee commuting	GHG Emissions from journeys between working sites and employee's home excluding employee commuting using car fleet	Distances (km) estimated based on averages (French national survey (ENTD INSEE)). 2020 Employee Commuting data are based on an internal estimate of the impact of the SARS-COV-2 health crisis on home-to-work travel: -50% for R&D and Manufacturing and -75% for office sites	Base Carbone®
3	End-of-life treatment of sold products	GHG Emissions due to the treatment of packaging waste (including paper, aluminum, and plastic) after use of sold products (incineration, landfill, recycling)	Deliveries database (tons) and average waste treatment	Base Carbone®

4.11 Annex VI: audit report and reasonable assurance report - FY 2023

Report of one of the Statutory Auditors, appointed as independent third party, on the verification of the consolidated non-financial statement

This is a free English translation of the report by one of the Statutory Auditors issued in French and is provided solely for the convenience of English-speaking readers. This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional standards applicable in France.



Report from one of the auditors, designated independent third-party body, on the verification of the consolidated declaration of extra-financial performance.

(Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023)

IPSEN SA
65 quai Georges Gorse
92100 BOULOGNE BILLANCOURT

In our capacity as auditor of the company IPSEN SA (hereinafter "the entity") designated independent third party body, "third party" accredited by Cofrac (Cofrac Inspection Accreditation, n°3-1862, scope available on www.cofrac.fr), we have carried out work aimed at formulating a reasoned opinion expressing a conclusion of moderate assurance on the historical information (observed or extrapolated) of the consolidated declaration of extra-financial performance, prepared according to the procedures of the entity (hereinafter the "Repository"), for the financial year ended December 31, 2023, (hereinafter respectively the "information" and the "Declaration") presented in the group's management report in application of the provisions of articles L.225-102-1, R.225-105 and R.225-105-1 of the commercial code

Conclusion

Based on the procedures that we have implemented, as described in the "Nature and scope of the work" section, and the elements that we have collected, we have not noted any significant anomaly likely to call into question the fact that the consolidated statement of extra-financial performance complies with the applicable regulatory provisions and that the Information, taken as a whole, is presented, truthfully, in accordance with the Framework.

Preparation of the extra-financial performance statement

The absence of a generally accepted and commonly used framework or established practices upon which to evaluate and measure the Information allows for the use of different, but acceptable, measurement techniques which may affect comparability between entities and across entities and time.

Consequently, the Information must be read and understood with reference to the Framework, the significant elements of which are presented in the Declaration.

.....
PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit, SAS, 63, rue de Villiers 92208 Neuilly-sur-Seine Cedex
Telephone: +33 (0)1 56 57 58 59, www.pwc.fr

Accounting company registered with the Paris - Ile de France order. Auditing company member of the regional company of Versailles and the Center. Simplified Joint Stock Company with capital of €2,510,460. Head office: 63 rue de Villiers 92200 Neuilly-sur-Seine. RCS Nanterre 672 006 483. VAT n° FR 76 672 006 483. Siret 672 006 483 00362. APE code 6920 Z. Offices: Bordeaux, Grenoble, Lille, Lyon, Marseille, Metz, Nantes, Neuilly-Sur-Seine, Nice, Poitiers, Rennes, Rouen, Strasbourg, Toulouse.

IPSEN SA
Report from one of the auditors, designated independent third-party body, on the
verification of the consolidated declaration of extra-financial performance.
Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 - Page 3

Limitations inherent in the preparation of Information

The Information may be subject to uncertainty inherent to the state of scientific or economic knowledge and the quality of the external data used. Certain information is sensitive to the methodological choices, assumptions and/or estimates used for their preparation and presented in the Declaration.

Entity liability

It belongs to the management to:

- select or establish appropriate criteria for the preparation of the Information;
- prepare a Statement in compliance with legal and regulatory provisions, including a presentation of the business model, a description of the main extra-financial risks, a presentation of the policies applied with regard to these risks as well as the results of these policies, including key indicators performance and also the information provided for in Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (green taxonomy) ;
- prepare the Declaration by applying the Entity Framework as mentioned above, as well as
- to implement the internal control that it considers necessary to establish Information that does not contain significant anomalies, whether these arise from fraud or result from errors.

The Declaration was established by the board of directors.

Responsibility of the auditor appointed by an independent third party

It is up to us, based on our work, to formulate a reasoned opinion expressing a conclusion of moderate assurance on:

- compliance of the Declaration with the provisions of Article R.225-105 of the Commercial Code;
- the sincerity of the historical information (observed or extrapolated), provided in application of 3° of I and II of article R.225-105 of the commercial code, namely the results of the policies, including key performance indicators, and actions, relating to the main risks.

As it is our responsibility to form an independent conclusion on the Information as prepared by management, we are not authorized to be involved in the preparation of such Information as this could compromise our independence.

It is not up to us to comment on:

- compliance by the entity with other applicable legal and regulatory provisions (in particular with regard to information provided for by Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (green taxonomy), vigilance and anti-corruption plan and tax evasion);
- the sincerity of the information provided for by Article 8 of Regulation (EU) 2020/852 (green taxonomy);
- compliance of products and services with applicable regulations.

Regulatory provisions and applicable professional doctrine

Our work described below was carried out in accordance with the provisions of articles A.225-1 et seq. of the commercial code, the professional doctrine of the National Company of Auditors relating to this intervention, in particular the technical opinion of the National Company of Auditors, Intervention of the auditor - *Intervention of the OTI - Declaration of extra-financial performance*, taking the place of an audit program and the international standard ISAE 3000 (revised) - *Assurance commitments other than audits or reviews of historical financial information*.

Independence and quality control

Our independence is defined by the provisions set out in article L.821-28 of the commercial code and the code of ethics of the profession of auditor. Furthermore, we have implemented a quality control system which includes documented policies and procedures aimed at ensuring compliance with applicable legal and regulatory texts, ethical rules and the professional doctrine of the National

IPSEN SA
Report from one of the auditors, designated independent third-party body, on the
verification of the consolidated declaration of extra-financial performance.
Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 - Page 4

Company of Auditors relating to this intervention.

Means and resources

Our work mobilized the skills of 5 people and took place between November 2023 and February 2024 over a total intervention duration of 6 weeks.

To assist us in carrying out our work, we called on our specialists in sustainable development and social responsibility. We conducted 29 interviews with the people responsible for preparing the Declaration, notably representing the CSR, General Management, Administration and Finance, Risk Management, Compliance, Human Resources, Health and Safety, Environment and Purchasing department.

Nature and scope of work

We have planned and carried out our work considering the risk of material anomalies in the Information.

We believe that the procedures we have carried out in exercising our professional judgment allow us to formulate a conclusion of moderate assurance:

- we have taken note of the activity of all the entities included in the consolidation scope and the presentation of the main risks;
- we assessed the appropriateness of the Framework with regard to its relevance, completeness, reliability, neutrality and understandability, taking into consideration, where appropriate, best practices in the sector;
- we have verified that the Declaration covers each category of information provided for in III of article L.225-102-1 in social and environmental matters, as well as in matters of respect for human rights and the fight against corruption and tax evasion and includes, where applicable, an explanation of the reasons justifying the absence of the information required by the 2nd paragraph of III of article L.225-102-1;
- we have verified that the Declaration presents the information provided for in II of Article R.225-105 when it is relevant;
- we have verified that the Declaration presents the business model and a description of the main risks linked to the activity of all the entities included in the scope of consolidation, including, where relevant and proportionate, the risks created by its business relationships, products or services as well as policies, actions and results, including key performance indicators relating to the main objectives;
- we consulted documentary sources and conducted interviews to:
 - assess the selection and validation process of the main risks as well as the consistency of the results, including the key performance indicators retained with regard to the main risks and policies presented, and
 - corroborate the qualitative information (actions and results) that we considered the most important presented in the appendix. For all risks except health and safety, climate and energy, and waste management risks, our work was carried out at the level of the consolidating entity; for other risks, work was carried out at the level of the consolidating entity and in a selection of Dreux, Dublin, Les Ulises, Signes, Wrexham sites.
- we have verified that the Declaration covers the consolidated scope, namely all entities included in the consolidation scope in accordance with article L.233-16 where applicable with the limits specified in the Declaration;
- we have taken note of the internal control and risk management procedures put in place by the entity and have assessed the collection process aimed at the completeness and sincerity of the Information;
- for the key performance indicators and other quantitative results that we considered the most important presented in the appendix, we implemented:

IPSEN SA
Report from one of the auditors, designated independent third-party body, on the verification of the consolidated declaration of extra-financial performance.
Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 - Page 5

- analytical procedures consisting of verifying the correct consolidation of the data collected as well as the consistency of their developments;
- detailed tests, based on surveys or other means of selection, consisting of verifying the correct application of definitions and procedures and reconciling the data with supporting documents. This work was carried out on a selection of contributing sites, namely Dreux, Dublin, Les Ulises, Signes, Wrexham, and covers between 72% and 92% of the consolidated data selected for these tests;
- we assessed the overall consistency of the Declaration in relation to our knowledge of all the entities included in the consolidation scope;

The procedures implemented as part of a moderate assurance mission are less extensive than those required for a reasonable assurance mission carried out according to the professional doctrine of the National Company of Auditors; higher level assurance would have required more extensive verification work.

Neuilly-sur-Seine, February 15, 2024

One of the statutory auditors
PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

Stéphane Basset
Partner

Aurélie Castellino-Cornetto
Sustainability Partner

IPSEN SA

Report from one of the auditors, designated independent third-party body, on the verification of the consolidated declaration of extra-financial performance.

Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 - Page 6

**Appendix: List of information that we considered the most important
Key performance indicators and other quantitative results :**

- Total number of patients recruited in the United Arab Emirates, Saudi Arabia and Lebanon in 2023;
- Lot release rate in 2023;
- Deviation in the quality of first production (%) in 2023;
- Rate of closure of Corrective Action Preventive Action (CAPA) processes on time in 2023;
- OTIF (on-time in full) in 2023;
- ICSR submitted on time, submissions to globally managed health authorities (%) in 2023;
- Safety signals analyzed in 2023;
- Safety signals confirmed in 2023;
- Number of cases of counterfeiting identified and reported to the ANSM in 2023; Completion rate of training on the code of conduct in 2023;
- Number of cyberattacks reported to authorities in 2023;
- Completion rate of training on the fight against corruption in 2023;
- Number of alerts related to Business Ethics raised in 2023;
- Total number of due diligence checks carried out in 2023;
- Completion rate of training on conflicts of interest in 2023;
- Number of conflicts of interest declared and assessed (including those currently being assessed) in 2023;
- Number of new third parties assessed as part of the business ethics management program in 2023;
- Number of recruitments in 2023;
- Effective in 2023;
- Share of women in the Global Leadership Team (%) in 2023;
- Number of subsidiaries certified "Great Place to Work" and "Best Place to Work" in 2023;
- Number of training hours per employee in 2023;
- Employees with a formalized development plan (%) in 2023;
- Employees who participated in the "Ipsen Community Day" event (%) in 2023;
- Workforce turnover (%) in 2023;
- Permanent employment rate in the Group (%) in 2023;
- Absenteeism rate (%) in 2023;
- Engagement index (%) in 2023;
- Occupational illnesses – Ipsen employees in 2023;
- Work accidents with and without downtime on Ipsen's manufacturing and R&D sites (frequency rate 2 FR2) in 2023;
- S3 security visits in 2023;
- Carbon emissions from buildings – Scope 1 (tCO2e) in 2023;
- Scope 1 GHG emissions from Ipsen's fleet (tCO2e) in 2023;
- Ipsen's total energy consumption normalized by revenue (MWh/€Million) in 2023;
- Total water consumption normalized according to income (m3/Million €) in 2023;
- Renewable electricity (kWh) in 2023;
- Total Ipsen waste production normalized by revenue (kg/Million€) in 2023;
- Solvent consumption 2023 in 2023;
- VOC emissions (tons) in 2023;
- Nox (tNO2) emissions in 2023;
- SOx (tSO2) emissions in 2023;
- Total carbon emissions – Scope 1 (tCO2e) in 2023;
- Total carbon emissions – Scope 2. Methodology based on geography (tCO2e) in 2023;
- Total carbon emissions – Scope 2. Market-based methodology (tCO2e) in 2023;
- Total carbon emissions – Scope 3 (tCO2e) in 2023;
- Volume of treated wastewater (m3) in 2023;
- COD load (tons) in 2023;
- BOD load (tons) in 2023;
- Total suspended solids (tons) in 2023.

IPSEN SA**Report from one of the auditors, designated independent third-party body, on the verification of the consolidated declaration of extra-financial performance.***Fiscal year ended December 31, 2023 - Page 7*

Qualitative information (actions and results)

- Donation to IHP by Ipsen;
- ZAD program of the Ipsen foundation;
- Extensive audit program of operations and external partners, with an audit frequency established on the basis of a risk-based approach;
- Preparation for inspections;
- Ipsen supply chain risk mapping;
- Business continuity plan (focused on the supply chain);
- Safety processes in the life cycle of a pharmaceutical product;
- Development of local and global synergies;
- Pharmacovigilance training;
- Encourage the development of in vitro alternatives with a level of precision comparable to animal testing when possible
- Perform animal ethics assessments during internal quality assessments and with all contract research organizations;
- Ipsen's cooperation in online monitoring on the internet to combat counterfeiting
- Update of the code of conduct;
- Data protection training;
- Review of the Group's anti-corruption policy;
- Desire to work only with individuals and organizations who share Ipsen's commitment to ethical business practices and who operate in a socially and environmentally responsible manner;
- In 2023, workforce requirements have been sized and defined in line with the Budget processes;
- E-learning "everyday is a learning experience";
- Implementation of a new people performance model;
- Carrying out Group EHS compliance audits
- Ipsen ISO 45001-2018 certification
- Use of 100% "green" electricity in the United Kingdom, France and Ireland;
- Initiatives in place to reduce packaging used for Ipsen products and purchase packaging materials from sustainable sources;
- Ipsen 14001 certification;
- Group biodiversity program.

Reasonable assurance report by one of the Statutory Auditors on a selection of Identified Sustainability Indicators included in the Non-financial Performance Statement



Reasonable assurance report from one of Ipsen's auditors relating to a selection of CSR performance indicators (KPIs) for the financial year ended December 31, 2023.

To the Ipsen Board of Directors,

In our capacity as auditor of the company Ipsen (hereinafter "the entity") and in response to your request, we have carried out work aimed at formulating a reasonable assurance opinion on the selection of performance indicators (CSR KPI) for the financial year ended December 31, 2023 (hereinafter "the Selected Sustainability Information") appearing in the consolidated statement of extra-financial performance presented in the group management report appearing in the Universal Registration Document (hereinafter "the URD 2023") and presented below :

- KPI 1 – Workplace accidents with lost time on Ipsen's manufacturing and R&D sites (frequency rate 1 FR1) for a value of 0.37;
- KPI 2 – Greenhouse gas emissions (Scopes 1 and 2) normalized according to income (t.eq.CO2/Million€) - methodology based on geography for a value of 5.48 (t.eq.CO2 /Million€);
- KPI 3 – Ipsen's total energy consumption normalized by revenue (MWh/Million€) for a value of 22.546 (MWh/Million€);
- KPI 4 – Total water consumption normalized according to income (m3/Million€) for a value of 30.80 (m3/Million€).

Our engagement does not cover information relating to prior periods or any other information included in the URD 2023.

Reasonable assurance opinion

In our opinion, the Selected Sustainability Information appearing in the URD 2023 has been established, in all its significant aspects, in accordance with the internal methodological framework established by the entity ("DDR reporting requirements", version updated in November 2021) as well as the preparation bases detailed in section "4.10 Annex V – Reporting Methodology" of the URD 2023 for the financial year ending December 31, 2023.

Preparation of Selected Sustainability Information

The absence of a generally accepted and commonly used framework or established practices upon which to assess and measure Selected Sustainability Information allows for the use of different, but acceptable, measurement techniques that may affect comparability between entities. and over time.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit, SAS, 63, rue de Villiers 92208 Neuilly-sur-Seine Cedex

Telephone: +33 (0)1 56 57 58 59, www.pwc.fr

Accounting company registered with the Paris - Ile de France order. Auditing company member of the regional company of Versailles and the Center. Simplified Joint Stock Company with capital of €2,510,460. Head office: 63 rue de Villiers 92200 Neuilly-sur-Seine. RCS Nanterre 672 006 483. VAT n° FR 76 672 006 483. Siret 672 006 483 00362. APE code 6920 Z. Offices: Bordeaux, Grenoble, Lille, Lyon, Marseille, Metz, Nantes, Neuilly-Sur-Seine, Nice, Poitiers, Rennes, Rouen, Strasbourg, Toulouse.

Reasonable assurance report from one of Ipsen's auditors relating to a selection of CSR performance indicators (KPIs) for the financial year ended December 31, 2023.

Consequently, the Selected Sustainability Information must be read and understood by referring to the internal methodological framework set up by the entity ("DDR reporting requirements" version updated in November 2021), available on request from the CSR and HSE departments of the entity as well as the preparation bases as described in section "4.10 Annex V – Reporting Methodology" of the URD 2023 for the financial year ending December 31, 2023 (together "the Criteria").

Limitations inherent in the preparation of Selected Sustainability Information

Selected Sustainability information may be subject to uncertainty inherent to the state of scientific or economic knowledge and the quality of the external data used. Certain information is sensitive to the methodological choices, assumptions and/or estimates used for their establishment and presented in the URD 2023.

Furthermore, the quantification of greenhouse gases is subject to inherent uncertainty due to the incomplete scientific knowledge used to determine emissions factors and the values needed to combine emissions of different gases.

Responsibility of the management of the entity

It is up to the management of the entity:

- to select or establish appropriate criteria for the preparation of Selected Sustainability Information, taking into account, the ca where applicable, applicable laws and regulations;
- to establish the Selected Sustainability Information in accordance with the Criteria;
- as well as to implement the internal control that it considers necessary to establish Selected Sustainability Information that does not contain significant anomalies, whether these arise from fraud or result from errors.

Responsibility of the auditor

It belongs to us:

- to select or establish appropriate criteria for the preparation of Selected Sustainability Information, taking into account, the ca where applicable, applicable laws and regulations;
- to establish the Selected Sustainability Information in accordance with the Criteria;
- as well as to implement the internal control that it considers necessary to establish Selected Sustainability Information that does not contain significant anomalies, whether these arise from fraud or result from errors.

As it is our responsibility to provide an independent opinion on the Selected Sustainability Information as prepared by management, we are not permitted to be involved in the preparation of such Information as this could compromise our independence.

Reasonable assurance report from one of Ipsen's auditors relating to a selection of CSR performance indicators (KPIs) for the financial year ended December 31, 2023.

Regulatory provisions and applicable professional doctrine

Our work described below was carried out in accordance with the professional doctrine of the National Company of Auditors relating to this mission as well as the international standards ISAE 3000 (revised) Assurance Engagements other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information and ISAE 3410 Assurance Commitments on Greenhouse Gas Statements issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB).

Independence and Quality Control

We carried out our mission in compliance with the rules of independence provided for in article L.821-28 of the commercial code, the code of ethics of the profession of auditor as well as the "Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants" published by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants, based on the fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and diligence, confidentiality, and professional conduct.

We also apply the "International Standard on Quality Management 1" standard which requires the definition and implementation of a quality management system including policies and procedures in terms of ethical rules, professional doctrine, and compliance with applicable legal and regulatory texts.

Our work was carried out by an independent and multidisciplinary team experienced in insurance and sustainable development subjects.

Nature and scope of work

A reasonable assurance engagement involves performing procedures to gather audit evidence about the Selected Sustainability Information. The nature, timing and extent of the procedures determined are a matter of professional judgment, and in particular of the assessment of the risks that the Selected Sustainability Information contains significant anomalies, whether these arise from fraud or result from errors. The assessment of these risks takes into account internal control relating to the entity's preparation of Selected Sustainability Information. A reasonable assurance mission also includes:

- assessing the relevance, in the context of the mission, of the entity's use of the rules, criteria and assumptions defined by the entity, as described in the Criteria for preparing Selected Sustainability Information;
- assessing the appropriateness of the determination and evaluation methods used, the reporting rules used and the reasonableness of the estimates made by the entity's management;
- the assessment of the overall presentation of the Selected Sustainability Information.

Reasonable assurance report from one of Ipsen's auditors relating to a selection of CSR performance indicators (KPIs) for the financial year ended December 31, 2023.

We believe that the information we have collected is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Neuilly-sur-Seine, February 15, 2024

One of the statutory auditors
PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

Stéphane Basset
Partner

Aurélie Castellino-Cornetto
Sustainability Partner

[This page is intentionally left blank]

5

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AND LEGAL INFORMATION



John

Living with prostate cancer
Lincolnshire, United Kingdom

5.1 Framework for the implementation of Corporate Governance principles **248**

5.1.1	The AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code as a reference code	248
5.1.2	Summary table of the AFEP-MEDEF Code recommendations which have not been applied	248
5.1.3	Ethics of the Board of Directors and Executive Management	249

5.2 Governance structure **252**

5.2.1	Guiding principles	252
5.2.2	The Board of Directors	256

5.3 Executive management **289**

5.3.1	Organization and modus operandi of the Executive Management	289
5.3.2	Executive Management	289

5.4 Compensation of Corporate Officers **291**

5.4.1	Compensation policy of Corporate Officers	291
5.4.2	Compensation of Corporate Officers (Article L.22-10-34 I of the French Commercial Code)	301
5.4.3	Comparative table of compensation of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer with respect to other employees compensation and Company performance	315
5.4.4	Compensation paid or awarded in 2023 (Article L.22-10-34 II of the French Commercial Code)	316

5.5 Auditors' special report on regulated agreements **318**

5.6 Share capital and shareholding **319**

5.6.1	Share capital	319
5.6.2	Shareholding	324
5.6.3	Main provisions of the Articles of Association	331

This section presents Ipsen S.A.'s corporate governance and legal information and includes in particular the Board of Directors' Report on corporate governance. It will be presented to the Combined Shareholders' Meeting to be convened in 2024 to review and approve the financial statements for the financial year ended on 31 December 2023, in accordance with the provisions of Article L.225-37 of the French Commercial Code. It has been prepared with the assistance of the Executive Management, the Company Secretary, the Human Resources and Finance departments.

The Company is governed by a Board of Directors. It determines the Company's business strategic orientations and oversees its implementation in accordance with its corporate interest, taking into consideration the social, environmental, cultural and sporting implications of its activity. Subject to the powers expressly granted to Shareholders' Meetings and within the limits of the Company's corporate purpose, the Board of Directors considers all issues related to the efficient operation of the Company and, through its deliberations, settles all matters that may arise.

The Executive Management of the Company is provided by a Chief Executive Officer.

5.1 Framework for the implementation of Corporate Governance principles

5.1.1 The AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code as a reference code

The Company refers to the AFEP-MEDEF Corporate Governance Code, revised on December 2022, available on the website www.afep.com. In accordance with the provisions of Article L.22-10-10 of the French Commercial Code, the Company specifies the recommendations of the Code which have not been applied and the reasons why.

5.1.2 Summary table of the AFEP-MEDEF Code recommendations which have not been applied

The Company presents a summary table of the recommendations of the AFEP-MEDEF Code that have not been adopted.

AFEP-MEDEF Code recommendations not applied	Ipsen's practices and reasons why
Committees' composition: proportion of independent members on Committees	
Article 18.1 The Nomination Committee should have a majority of independent directors.	This provision is not being applied as the Company is controlled. The Nomination Committee has one independent director out of a total of three members. Moreover, there are structural elements related to the Company's governance (number of independent directors (4), all of foreign nationalities (including one binational (French)) and living outside of France, the number of specialized Committees (5), separation of the Compensation and Nomination Committees) to be taken into account. There is nevertheless ongoing high quality of work within each Committee (including the Nomination Committee) whilst maintaining a balanced composition of the Committees. Furthermore, the Board believes that both the competence and experience of independent members ensure open debate and that the current composition does not undermine the proper functioning of the Committee.
Article 19.1 The Compensation Committee should be chaired by an independent director and have a majority of independent directors.	This provision is not being applied as the Company is controlled. Out of five members of the Compensation Committee, two are independent and one member represents the employees, so that the independence and freedom of judgement required to ensure its proper functioning are assured. Furthermore, it is specified that no executive officer is a member of this Committee. The Compensation Committee is chaired by Antoine Flochel, given his deep knowledge of the Group's operation, the pharmaceutical industry and his experience in matters of compensation.

5.1.3 Ethics of the Board of Directors and Executive Management

In accordance with the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2017/1129, the Directors declared that they were subject to the obligations relating to their functions. In order to be compliant, the Company has put in place procedures applicable to the Board members and Executive Management, some of which being set out below in this document.

5.1.3.1 Prevention of conflicts of interest

The Internal Rules of the Board of Directors provide some procedures to prevent any conflict of interest situations as detailed herein below and in the present document.

Extract from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, relating to the prevention of conflicts of interest

"3.7.2 Conflicts of interest

Directors must act in all circumstances in the Company's interest.

Directors must inform the Board of any conflict of interest situation, including a potential conflict of interest, between themselves and the Company or the Group and shall abstain from attending the debate and taking part in any discussions and vote by the Board on the corresponding deliberations.

In a situation where a conflict arises or may arise between the interest of the Company and his/her direct or indirect personal interest or the interest of the shareholder or group of shareholders he or she represents, the Director concerned should:

- *inform the Chairman of the Board of Directors as soon as he/she becomes aware of it, and*
- *draw all consequences from it with regard to the exercise of his/her mandate. Thus, depending on the case, he/she should:*
 - *either abstain from attending the debate within the Board of Directors and/or a committee and from participating in the vote on the corresponding deliberation, or*
 - *not attend the meetings of the Board of Directors and, if applicable, the committee(s) of which he/she is a member during the period in which he/she is in a conflict of interest situation, or*
 - *resign as a Director.*

Failure to comply with these rules of abstention, or even withdrawal, could result in the Director's liability.

As part of its missions mentioned under paragraph 6.6.1, the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee regularly reviews with the Board of Directors the issue of conflict of interest."

"6.3.4 Missions of the Audit Committee:

[...]

- *examines and checks the rules and procedures applicable to conflicts of interest, expenses incurred by members of the management and the identification and measurement of the main financial and extra-financial risks, as well as their application and submits its assessment every year to the Board."*

"6.6.1 The role of the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee is to:

[...]

- *examine situations of potential conflicts of interest of members of the Company's Board of Directors and communicate the results of its findings in accordance with an internal procedure which protects confidentiality;*
- *give a technical opinion*
 - *with regard to the rules of ethics and governance applied by the Group*
 - *on the mandates and functions performed outside the Group by the members of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer and, as the case may be, the Deputy Chief Executive Officers, at the time of their appointment and annually as part of the review of the information mentioned in the Report of Corporate Governance;*

[...]

- *give an opinion, in liaison with the Chairperson of the Board, on the list of independent directors of the Board of Directors when appointing a director and annually for all directors."*

During 2023, in accordance with its missions, the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee reviewed the position of Pascal Touchon on his appointment as director in October 2023 and concluded that there was no conflict of interest.

The Board of Directors carries out an annual review to ensure that there are no conflicts of interest, and its members are sent a dedicated questionnaire to complete and return to the Company. After review of the answers provided by the Committee, no conflict of interest situations were identified within the Board.

5.1.3.2 Insider Trading Policy

The Company has an Insider Trading Policy, in accordance with the European Market Abuse Regulation (EU Regulation No. 596/2014) in its consolidated text of 1 January 2021 and the position-recommendation of the *Autorité des marchés financiers* (AMF) No. 2016-08 of 26 October 2016, modified on 29 April 2021, aiming at preventing insider trading and insider misconduct. More detailed information on insider trading is provided in section 5.6.2.2 of this Document.

5.1.3.3 Code of Conduct

The last version of the Ipsen Group's Code of Conduct has been updated in April 2023.

More detailed information about this Code of Conduct, also adopted by the employees, can be found in Chapter 4 of this Document.

5.1.3.4 Statement concerning the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management

Conflicts of interest involving governance and Executive Management bodies

To the best of the Company's knowledge and at the financial year-end date:

- there is no conflict of interest between the duties of the members of the Board of Directors, the Executive Management, and Company Officers vis-à-vis the Company and their personal interests and/or other duties;
- there is no undertaking or agreement with the main shareholders, clients, suppliers, or other parties pursuant to which one of the members of the Ipsen's Board of Directors and of the Executive Management of the Company has been appointed as Director;
- no Director or members of the Executive Management have entered into any agreement restricting the sale of their shareholding in the Company within a certain period of time, at the exception, for the Company Officers, of the minimum portion of shares that must be held in registered form until his term of office.

The Executive Officers have signed a non-compete commitment to prevent certain situations of conflicts of interest arising when they leave the Group.

Absence of condemnation of the members of the Board of Directors and the Executive Management

To the Company's best knowledge, and as at the date of this Document, none of the members of the Board of Directors nor the Executive Management of the Company, have been over the last past five years:

- convicted of fraud, charged with any other offence or had any official public disciplinary action taken against them by statutory or regulatory authorities (including designated professional organizations);
- implicated in a bankruptcy, receivership or liquidation, placement under judicial administration while having served as a member of an administrative, management or supervisory body;
- disqualified from acting as a board member, senior executive or supervisory board member or from participating in the management or conduct of business of a listed company.

Service contracts with members of the Company's management and executive bodies

To the Company's best knowledge, there is no benefit provided under service contracts, involving any member of the Board or of the Management and the issuing company or its subsidiaries.

Loans and guarantees granted to members of the Board of Directors and of the Executive Management

No loan or guarantee has been granted by the Company to any member of its Board of Directors or its Executive Management.

Specific terms for participating in Shareholders' Meetings

The specific terms for the participation of shareholders in the Annual Shareholders' Meeting are found in section 5.6.3.4 of this Document.

Factors likely to have an impact in the event of a public offer

The factors likely to have an impact in the event of a public offer are found in section 5.6.2.5 of this Document.

Delegations currently valid granted by the Shareholders' Meeting on capital increases

The delegations currently valid and having been granted by the Shareholders' Meeting regarding capital increases are found in section 5.6.1.4 of this Document.

5.1.3.5 Description of the procedure for assessing agreements entered into the normal course of business and its implementation

At its meeting of 13 December 2023 and in accordance with Article L.22-10-12 of the French Commercial Code, the Board of Directors adopted a procedure for regularly assessing whether agreements entered into in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length terms actually meet these conditions. The assessment procedure has been implemented within Ipsen since that date.

This procedure is reviewed annually by the Board of Directors and provides for the Legal Department to be informed immediately by the person directly or indirectly concerned, by the Chairman of the Board or by any person in the Group with prior knowledge of the conclusion, amendment, renewal or termination of any agreement falling within the Scope of Article L.225-38 of the French Commercial Code, regardless of the routine nature of the transaction or the normal terms and conditions of the agreement.

This information enables the Legal Department to carry out a preliminary review of the agreement to determine whether it should be subject to the procedure for "regulated" agreements set out in Articles L.225-38 et seq. of the French Commercial Code, or whether it is exempt.

An information sheet must be completed for all new agreements or amendments to agreements already subject to the procedure. In particular, it must be endorsed by the

person bringing the draft agreement to the attention of the Legal Department, together with a summary and brief explanation of its context, content and implications. This form must be attached to the document presented and is kept by the Legal Department's representative to whom it was sent.

In addition, the Legal Department assesses annually whether current agreements entered into under normal conditions continue to meet the conditions for such classification, by means of a targeted communication to members of the Legal Department and the Finance Department.

If, at the time of the annual review, the Legal Department considers that an agreement previously considered to be in the ordinary course of business and entered into under normal conditions no longer meets the aforementioned criteria, it refers the matter to the Board of Directors. The Board then reclassifies the agreement as a regulated agreement, ratifies it and submits it to the next Shareholders' Meeting for ratification, on the basis of a special report by the Statutory Auditors, in accordance with the provisions of Article L. 225-42 of the French Commercial Code.

At its meeting on 7 February 2024, the Board of Directors, informed by the Legal Department, noted (i) that none of these agreements was likely to be classified or requalified as a regulated agreement and (ii), after having carried out the annual review of the implementation of the procedure for determining and evaluating current agreements, that there was no need to make any changes to enhance its effectiveness.

The auditors' special report on regulated agreements appears in section 5.5 of this document.

5.2 Governance structure

5.2.1 Guiding principles

5.2.1.1 Balanced governance structure

Ipsen is a French *société anonyme* with a Board of Directors, where the positions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer are separated since 18 July 2016.

The separation of functions allows the Chief Executive Officer to focus on the Group's operations and the continuation of its transformation, while the Chairman of the Board of Directors can give his full attention to leading and managing the Board of Directors.

Chair of the Board of Directors

Marc de Garidel, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer until 18 July 2016, is Chairman of the Board of Directors from this date. The Shareholders' Meeting reappointed him as Director for the first time on 28 May 2019 and for the second time on 31 May 2023. The Board meetings held on 28 May 2019 and 31 May 2023 reappointed him as Chairman of the Board.

Executive Management

The Board of Directors of 28 May 2020 appointed David Loew as Chief Executive Officer from 1 July 2020. On the same day, David Loew was also coopted Director by the Board of Directors.

Given his international professional experience in the pharmaceutical field, his knowledge of financial and governance issues, his involvement in the work of the Company's Board of Directors and the assiduity he has shown since taking up his duties, the Shareholders' Meeting of 27 May 2021 ratified this temporary appointment and renewed his term of office as Director for a four-year term.

In accordance with the provisions of the Articles of Association, if he wishes to do so, the Chief Executive Officer may propose to the Board of Directors to appoint one or several Deputy Chief Executive Officers in order to assist him.

5.2.1.2 Diversity policy of the Board of Directors for its composition

The Nomination Committee and the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee ensure the monitoring of a balanced composition of the Board of Directors and report on it. The objectives of the Board of Directors are to ensure the presence of independent members, in accordance with the AFEP-MEDEF Code recommendations, of the contribution of skills with regard to the Company's activity (particularly in management, strategy, science, finance and legal affairs), international experience, a balanced representation of women and men and a diversity of nationalities.

These two Committees consider each of these criteria when searching for future candidates and for every mandate renewal.

In line with the Board of Directors' objectives regarding the desired balance, particularly in terms of diversity, the Board of Directors proposed the renewal and ratification of directors' appointments at the Shareholders' Meeting of 31 May 2023. For each expiring office term, the Board shall ensure the future balance of its composition (see section 5.2.2.2 of this universal registration document). The term of office of the directors is staggered over time and ensures a smooth rotation and renewal of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors is as the date of this document comprised of fourteen members, including seven female (Anne Beaufour, permanent representative of Highrock S.à.r.l., Margaret Liu, Michèle Ollier, Karen Witts, Carol Xueref, Naomi Binoche and Laetitia Ducroquet (two Directors representing the employees⁽¹⁾), and seven non-French nationals (Carol Xueref and Karen Witts, UK nationals, Margaret Liu, U.S. national, Piet Wigerinck a Belgian national, Michèle Ollier and Pascal Touchon, of French and Swiss nationality and David Loew, of Swiss nationality). The Board of Directors is comprised of four independent Directors and two directors representing the employees.

The competencies of the directors, as well as their biographies, showing the diversity of gender, experience and qualifications are listed in section 5.2.2.3 of this document.

⁽¹⁾ Representing more than 40% (in accordance with Article L.225-18-1 of the French Commercial Code), it being specified that Directors representing the employees are not being taken into account in this calculation, in accordance with Article L.225-27 of the French Commercial Code.

5.2.1.3 Independence of the Board members

Extract from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, relating to the independence of the Board Members

“3.4 Independence of Directors

A Director is independent when he/she has no relationship of any kind whatsoever with the Company, its Group or the management that may interfere with his/her freedom of judgement. Accordingly, an independent Director is understood to be any non-executive Director of the Company or the Group who has no particular bonds of interest (significant shareholder, employee, other) with them.

Independent Directors should account for at least a third of Board members. Directors representing the employee shareholders and Directors representing employees are not taken into account when determining the percentage of independent Directors within the Board and the Committees.

The Board shall examine, upon recommendation of the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee, at least once a year which Directors meet these independence criteria and shall report the conclusions of this review to shareholders (i) every year during the Shareholders' Meeting convened to approve the financial statements for the previous financial year and (ii) during Shareholders' Meetings convened to elect new Directors or ratify Directors co-opted by the Board.

Qualification as an independent Director should be discussed in the light of the AFEP-MEDEF Code criteria as follows:

- *not to be and not to have been during the course of the previous five years:*
 - *an employee or executive Officer of the Company;*
 - *an employee, executive Officer of a company or a director of a company consolidated within the Company;*
 - *an employee, executive Officer or a director of the Company's parent company or a company consolidated within this parent;*
- *not to be an executive Officer of a company in which the Company holds a directorship, directly or indirectly, or in which an employee appointed as such or an executive Officer of the Company (currently in office or having held such office during the last five years) is a director;*
- *not to be a customer, supplier, commercial banker or investment banker or consultant (or be linked directly or indirectly to these persons):*
 - *that is material to the Company or its Group;*
 - *or for a significant part of whose business the Company or its Group accounts.*

The evaluation of the significant or non-significant relationship with the Company or its Group must be debated by the Board and the quantitative criteria that lead to the evaluation (continuity, economic dependence, exclusivity, etc.) must be explicitly stated in the corporate governance report;

- *not to be related by close family ties to a company Officer;*
- *not to have been an auditor of the Company within the previous five years;*
- *not to have been a director of the Company for more than twelve years. Loss of the status of independent director occurs on the date at which this period of twelve years is reached.*

A non-executive Officer cannot be considered independent if he/she receives variable compensation in cash or in the form of shares or any compensation linked to the performance of the Company or Group or receives compensation of any kind from shareholders involved in the control of the company, or their holdings companies.

Directors representing major shareholders of the Company or their holding companies may be considered independent if such shareholders do not participate in the control of the Company. Above the threshold of 5% of the share capital or voting rights, these directors are presumed to be non-independent unless the Board of Directors decides otherwise upon recommendation of the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee. Below this threshold (and excluding any holding obligation imposed on Directors by the Internal Board Rules), the Board, upon a report from the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee, systematically reviews the qualification of independence, taking into account the composition of the Company's share capital and the existence of a potential conflict of interest.”

The annual review of the independence of the Board of Directors was carried out by the Board at its meeting on 7 February 2024, on the proposal of the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee. The Board of Directors took into account all the criteria of the AFEP-MEDEF Code to assess the independence of its members, namely:

Detail of the current independence criteria evaluation: Independence criteria (Articles 10.5, 10.6 and 10.7 of the AFEP-MEDEF Code)

Criteria 1: Employee company officer within the previous 5 years

Not to be and not to have been during the course of the previous five years an employee or executive Officer of the Company; an employee, executive Officer or a director of a company consolidated within the Company; an employee, executive Officer or a director of the Company's parent company or a company consolidated within this parent.

Criteria 2: Cross-directorships

Not to be an executive Officer of a company in which the Company holds a directorship, directly or indirectly, or in which an employee appointed as such or an executive Officer of the Company (currently in office or having held such office during the last five years) is a director.

Criteria 3: Significant business relationships

Not to be a customer, supplier, commercial banker or investment banker or consultant (or be linked directly or indirectly to these persons) that is significant to the corporation or its group..

Criteria 4: Family ties

Not to be related by close family ties to a Company officer.

Criteria 5: Auditor

Not to have been an auditor of the Company within the previous five years.

Criteria 6: Period of office exceeding 12 years

Not to have been a director of the Company for more than twelve years.

Criteria 7: Status of non-executive officer

A non-executive officer cannot be considered independent if he or she receives variable compensation in cash or in the form of securities or any compensation linked to the performance of the corporation or group.

Criteria 8: Status of the major shareholder

Directors representing major shareholders of the Company or its parent company may be considered independent, provided these shareholders do not take part in the control of the Company. Nevertheless, beyond a 10%⁽¹⁾ threshold in capital or voting rights, the Board, upon a report from the Nomination Committee, should systematically review the qualification as independent in the light of the make-up of the Company's capital and the existence of a potential conflict of interest.

The Board of Directors has conducted a thorough review and has reached the following conclusions:

- Margaret Liu, Karen Witts, Pascal Touchon and Piet Wigerinck qualify as independent directors as defined by the AFEP-MEDEF Code and the Board of Directors' Internal Rules described above. The other members of the Board of Directors are related to a shareholder of the Company or are officers or employees of the Company. Anne Beaufour and Henri Beaufour are also brother and sister. There are no other family ties between the other members of the Board of Directors and/or the Executive Board of the Company;
- there are no business relationships between the members of the Board of Directors and the Company. The absence of a business link makes it impossible to qualify this type of link.

Directors/Independence Criteria	Criteria 1	Criteria 2	Criteria 3	Criteria 4	Criteria 5	Criteria 6	Criteria 7	Criteria 8	Qualification of independence
Marc de Garidel	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	×	✓	×
Antoine Flochel	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Highrock S.à.r.l. (represented by Anne Beaufour)	✓	✓	✓	×	✓	✓	×	×	×
Henri Beaufour	×	✓	✓	×	✓	×	×	×	×
Beech Tree S.A. (represented by Philippe Bonhomme)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×
Naomi Binoche	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Laetitia Ducroquet	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Margaret Liu	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
David Loew	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Michèle Ollier	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×
Pascal Touchon	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Piet Wigerinck	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Karen Witts	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Carol Xueref	×	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	×

⁽¹⁾ Only executive corporate officers receive variable and/or performance-related compensation.

⁽²⁾ No major shareholder other than the Company's major Shareholders mentioned above has a representative on the Board of Directors. For more information on shareholding, please refer to section 5.6.2 of this document.

NB: In this table, ✓ represents a satisfied independence criterion and × represents an unsatisfied independence criterion.

⁽¹⁾ Under Article 3.4 of Internal Rules of the Board of Directors of Ipsen S.A., this threshold is reduced to 5%.

5.2.1.4 Employee representation at the Board of Directors

Extract from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, relating to the employee representation at the Board of Directors

“ 3.8 Employee representation on the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors includes one or two Directors representing the employees.

Pursuant to Article 12 of the Articles of Association of the Company:

- *If the Ipsen S.A. Board of Directors is comprised of eight (8) members or fewer, the designation of a single employee representative is required.*

The Director representing the employees will be appointed by the Central Work Council of the existing economic and social unit within the Ipsen Group.

- *If the Board of Directors is comprised of more than eight (8) members, the designation of a second employee representative is required.*

The second Director representing the employees will be appointed by the European Works Council.

The office of Director representing the employees shall be incompatible with any office of trade union representative or with any office in one of the employee representative institutions listed in Article L.225-30 of the French Commercial Code.

Subject to the specific legal provisions applicable to them, the Directors representing the employees have the same rights, shall be bound by the same rules, especially with respect to confidentiality, and shall incur the same liability as other Board members.

They are bound by all the provisions of the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, with the exception of those relating to the obligation to own any share in the Company. The Directors representing the employees will not be paid as part of their mandate.

The time dedicated to his/her mandate by the Director representing the employees is considered as effective working time and is remunerated by the compensation paid for his/her employment contract with the Company. He/she shall dedicate the time and attention required to fulfill the duties of his/her mandate, up to a maximum of 30% of his/her time paid by the Company.

In order to develop his/her skills and knowledge, the Director representing the employees also receives, at his/her request, training suited to the exercise of his/her office of 40 hours of training a year.”

Naomi Binoche was appointed as a director representing the employees by decision of the Central Works Council on 17 May 2022, an appointment recorded by the Board of Directors on 24 May 2022. She thus succeeded Jean-Marc Parant, whose term of office had expired and who was the first director representing the employees. She was also appointed a member of the Ethics and Governance Committee⁽¹⁾ by the Board of Directors on 14 December 2022, on the recommendation of the Nomination Committee.

In accordance with the French Legislation n° 2019-486 of 22 May 2019 (PACTE Law), the Shareholders' Meeting of 29 May 2020 proceeded to the modification of the Articles of Association regarding the threshold giving the obligation to appoint a second director representing the employees at the

Board of Directors, threshold modified by the law from twelve members of the Board to eight. It was therefore planned that a second director representing the employees will be designated by the European Works Council within 6 months from the modification of the Articles of Association.

In this context, the European Works Council appointed Laetitia Ducroquet as second director representing the employees on 6 November 2020. The Board of Directors held on 19 November 2020 took note of this appointment. The Board of Directors also appointed her as member of the Compensation Committee on 27 May 2021, upon proposal of the Nomination Committee.

See the biographies below under section 5.2.2.3 hereafter.

⁽¹⁾ Since 31 May 2023, the Ethics and Governance Committee was renamed the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee by the Board of Directors.

5.2.2 The Board of Directors

5.2.2.1 Chairman of the Board of Directors

Extract from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, relating to the Chairman of the Board

“Article 2.1 The Chairperson of the Board of Directors

The Chairperson organizes and directs the work of the Board and ensures the effective functioning of the corporate bodies in compliance with good governance principles. He/she coordinates the work of the Board with that of the Committees.

He/she ensures that the Directors are able to fulfill their mission and shall particularly ensure that they have all of the information they require to fulfill their mission.

The Secretary of the Board reports to the Chairperson. He assists the Chairperson in organizing the meetings of the Board, and fulfilling any other assignments linked to the corporate governance rules applicable to the Company.

The Chairperson reports each year the work of the Board of Directors to the Shareholders' Meeting on the basis of the annual Corporate Governance Report approved by the Board.

The Chairperson may be in contact with the Statutory Auditors to prepare the work of the Board.

The Chairperson fulfills the following specific missions:

- *he/she may represent the Company, in cooperation with the Chief Executive Officer and at the request solely of the latter, in its high-level relations, on a national and international level, especially with the public authorities, the Group's main partners and other strategic stakeholders of the Company;*
- *he/she may, without prejudice to the prerogatives of the Board of Directors and its Committees, be consulted by the Chief Executive Officer regarding any significant events related to the Company's strategy and major growth projects.*

The Chairperson may attend all of the meetings of the Committees of which he is not a member in an advisory capacity and may consult them on any issue within their area of competence.

In all of these specific missions, the Chairperson acts in close coordination with the Chief Executive Officer and at the request of the latter who will solely be in charge of the leadership and operational management of the Group (subject to limitations of powers expressly decided by the Board of Directors).”

During the 2023 financial year, the Chairman of the Board of Directors organized and managed the work of twelve Board meetings, assisted by the Vice Chairman in compliance with the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors. Before each meeting of the Board, the Chairman discussed with each Director the documents previously sent. He ensured the follow-up of the decisions taken, in connection with the management and informed absent director, as the case may be.

The Chairman of the Board is also the Chairman of the Innovation and Development Committee, in charge of the strategy of the Group. In this capacity, he prepared and led the meeting of the Innovation and Development Committee and coordinated its work with the other committees of the Board.

The Chairman of the Board also participated with the Nomination Committee in the choice of Pascal Touchon, independent director, co-opted by the Board of Directors on 4 October 2023. In addition, during the Shareholders' Meeting of 31 May 2023, he presented the composition, organization and functioning of the Board of Directors, the activity of the Board and the Committees during financial year 2022, as well as the Directors whose renewal has been proposed.

5.2.2.2 Members of the Board of Directors

Directors are appointed for a four-year term. Exceptionally and exclusively in order to enable the staggering of Directors' terms of office to be implemented and maintained, the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting may appoint one or several directors for one year, two years or three years.

The number of Directors more than 70 years old cannot be higher than one-third of the Directors in office. When this age limit is exceeded, the oldest Director is automatically deemed to have resigned at the end of the following Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting.

Duties of Directors come to an end upon the conclusion of the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting called to approve the financial statements for the previous financial year which is held in the year in which the term of office of the said Director expires. Outgoing Directors may always be re-elected.

Extracts from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, relating to the Directors

3.1 Selection process for independent Directors

3.1.1 Renewal of the mandate of an independent Director

The Chairman of the Nomination Committee asks the independent Director whether he or she wishes to be reappointed, within a reasonable time before the expiry of his or her term.

The Nomination Committee shall make a recommendation to the Board of Directors in this respect, taking into account the needs of the Board of Directors in terms of skills.

If the favourable recommendation is approved by the Board of Directors, the reappointment of the independent Director will be submitted for approval to the next Shareholders' Meeting.

3.1.2 New appointment of an independent Director

The Nomination Committee defines the criteria for the recruitment of independent Directors, taking into account, *inter alia*, the specific skills required and the diversity needs of the Board of Directors.

The Nomination Committee reviews the applications and selects the relevant profiles, involving the Chairman of the Board.

The Nomination Committee interviews the selected candidates, making sure, in particular, of their skills, availability and absence of conflicts of interest.

The selected candidates then meet with the Chairman of the Board of Directors and, if the latter gives a favourable opinion, with the representative of the main shareholders. The selected application is submitted to the Board of Directors for approval.

The appointment of the new independent Director - or the ratification of his or her co-optation, if applicable - is finally submitted to the next Shareholders' Meeting for approval.

3.2 Attendance

Every Director shall dedicate the time and attention required to discharge the duties of his/her mandate and attend the meetings of the Board and the Committee(s) of which they are a member. The corporate governance report lists the mandates and functions held by members of the Board of Directors and records their individual attendance at Board and Committee meetings.

3.3 Skills

3.3.1 The Board shall be comprised of Directors chosen because of their competence and their experience with respect to the Company and the Group's operations.

3.3.2 Board members may attend training sessions on specific areas of the Company, its business line(s) and industrial sector and the consequences of its social and environmental risks that are to be arranged on the Company's own initiative or at the request of the Board.

3.7.1 Knowledge of rights and obligations / Responsibilities

Before accepting office, each Director should ensure he/she is familiar with any general or specific obligations relating to his/her position. In particular, they ought to acquaint themselves thoroughly with the legal provisions governing the Company, its Articles of Association, and provisions of the Internal Rules of the Board which apply to them.

3.7.2 Conflicts of interest

Directors must act in all circumstances in the Company's interest.

Directors must inform the Board of any conflict of interest situation, including a potential conflict of interest, between themselves and the Company or the Group and shall abstain from attending the debate and taking part in any discussions and vote by the Board on the corresponding deliberations.

In a situation where a conflict arises or may arise between the interest of the Company and his/her direct or indirect personal interest or the interest of the shareholder or group of shareholders he or she represents, the Director concerned should:

- inform the Chairman of the Board of Directors as soon as he/she becomes aware of it, and
- draw all consequences from it with regard to the exercise of his/her mandate. Thus, depending on the case, he/she should:
 - either abstain from attending the debate within the Board of Directors and/or a committee and from participating in the vote on the corresponding deliberation, or
 - not attend the meetings of the Board of Directors and, if applicable, the committee(s) of which he/she is a member during the period in which he/she is in a conflict of interest situation, or
 - resign as a Director.

Failure to comply with these rules of abstention, or even withdrawal, could result in the Director's liability.

As part of its missions mentioned under paragraph 6.6.1, the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee regularly reviews with the Board of Directors the issue of conflict of interest.

Each Director must report his/her activities to the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee on an annual basis for review and recommendation to the Board of Directors.

3.7.3 Vigilance

Directors are required to contribute to the determination of the orientations of the business of the Company and the Group and to supervise their implementation. They must exercise an effective and vigilant oversight of the Company's and Group's management.

3.7.4 Confidentiality

Directors have a general duty of discretion and confidentiality as regards the deliberations of the Board and its Committees. The same applies to all non-public information and documents provided to them at meetings or otherwise in connection with their functions as Board or Committee members or their participation in their deliberations. This duty of discretion and confidentiality shall continue to apply even after the end of the term of office."

"3.7.7 Number of Directorships of Company officers and Directors

[...] With respect to corporate offices in listed companies, and without prejudice to the general legal rules applicable to the total number of corporate offices, an Executive officer of the Company should not hold more than two other directorships in listed companies, including foreign companies, not affiliated with his/her group. He/she must also seek the prior approval of the Board, after examination by the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee, before accepting a new directorship.

A Director should not hold more than four other directorships in non-Group listed companies, including foreign companies. The Director must keep the Board informed of the offices and positions held in other companies.

The non-executive Chairman must also obtain the opinion of the Board, after examination by the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee, before accepting a new corporate office."

Summary of the Board members in office as of the filing of this document

	PERSONAL INFORMATION				EXPERIENCE	POSITION ON THE BOARD					PARTICIPATION ON BOARD COMMITTEES				
	Nationality	Gender	Age	Number of shares	Number of directorships in listed companies	Independence	Date of first appointment (dd-mm-yyyy)	Date of last renewal (dd-mm-yyyy)	End of term of office	Seniority on the Board (in years)	Audit Committee	Nomination Committee	Compensation Committee	EG & CSR Committee	ID Committee
Marc de Garidel Chairman of the Board of Directors	French	♂	66	138,501	2	×	11/10/2010 with effect as of 22/11/2010	31/05/2023	SM 2027	13					C
Antoine Flochel Vice Chairman and Director ⁽¹⁾	French	♂	59	5,000	1	×	30/08/2005	27/05/2021	SM 2025	18			C		M
Highrock S.à.r.l. , represented by Anne Beaufour	Luxembourg / French	♀	60	21,816,679	1	×	06/01/2020	24/05/2022	SM 2026	4					P
Henri Beaufour	French	♂	59	1	1	×	30/08/2005	31/05/2023	SM 2027	18					P
Beech Tree S.A. represented by Philippe Bonhomme	Luxembourg / French	♂	54	21,816,679	1	×	06/01/2020	N/A	SM 2024 ⁽²⁾	4	M	M		M	
Margaret Liu	American	♀	67	689	2	✓	07/06/2017	27/05/2021	SM 2025	6				C	M
David Loew Chief Executive Officer	Swiss	♂	57	50,548	1	×	28/05/2020	27/05/2021	SM 2025	3					P
Michèle Ollier	French-Swiss	♀	65	500	1	×	27/05/2015	31/05/2023	SM 2027	8					M
Pascal Touchon ⁽⁴⁾	French-Swiss	♂	61	500	2	✓	04/10/2023	N/A	SM 2026	<1	M	M			M
Piet Wigerinck	Belgian	♂	59	680	1	✓	30/05/2018	24/05/2022	SM 2026	5			M		M
Karen Witts	British	♀	60	500	2	✓	20/01/2022	N/A	SM 2025	2	C		M		
Carol Xueref	British	♀	68	500	2	×	01/06/2012	29/05/2020	SM 2024 ⁽²⁾	11		C	M	M	
DIRECTORS REPRESENTING EMPLOYEES															
Naomi Binoche	French	♀	49	1,668	1	×	17/05/2022	N/A	SM 2026 ⁽³⁾	1					M
Laetitia Ducroquet	French	♀	44	830	1	×	06/11/2020	N/A	SM 2024 ^{(3) (5)}	3			M		

⁽¹⁾ The Vice Chairman of the Board mainly participated in the preparation of the 12 Board meetings. He also reviewed the documents and information made available to Directors before the Board's convening.

⁽²⁾ The renewal of the office will be submitted to the 2024 Shareholders' Meeting.

⁽³⁾ In accordance with the provisions of Article 12 of the Articles of Association, directors representing the employees are appointed for a term of four years expiring at the end of the Shareholders' Meeting called to approve the financial statements for the previous financial year and held in the year during which the term of office expires.

⁽⁴⁾ Pascal Touchon, independent director, was appointed by the Board of Directors on 4 October 2023, to replace Paul Sekhri, who resigned. A proposal will be made to the Shareholders' Meeting to be held on 28 May 2024 to ratify this appointment for the remaining term of office of his predecessor, which will expire at the 2026 Shareholders' Meeting.

⁽⁵⁾ Term of office expires at the end of the Shareholders' Meeting of 28 May 2024.

✓: Independent within the meaning of the AFEP-MEDEF Code as assessed by the Board of Directors.

×: Non-independent within the meaning of the AFEP-MEDEF Code as assessed by the Board of Directors.

C Chairperson

P Permanent guest

M Member of the Audit Committee

M Member of the Nomination Committee

M Member of the Compensation Committee

M Member of the EG & CSR Committee: Ethics, Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee

M Member of the ID: Innovation and Development Committee

During the Shareholders' Meeting of May 31, 2023, the directors mandates of Marc de Garidel, Henri Beaufour and Michèle Ollier were renewed for a term of four years, *i.e.* until the end of the Shareholders' Meeting to be held in 2027 to approve the accounts for the past financial year.

Changes in the composition of the Board of Directors and of the Committees during the financial year

As of 31 March 2024

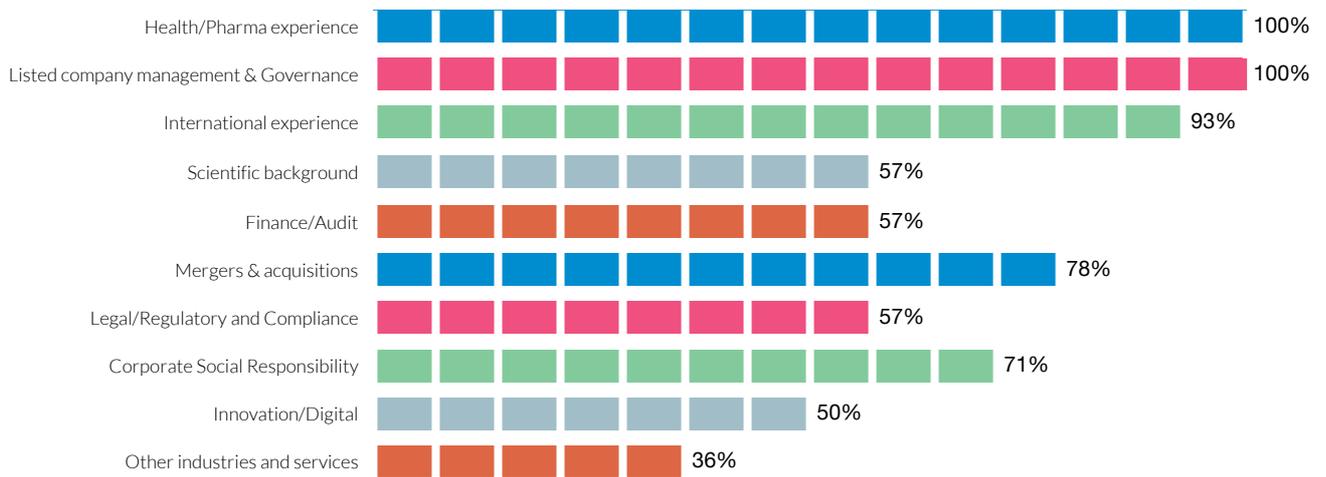
	Departures	Appointments	Renewals
Board of Directors	Paul Sekhri 3 October 2023	Pascal Touchon 4 October 2023	Marc de Garidel 31 May 2023 Henri Beaufour 31 May 2023 Michèle Ollier 31 May 2023
Audit Committee	Paul Sekhri 3 October 2023	Pascal Touchon 4 October 2023	
Nomination Committee	Paul Sekhri 3 October 2023	Pascal Touchon 4 October 2023	
Innovation and Development Committee	Paul Sekhri 3 October 2023	Pascal Touchon 4 October 2023	Marc de Garidel 31 May 2023 Michèle Ollier 31 May 2023

There are currently fourteen Board members, four of whom are independent, and two are Directors representing the employees. Of these fourteen members, seven are of foreign nationality and there are as many women as men.

5.2.2.3 Experienced, qualified and committed Board members

The skills of the Directors are varied and complementary with respect to the Company's business, particularly in the areas of management and strategy, science, pharmaceuticals, legal, regulation, corporate social responsibility, digital and technology.

Competencies and experiences of the Board of Directors of Ipsen S.A.



Experiences and qualifications of the Board members in office on the date of this document

Marc de Garidel

Nationality: French

Chairman of the Board of Directors

Born on: 16 March 1958

Date of 1st appointment:

22 November 2010

Last renewal date:

31 May 2023

Term of office:

2027 Shareholders' Meeting

Committee:

- Innovation and Development Committee (Chairman)

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Scientific background
- Finance / Audit
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Legal / Regulatory / Compliance
- Corporate Social Responsibility
- Innovation / Digital

Shares owned: 138,501**Voting rights:** 277,002**Biography and experience**

Marc de Garidel joined Ipsen as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in November 2010. He has been the Ipsen Chairman of the Board of Directors since July 2016.

Marc de Garidel is Chief Executive Officer and Interim Chairman of Abivax since May 2023. Prior to that, he was Chief Executive Officer and Director of CinCor Pharma Inc. between July 2021 and March 2023, company sold to Astra Zeneca in March 2023. He was previously Chief Executive Officer and Director of AZTherapies between October 2020 and May 2021. He was before that Chief Executive Officer and Director of Corvidia Therapeutics, Inc. which was sold to Novo Nordisk in July 2020.

Marc de Garidel started his career with the group Eli Lilly and pursued at Amgen, from 1995 to 2010, with increasing responsibility positions in the U.S. and Europe.

Marc de Garidel is Director of Claris Biotherapeutics since July 2020. Previously, he was Director of several biotechnology companies, including Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors of Vifor Pharma (Switzerland) between May 2017 and 2018 (formerly Galenica), of which he was member of the Board since 2015.

Marc de Garidel has a degree in Civil Engineering from the *École Spéciale des Travaux Publics* in Paris (ESTP), a Master's degree in International Management (MIM) from Thunderbird Global School Management and an executive MBA from Harvard Business School.

Positions and functions currently held**Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:****Listed company:**

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Chairman of the Board of Directors

Non listed companies:

- Highrock S.à.r.l. (Luxembourg), Advisor
- Beech Tree S.A. (Luxembourg), Advisor

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:**Listed company:**

- Abivax S.A. (France), Chief Executive Officer and Interim Board Chair

Non listed company:

- Claris Biotherapeutics, Inc. (USA), Director

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- CinCor Pharma, Inc. (USA), Chief Executive Officer and Director
- Vifor Pharma GmbH (formerly Galenica) (Switzerland), Director and Vice President of the Board of Directors
- Vifor (formerly Galenica) (France), Director
- MDG Health GmbH (Switzerland), Chairman
- Mayroy S.A. (Luxembourg), Advisor
- Corvidia Therapeutics, Inc. (USA), Chief Executive Officer and Director
- AZTherapies, Inc. (USA), Chief Executive Officer and Director

Antoine Flochel

Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors

Nationality: French

Born on: 23 January 1965

Date of 1st appointment:

30 August 2005

Last renewal date:

27 May 2021

Term of office:

2025 Shareholders' Meeting

Committees:

- Compensation Committee (Chairman)
- Innovation and Development Committee

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- Finance / Audit
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Legal / Regulatory / Compliance

Shares owned: 5,000 *

Voting rights: 10,000 *

Biography and experience

Antoine Flochel is currently the Managing Partner of Financière CLED (Belgium) and Vice-Chairman of Ipsen S.A.'s Board of Directors. He is Chairman of the Board of Directors and Managing Director for day-to-day management of Beech Tree S.A., and Managing Director of MR BMH.

Antoine Flochel worked for Coopers & Lybrand Corporate Finance (now PricewaterhouseCoopers Corporate Finance) from 1995 to 2005 and was a partner in 1998.

Antoine Flochel is a graduate of Sciences Po Paris, he holds a bachelor in law, an MPhil in economics from Dauphine University and a master of science in finance from the London School of Economics.

Positions and functions currently held

Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors

Non listed companies:

- Beech Tree S.A. (Luxembourg), Chairman of the Board of Directors and Managing Director for day-to-day management
- MR BMH (Luxembourg), Managing Partner

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

None

Non listed companies:

- Financière CLED SPRL (Belgium), Managing Partner
- Financière de Catalogne SPRL (Luxembourg), Managing Partner
- Ganatex Inversiones (Spain), Director
- KF Finanz AG (Switzerland), Director
- Massa Management (Luxembourg), Managing Partner
- Meet Me Out (France), Director

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- Alma Capital Europe SA (Luxembourg), Director
- Alma Capital Investment Funds SICAV (Luxembourg), Director
- Alma Capital Investment Managers (Luxembourg), Director
- Lepe Capital (UK), Member of the Investment Advisory Committee
- Mayroy S.A. (Luxembourg), Managing Director and Chairman of the Board
- MR HB S.à.r.l. (Luxembourg), Managing Partner
- Institut Français des Administrateurs, IFA (France), Director
- VicJen Finance SA (France), Chairman
- Bluehill Participations S.à.r.l. (Luxembourg), Managing Partner

* Antoine Flochel is Managing Partner of Financière CLED SPRL which held 2,000 shares of the Company and 4,000 voting rights as of 31 December 2023. He is also Managing Partner of Financière de Catalogne, which held 3,000 shares of the Company and 6,000 voting rights at the same date.

Highrock S.à.r.l.

Director

Nationality: Luxembourg

Date of 1st appointment:

6 January 2020

Last renewal date:

24 May 2022

Term of office:

2026 Shareholders' Meeting

Committee:

- Innovation and Development Committee (permanent guest)

Shares owned: 21,816,679 ***Voting rights:** 43,633,358 ***Biography and experience**

Highrock S.à.r.l. is a limited liability company under Luxembourg law incorporated on 25 May 2009. Since 19 December 2019, Highrock S.à.r.l. has been a shareholder of Ipsen S.A.

Registered office: 9B, boulevard Prince Henri – L-1724 Luxembourg.

RCS Luxembourg B146822.

As of 31 December 2022, it held 21,816,679 shares, i.e. 26.03% of the share capital, and 43,633,358 voting rights, i.e. 33.31% of the actual voting rights.

Anne Beaufour is the permanent representative of Highrock S.à.r.l.

Anne Beaufour

Permanent representative of Highrock S.à.r.l.

Nationality: French

Born on: 8 August 1963

Committee:

- Innovation and Development Committee (permanent guest)

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Scientific background
- Corporate Social Responsibility

Share owned: 1 ***Voting rights:** 2 ***Biography and experience**

Anne Beaufour holds a Bachelor's degree in geology (University of Paris Orsay).

Anne Beaufour is the shareholder of several companies, as described in section 5.6.2.1, which directly and/or indirectly hold shares of the Company.

Positions and functions currently held**Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:****Listed company:**

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Permanent representative of Highrock S.à.r.l. (Luxembourg) on the Board of Directors

Non listed company:

- Highrock S.à.r.l. (Luxembourg), Manager

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:**Listed company:**

None

Non listed companies:

- South End Consulting Limited (SEC Ltd) (UK), Director
- CBA Estates Ltd (UK), Director

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- FinHestia S.à.r.l. (Luxembourg), Legal Manager
- Mayroy S.A. (Luxembourg), Vice Chairperson of the Board of Directors and Managing Director
- Beech Tree S.A. (Luxembourg), Director and Chairperson of the Board of Directors
- Bluehill Participations S.à.r.l. (Luxembourg), Manager

* The shareholding is described in section 5.6.2.1.

Henri Beaufour

Director

Nationality: French

Born on: 6 January 1965

Date of 1st appointment:

30 August 2005

Last renewal date:

31 May 2023

Term of office:

2027 Shareholders' Meeting

Committee:

- Innovation and Development Committee (permanent guest)

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience

Share owned: 1 *

Voting rights: 2 *

Biography and experience

Henri Beaufour holds a Bachelor of Arts degree (Georgetown University, Washington DC, USA).

Henri Beaufour is the shareholder of several companies which directly and/or indirectly hold shares of the Company (see the section 5.6.2.1).

Henri Beaufour is also involved in philanthropic activities, in particular children's support associations helping young persons to have access to appropriate education, such as the Alasol Foundation.

Positions and functions currently held

Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Director

Non listed company:

- Beech Tree S.A. (Luxembourg), Director

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

None

Non listed companies:

- Massa Management SARL (Luxembourg), Partner and Legal Manager
- Massa Management SwissCo Sàrl (Switzerland), Partner, Legal Manager and Chairman

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- Mayroy S.A. (Luxembourg), Director

* The indirect shareholding is described in section 5.6.2.1.

Beech Tree S.A.

Nationality: Luxembourg

Director

Date of 1st appointment:

6 January 2020

Term of office:

2024 Shareholders' Meeting*

Committees:

- Audit Committee
- Nomination Committee
- Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee**

Shares owned: 21,816,679 *****Voting rights:** 43,633,358 *****Biography and experience**

Beech Tree S.A. is a limited company under Luxembourg law, incorporated in 2001. Beech Tree S.A. is a direct and indirect shareholder of Ipsen S.A.

Registered office: 11, Boulevard Royal – L-2449 Luxembourg.

RCS Luxembourg B85327.

As of 31 December 2023, it held directly 8,310,253 shares and 16,620,506 voting rights, and indirectly 13,506,426 shares and 27,012,852 voting rights through its subsidiary MR BMH, that it controls, i.e. 26.03% of the share capital and 33.31% of the net voting rights.

Philippe Bonhomme is the permanent representative of Beech Tree S.A.

Philippe Bonhomme

Nationality: French

Permanent representative of Beech Tree S.A.

Born on: 5 November 1969

Committees:

- Audit Committee
- Nomination Committee
- Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee**

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Finance / Audit
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Corporate Social Responsibility
- Other industries and services

Shares owned: 500**Voting rights:** 1,000**Biography and experience**

Since 2005, Philippe Bonhomme has been Partner, Director and a member of the management committee of Hottinguer Corporate Finance, which is the investment banking arm of Hottinguer bank. He has been advising in France and abroad on numerous transactions in the pharma and healthcare sectors as well as on private equity-backed transactions.

From 1993 to 2005, Philippe Bonhomme was first an auditor and then, a Corporate Finance consultant within Coopers & Lybrand (renamed into PwC).

From 2012 to 2018, Philippe Bonhomme was the permanent representative of the Company Mayroy S.A., Director of Ipsen S.A. Since 30 May 2018, Philippe Bonhomme was a member of the Board of Directors of Ipsen S.A. On 6 January 2020, the Board of Directors acknowledged his resignation and co-opted Beech Tree S.A., in replacement, represented by Philippe Bonhomme.

Philippe Bonhomme is a graduate of *École des Hautes Études Commerciales* (HEC, Paris) and a French Certified Public Accountant (CPA).

Positions and functions currently held**Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:****Listed company:**

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Permanent representative of Beech Tree S.A. on the Board of Directors

Non listed company:

- Beech Tree S.A. (Luxembourg), Director

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:**Listed company:**

None

Non listed companies:

- Hottinguer Corporate Finance S.A. (France), Partner, Director and Member of the Management Committee
- PBandCo SAS (France), Chairman

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- Permanent representative of Mayroy at Ipsen's Board of Directors
- Mayroy S.A. (Luxembourg), Director
- MR HB S.à.r.l. (Luxembourg), Co-managing Director

* The renewal of the office will be submitted to a vote at the next 2024 Shareholders' Meeting.

** Since 31 May 2023, the Ethics and Governance Committee was renamed the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee by the Board of Directors.

*** The shareholding is described in section 5.6.2.1.

Naomi Binoche

Director representing the employees

Nationality: French

Born on: 1 February 1975

Date of 1st appointment:

17 May 2022

Term of office:

2026 Shareholders' Meeting

Committee:

- Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee*

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Finance / Audit
- Corporate Social Responsibility

Shares owned: 1,668**

Voting rights: 2,329**

Biography and experience

Naomi Binoche has been designated Director representing the employees by the French Works Council on 17 May 2022.

Employee of the Ipsen Group since September 2015, Naomi Binoche is currently Vice President in charge of Strategic alliances management for Ipsen Group. After different positions within Ipsen as VP Strategy & Transformation, and VP head of Geographic Expansion and local commercial partnership with the Specialty Care international division, today she is in charge together with her team of the management of the relationship with all strategic partners of Ipsen (in-licensing and out-licensing) on products in pre-clinical, clinical and commercialization phases.

Naomi Binoche holds a Master in Economics as well as a Post-graduate Degree in Strategy & Management of International Trade.

Positions and functions currently held

Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Director representing the employees

Non listed company:

- Ipsen Pharma SAS (France), Vice President
Global Head of Strategic Alliance Management

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

None

Non listed company:

None

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

None

* Since 31 May 2023, the Ethics and Governance Committee was renamed the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee by the Board of Directors.

** Shares held under free or performance share plans approved by the Board of Directors to the benefit of all the eligible employees or some of the Group employees. In capacity as director representing the employees, and in compliance with the Company's Articles of Association, the director representing the employees is not required to hold a minimum number of shares.

Laetitia Ducroquet

Director representing the employees

Nationality: French

Born on: 19 July 1979

Date of 1st appointment:

6 November 2020

Term of office:

2024 Shareholders' Meeting

Committees:

- Compensation Committee

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Scientific background
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Legal / Regulatory / Compliance
- Corporate Social Responsibility
- Innovation / Digital

Shares owned: 830***Voting rights:** 1,010***Biography and experience**

Laetitia Ducroquet has been designated Director representing the employees by the European Works Council on 6 November 2020.

Employee of the Ipsen Group since May 2015, Laetitia Ducroquet is currently Vice President Global Business Ethics, Deputy Chief Business Ethics Officer, after various roles in the Business Ethics department.

She is overseeing the execution and the continuous improvement of both internal and Third Party Business programs at Ipsen, partners with business teams to promote a culture of ethics and business accountability for the interests of patients, employees and other Ipsen stakeholders, in alignment with the Business Ethics' vision and mission.

Laetitia is a pharmacist graduated from Paris V university, and a graduate of the EM Lyon Business School.

Positions and functions currently held**Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:****Listed company:**

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Director representing the employees

Non listed company:

- Ipsen Pharma SAS (France), Vice President Global Business Ethics

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:**Listed company:**

None

Non listed company:

None

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

None

* Shares held under free or performance share plans approved by the Board of Directors to the benefit of all the eligible employees or some of the Group employees. In capacity as director representing the employees, and in compliance with the Company's Articles of Association, the director representing the employees is not required to hold a minimum number of shares.

Margaret Liu

Independent Director

Nationality: American

Born on: 11 June 1956

Date of 1st appointment:
7 June 2017

Last renewal date:
27 May 2021

Term of office:
2025 Shareholders' Meeting

Committees:

- Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee* (Chairperson)
- Innovation and Development Committee

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Scientific background
- Finance / Audit
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Legal / Regulatory / Compliance
- Corporate Social Responsibility

Shares owned: 689
Voting rights: 1,378

Biography and experience

Margaret Liu is currently a Global Health, Vaccines and Immunotherapy Consultant for pharma/ biotech and investment companies, universities, and governmental scientific research councils.

She has served on the faculty at the Karolinska Institute in Stockholm, Sweden beginning in 2003, first as Visiting Professor, then as Foreign Adjunct Professor and now as *Hedersdoktor* (Honorary Doctor) with Scientific Affiliation. She is also Adjunct Full Professor at the University of California in San Francisco, CA since 2013.

Before that, she occupied various functions in the private and public sector parallel to her academic career. From 1984 to 1988 she was Visiting Scientist at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology. From 1987 to 1989 she was Instructor of Medicine at Harvard University. From 1989 to 1995, she was Adjunct Assistant Professor of Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania in Philadelphia, PA. From 1990 to 1997, she served as Director, then Senior Director for Virus and Cell Biology at Merck Research Laboratories. From 1997 to 2000, she served as a Vice President of Vaccines Research and then Vice President of Vaccines and Gene Therapy at Chiron Corporation in Emeryville, CA. From 2000 to 2002, she was Senior Advisor in Vaccinology for the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation. From 2000 to 2006, she was Vice Chairman of Transgène in Strasbourg, France. From 2005 to 2009, she served as a Director of Sangamo Biosciences Inc. She was President of the International Society for Vaccines from 2016 until the end of 2017, and remains a Board member.

She is an accomplished leader in the research and development of vaccine and immunization programs for infectious diseases, particularly HIV and in the field of gene-based therapies.

She earned her B.A. in Chemistry, *summa cum laude*, from Colorado College and an M.D. from Harvard Medical School and completed Internship and Residency in Internal Medicine, and a Fellowship in Endocrinology and Metabolism at Massachusetts General Hospital/Harvard Medical School, and received Board certification. She was awarded an honorary Doctorate of Science (D.Sc.) from Colorado College and received the Karolinska Institute's highest distinction in May 2017, Medicine Doctor honoris causa-MDhc.

Positions and functions currently held

Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Independent Director

Non listed company:

None

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

- MacroGenics (USA), Director

Non listed companies:

- ProTherImmune LLC (USA), Global Health, Vaccines and Immunotherapy Consultancy
- International Society for Vaccines (USA), Director and President Emerita
- Jenner Institute, University of Oxford (UK), Scientific Advisory Board
- PAX Therapeutics (USA), CEO
- Viro Thera Ltd. (UK), Scientific Advisory Board

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- Simprints (UK, non-profit), Advisory Board member
- Adjuvance Technologies (USA), Director

* Since 31 May 2023, the Ethics and Governance Committee was renamed the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee by the Board of Directors.

David Loew

Director and Chief Executive Officer

Nationality: Swiss

Born on: 20 March 1967

Date of 1st appointment:

Chief Executive Officer: 1 July 2020
(unlimited period)
Director: 28 May 2020

Ratification date and last renewal date:

27 May 2021

Term of office:

2025 Shareholders' Meeting

Committee:

- Innovation and Development Committee (permanent guest)

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Scientific background
- Finance / Audit
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Legal / Regulatory / Compliance
- Corporate Social Responsibility
- Innovation / Digital
- Other industries and services

Shares owned: 50,548

Voting rights: 50,548

Biography and experience

David Loew was coopted as Director of Ipsen S.A., by the Board on 28 May 2020, term of office ratified by the 2021 Shareholders' meeting, and appointed Chief Executive Officer from 1 July 2020.

Prior to joining Ipsen, David Loew was CEO of Sanofi Pasteur Vaccines. During his tenure, he piloted a successful worldwide growth strategy via acquisitions and licensing deals.

David Loew brings over 30 years of leadership and experience across a range of therapeutic areas, including oncology, CNS and cardio-metabolism, as well as consumer healthcare. He has worked in the U.S., European and international markets.

He began his career at Coopers & Lybrand (renamed PwC) and Hewlett Packard in 1990 before joining Roche in 1992. Over the following two decades, David Loew held a variety of positions, including Global Oncology Head, Global Chief Marketing Officer & Head of Global Product Strategy and Region Head, Eastern Europe, Middle East and Africa for the Pharma Division of Roche. He joined Sanofi in July 2013 as Senior Vice President, Commercial Operations Europe, where he was responsible for the prescription, consumer healthcare and generics business across the EU region.

David Loew has served on the Board of the Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization (GAVI), chaired the vaccine Steering Committee of IFPMA and has strong connections with global organizations, including the WHO, UNICEF, the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation, as well as American health agencies, including BARDA and the NIH.

David Loew earned his BA in Business Administration and MBA from the University of St. Gallen, Switzerland.

Positions and functions currently held**Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:****Listed company:**

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Director and Chief Executive Officer

Non listed company:

- Ipsen Pharma SAS (France), Chairman

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:**Listed company:**

None

Non listed companies:

- Pharmaceutical Research and Manufacturers of America (PhMRA), Board Member
- European Federation of the Pharmaceutical Industry Association (EFPIA), Second Vice President

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- Sanofi Pasteur, Executive Vice President
- Global Alliance for Vaccines and Immunization (GAVI), Member of the Board of Directors
- International Federation of Pharmaceutical Manufacturers & Associations (IFPMA), Chairman of the vaccine Steering Committee

Michèle Ollier

Director

Nationality: French-Swiss

Born on: 2 June 1958

Date of 1st appointment:

27 May 2015

Last renewal date:

31 May 2023

Term of office:

2027 Shareholders' Meeting

Committee:

- Innovation and Development Committee

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Scientific background
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Other industries and services

Shares owned: 500

Voting rights: 1,000

Biography and experience

Since 1 February 2016, Michèle Ollier is one of the partner and founder of Medicxi, a capital venture company located in Geneva and London. Medicxi is the spin-off of the life science section of Index Ventures. On 1 April 2022, she retired from the Medicxi partnership and resumed her role as a Venture Partner at Medicxi.

From February 2006 to February 2016, Michèle Ollier was Partner in the life science investment team of Index Ventures.

From 2003 to 2006, she was the investment's manager at Edmond de Rothschild Investment Partner in Paris. From 2000 to 2002, she was the corporate's vice manager at Serono International. From 1994 to 2000, she occupied various posts at Rhône-Poulenc Rorer in particular in oncology and in the division "gene therapy", RPR Gencell. Before, Michèle Ollier occupied various functions in strategy, development, and commercialization in the pharmaceutical companies Sanofi International and Bristol-Myers Squibb France.

Michèle Ollier is a graduate of the medicine faculty of Paris-Ouest.

Positions and functions currently held

Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Director

Non listed company:

None

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

None

Non listed companies:

- Medicxi (Switzerland and UK), Venture Partner
- LinguaFlex Inc. (USA)
- Kaerus France SAS (France), Kaerus Bioscience Limited (UK) and Kaerus Bioscience Inc., (USA)
- Aldena Therapeutics Limited (UK)
- Mavalon Therapeutics Limited (UK) (in liquidation)
- Alys Pharmaceuticals Inc. (USA) and Alys MidCo Inc. (USA)

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- Palladio Biosciences Inc. (USA)
- Kymo Therapeutics Limited (UK)
- Gadeta BV (The Netherlands)
- Vitavest NL Coop (The Netherlands)
- Pega-One (France)
- Pearl River Bio (Germany)
- Kymo Therapeutics France (France)
- Mavalon Therapeutics France (France)
- STX Pharma Limited (UK)
- Epsilon 3 Bio Limited (UK)
- Human Antibody Factory (UK)
- Mavalon Therapeutics Limited (UK)
- Villarix Therapeutics (USA)
- DepthCharge (Ireland)
- Aldena Therapeutics Inc. (USA), Aldena Therapeutics Sàrl (Switzerland)
- Alderaan (France)
- NIRA Bioscience Inc. (USA)
- Vimela Therapeutics Limited (UK)
- Yukin Therapeutics (France)

Pascal Touchon*
Independent Director

Nationality: French-Swiss

Born on: 1 June 1962

Date of 1st appointment:

4 October 2023

Term of office:

2026 Shareholders' Meeting

Committees:

- Audit Committee
- Nomination Committee
- Innovation and Development Committee

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Scientific background
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Legal / Regulatory / Compliance
- Corporate Social Responsibility
- Innovation / Digital

Shares owned: 500**Voting rights:** 500**Biography and experience**

Pascal Touchon is an experienced biotech CEO and pharma leader and is the Chief Executive Officer of Atara Biotherapeutics.

He has previously held leadership positions at Novartis and Servier and has served on the Board of Directors of several biotechs. He has a significant experience in business development, licensing and M&A. He brings with him a successful track record in U.S. biotech and global pharma, with 38-plus years of experience.

He is a Doctor of Veterinary Medicine, and graduate of IAE Toulouse and INSEAD, where he received his MBA.

Positions and functions currently held**Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:****Listed company:**

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Independent Director

Non listed company:

None

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:**Listed company:**

- Atara Biotherapeutics, Inc. (USA), Chief Executive Officer

Non listed companies:

- Dantari LLC and affiliates (USA), Director
- Jeito Capital (France), Special Advisor

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- Cogen Therapeutics (USA) private biotech, Director (until February 2020)

* Pascal Touchon was co-opted as an independent director on 4 October 2023. He has been a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination Committee and Innovation and Development Committee since this date. The Shareholders' Meeting on 28 May 2024 will be asked to ratify this decision for a term of office expiring at the 2026 Shareholders' Meeting.

Piet Wigerinck

Independent Director

Nationality: Belgian

Born on: 22 December 1964

Date of 1st appointment:
30 May 2018

Last renewal date:
24 May 2022

Term of office:
2026 Shareholders' Meeting

Committees:

- Innovation and Development Committee
- Compensation Committee

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Scientific background
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Innovation / Digital

Shares owned: 680
Voting rights: 680

Biography and experience

Piet Wigerinck is a pharmacist and holds a Ph.D. in medicinal chemistry from the KU Leuven.

He has over 30 years of R&D experience in the pharmaceutical industry and biotechnology. He has been a key driver of the research and development programs of 4 approved medicines: Prezista™, Olysio™, Jyseleca™ and Rekambys™.

Dr. Piet Wigerinck started his career in industry at the Janssen Research labs in Beerse (1988-1998), next moved to Tibotec-Virco, where he was Vice President, Drug Discovery, Early Development and CM&C (1998-2008) and most recently was Chief Scientific Officer at Galapagos (2008-2021). Under his leadership, Galapagos built out a pipeline of first-in-class medicines that drove the growth of the company to a top European biotech player. He has been responsible for all aspects of drug discovery, pre-clinical research, CM&C and Phase I and Phase II clinical trials. He acts as a consultant in the fields of anti-infective, autoimmune and anti-fibrotic diseases.

Dr. Wigerinck is an independent board member of Ipsen S.A., France, miDiagnostics in Belgium, Atriva Therapeutics in Germany and is chair of the SAB of Ermium Therapeutics S.A., France. Dr. Wigerinck is co-founder of the biotech company Xinvento (Netherlands), acquired by Rhythm Pharmaceuticals in 2023.

Positions and functions currently held

Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Independent Director

Non listed company:
None

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:
None

Non listed companies:

- miDiagnostics (Belgium), Director and Chair of the R&D sub-committee
- Atriva Therapeutics GmbH (Germany), Director
- Ermium Therapeutics S.A. (France), Chairman of the Scientific Advisor Board
- Symeres (Netherlands)

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- Galapagos NV (Belgium), Chief Scientific Officer
- UZA Foundation (Belgium, non-profit), Board member

Karen Witts

Independent Director

Nationality: British

Born on: 28 May 1963

Date of 1st appointment:

20 January 2022

Term of office:

2025 Shareholders' Meeting

Committees:

- Audit Committee (Chairperson)
- Compensation Committee

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Finance / Audit
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Legal / Regulatory / Compliance
- Corporate Social Responsibility
- Innovation / Digital
- Other industries and services

Shares owned: 500

Voting rights: 500

Biography and experience

Karen Witts joined Dunelm Group in June 2022 as Chief Financial Officer. Dunelm is the UK's leading homewares retailer, operating a system that combines physical stores and digital channels. In her role, Karen Witts leads the finance function, is responsible for risk, resilience and number of cross-functional, strategic initiatives, as well as Investor relations.

Prior to this, Karen Witts was Group CFO of Compass Group Plc, the world's leading food services group.

Karen Witts was previously Group CFO at Kingfisher Plc, the international home improvement company. She has also held various senior strategic finance positions at companies including Vodafone Group Services Ltd, and BT Plc.

She brings expertise in transformation, investment, and risk management. Karen is an experienced Non-Executive Director and Chair of Audit.

She is a fellow of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales, and holds an MA from the University of Edinburgh.

Positions and functions currently held

Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Independent Director

Non listed company:

None

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

- Dunelm Group (United Kingdom), CFO

Non listed company:

None

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- Compass Group Plc, Group Chief Financial Officer
- Kingfisher Plc, Group Chief Financial Officer

Carol Xueref

Director

Nationality: British

Born on: 9 December 1955

Date of 1st appointment:

1 June 2012

Date of last renewal:

29 May 2020

Term of office:

2024 Shareholders' Meeting*

Committees:

- Nomination Committee (Chairperson)
- Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee**
- Compensation Committee

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Finance / Audit
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Legal / Regulatory / Compliance
- Corporate Social Responsibility
- Innovation / Digital
- Other industries and services

Shares owned: 500

Voting rights: 1,000

Biography and experience

Carol Xueref is Chairperson of Floem SAS, a consultancy firm. She was Secretary General and a member of Essilor International's Executive Leadership Team until 30 June 2016.

From 1982 to 1986, Carol Xueref was Deputy to the Attaché for Commercial Affairs at the British Embassy in Paris. From 1986 to 1990, she was Head of Division at the International Chamber of Commerce (Paris). In 1990, she became Director for Legal and Tax Affairs at the *Banque Populaire de la Région Ouest de Paris*. From 1993 to 1996, she was Head of a legal department within Crédit Lyonnais and subsequently Director for Legal Affairs of OIG Immobilier (Crédit Lyonnais' defeasance entity). From 1996 to 2014, Carol Xueref was Director for Legal Affairs and Group Development and from 2014 to 2016 Secretary General; she was a member of Essilor International's Executive Leadership Team. She was a member of the *Autorité de la Concurrence* (French Competition Authority) from July 2006 to March 2019, and chaired its "Compliance" working group. She is a member of the Medef's Corporate Governance Committee.

Carol Xueref is a founder member and a past-President of the *Cercle Montesquieu* (Association of French Legal Directors (1998-2002)) and chaired its "Ethics of in-house lawyers" working group. She is Director of the Franco-British Lawyers Society.

Carol Xueref holds a Masters Degree in Law and a Post Graduate Degree in International Commercial Law (DESS) from the University of Paris II (Assas).

Positions and functions currently held

Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Director

Non listed company:

None

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:

Listed company:

- Eiffage (France), Director and Chairperson of the Compensation and Appointments Committee and member of the Strategy and CSR Committee

Non listed company:

- Floem SAS (France), Chairperson

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

None

* The renewal of the office will be submitted to a vote at the next 2024 Shareholders' Meeting.

** Since 31 May 2023, the Ethics and Governance Committee was renamed the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee by the Board of Directors.

For the purposes of their office, Directors are domiciled at the Company's registered office.

Director whose term of office ended during the 2023 financial-year**Paul Sekhri****Nationality:** American**Born on:** 26 April 1958**Date of 1st appointment:**
30 May 2018**Last renewal date:**
24 May 2022**Term of office:**
3 October 2023 (resignation)**Committees:**

- Audit Committee
- Nomination Committee
- Innovation and Development Committee – Specialty Care

Competencies and experiences:

- Health / Pharma experience
- Listed company management & Governance
- International experience
- Scientific background
- Finance / Audit
- Mergers & Acquisitions
- Innovation / Digital
- Other industries and services

Biography and experience

Paul Sekhri is the President and Chief Executive Officer of vTv Therapeutics, a clinical stage biopharmaceutical company. Most recently, he served as President and Chief Executive Officer of e-Genesis, a company that specialized in gene editing technology to deliver safe and effective human transplantable cells, tissues and organs from January 2019 to April 2022. He remains a Board Member and Senior Advisor to the Chairman.

Prior to this, Paul Sekhri was President and Chief Executive Officer of Lycera Corp., a U.S. biopharma company focused on treatments for cancer and autoimmune diseases from February 2015 until January 2019. He served as Senior Vice President, Integrated Care for Sanofi from April 2014 through January 2015. Previously, he served as Group Executive Vice President, Global Business Development and Chief Strategy Officer for Teva Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd. Before joining Teva he spent five years as Operating Partner and Head of the Biotechnology Operating Group at TPG Biotech, the life sciences venture capital arm of TPG Capital. From 2004 to 2009, Paul Sekhri was Founder, President, and Chief Executive Officer of Cerimon Pharmaceuticals, Inc. Prior to founding Cerimon, he was President and Chief Business Officer of ARIAD Pharmaceuticals, Inc.

Between 1999 and 2003, Paul Sekhri spent four years as Senior Vice President, and Head of Global Search and Evaluation, Business Development and Licensing for Novartis Pharma AG and also developed the Disease Area Strategy. His first role was as Global Head, Early Commercial Development – a department he established to ensure the differential competitive advantage of Novartis' pipeline.

Paul Sekhri is currently a member of the Board of Directors of Compugen Ltd., Pharming Group NV, Veeva Systems, Inc. and Longboard Pharmaceuticals.

Additionally, he serves on non-profit boards such as the Knights and the Metropolitan Opera.

Paul Sekhri received his BS in Zoology from the University of Maryland, College Park and completed graduate work in Neuroscience at the University of Maryland School of Medicine.

Positions and functions currently held**Within the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:****Listed company:**

- Ipsen S.A. (France), Independent Director

Non listed company:

None

Outside the Ipsen Group or its main shareholders:**Listed companies:**

- Compugen, Ltd. (Israel), Chairman of the Board
- Pharming Group NV (The Netherlands), Chairman of the Board
- Veeva Systems, Inc. (USA), Independent Director
- Longboard Pharmaceuticals (USA), Chairman of the Board
- vTv Therapeutics (USA), President and CEO, Board Member
- Axcella Health (USA), Director

Non listed companies:

- eGenesis (USA), Director and Senior Advisor to the Chairman
- Spring Discovery (USA), Director

Positions previously held that expired during the last five years

- Enumeral Biomedical, Inc. (USA), Director
- Nivalis Therapeutics, Inc. (USA) Director
- Lycera Corp. (USA), President and Chief Executive Officer
- Topas Therapeutics GmbH (Germany), Chairman of the Board of Supervisory Directors
- Petra Pharma Corp. (USA), Chairman of the Board
- Alpine Immune Sciences, Inc. (USA), Independent Director
- BiomX, Inc. (Israel), Independent Director

Attendance rate of Directors at Board and Committees meetings

Directors as of 31 December 2023	Board of Directors	Innovation and Development Committee	Audit Committee	Nomination Committee	Compensation Committee	Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee*
Marc de Garidel	100% (12/12 meetings)	100% (1/1 meeting)	-	-	-	-
Antoine Flochel	100% (12/12 meetings)	100% (1/1 meeting)	-	-	100% (5/5 meetings)	-
Highrock S.à.r.l. (represented by Anne Beaufour)	100% (12/12 meetings)	-	-	-	-	-
Henri Beaufour	83% (10/12 meetings)	-	-	-	-	-
Beech Tree S.A. (represented by Philippe Bonhomme)	100% (12/12 meetings)	-	100% (8/8 meetings)	100% (5/5 meetings)	-	100% (6/6 meetings)
Naomi Binoche	100% (12/12 meetings)	-	-	-	-	100% (6/6 meetings)
Laetitia Ducroquet	100% (12/12 meetings)	-	-	-	100% (5/5 meetings)	-
Margaret Liu	100% (12/12 meetings)	100% (1/1 meeting)	-	-	-	100% (6/6 meetings)
David Loew	100% (12/12 meetings)	-	-	-	-	-
Michèle Ollier	100% (12/12 meetings)	100% (1/1 meeting)	-	-	-	-
Pascal Touchon ⁽¹⁾	100% (4/4 meetings)	N/A	100% (2/2 meetings)	100% (1/1 meeting)	-	-
Piet Wigerinck	92% (11/12 meetings)	100% (1/1 meeting)	-	-	100% (5/5 meetings)	-
Karen Witts	100% (12/12 meetings)	-	100% (8/8 meetings)	-	100% (5/5 meetings)	-
Carol Xueref	100% (12/12 meetings)	-	-	100% (5/5 meetings)	100% (5/5 meetings)	100% (6/6 meetings)
TOTAL	98%	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%

^(*) Since 31 May 2023, the Ethics and Governance Committee was renamed the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee by the Board of Directors.

⁽¹⁾ Pascal Touchon was co-opted as an independent director on 4 October 2023, in replacement of Paul Sekhri. Paul Sekhri was an independent director until 3 October 2023. His attendance rate at Board and Committee meetings was 100% for the period from 1 January 2023 to 3 October 2023 (i.e. 10 Board meetings, 6 Audit Committee meetings, 1 Innovation and Development Committee meeting and 4 Nomination Committee meetings).

5.2.2.4 Activity of the Board of Directors in 2023

Extract from the Ipsen S.A. Articles of Association as of 31 May 2023

"17.1 Powers of the Board of Directors

The Board of Directors defines guidelines for the Company's business operations and monitors their implementation.

Subject to the powers expressly conferred to Shareholders' Meetings and within the limits of the Company's corporate purpose, the Board of Directors is competent to consider any matters affecting the proper running of the Company, and can take decisions governing any matters concerning it.

With respect to third parties, the Company is bound by the Board of Directors' acts even when they run counter to the Company's corporate object, unless the Company can prove that the third party knew the act was ultra vires or could not fail to have known this given the circumstances, on the understanding that the mere publication of the Company's Articles of Association is not sufficient to constitute such proof.

The Board of Directors shall carry out such controls and verifications as it deems fit. [...]"

Extracts from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, regarding the activity of the Board

"Article 1 - Role of the Board

In charge of managing the Company, in accordance with its legal obligations and the Articles of Association, the Board:

- endeavours to promote long-term value creation by the Company by considering the social and environmental aspects of its activities. If applicable, it proposes any statutory change that it considers appropriate;
- in collaboration with the Chief Executive Officer, defines the strategic orientation, examines and decides on important operations, reviews the strategic orientations of the Company and the Group, which is made up of the Company and the business units it consolidates in its financial statements (hereafter "the Group"), its investment, disinvestment, or internal restructuring projects, the Group's overall policy with regard to human resources, in particular its policy on compensation, profit-sharing, and performance-based incentives. It appraises the performance of the Company's management on an annual basis and is consulted on new executive managers' recruitments;
- approves the annual budget presented by the Chief Executive Officer, and all its amendments when exceeding an amount of €10 million;
- approves, on a proposal of the Innovation and Development Committee and before any decision is made, acquisitions or divestments of equity interests or assets, partnerships, alliances, or cooperation agreements relating to research, development, industry, and business as well as, generally speaking, any transaction or any commitment that might significantly affect the Group's financial or operating situation or its strategic guidelines;
- determines, on a proposal of the Ethics, Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Committee, the multiannual strategic orientations in terms of CSR and in particular the climate strategy;
- is regularly informed via the Audit Committee about the financial situation, the Company's cash position, and all the significant events affecting the Company; it is kept informed by its Chairperson and by its Committees of all significant events related to the conduct of business for the Company and the Group;
- ensures that shareholders and the public are well informed of the strategy, development model, major non-financial matters of the Company, issues as well as its long-term outlook, in particular via the control it exercises on the information given by the Company; and in this respect, it defines the Company's communication policy, in particular regarding the frequency with which financial and non-financial information relating to the Group is released;
- checks that the Company has reliable procedures in place to identify, assess, and monitor its commitments and risks, including off-balance sheet risks, as well as an appropriate internal control system;
- is informed about market developments, the competitive environment and the most important aspects facing the Company, including in the area of social and environmental responsibility;
- regularly reviews, in relation to the strategy it has defined, the opportunities and risks, such as financial, legal, operational, social and environmental risks, as well as the measures taken accordingly. To this end, the Board of Directors receives all of the information needed to carry out its task, notably from the executive officers;
- if applicable, ensures the implementation of a mechanism to prevent and detect corruption and influence peddling. It receives all of the information needed for this purpose;
- also ensures that the executive officers implement a policy of non-discrimination and diversity, notably with regard to the balanced representation of women and men on the governing bodies.

More generally, the Board exercises the functions assigned to it by the law to act at all times in the Company's corporate interest, and takes particular care to prevent any conflicts of interest and to take all interests into account."

"Article 4.4 Evaluation

[...] Furthermore, the non-executive Directors also carry out, once a year, an evaluation of the Chairperson of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer and, as the case may be, the Deputy Chief Executive Officer(s), outside their presence. The results of this evaluation are communicated by the Chairperson of the Board of Directors to the Chief Executive Officer."

The Board of Directors met 12 times during the 2023 financial year, including 2-days sessions in Boston and Signes. The average attendance rate at Board meetings was 98%.

The Company's Statutory Auditors were called to Board meetings held to approve the annual and half-year financial statements.

The following matters were reviewed and discussed by the Board of Directors in 2023:

- Financial statements and financial position: review and approval of the 2022 annual and consolidated financial statements, the 2023 half-year financial statements, the guidance and the draft of 2024 budget;
- Strategy: review of the 5 years Group strategic plan and definition of the Group's climate change objectives (see Chapter 4). An entire meeting was devoted to strategic thinking on the evolution of the Group through a science working group as well as a study devoted to the analysis of the current market and asset acquisition opportunities;
- Business development: review and follow-up of acquisition, partnership and Group development projects;
- Compensation policy: review of the respective compensation elements of the Chairman of the Board and of the Chief Executive Officer, approval of the report on corporate governance including the Corporate Officers' compensation policy and grant of free shares (subject to performance conditions for executive officers and certain executives and without performance conditions for certain Group managers);
- Evaluation of the performance: a session dedicated to the evaluation on the performance of the Chief Executive Officer has been conducted by all the Directors during 2023 without his presence. The conclusions have been presented to him;
- Succession plan: implementation of the succession plan of the directors with the cooptation of Pascal Touchon as an independent director in October 2023;
- Organization and functioning of the Board of Directors: proposals to the Shareholders' Meeting to renew the appointments of Directors, report on the independence of the Directors, review of Ipsen S.A.'s Articles of Association and of the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors. Moreover, a formal evaluation of the Board's operation has been conducted by an independent consulting firm, *Associés en Gouvernance*, which conclusions have been presented and validated at the beginning of 2023, and detailed below. At the end of 2023, a Board self-assessment questionnaire was sent to all Directors;
- Shareholders' Meeting: review and approval of the report on corporate governance, convening notice to the Shareholders' Meeting of 31 May 2023, approval of the Shareholders' Meeting agenda, the draft resolutions and the report of the Board of Directors to the Shareholders' Meeting; and

- Monitoring of the renewal process for the Statutory Auditors in preparation for the 2023 Shareholders' Meeting;
- Updates of the Internal Rules of the Board on: CSR missions to the Ethics and Governance Committee renamed Ethics, Governance & CSR Committee and the selection process for independent Directors;
- Update of the Articles of Association to raise the age limit for the Chairman of the Board to 75.

5.2.2.5 Evaluation of the functioning of the Board and the Committees

Extract from the Internal Rules of the Board, as of 31 May 2023, regarding the evaluation of the Board of Directors

"Article 4 Functioning [...] 4.4 Evaluation

At least, once a year, the Board discusses its operation, membership, and organization in an "executive session", without the Chairperson of the Board if appropriate, and without the presence of the Chief Executive Officer and management team members.

This "executive session" is prepared by the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee in conjunction with the Vice Chairperson of the Board or a Director who is specially appointed for this purpose.

The Board also performs a formal evaluation at least once every three years.

The Board may call in an external consultant to conduct an evaluation [...]."

Evaluation of the Board of Directors

As per the schedule, a formal evaluation is performed at least once every three years, with the assistance of an independent consulting firm. It has been initiated in the second half of 2022 and was based on a documentary analysis (Articles of Association, Internal Rules of the Board, Directors' Code of Conduct, Board and Committees files and minutes) followed by individual interviews with each Director and selected members of the Executive Leadership Team.

In the first quarter of 2023, at the end of its assessment, the independent made its recommendations, in particular on the following subjects:

- Skills matrix: consider in particular the opportunity to seek out profiles with CSR expertise for the future.
 - In order to highlight the skills and experiences of the directors, a new table listing the skills and experiences of the Board of Directors has been included in the Universal 2022 Registration Document.

- CSR challenges: adapt the missions of the Ethics and Governance Committee to take account of the growing requirements in this area and rename the Committee accordingly.
 - On 31 May 2023, the Board of Directors renamed the Ethics and Governance Committee the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee. At the same time, the Internal Rules were updated to give the Committee CSR duties enabling it to issue advices and recommendations to the Board on CSR strategy, to review the Group's CSR policies and assess their implementation, and to monitor their alignment with the Group's strategy.

In 2023, as every year, a self-assessment of the functioning and the organization of the Board of Directors was prepared by the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee at the end of the year and included in the Board meeting agenda of 7 February 2024 including, in particular, more questions on CSR subjects and their integration by the Committees and the Board itself.

Furthermore, as per the Internal Rules of the Board, an executive session was prepared by the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee on the functioning and organization of the Board of Directors, in conjunction with the Vice Chairman of the Board, and was held without the Chairman of the Board. On this

occasion, a high attendance rate of directors at Board and Committee meetings, reflecting the significant commitment of the directors to their responsibilities, was noted, despite a high number of meetings.

The conclusions of this session highlight the following points:

- A high level of satisfaction with the evaluation procedures and the follow-up to previous evaluations,
- Appropriate composition of the Board and its committees, with competent directors, good integration of new directors,
- Frequency of meetings and quality of discussions and documents satisfactory, however
 - documents should be made available earlier (1 week),
 - devote more time to CSR in the subjects dealt with by the Board,
- Appropriate governance model, separation of Chairman and Chief Executive functions working satisfactorily, restricted sessions working well,
- In general: opportunities to meet members of Management are appreciated.

The activity of the Board is outlined in the above section "Activity of the Board of Directors in 2023".

5.2.2.6 Committees of the Board of Directors

Extracts from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, regarding the Committees of the Board

“5.1 Expertise provided by Committees

The Board of Directors may set up temporary or permanent specialized Committees comprising at least three (3) and no more than six (6) Directors, of its choosing, and appoints the Chairpersons of said Committees.

These Committees submit their opinions and proposals to the Board and report to the Board on their work.”

“Article 6 – Permanent Committees

By adopting these internal rules, the Board establishes five (5) permanent Committees:

- an Innovation and Development Committee,
- an Audit Committee,
- a Nomination Committee,
- a Compensation Committee,
- an Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee.

6.1 Common rules applicable to all permanent Committees

6.1.1 Committee members are appointed according to their skills (in a personal capacity or as permanent representative) for the duration of their term of office as a Director. They can delegate another member of the same Committee to represent them for any meeting of the Committee. They can be replaced or dismissed at any time by the Board. Their terms of office are renewable. A single Director can be a member of several Committees.

6.1.2 The Chairperson of each Committee is appointed from among its members by the Board. He/she shall prepare the agenda and the necessary documentation with, if necessary, the assistance of the Secretary of the Board.

6.1.3 Subject to the specific rules applicable to them, each Committee determines the frequency of its meetings. Said meetings are held at the head office or any other location, or virtually, decided by its Chairperson when he/she convenes it and sets the meeting's agenda.

A Committee can only meet if at least half of its members are present, in one of the ways allowed by the law or the Articles of Association with respect to Directors attending Board meetings.

The Chairperson of a Committee may invite all Board members to one or several of its meetings, as well as any other person, to take part in discussions.

6.1.4 When minutes of the Committee meeting are drawn up, they are written by the Secretary of the Board under the authority of the Chairperson of the Committee, or by the Chairperson of the Committee. The minutes are then sent to all members of the Committee. The Chairpersons of Committees report to the Board on the work carried out by their Committees under the conditions set by the Board.

6.1.5 Within its own area of competence, each Committee issues proposals, recommendations, or opinions.

To this end, each Committee may carry out or have carried out, at the Company's expense, all external studies likely to enlighten the Board's deliberations.

Each Committee reports to the Board on its work at each one of the Board's meetings. A summary of the activity of each Committee is included in the annual Report on the corporate governance.

6.1.6 Each Committee may decide, if need be, on its other operating procedures. It conducts periodically a self-assessment of its activities to ensure that its rules and operating procedures enable it to assist the Board in deliberating validly on the issues within its remit and can propose to the Board a change in its Internal rules.”

The Nomination Committee

Extract from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, regarding the Nomination Committee

"6.4 Nomination Committee

6.4.1 The role of the Nomination Committee is:

- to examine annually the Board's needs in terms of skills, including CSR, and draw the consequences for the recruitment process;
- in conjunction with the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee (for aspects relating to conflicts of interest) and the Chairperson of the Board, to make proposals to the Board of Directors concerning the re-election, replacement or appointment of new Directors, ensuring the balance and complementarity of the skills (financial and extra-financial) of the directors and the diversity of their profiles (succession planning) and the application of the selection process for independent Directors;
- recommend candidates to the Board of Directors when:
 - appointing or reappointing the Chairperson of the Board, the Vice Chairperson, the Chief Executive Officer or Deputy Chief Executive Officers, as relevant;
 - appointing or reappointing Board members at a Shareholders' Meeting; and
 - for the composition of the Board specialized committees.
- The members of the Committee must also be consulted about the appointment of Executive Leadership Team members. The Chief Executive Officer must ask the Committee to give its opinion prior to such recruitments;
- design, if applicable, in conjunction with the Chairperson of the Board, a plan for replacement of Company Officers, so as to be able to propose replacement solutions to the Board in the event of an unforeseen vacancy (succession planning);
- regularly review directors training plans and the process for welcoming and integrating new directors.

6.4.2 The Nomination Committee comprises a minimum of three (3) directors and a maximum of six (6) directors, including at least one-third of independent directors who meet the criteria set out in 3.4 above, chosen from among Directors who are not executive officers. The Board appoints the Chairperson of the Committee from among its members.

6.4.3 The Nomination Committee meets at least twice (2) a year, when convened by its Chairperson or at the request of the Chairperson of the Board."

The Nomination Committee is currently comprised of three members, one of whom is independent.

Its members are:

- Carol Xueref (Chairperson);
- Beech Tree S.A. (represented by Philippe Bonhomme); and
- Pascal Touchon (independent member).

Pascal Touchon has been a member of the Nomination Committee since 4 October 2023, replacing Paul Sekhri, who has resigned.

The Chairman and the Chief Executive Officer may attend meetings of the Nomination Committee and give their opinion, in particular when the agenda is about the appointment of Executive Leadership Team members or managers of the Group or any other topic requiring their opinion.

Activity of the Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee met 5 times in 2023 with an attendance rate of 100%.

The Committee's activity focused mainly on:

- the review of the succession plan or renewal of Board members and the selection of the future Directors (see below);
- monitoring the succession plans of corporate officers (see below), of members of the Executive Leadership Team and of the Global Leadership Team, as well as the Group's talent development programs;

- the renewal procedure of the mandate of the director representing the employees resulting from the vote of Ipsen's Central Social and Economic Committee in view of an appointment at the time of the Shareholders' Meeting;
- the review of the participation of some Directors in Committees, in particular in the context of the appointment of Pascal Touchon as a member of the Audit Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Innovation and Development Committee (in replacement of Paul Sekhri);
- the monitoring of the balanced composition of the Board of Directors, in particular with respect to competencies, in relation with the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee.

The activity of the Committee has been reported and, when appropriate, recommendations were made to the Board of Directors after each Committee meeting.

Succession plan for Corporate Officers

The Nomination Committee continued in 2023 its work on the succession plans for Corporate Officers (Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board). The succession plan is based on several hypothesis: emergency succession (e.g. in case of legal incapacity, sudden resignation, illness or death), planned succession (e.g. in case of renewal of office, reaching a legal age limit, resignation given with lengthy prior notice (+/- 6 months), etc.) and accelerated succession (e.g. in case of a problem of availability, conflicts of interest, objectives not reached, strategic divergences, etc.).

The Nomination Committee also evaluated Executive Leadership Team profiles and performance, as well as their ability to assume an interim or ongoing management position in whole or in part, immediately or over time.

The Nomination Committee also presented to the Board of Directors its progress after each of its meetings and discussed conclusions within the terms of pre-arranged confidentiality constraints.

The Nomination Committee has reviewed the various assumptions of the succession plan, also regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors.

Procedure for the renewal and appointment of directors

In application of the procedure for the renewal and appointment of directors validated in 2023, and after having conducted its own studies, the Nomination Committee recommended to the Board the cooptation of Pascal Touchon as a new independent director, replacing Paul Sekhri. The Board carried out this cooptation on 4 October 2023, which will be submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting of 28 May 2024 for ratification.

The Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee

Extract from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, regarding the missions of the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee

"6.6 Ethics, Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Committee

6.6.1 The role of the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee is to:

In terms of CSR, including ethics and compliance:

- examine the Group's CSR issues, risks and opportunities and provide advice, proposals and recommendations to the Board on CSR strategy;
- review the Group's CSR policies and commitments, assess the implementation of the CSR strategy;
- monitor its performance and alignment with the Group's strategy;
- review the definition of the Group's fundamental values and its ethics and compliance policy;
- submit recommendations on ethics and compliance to the Board of Directors and discuss all issues relating to ethics and compliance referred to it by the Board;
- ensure the dissemination throughout the Group of the Code of Ethics and general ethics policies defined by the Group and their updates;
- ensure the implementation, monitoring and efficiency of procedures for the communication and comprehension of the Code of Ethics and compliance with it and overall policies by employees of the Group;
- examine the Group's risks mapping from an ethics and compliance and CSR standpoint;
- review the Group's ethics and compliance activity report;
- examine the organization of the ethics and compliance function and make recommendations, when relevant;
- receive any information concerning possible breaches of the ethics and compliance policy and review action plans implemented to address these;

In terms of governance, including ethics:

- examine the evolution of corporate governance rules, particularly those of the AFEP-MEDEF Code, and report its conclusions and recommendations to the Board; monitor the application of the rules of corporate governance defined by the Board of Directors and ensure that the information is given to shareholders on this subject; specify, where appropriate, the recommendations of the AFEP-MEDEF Code that are not applied and explain the reasons in an understandable, relevant and detailed manner;
- propose the referral of the High Committee monitoring the application of the AFEP-MEDEF Code on any question relating to a provision or the interpretation of said code;
- examine situations of potential conflicts of interest of members of the Company's Board of Directors and communicate the results of its findings in accordance with an internal procedure which protects confidentiality;
- give a technical opinion – with regard to the rules of ethics and governance applied by the Group – on the mandates and functions performed outside the Group by the members of the Board of Directors, the Chief Executive Officer and, as the case may be, the Deputy Chief Executive Officers, at the time of their appointment and annually as part of the review of the information mentioned in the Report of Corporate Governance;
- prepare, under the direction of the Chairperson of the Committee, in liaison with the Vice Chairperson of the Board or a specially appointed director, the annual "restricted session" of the Board of Directors on its operation, without the presence of the Chairperson of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer and the executive members;
- give an opinion, in liaison with the Chairperson of the Board, on the list of independent directors of the Board of Directors when appointing a director and annually for all directors;
- make proposals to the Board for the establishment and structuring of Board Committees;
- carry out, under the direction of the Chairperson of the Committee, a formal evaluation of the structure, size and composition of the Board, periodically and at least every three years, and make recommendations to the Board regarding any changes;

- propose to the Board the appointment of a Director in charge of the relations of the Board with the shareholders, in coordination with the Investor Relations Department of the Company and the Chief Executive Officer;
- if applicable, ensure the implementation of a mechanism to prevent and detect corruption and influence peddling. It receives all of the information needed for this purpose;
- also ensure that the executive officers implement a policy of non-discrimination and diversity, notably with regard to the balanced representation of women and men on the governing bodies.

6.6.2 The Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee comprises a minimum of three (3) directors and a maximum of six (6) directors, including at least one (1) independent director who meet the criteria set out in 3.4 above, chosen from among Directors who are not executive officers. The Board appoints the Chairperson of the Committee from among its independent members.

6.6.3 The Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee may, when it deems necessary, meet with the Executive Management or members of their teams, Internal Audit, the Ethics and Compliance Department or any other member of management. Said meetings may be held, when necessary, without the presence of members of Executive Management.

6.6.4 The Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee meets at least twice (2) a year when convened by the Chairperson of the Committee."

The Board of Directors, which is strongly involved in CSR, relies in particular on the advice, proposals and recommendations of the Ethics, Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Committee on CSR strategy. To reflect this commitment, the Ethics and Governance Committee was renamed Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee by the Board of Directors on 31 May 2023.

The Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee is currently comprised of four members, one of whom is independent and one representing the employees.

Its members are:

- Margaret Liu (Chairperson and independent member);
- Carol Xueref;
- Beech Tree S.A. (represented by Philippe Bonhomme); and
- Naomi Binoche (Director representing the employees).

Activity of the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee

In 2023, the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee met 6 times, with an attendance rate of 100%.

The Committee's work focused mainly on:

- the establishment of 2023 objectives for the Compliance function, and the CSR (Corporate Social and Environmental Responsibility) strategy;
- a Board self-evaluation session;
- the implementation and monitoring of a formal evaluation of the Board's operation, with the assistance of an independent consulting firm, *Associés en Gouvernance*. It has been initiated in the second half of 2022 and includes a documentary analysis (Articles of Association, Board Internal Rules of the Board, Directors' Code of Conduct, Board and Committees files and minutes) followed by individual interviews with each Director and selected members of the Executive Leadership team. In parallel, the preparation of a Board self-assessment questionnaire for

all directors for the 2023 financial year, the results of which were shared at the Board meeting on 7 February 2024;

- the regular review of the annual program of the Business Ethics and CSR organization;
- the review of new offices of certain Directors with respect to potential conflict of interest situations;
- the annual review of the questionnaires on conflicts of interest and positions of Directors;
- the review of the independence of Directors;
- the review of the Board of Directors' skills matrix;
- in connection with the appointment of Pascal Touchon as an independent director, the review of his conflict of interest questionnaire and the review of the independence criteria applicable to him;
- the evaluation of the Board and its Committees (see section 5.2.2.5 of this Document);
- the update of CSR Strategy and KPIs in the determination of Management compensation;
- the monitoring of the balanced composition of the Board of Directors in conjunction with the Nomination Committee;
- the amendment of Ipsen S.A.'s Articles of Association for the Shareholders' Meeting of 31 May 2023 to allow:
 - the extension of the term of office of the Chairman of the Board of Directors until the Shareholders' Meeting following his 75th birthday, as well as
 - the dematerialization for the keeping of registers of minutes of Board meetings, and
- the update of the Internal Rules to bring them in line with recent developments in the AFEP-MEDEF Code, AMF and HCGE recommendations.

The activity of the Committee has been reported and, when appropriate, recommendations have been made to the Board, after each Committee meeting.

The Compensation Committee

Extract from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, regarding the Compensation Committee

"6.5 Compensation Committee

6.5.1 The role of the Compensation Committee is to:

- make proposals to the Board of Directors on all components of the compensation paid to the Group's corporate officers, senior management and senior executives;

The compensation of executive corporate officers must be competitive, adapted to the Group's strategy and context, and must aim to promote the Group's performance and competitiveness over the medium and long term, by integrating several criteria related to social and environmental responsibility, including at least one criterion related to the Group's climate objectives;

- be informed on all matters pertaining to the recruitment of the Group's main senior managers, other than the Chief Executive Officer, as well as on decisions concerning the fixing or changing of any part of their compensation;
- issue a recommendation on the amount and allocation of compensations among Board members;
- make recommendations to the Board of Directors on Group compensation policies as well as employee savings plans, employee share ownership schemes, stock options and bonus shares, pension plans, or any other similar forms of compensation.

6.5.2 The Compensation Committee comprises a minimum of three (3) directors and a maximum of six (6) directors, including a half of independent directors who meet the criteria set out in 3.4 above, chosen from among Directors who are not executive officers. The Board appoints the Chairperson of the Committee from among its members.

6.5.3 If it deems it useful, the Compensation Committee may ask the Chairperson of the Board to assist in its deliberations and work, except when it is discussing the Chairperson's compensation.

6.5.4 The Compensation Committee meets at least twice (2) a year, when convened by its Chairperson or at the request of the Chairperson of the Board of Directors."

The Compensation Committee is currently comprised of five members, two of whom are independent and one representing the employees.

Its members are:

- Antoine Flochel (Chairman);
- Laetitia Ducroquet (Director representing the employees);
- Piet Wigerinck (Independent member);
- Karen Witts (Independent member); and
- Carol Xueref.

The Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman of the Board may attend meetings of the Compensation Committee and give their opinion in particular on the compensation of the senior managers of the Group, the incentives and the performance share plans, or any other topic requiring their opinion.

Activity of the Compensation Committee

In 2023, the Compensation Committee met 5 times, with an attendance rate of 100%.

The Committee's work focused mainly on:

- the review of the fixed and variable compensation elements of the Chief Executive Officer and the Chairman of the Board of Directors;
- the compensation policy for executive corporate officers;
- the granting of 2023 performance shares to the Group's executive officers and employees and the granting of free shares to eligible employees within the Group;
- the reflection on the harmonization and evolution of the compensation and the retention policy within the Group;
- monitoring CSR KPIs for long-term incentive (LTI) compensation, in conjunction with the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee.

These elements are described under section 5.4 of this document.

The activity of the Committee has been reported and, when appropriate, recommendations have been made to the Board after each Committee meeting.

The Audit Committee**Extract from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, regarding the Audit Committee****“6.3 Audit Committee**

6.3.1 The role of the Audit Committee is to:

- ensure the relevance and permanence of the accounting policies used to prepare both the Company's and the consolidated financial statements, review and assess the consolidation scope as well as evaluate and verify the relevance of the accounting methods applied to the Group;
- examine, before they are presented to the Board, draft annual and interim financial statements, draft annual and half-yearly reports, draft forecasts and annual budgets, the 5 Year Strategic Plan, including their extra-financial aspects, as well as any accounting and financial information relating to any significant project; to that end, the Audit Committee should be able to cooperate (by exchanging information and working jointly) with the Innovation and Development Committee and the Executive Management before a summary of their work is presented to the Board;
- examine, before they are presented to the Board, press releases on financial results and guidance, as well as the related presentations;
- examine draft resolutions relating to the financial statements in order to make comments or suggestions, before they are presented to the Board;
- control the quality of procedures relating to the preparation and processing of financial and extra-financial accounting information compliance with them, make recommendations, where appropriate, to ensure its integrity and assess the information received from management, internal committees and internal and external audits;
- monitor the effectiveness of internal control and risk management systems and, where appropriate, internal audit, with respect to procedures relating to the preparation and processing of accounting and financial information, without prejudice to its independence;
- examine the risk exposure, including those of a social and environmental nature, and major off-balance sheet commitments of the Company as well as the accounting options chosen;
- manage the selection and reappointment of the Statutory Auditors, verify their independence, give an opinion on the amount of fees they request, and submit the results of its work to the Board;
- examine the details and appropriateness of the fees paid by the Company and the Group to the Statutory Auditors and ensure that said fees and corresponding services are unlikely to affect the auditors' independence;
- monitor the auditors' performance of their assignment, taking into account the findings and conclusions of the High Council of Auditors (Haut conseil du commissariat aux comptes (H3C));
- authorize services, other than statutory audit work, that the Statutory Auditors and members of their networks may be asked to perform in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations;
- conduct an annual review of the status of major disputes.

6.3.2 The Audit Committee is comprised of a minimum of three (3) directors and a maximum of six (6) directors, including two-thirds of independent directors who meet the criteria set out in 3.4 above, chosen from among Directors who are not executive officers. All members of the Audit Committee must have financial or accounting expertise. The Board appoints the Chairperson of the Committee from among its members. The Chairperson of the Committee is also an independent director with respect to the Company's independence criteria.

6.3.3 The Audit Committee meets at least four (4) times a year when convened by its Chairperson.

6.3.4 In the performance of its duties, the Audit Committee:

- submits to the Board its proposals regarding the appointment, compensation or replacement of the Company's Statutory Auditors;
- reviews, with the management and the Company's Statutory Auditors, the quarterly, interim and annual financial statements, the accounting principles and policies implemented, the Group's audit and internal control principles and methods, risk management procedures and the analyses and reports relating to financial reporting, accounting policy and communications between management and the Company's Statutory Auditors;
- examines and checks the rules and procedures applicable to conflicts of interest, expenses incurred by members of the management and the identification and measurement of the main financial and extra-financial risks, as well as their application and submits its assessment every year to the Board;
- examines, checks and assesses on an annual basis the independence, the control procedures and the problems encountered by the Company's Statutory Auditors, as well as the measures adopted to solve said problems, and monitors in the same manner the way in which internal audit operates;
- more generally, it examines, checks and assesses everything likely to affect the regularity and fairness of the financial statements.

6.3.5 The Audit Committee ensures it is provided, and in sufficient time, with all necessary or useful information and hears any person whose audition is necessary or useful with regard to its work. It may in particular have recourse to external experts.”

The Audit Committee is currently comprised of three members, two of whom are independent. Its members are:

- Karen Witts (Chairperson and independent member);
- Pascal Touchon (independent member); and
- Beech Tree S.A. (represented by Philippe Bonhomme).

Pascal Touchon was appointed member of the Audit Committee on 4 October 2023, replacing Paul Sekhri, who has resigned.

In accordance with the terms of Article L.821-67 of the French Commercial Code at least one member of the Audit Committee must be independent and have finance, accounting or statutory audit expertise. Karen Witts and Pascal Touchon fulfill the independence and financial, accounting or statutory audit criteria given their professional experience as described above. Philippe Bonhomme, Beech Tree S.A. representative, is also competent in the financial, accounting and statutory audit fields.

Activity of the Audit Committee

The Audit Committee met 8 times in 2023 with an attendance rate of 100%.

The Statutory Auditors were present at meetings regarding the review of annual and half-year financial statements and presented the main aspects of the outcomes of the statutory audit and of the chosen accounting methods including outside the presence of the management. The Committee heard, in particular, the Statutory Auditors, the Executive

Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, the Senior Vice-President Group Financial Controller, the Head of Internal Audit, the Head of Tax and the Head of Risk Management.

The Committee's activity focused in particular on the review of:

- the 2023 budget and 2023 financial objectives;
- the 2022 annual and consolidated financial statements;
- the approval of Audit related services and other services;
- the 2023 Group risk map;
- the Group insurance strategy;
- the reports of the internal audit for 2023, the 2023 and 2024 internal audit plan and the internal control processes within the Group;
- the 2023 half-year financial statements;
- monitoring the application of CSRD regulations;
- the 2023 closing options;
- the review of the 5-year strategic plan;
- the 2024 draft budget review;
- the monitoring of the selection process for the Group's Statutory Auditors;
- the Group's business continuity maturity.

The activity of the Committee has been reported and, when appropriate, recommendations have been made to the Board, after each Committee meeting.

The Innovation and Development Committee

Extract from the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, regarding the Innovation and Development Committee

"6.2 Innovation and Development Committee

6.2.1 *The role of the Innovation and Development Committee is to:*

- *review the proposals presented by Management on internal Research & Development programs, Business Development and Merger & Acquisitions and Divestitures;*
- *follow the update of the Business Development portfolio by therapeutic areas.*

6.2.2 *The Innovation and Development Committee comprises the Chairperson of the Board, who chairs this Committee, and five (5) other permanent members of the Board of Directors. The Board may also decide the existence of permanent guests to the Innovation and Development Committee.*

6.2.3 *The Innovation and Development Committee meets at least four (4) times a year, when convened by its Chairperson, or by a majority of its members.*

6.2.4 *To carry out its work, the Innovation and Development Committee may audition the Group's senior executives, whether corporate officers or not."*

The Innovation and Development Committee is currently composed of six members, three of whom are independent.

Its members are:

- Marc de Garidel (Chairman);
- Antoine Flochel;
- Margaret Liu (independent member);
- Michèle Ollier;
- Pascal Touchon (independent member); and
- Piet Wigerinck (independent member).

Pascal Touchon was appointed member of the Innovation and Development Committee on 4 October 2023, replacing Paul Sekhri, who has resigned.

Anne Beaufour, permanent representative of Highrock S.à.r.l., Henri Beaufour and David Loew are permanent guests of the Innovation and Development Committee.

Activity of the Innovation and Development Committee

The Innovation and Development Committee met only once in 2023 due to the reduced number of business development opportunities to be presented. The attendance rate was 100%.

The Innovation and Development Committee Care mainly worked during the year on:

- the review and exam of external developments;
- the review and evolution of the main partnerships of the Group.

The activity of the Committee has been reported and, when appropriate, recommendations have been made to the Board, after each Committee meeting.

5.3 Executive management

5.3.1 Organization and *modus operandi* of the Executive Management

In accordance with legal provisions, the Executive Management of the Company is assumed, under his responsibility, either by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, then qualified as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, or by another individual appointed by the Board of Directors and bearing the title of Chief Executive Officer. The choice between these two methods of exercising Executive Management is made by the Board of Directors for a period of not less than one year.

At its meeting of 15 February 2016, the Board of Directors changed the Company's mode of governance by separating the functions of Chairman of the Board of Directors and of Chief Executive Officer. The separation of functions has been effective since 18 July 2016, date on which Marc de Garidel became Chairman of the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors of 28 May 2020 appointed David Loew Chief Executive Officer effective 1 July 2020.

5.3.2 Executive Management

5.3.2.1 Chief Executive Officer

Extract from the Ipsen S.A. Articles of Association as of 31 May 2023

"17.2 Prior approval by the Board of Directors

The Chief Executive Officer is required to obtain the Board of Directors' prior approval for the following matters:

- (i) Any decision relating to any investment, acquisition, divestment, disposal, sale or transfer (in any way whatsoever) of assets, branch or equity interests for a unit amount exceeding (i) thirty-five percent (35%) of the Core Operating Income ("COI") as published in the last available yearly financial statements or (ii) five percent (5 %) of the market capitalization of the Company as at the date of the contemplated transaction;
- (ii) Any decision on the Company's financial indebtedness resulting in (x) the consolidated net debt / consolidated EBITDA ratio being greater than 2 (using the EBITDA provided in the budget approved by the Board of Directors for the relevant period of time) or (y) a material off balance sheet commitment exceeding one of the thresholds mentioned in paragraph (i) immediately above; and
- (iii) Any other decision for which the Chief Executive Officer is required to obtain the Board of Directors' prior approval pursuant to the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors."

Extract of the Internal Rules of the Board of Directors, as of 31 May 2023, regarding the Chief Executive Officer

"Article 2.2 The Chief Executive Officer

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for:

- The general management of the Company;
- The chair of the Executive Leadership Team (ELT);
- Directing the Company and managing its operations.;
- Acting with the broadest powers in the name of the Company in all circumstances, subject to powers attributed by law to the Board of Directors or to the Shareholders' General Meeting.

Notwithstanding the above, the Chief Executive Officer is required to obtain Board of Directors prior approval for the following matters:

- Acquisition, licensing, sale of assets or equity investments or off-balance sheet commitment within an approved strategy exceeding a unit amount of €50 million commitment. Conditions of approval exceeding this amount are described in a detailed procedure established by the Company;
- Transfers of assets and/or equity interests, partnerships or joint ventures, financial investments exceeding a unit amount of €20 million;
- Any transaction or off-balance sheet commitment that is outside the Company's approved strategic framework with a financial impact exceeding €10 million;
- Capital expenditures (Capex) or divestures exceeding a unit amount of €20 million;
- Strategic internal restructuring operations (including significant reorganization and/or locations of major industrial and commercial sites) and having a financial impact exceeding €20 million;

- Financing transactions (including lease agreement) likely to modify the financial structure of the Company with a financial value exceeding €20 million;
- Any new mid or long-term debt financing of the Company and its subsidiaries, with a financial value exceeding €50 million; or any financing draw of the Company and its subsidiaries that would result in increasing above two (2) times the ratio of (i) consolidated net debt to (ii) consolidated EBITDA as set in the latest budget approved by the Board of Directors for the period;
- Creation, acquisition or transfer of legal entities when the total related investment exceeds €20 million;
- Litigations, penalties, fines, settlements, compromises, exceeding €10 million.

In each of the aforementioned situations, the amounts referred to must, for the same project, be assessed by aggregating all the actions and decisions relating to the same purpose or pursuing the same goal (whether the investment, divestiture, acquisition, transfer, indebtedness or contract in question is carried out in one or several installments by the Company or one or more of its subsidiaries over multiple years).

The Chief Executive Officer informs the Directors, or ensures that they are informed of inspections, verifications or injunctions of authorities, and keeps the Directors informed of relevant follow-ups in a timely fashion.

Upon invitation of the Committees' Chairpersons, the Chief Executive Officer may attend in all or part the meetings of the Committees of which he is not a member in an advisory capacity and may consult them on any issue within their area of competence."

Appointment and dismissal

When the Board of Directors chooses to separate the functions of Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer, it shall appoint the Chief Executive Officer, set the term of his office and, where applicable, determine the limits to his powers.

The Chief Executive Officer may be dismissed at any time by the Board of Directors. When the Chief Executive Officer does not assume the duties of Chairman of the Board of Directors, his dismissal may give rise to damages if it is decided without just cause.

The Chief Executive Officer is subject to the provisions of Article L.225-94-1 of the French Commercial Code relating to the simultaneous holding of offices as Chief Executive Officer, member of the Management Board, sole Chief Executive Officer, Director or member of the Supervisory Board of public limited companies having their registered office on French territory.

When the General Management is assumed by the Chairman of the Board of Directors, the provisions relating to the Chief Executive Officer apply to him.

Powers

The Chief Executive Officer is vested by the Articles of Association with the broadest powers to act in all circumstances in the name and on behalf of the Company. He exercises these powers within the limits of the corporate purpose, subject to those powers expressly granted by law to the Shareholders' Meetings and the Board of Directors, and in accordance with the provisions of Article 17.2 of the Articles of Association and those of article 2.2. of the Internal Rules of the Board above.

The Chief Executive Officer represents the Company in its dealings with third parties. The Company shall be bound even by acts of the Chief Executive Officer that are not in the Company's interest, unless it proves that the third party knew that the act exceeded this interest or that it could not have been unaware of this fact in the circumstances, it being specified that the mere publication of the Articles of Association is not sufficient to constitute such proof.

However, for certain Business Development transactions, the Board of Directors has determined thresholds, specific and distinct from those listed in the Internal Rules of the Board, for which the authorization of the Board, upon recommendation of the Innovation and Development Committee, will be required.

Executive Management

David Loew has been appointed Chief Executive Officer by the Board of Directors of 28 May 2020, effective from 1 July 2020. His biography is in Section 5.2.2.3.

For the purposes of his duties, the Chief Executive Officer is domiciled at the Company's registered office.

During 2023 financial year, as part of their duties, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and the Investor Relations Department met regularly with the Company's investors, notably at the moment of the presentation of the Company's financial results. During these meetings, they answered investors' questions about the Company's business. They reported to the Board of Directors. They also participated to investors' days. The presentations are available on Ipsen's website www.ipsen.com.

5.3.2.2 Executive Leadership Team

To allow the Chief Executive Officer to conduct its missions, an Executive Leadership Team ("ELT") that is responsible for managing the Company's day-to-day operations and for coordinating the Group's various scientific, strategic, commercial, legal and financial actions has been set up. The ELT is also responsible for establishing consistent management policies throughout the Group and for assisting the Chairman of the Board of Directors in implementing the Board's decisions.

Composition of the Executive Leadership Team at the date of the Document

The members of the ELT are as follows:

Name	Function	Date of entry in the ELT
David Loew	Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Executive Leadership Team	2020
Catherine Abi-Habib	Executive Vice President, Strategy, Transformation & Digital	2022
Bartosz (Bartek) Bednarz	Executive Vice President, Head of Global Product and Portfolio Strategy	2020
Stewart Campbell	Executive Vice President, President of Ipsen North America	2021
François Garnier	Executive Vice President, General Counsel & Chief Business Ethics Officer	2014
Christelle Huguët	Executive Vice President, Head of Research & Development	2023
Aymeric Le Chatelier	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer	2014
Philippe Lopes-Fernandes	Executive Vice President and Chief Business Officer	2020
Régis Mulo	Executive Vice President, Chief Human Resources Officer	2018
Aidan Murphy, Ph.D.	Executive Vice President, Technical Operations	2018
Mari Scheiffele	Executive Vice President, Specialty Care International	2021
Sandra Silvestri, M.D., Ph.D.	Executive Vice President, Chief Medical Officer	2023
Gwenan White	Executive Vice President, Communication and Public Affairs	2021

Biographies of ELT members can be found on the Company's website www.ipсен.com.

The members of the ELT, with the exception of David Loew, hold an employment contract with the Group. There are no other agreements or service contracts entered into between the Company or one of its subsidiaries and one of the members of the Company's ELT.

Policies of non-discrimination and diversity within the Group, and of management bodies diversity

A policy of non-discrimination and diversity has been implemented within the Group, presented to the Board of Directors in 2018 and reviewed during the 2019 financial year.

In addition, a policy on gender diversity within governing bodies was presented to the Ethics and Governance Committee on 9 February 2021.

In 2023, the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee approved a new set of ESG KPIs including one related to gender pay equity on 20 March 2023.

This KPI has been selected by the Compensation Committee as one of CEO variable compensation financial criteria.

In addition, progress related to diversity objectives as defined in 2018 and amended in 2019 have been presented to the Board of Directors at the annual Human Resources Strategy session on 29 March 2023.

More details regarding these policies can be found in Chapter 4 of this document.

5.4 Compensation of Corporate Officers

5.4.1 Compensation policy of Corporate Officers

These elements of the compensation policy for Corporate Officers are in line, in terms of principles and structure, with the policy approved by the Shareholders' Meeting of 31 May 2023.

In accordance with Article L.22-10-8 I of the French Commercial Code, this compensation policy also applies to Directors of the Company. It was drawn up by the Board of Directors, upon the recommendation of the Compensation Committee.

The compensation policy with regard to Corporate officers and their individual compensation is decided by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, outside the presence of the Executive Corporate Officers concerned.

In accordance with Article L.22-10-34 II of the French Commercial Code, compensation elements paid during the 2023 financial year or granted for the 2023 financial year to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and to the Chief Executive Officer shall be submitted to the vote of the shareholders at the Annual Combined Shareholders' Meeting to be held in 2024 to approve the financial statements for the financial year ended on 31 December 2023, following a specific resolution for each element.

5.4.1.1 General principles

Ipsen is a dynamic and growing global specialty-driven biopharmaceutical group, focused on innovation and Specialty Care, that is improving people's lives through differentiated medicines in Oncology, Neuroscience and Rare Disease. Ipsen's strong position in Specialty Care, provides the Company with the scale, expertise and stability needed to make a sustainable difference for people in a quickly evolving healthcare environment.

In this context, several elements are taken into consideration to determine Ipsen's compensation policy for Corporate Officers: consistency, comparability with the reference market, balance and alignment with the Company strategy and compliance with the AFEP-MEDEF Code.

The compensation policy adopted by the Board of Directors contains incentive elements that reflect Ipsen's strategic priorities, including prioritizing sustainable growth over the long-term by acting responsibly and respecting social interests.

To determine the compensation policy, the Board of Directors considers the principles of completeness, balance, comparability, consistency, clarity and proportionality as recommended by the AFEP-MEDEF Code of Corporate Governance.

The compensation policy reflects the level of responsibility of the Corporate Officers and Senior Executives. It is customized for the Company's unique context, remains competitive and acts as an incentive to advance Company performance over the medium- to long-term, in compliance with corporate and stakeholder interests, and contributes to the commercial strategy and sustainability of the Company. The compensation policy ensures that trends in the compensation of Corporate Officers are taking into consideration trends in compensation for all company employees. When determining and adjusting the compensation policy, the Compensation Committee and the Board of Directors considered the terms of compensation and employment for all Company employees, specifically the information covered in Article L.22-10-9 of the French Commercial Code.

The compensation policy covers all aspects of the fixed, variable and exceptional compensation, including benefits of any kind, paid or granted by the Company. It is decided based not only on the work completed, the results obtained, and the responsibility assumed, but also on the practices of comparable companies and the compensation of Ipsen's other senior executives.

The compensation of the Corporate Officers is structured as follows:

- fixed or base compensation;
- annual variable compensation (only for Executive Corporate Officers);
- allocation of stock options and performance shares under plans approved by the Board of Directors (only for Executive Corporate Officers);

- exceptional compensations and/or financial indemnity, as applicable (only for Executive Corporate Officers);
- eligibility for compensation paid or granted to Directors (for non-executive Corporate officers);
- other benefits (as applicable);
- payments, benefits and compensation granted to Executive Corporate Officers upon termination of their functions (as applicable);
- retirement schemes (as applicable).

In the event that the Board of Directors decides to appoint one or more Deputy Chief Executive Officers, the compensation policy applicable to the Deputy Chief Executive Officer would be the same as that applicable to the Chief Executive Officer.

In the event that the Board of Directors decides to combine the functions of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, the compensation policy applicable to the Chairman would be the same as that applicable to the Chief Executive Officer.

5.4.1.2 Decision-making process for setting, revising and implementing the compensation policy

The compensation policy for Corporate Officers is set by the Board of Directors upon proposal of the Compensation Committee. The Board of Directors refer to the AFEP-MEDEF Code for the determination of the compensation and benefits granted to the executive and non-executive Corporate Officers.

In accordance with the Board of Directors' Internal Rules, the main duties of the Compensation Committee are (i) to propose to the Board the various components of compensation paid to corporate officers, members of Executive Management and senior managers, (ii) to keep itself informed of the recruitment of key members of Company management other than the CEO and of the setting of and changes to the various components of their compensation, (iii) to issue recommendations regarding the amount and allocation of compensation paid to Board members and (iv) to make recommendations to the Board on the Company's compensation policy, employee savings plans, reserved allocation of securities granting access to capital, stock options or bonus shares, pension plans, or any other equivalent benefit. For more information concerning the Compensation Committee, see section 5.2.2.6 above.

The members of the Compensation Committee are chosen on the basis of their technical skills and their understanding of the industry standards, emerging trends and unique Company practices.

To carry out their mission, the members of the Committee regularly work with the Executive Vice President, Chief Human Resources Officer, to present the Company compensation policy and review the compensation policy to Corporate Officers.

In addition, the Chairman of the Committee, who is also the Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors, may work with the Chairperson of the Audit Committee to determine the Company's financial performance and the accounting and fiscal impacts of the Corporate Officers, and with the Chairman of the Board to study the alignment with the overall Company strategy.

The members of the Compensation Committee also discuss directly with the Chairman of the Board and the CEO their relative performance. An additional performance evaluation for both the Chairman and the CEO are conducted every year without their presence. The outcomes of the evaluations are subsequently presented to them.

In addition, to avoid or manage any conflict of interest, the Chairman of the Board and the CEO, if a Director, do not participate in the Board's deliberations on an element or commitment to their benefit.

The compensation policy is not subject to an annual review; however, certain terms and conditions for implementing the policy are defined by the Board of Directors on an annual basis, such as the performance criteria applicable to the annual variable compensation of the Chief Executive Officer. After consulting the Compensation Committee and, where appropriate, the other specialized Committees, the Board of Directors may temporarily waive the compensation policy of the Chief Executive Officer in the event of exceptional circumstances and in the event that changes are made are in line with social interest and necessary to guarantee the sustainability or viability of the Company.

This waiver may only be temporary and in exceptional circumstances, such as a major event affecting markets in general or that of biopharmaceutical products in particular. The events which could give rise to the use of this possibility of derogation from the compensation policy could be, without being limited to, exceptional external growth operations or a major change in strategy or in the event of a major economical, political or sanitary crisis.

The elements of compensation to which derogations may be made are the fixed compensation and the annual variable, and the derogations may consist of an increase or a decrease in the compensation concerned and/or adjustment of associated criteria.

In addition, the comments of shareholders, if any, are considered by the Company and the Board of Directors in determining the compensation policy.

5.4.1.3 Components of the compensation of corporate officers

(a) Compensation policy for corporate officers

The Board of Directors meeting on 8 February 2023, made changes to the compensation policies for the Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer with a desire for constant greater transparency and clarity.

The key points of this new policy are summarized below and detailed in the relevant paragraphs.

The Company has adjusted the compensation policy for the Chairman of the Board as follows:

- The Company disclosed for the first time the base compensation of the Chairman of the Board, amounting to €600,000 for the fiscal year 2024. It was also disclosed that this base compensation has remained unchanged since 2018.
- In 2023, the Company removed references to severance pay and to the non-compete clause given that the Chairman of the Board has reached the maximum age for the granting of these allowances.

The Company has adjusted the compensation policy for the Chief Executive Officer as follows:

- The Company has changed the presentation of the remuneration policy now includes graphs and new tables. These adjustments are aiming at facilitating the understanding for shareholders and investors.
- Grouping of recurring compensation items on one side, and exceptional compensation items on the other side. This new presentation of the compensation policy is in line with the Company's desire to constantly improve the clarity and transparency of its compensation policy.
- As for the Chairman of the Board, the Company now discloses the base salary of the CEO. The Board of Directors has revised the base salary of the CEO, effective July 2023, on the recommendation of the Compensation Committee. The fixed remuneration as of 1 July 2023 is, €1,025,000. This compensation had not changed since his arrival in 2020.
- In order to better taking into consideration internal and external evolutions, the CSR criterion of the annual variable compensation is presented in a specific way and became a criterion by itself.
- It is now clearly stated that the performance criteria for determining annual variable compensation are assessed independently of each other. Therefore, there is no impact of any criteria on another.
- The Company has decided to improve the transparency of the performance criteria in order to foster easier understanding of achievement rates.

- Following discussions with the various investors and other stakeholders, the Company has decided to implement a ceiling for the granting of options and performance shares. The grant of options and/or performance shares may in no case exceed 250% of the base compensation.
- The Company has decided to withdraw the multi-year variable compensation mechanism from the compensation policy for its CEO. This mechanism has not been used for many years.
- Following discussions with investors and shareholders as well as observed market practices, the Company has added ceilings to various compensation mechanisms. The Company has determined that exceptional compensation may not exceed 200% of annual compensation and the financial compensation of a new corporate officer may under no circumstances exceed a ceiling of 200% of annual compensation.
- In addition, the Company has decided to include a new section on the Board's power of waiver. This waiver may

only be temporary and in exceptional circumstances, such as a major event affecting markets in general or that of biopharmaceutical products in particular. Events that could give rise to the exercise of this option to depart from the remuneration policy could include, but are not limited to, exceptional external growth operations, a major change in strategy or a major economic, political or health crisis.

These changes allow the Company to align with policies and practices found in studies of a panel of comparable international companies.

(b) Compensation policy for Directors

The Board of Directors decided at its meeting on 10 November 2009, taking effect beginning in FY2010, and within the global limit of €1,200,000 approved by the Combined Shareholders' Meeting held on 7 June 2017 (until new decision), to allocate a compensation to the Board members as follows:

Compensation of the Board members

In euros	Full-year compensation amount
Board of Directors	
Chairman	n/a
Vice-Chairman	50,000
Member	40,000
Member representing the employees	n/a
Audit Committee	
Chairperson	35,000
Member	15,000
Nomination Committee	
Chairperson	20,000
Member	15,000
Compensation Committee	
Chairperson	35,000
Member	15,000
Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee	
Chairperson	20,000
Member	15,000
Innovation and Development Committee	
Chairperson	20,000*
Member	15,000
Other	
Additional lump-sum compensation for Committee members (attendance)	5,000

* Not currently applicable, as the Chairman of the Innovation and Development Committee is, as of the date of this document, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, and does not receive any remuneration as a director.

The Board of Directors can decide to allow an additional amount of €5,000 for intercontinental travel to attend a meeting of the Board.

The Board of Directors decided on 13 December 2017 to implement a variability system related to effective attendance based on the number of annual meetings of the Board and the Committees attended by each member, broken down as follows:

- payment of the fixed portion (40%) after the end of 1st half-year, and
- payment of the variable portion (60%) after the end of 2nd half-year, after accounting for the effective attendance at the Board and Committee meetings over the year.

Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Association, the Board of Directors may award exceptional compensation to Directors for the missions or mandates entrusted to them; as appropriate, the Statutory Auditors are notified of such compensation, which is submitted for approval to the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting.

Moreover, Directors representing the employees shall not receive any compensation in their capacity as Director. They have an open-ended employment contract with a subsidiary of the Company, including terms of advance notice and cancellation, in accordance with regulations.

In addition, the term of office of directors is mentioned in section 5.2.2.2 of this document.

(c) Compensation policy for the Chairman of the Board

a. Allocation of the various compensation components

The compensation policy is decided by the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, outside the presence of the Chairman.

The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, determines the relevant compensation components applicable to the Chairman of the Board, taking into consideration the Company environment, the scope of responsibilities, the Chairman's prior positioning and service within the Company, if applicable, and any other factors that would be relevant within the context of the Company.

b. Base compensation

Base compensation takes into account the base compensation of Ipsen's reference markets, particularly the pharmaceutical industry, and, given Ipsen's global footprint, companies with a similar size and environment across France, Europe and the U.S. The compensation is subject to be reviewed by the Board of Directors, typically at relatively long intervals, according to the Company's market position and changing responsibilities of the Chairman of the Board.

For information, the base compensation for 2024 remains unchanged since 2018 and is fixed at €600,000.

c. Variable compensation

The Board of Directors has decided that no annual or multi-annual variable compensation shall be paid or granted to the non-executive Chairman of the Board of Directors.

d. Stock options and performance shares

In accordance with the recommendations of the AFEP-MEDEF Code, the non-executive Chairman of the Board of Directors shall not benefit from stock option or performance share plans.

e. Other benefits

1. Compensation as a Director

The corporate officers who are members of the Board of Directors may, where appropriate, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, and by decision of the Board of Directors, receive a compensation granted on the basis of their positions as Directors according to the rules applicable to all of the Directors.

2. Other benefits

The Chairman of the Board may also be awarded benefits in respect of his duties carried out within Ipsen, including, but not limited to: assistance for the preparation and filing of personal income tax returns, global healthcare coverage (health coverage and death/disability insurance) under the Company's contract, administrative assistance, reimbursement of travel expenses and expenses incurred with the exercise of their corporate duties and D&O liability insurance.

f. Post-employment benefits

1. Post-employment benefits: severance pay and non-compete clause benefits

Historically, the Chairman of the Board has entered into an agreement with the Board of Directors on the implementation of a severance payment and payments relating to a non-compete clause. These two indemnities are detailed in the 2021 universal registration document.

As of 2023, the Chairman of the Board has exceeded the maximum age for application of these two indemnities.

As a result, the severance payment and the non-compete clause payments can no longer be applied to the Chairman of the Board.

2. Retirement schemes

Executive Corporate Officers may benefit from defined contribution plans or defined benefit retirement plans, which benefit the Company's executives more broadly, in accordance with the AFEP-MEDEF Code. These elements are considered as part of the determination of Executive Corporate Officers' global compensation.

Pursuant to the PACTE Law No. 2019-486 of 22 May 2019 and Ordinance No. 2019-697 of 3 July 2019 on supplementary pension plans, the defined benefit pension plan described below can no longer grant a right to acquire supplementary conditional rights as of 1 July 2019. On that date, it was also closed to new members of the Company.

This collective retirement scheme was implemented unilaterally by the Company in 2005 and adopted in a set of regulations which specified the rights and obligations of the relevant participants in the Company.

The establishment of non-vested rights is based on the level of liability accrued in the Company's books on 30 June 2019, (i.e., the Projected Benefits Obligations, PBO).

Establishment of the rights involves freezing the calculation of the defined-benefits pension at the level of the PBO at the closing date. No further rights were granted after the scheme was closed.

At the same time, an additional collective defined-contribution plan ("Article 83") was established on 1 July 2019. Under this plan, fully funded by the Company, executives may build up a supplementary retirement pension with a certain contribution percentage of the total compensation in cash (annual base and variable compensation).

To manage several types of situations, a defined-contribution plan with individual rights was established ("Article 82"). Under this scheme, fully funded by the Company, a custom amount to be outsourced to an insurance company can be determined, on an individual basis. This payment is subject to the condition of presence and the cumulative performance conditions, namely, as from 2019, (i) maintaining the level of the operating margin of the Company's activities during the three years preceding the departure at a minimum threshold of 20% and (ii) maintaining free cash flow before capital expenditure (CAPEX) during the three fiscal years preceding the departure at a minimum threshold of €300 million, in line with the Company strategy.

g. Exceptional compensation and/or financial indemnity

The non-executive Chairman of the Board of Directors shall not receive any exceptional compensation and/or financial indemnity.

(d) Compensation policy for Executive Corporate Officers, the Chief Executive Officer

a. Allocation of the various compensation components

The compensation policy is decided by the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, outside the presence of the Chief Executive Officer, CEO.

The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, determines the relevant compensation components applicable to the Chief Executive Officer while considering the Company environment, the scope of responsibilities, the CEO's prior positioning and service within the Company, if applicable, and any other factors that could be relevant within the Company context.

b. Base compensation

Base compensation considers compensation in Ipsen's reference markets, particularly in the pharmaceutical industry, and, given the international footprint of Ipsen and its strategy to be a global biopharmaceutical company focusing on Innovation and Specialty Care, companies with a similar size and environment in France, Europe and the U.S. It is subject to be reviewed by the Board of Directors, typically at relatively long intervals, in accordance with the Company's market position and changing responsibilities of the CEO.

The compensation policy for the Chief Executive Officer is set by the Board of Directors on the recommendation of the Compensation Committee.

The compensation of the Chief Executive Officer is determined after consideration of the compensation of the Chief Executive Officers of some fifteen international companies in the comparison panel, all operating in the healthcare sector, of similar size and revenue.

In view of the fact that the level of remuneration has remained unchanged since July 2020, external benchmarks, the Company's performance over the period 2020-2022 and changes in strategy including recent international acquisitions, the Board of Directors on 8 February 2023 wished to review the amount of the CEO's fixed remuneration.

The Board of Directors has increased the base compensation of the Chief Executive Officer by 7.8% as of 1 July 2023, representing a base compensation of EUR 1,025,000. This increase is consistent with the cumulative changes in the budgets for increases applicable to the Company's employees since 2020, and with the base compensation's positioning of the Chief Executive Officer was below the median of the base compensation of the Chief Executive Officers of the companies in this panel. For information the 2024 base compensation of the CEO is unchanged at EUR 1,025,00.

c. Annual variable compensation

Annual variable compensation is linked to the Company's overall performance and to the achievement of Executive Corporate Officers' personal targets. Every year, the Board of Directors defines qualitative and quantitative criteria for assessing the CEO's target objectives and subsequent variable compensation. Quantitative financial and CSR metrics are preponderant to the determination of total variable compensation and a limit is set on the allocation of variable compensation based on qualitative criteria.

Annual variable compensation is set based on a target variable compensation rate equal to 100% of the base compensation, within a range between 0 and 150%, in case of under or overperformance. It is also detailed that:

- the objectives set for the CEO directly correspond to the target objectives, approved by the Board, related to the overall financial success of the Company, at the date of budget setting and used to determine the annual objective by the Company;
- each criteria is evaluated independently, without any influence across criteria.

In order to take better account of internal and external developments, the CSR criterion, which is already included in the variable compensation of the Chief Executive Officer, is presented in a specific way and becomes a criterion in its own right in the annual variable compensation.

Thus the structure of variable compensation evolves as follows:

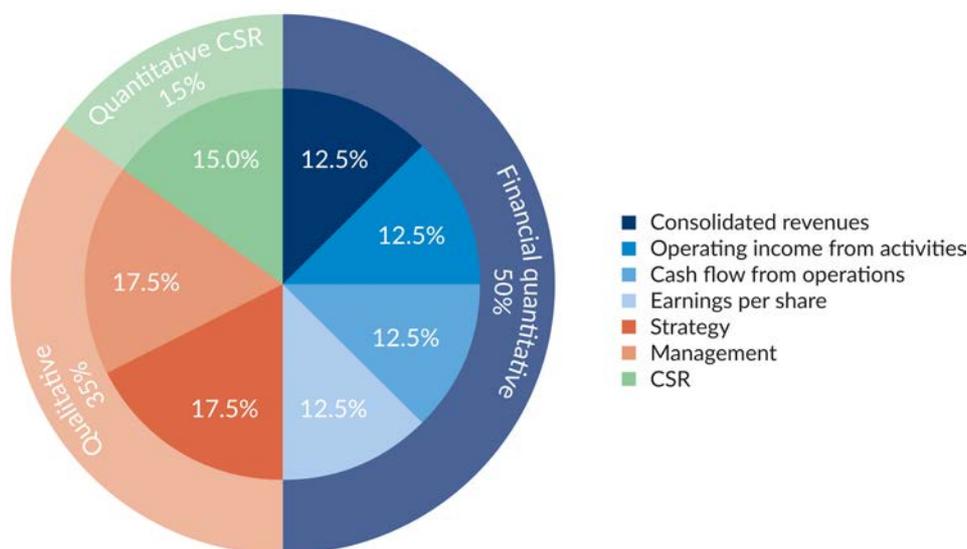
- 50% on quantifiable financial criteria, each equally weighted including: consolidated revenues, operating cash flow, operating income from operations and earnings per share;
- 15% on CSR quantifiable criteria including objectives

supporting the Company's Corporate Social Responsibility policy;

- 35% on qualitative criteria with two objectives equally weighted related to strategy and objectives related to management.

The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, determines the level of achievement of these performance criteria annually, with respect to the Company's financial position on 31 December of each year and some criteria pre-established each year.

Relative Weighting of Executive Corporate Officer Performance Criteria



Financial quantitative criteria	Minimum	Target	Maximum
Consolidated revenues	0.0%	12.5%	18.75%
Operating income from activities	0.0%	12.5%	18.75%
Net earnings per share	0.0%	12.5%	18.75%
Cash flow from operations	0.0%	12.5%	18.75%
Subtotal (financial quantitative criteria)	0.0%	50.0%	75.0%
Quantitative CSR criteria	Minimum	Target	Maximum
CSR	0.0%	15.0%	22.5%
Subtotal (quantitative CSR criteria)	0.0%	15.0%	22.5%
Qualitative criteria	Minimum	Target	Maximum
Strategy	0.0%	17.5%	26.25%
Management	0.0%	17.5%	26.25%
Subtotal (qualitative criteria)	0.0%	35.0%	52.5%
TOTAL	0.0%	100.0%	150.0%

The Board of Directors collectively assesses and determines the results achieved, the rate of achievement of each criterion and the amount of the annual variable compensation at the latest at the meeting dedicated to the consolidated financial statements for the year. Subject to approval by the Shareholders' Meeting, the Board of Directors can, in accordance with the second paragraph of III article L. 22-10-8 of the French Commercial Code, deviate from the standard application of the compensation policy in order to ensure that the annual variable compensation of the CEO correctly reflects the performance of the Company. If the Board of Directors decides, on a proposal from the Compensation Committee and due to very exceptional circumstances linked to external factors, to use this discretionary power, it should respect the principles set out in the compensation policy and provide shareholders with a clear, precise and complete explanation of its choice. This discretionary power would only apply to a limited part of the annual variable compensation and could increase or decrease the amount of the annual variable compensation theoretically reached (targeting performance criteria for the year) without ever exceeding the overall ceiling provided for in the compensation policy. Thus, the Board of Directors could determine, on a proposal from the Compensation Committee, that they would deviate from the standard compensation policy that was previously approved by the shareholders. This can occur for a fiscal year in which new and external circumstances, which were unpredictable when the Board was determining the compensation policy for the related fiscal year, significantly impacted, upward or downward, the rate of achievement of the performance criteria attached to annual variable compensation. The proposed compensation would be submitted to the vote of the next Shareholders' Meeting.

d. Stock options and performance shares

Executive Corporate Officers, as well as certain managing executives of the Group, may benefit from stock options and/or performance shares under plans approved and set each year by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee. In accordance with the AFEP-MEDEF Code recommendations (§26.2), non-executive officers shall not benefit from stock option and/or performance share plans.

Total stock options and performance shares can not exceed 250% of the base compensation.

The definitive number of stock options that will be granted to Executive Corporate Officers will depend upon the level of achievement of the performance conditions set by the Board of Directors, based on one or several internal criteria.

The definitive number of performance shares that will be vested will depend upon the level of achievement of the performance conditions set by the Board of Directors, which are based on one or several internal criteria (e.g., quantitative financial ratio) and on one or several external criteria (e.g., share price compared to a benchmark of comparable

companies). Each of these conditions shall be assessed by comparing the target threshold and the actual performance of the Company over the reference period used for the applicable plan. Each of these conditions may generate a payout varying within a range between zero to a certain pre-established percentage determined by the Board of Directors at the implementation of the plan.

For the year, the Company specifies that long-term compensation will be subject to performance criteria, as detailed below:

- financial criteria which will have the greatest weight amongst all criteria;
- a CSR criterion linked to the Company's long-term strategy in terms of corporate social responsibility;
- a criterion linked to the Company's R&D portfolio.

In addition, the Company leaves itself the possibility of changing the criteria related to long-term remuneration in the event of a major acquisition made by the Company during the year.

The Board of Directors has decided that Corporate Officers must retain, until the end of their term of office, a number of shares equivalent to 20% of the net capital gain that would be realized upon the sale of the shares resulting from the exercise of stock options and/or from the performance shares.

The total number of free shares allocated shall not exceed 3% of the share capital on the date of the Shareholders' Meeting that authorized the Board to proceed with the granting of shares, with the specification that the total number of shares to which the holders of options that may be granted by the Board of Directors are entitled shall be applied against that ceiling.

The total number of free shares that may be granted to Corporate Officers of the Company shall not exceed 20% of this budget, and vesting shall be subject to performance conditions set by the Board of Directors.

The shares granted to recipients shall be final at the end of a vesting period, for which the term shall be set by the Board of Directors at not less than two years, with the specification, however, that the vesting period for Executive Corporate Officers shall not be less than three years. The Board of Directors may stipulate a retention requirement at the end of the vesting period.

Nevertheless, in the event of death, disability, retirement or Change of Control granted by the Board of Directors before the end of the acquisition period, the beneficiary or, if applicable, its assignees, can keep their rights.

The Executive Corporate Officers who are beneficiaries of these stock options and/or performance shares undertook a formal commitment not to engage in hedging transactions either on their options or shares issued following the exercise of options or on performance shares granted until the end of the holding period decided by the Board of Directors.

The Board of Directors has established blackout periods preceding the publication of half-annual and annual financial statements and sales figures during which it is not permitted to carry out any transaction on Company shares and has established the following procedure:

- the dates of the blackout periods for each fiscal year are communicated at the beginning of each year and before each blackout period,
- outside blackout periods, an identified person must be consulted to ensure that no insider information is held.

e. Other benefits

The Chief Executive Officer may also be awarded benefits in respect of his or her duties carried out within Ipsen, including benefits in kind (e.g., Company car and temporary accommodation, school fees), assistance for the preparation and filing of personal income tax returns, global healthcare coverage (e.g., mutual and life/disability schemes) under Company contracts, reimbursement of travel expenses and expenses incurred with the exercise of their corporate duties, and D&O liability insurance.

f. Post-employment benefits

1. Severance payment

Executive Corporate Officers may benefit from a severance payment clause, granted in the event of termination of their duties, the terms of which have been decided in 2020 by the Board of Directors in accordance with the recommendations of the AFEP-MEDEF Code:

- payment is granted only in the event of a forced departure (*départ contraint*) as defined by the AFEP-MEDEF Code, it being specified that the payment is excluded if the Corporate Officer leaves the Company on a voluntary basis;
- payment is equal to 24 months of gross fixed compensation paid for his duties (fixed and variable annual compensation) for the corporate office;
- the granting of payment is subject to two cumulative performance conditions: (i) maintaining the level of the operating margin of the Company's activities during the three years preceding the departure at a minimum threshold of 20% and (ii) maintaining free cash flow before capital expenditure (CAPEX) during the three fiscal years preceding the departure at a minimum threshold of €300 million, in line with the Company strategy;
- payment includes 50% of the amount due under the non-compete agreement associated with the CEO.

It is specified that the Board of Directors may waive the implementation of the non-compete clause upon the departure of the Chief Executive Officer by decision of the Board.

2. Non-compete payment

The Board of Directors has concluded a non-compete agreement with the CEO in case of departure from the Company for a reason other than a Change of Control. This agreement shall be valid for a certain period following the date of departure.

The non-compete payment may not exceed a ceiling of two years of total compensation (base and annual variable), including, if applicable, the amount of a severance payment, up to 50%.

It is specified that no non-compete benefit will be paid once the CEO claims his pension rights and that no benefit can be paid in this respect if the CEO has reached the age of 65 on the effective date of departure.

It is also specified that the Board of Directors can waive the application of the non-compete agreement upon departure of the Chief Executive Officer by decision of the Board.

3. Retirement schemes

Executive Corporate Officers may benefit from defined contribution plans or defined-benefit plans, which more broadly benefit Company executives, in accordance with the AFEP-MEDEF Code. These elements are considered when determining Executive Corporate Officers' global compensation.

An additional collective defined contribution scheme ("Article 83") was established on 1 July 2019. This scheme, fully funded by the Company, allows Executives to build a supplementary retirement pension with a certain percentage of contribution coming from total cash compensation (annual base compensation and variable).

To manage several types of situations, a defined contribution scheme with individual rights ("Article 82") was established. Under this scheme, fully funded by the Company, a custom amount can be outsourced to an insurance company, determined on an individual basis. It will be subject to several cumulative performance conditions, which are (i) maintenance of the operating margin rate of the Group's activities during the three years preceding the departure at a minimum threshold of 20% and (ii) the maintenance of the free cash flow before capital expenditure (CAPEX) during the three fiscal years preceding the departure at a minimum threshold of €300 million, in line with the Group's strategy.

g. Exceptional compensation

1. Exceptional compensation and/or financial indemnity

The Board of Directors may decide, in case of specific circumstances or events, to grant exceptional compensation to the Chief Executive Officer. The grant of exceptional compensation will be calculated based on the total annual compensation.

It could not exceed 200% of the base compensation.

It can decide to grant an exceptional compensation and/or an exceptional financial indemnity to the Chief Executive Officer while taking into account the specific circumstances in which he carries out his duties.

2. Special financial indemnity

The Board of Directors may grant a special financial indemnity to a new Executive Corporate Officer coming in from a company outside of Ipsen, in order to offset any loss of benefits previously received. This indemnity may be paid in cash, in performance shares or in a mix of cash and performance shares. Any granting of performance shares as part of the Special financial indemnity shall be subject to the terms and conditions set forth in section h. (Stock options and performance shares) hereafter.

It can not exceed 200% of the annual compensation.

h. Waiver authority of Board of Directors

The Board of Directors may, in accordance with Article L. 22-10-8, III paragraph 2 of the French Commercial Code, depart from the application of the remuneration policy when such departure is temporary, consistent with the Company's interests and necessary to ensure the Company's long-term survival or viability.

Such a waiver may only be made temporarily and in exceptional circumstances, in particular a major event affecting the markets in general or the biopharmaceutical products market in particular. The events that could give rise to the exercise of this discretionary power could include, but are not limited to, exceptional external growth transactions, a major change in strategy or a major economic, political or health crisis.

This discretionary power would apply only to a limited portion of the annual variable compensation and could be

exercised either upwards or downwards on the amount of the bonus theoretically achieved (in particular by targeting the performance criteria for the year in question) in application of the performance criteria for the year, without ever exceeding the overall ceiling provided for by the compensation policy.

The Board will provide a detailed justification for any deviation from this limit, taking into account the impact on the Company's performance and the economic consequences of these exceptional circumstances.

The variable annual compensation will be subject to a vote by the General Meeting and may only be paid if the latter votes in favor, in accordance with the provisions of Articles L. 22-10-8 and L. 22-10-34, II of the French Commercial Code.

5.4.2 Compensation of Corporate Officers (Article L.22-10-34 I of the French Commercial Code)

5.4.2.1 Compensation of the Board members

The Board of Directors decided at its meeting on 10 November 2009, with effect from the FY 2010, and within the global limit of €1,200,000 approved by the Combined Shareholders' Meeting held on 7 June 2017 (until new decision), to allocate a compensation to the Board members as follows:

Compensation of the Board members

In euros	Full-year compensation amount
Board of Directors	
Chairman	n/a
Vice- Chairman	50,000
Member	40,000
Member representing the employees	n/a
Audit Committee	
Chairperson	35,000
Member	15,000
Nomination Committee	
Chairperson	20,000
Member	15,000
Compensation Committee	
Chairperson	35,000
Member	15,000
Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee	
Chairperson	20,000
Member	15,000
Innovation and Development Committee	
Chairperson	20,000*
Member	15,000
Other	
Additional lump-sum compensation for Committee members (attendance)	5,000

* Not currently applicable, as the Chairman of the Innovation and Development Committee is, as of the date of this document, the Chairman of the Board of Directors, and does not receive any remuneration as a director.

The Board of Directors can decide to allow an additional amount of €5,000 for intercontinental travel to attend a meeting of the Board.

The Board of Directors decided on 13 December 2017 to implement a variability system related to effective attendance based on the number of annual meetings of the Board and the Committees which they attended, broken down as follows:

- payment of the fixed portion (40%) at the end of 1st half-year; and,

- payment of the variable portion (60%) at the end of 2nd half-year after accounting for the effective attendance at the Board and Committee meetings over the year.

The following table shows the amounts paid during the 2022 and 2023 fiscal years and awarded for those same fiscal years.

**Individual amount and other compensation paid or granted to Directors (gross amounts – rounded)
(table 3 of AMF recommendations)**

Directors	Amounts granted for 2022	Amounts paid ⁽¹⁾ in 2022 (for 2 nd half 2021 and 1 st half 2022)	Amounts granted for in 2023	Amounts paid ⁽¹⁾ in 2023 (for 2 nd half 2022 and 1 st half 2023)
Marc de Garidel ⁽¹⁾				
- Compensation as Director	-	-	-	-
- Other compensation	see section 5.4.2.2	see section 5.4.2.2	see section 5.4.2.2	see section 5.4.2.2
Antoine Flochel				
- Compensation as Director	€165,000	€165,000	€165,000	€165,000
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Highrock S.à.r.l.				
- Compensation as Director	€45,000	€43,080	€45,000	€45,000
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Henri Beaufour				
- Compensation as Director	€38,400	€40,000	€36,000	€38,400
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Naomi Binoche ⁽²⁾				
- Compensation as Director	-	-	-	-
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Beech Tree S.A.				
- Compensation as Director	€97,500	€105,000	€95,000	€96,500
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Laetitia Ducroquet ⁽³⁾				
- Compensation as Director	-	-	-	-
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Margaret Liu				
- Compensation as Director	€110,900	€120,973	€130,000	€119,900
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
David Loew ⁽⁴⁾				
- Compensation as Director	-	-	-	-
- Other compensation	see section 5.4.2.3	see section 5.4.2.3	see section 5.4.2.3	see section 5.4.2.3
Michèle Ollier				
- Compensation as Director	€61,800	€65,000	€65,000	€61,800
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Paul Sekhri ⁽⁵⁾				
- Compensation as Director	€89,132	€109,000	€79,622	€85,453
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Carol Stuckley ⁽⁶⁾				
- Compensation as Director	-	€44,238	-	-
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Pascal Touchon ⁽⁷⁾				
- Compensation as Director	-	-	€31,945	-
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Piet Wigerinck				
- Compensation as Director	€80,000	€76,400	€78,000	€80,000
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Karen Witts				
- Compensation as Director	€101,819	€46,468	€115,000	€104,351
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Carol Xueref				
- Compensation as Director	€122,500	€125,000	€115,000	€121,500
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-
Total / Gross amount				
- Compensation as Director	€912,051	€940,159	€955,568	€917,904 ⁽⁸⁾
- Other compensation	-	-	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Amounts paid on a half-year basis in arrears (within the month following each half-year closing), calculated *pro rata temporis* on the time spent in office during the half-year, if applicable. The variability system of the directors' compensation has been applicable since 1 January 2018.

⁽¹⁾ Marc de Garidel does not receive any compensation as Director. The compensation elements of Marc de Garidel paid or granted as Chairman of the Board of Directors are presented in section 5.4.2.2 of this document.

⁽²⁾ Naomi Binoche was designated as Director representing the employees by the Central Social and Economic Committee on 17 May 2022 and does not receive any compensation relating to her mandate. She holds an employment contract with the Company and, as such, receives compensation that is unrelated to the exercise of her mandate. As a result, this compensation is not communicated.

⁽³⁾ Laetitia Ducroquet has been designated as Director representing the employees by the European Works Council on 6 November 2020 and does not receive any compensation relating to her mandate. She holds an employment contract with the Company and, as such receives compensation that is unrelated to the exercise of her mandate. As a result, this compensation is not communicated.

⁽⁴⁾ David Loew does not receive any compensation as Director. The compensation elements of David Loew as Chief Executive Officer are presented in section 5.4.2.3 of this document.

⁽⁵⁾ Director until October 2023, the amount of directors' compensation has been calculated on a *pro rata* basis for the duration of the functions during the year 2023.

⁽⁶⁾ Director until August 2021, the amount of directors' compensation has been calculated on a *pro rata* basis for the duration of the functions during the year 2021.

⁽⁷⁾ Director since 4 October 2023, the amount of directors' fees has been calculated *pro rata temporis* on the basis of time spent in office during the year 2023.

⁽⁸⁾ The amounts shown are gross amounts. In 2023, individual directors received a net amount, after deduction, of 12.8% for foreign tax residents and 30% for French residents for withholding tax. Legal entity directors received a net amount after deduction of 25% for withholding tax.

5.4.2.2 Compensation of the Chairman of the Board

The compensation elements of Marc de Garidel, Chairman of the Board of Directors, were determined by the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, at its meeting held on 28 May 2019 further to the renewal of his office. These elements remain unchanged from 2023.

In accordance with the Articles L.22-10-8 and L.22-10-34 of the French Commercial Code, the compensation elements paid during the fiscal year ending 31 December 2023, or granted for the year ending 31 December 2023, to Marc de Garidel in respect of his term of office as Chairman of the Board of Directors, comply with the compensation policy

approved by the Shareholders' Meeting held on 31 May 2023 in its thirteenth ordinary resolution.

Furthermore, the compensation policy applicable to Marc de Garidel, in respect of his duties as Chairman of the Board, was determined by the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, at its meeting held on 7 February 2024 and will be the subject of a resolution submitted to the approval of the next Shareholders' Meeting.

It is specified that the Chairman of the Board of Directors does not receive variable compensation, multi-annual variable compensation, subscription or purchase options, or performance shares.

A. Summary tables of compensations, options and shares granted to Marc de Garidel, Chairman of the Board

a. Summary table of compensations, options and performance shares (table 1 of the AMF recommendations)

Total amount of compensations, options and performance shares granted for 2023

<i>(gross rounded amount - in euros)</i>	2022 Fiscal Year	2023 Fiscal Year
Marc de Garidel		
Chairman of the Board of Directors		
Compensation due for the year (see details below)	600,000	600,000
Book value of multi-annual variable compensations granted during the year	—	—
Book value of the options granted during the year	—	—
Book value of the performance shares granted during the year	—	—
Book value of other long-term compensation plans	—	—
Total	600,000	600,000

b. Summary table of compensations (table 2 of the AMF recommendations)

Total amount of the compensations for 2023 financial year

<i>(gross rounded amount - in euros)</i>	2022		2023	
	Amounts granted	Amounts paid	Amounts granted	Amounts paid
Marc de Garidel				
Chairman of the Board of Directors				
Base compensation	600,000	600,000	600,000 ⁽¹⁾	600,000 ⁽¹⁾
Annual Variable Compensation	—	—	—	—
Multi-annual variable compensation	—	—	—	—
Exceptional compensation	—	—	—	—
Director's fee	—	—	—	—
Benefits in kind	—	—	—	—
Total	600,000	600,000	600,000	600,000

⁽¹⁾ The Board of Directors, at its meeting held on 7 February 2024, confirmed the base compensation of Marc de Garidel to an unchanged annual amount of €600,000, in accordance with what was decided by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 28 March 2018.

B. Details of the compensation elements granted to Marc de Garidel, Chairman of the Board of Directors

The compensation of the Chairman is determined by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee.

The Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, fixed, at its meeting held on 28 May 2019, the compensation elements of Marc de Garidel in respect of his duties as Chairman of the Board of Directors. These elements remain unchanged for 2023.

It is recalled that Marc de Garidel was Chairman and Chief Executive Officer until 18 July 2016.

Base compensation

Base compensation is subject to be reviewed by the Board of Directors according to the Company's market position and accounting for changing responsibilities of the Chairman of the Board.

In compliance with the compensation policy applicable to the Chairman of the Board of Directors of Ipsen, approved at the Shareholders' Meeting of 31 May 2023 in its tenth ordinary resolution, and in compliance with the AFEP-MEDEF Code, the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, also confirmed the base compensation of Marc de Garidel to an unchanged annual amount at €600,000.

Annual variable compensation

The Board of Directors has decided that Marc de Garidel will not receive any variable compensation in respect of his duties as Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Stock options and performance shares

The Board of Directors has decided that Marc de Garidel will not receive any stock options and/or performance shares in respect of his duties as Chairman of the Board.

Compensation as a Director

The Board of Directors has decided that Marc de Garidel will not receive any compensation as a Director, in respect of his office as Chairman of the Board of the Company.

Other benefits

Marc de Garidel receives benefits resulting from the conditions linked to the performance of his duties at Ipsen. The detail of those benefits is as follows:

- assistance in the preparation and filing of personal income tax returns, in relation to his Ipsen compensation in France;
- access to a car driver pool for travel in relation to his Ipsen functions;

- D&O liability insurance consistent with the D&O liability insurance of the Ipsen Group;
- reimbursement of professional expenses incurred in relation to the exercise of his duties at Ipsen; and
- administrative support provided by the Ipsen executive assistants of the Company in relation to his duties at Ipsen.

C. Subscription and/or purchase options and performance shares granted to Marc de Garidel, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer until 18 July 2016

Executive directors and other Company senior executives can be awarded stock options and/or performance shares in the scope of the plans approved and set every year by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee. The number of shares vested shall depend on whether applicable performance conditions are met.

In accordance with the AFEP-MEDEF Code (§26.2), no stock options and/or performance shares have been granted to Marc de Garidel, with respect to his office as Chairman of the Board, since 18 July 2016.

Summary of performance shares granted

Marc de Garidel did not benefit from performance shares during FY 2023.

In accordance with the provisions of Article L.225-197-1 of the French Commercial Code, the Board of Directors, at its meetings held on 30 June 2011, 30 March 2012, 28 March 2013, 27 March 2014, 1 April 2015 and 31 May 2016, established rules requiring the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer to retain a number of shares resulting from performance shares, until the end of his term of office, equivalent to 20% of the net capital gain that would be realized upon the sale of the shares resulting from performance shares.

Marc de Garidel, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer until 18 July 2016, undertook a formal commitment not to engage in hedging transactions, either on his options, on shares issued following the exercise of options or on performance shares granted, until the end of the holding period that has been decided by the Board of Directors. Regarding the knowledge of the Company, no hedging transactions have been implemented.

Performance shares that have become available during the 2023 fiscal year

During FY 2023, no performance shares became available to the Chairman of the Board.

**D. Summary of commitments made to Marc de Garidel, Chairman of the Board of Directors
(table 11 of AMF recommendations)**

	Employment contract		Additional pension scheme		Payments or benefits granted or to be granted in connection with the termination or change of functions		Compensation under a non-compete clause	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Marc de Garidel		X	X			X		X

Employment contract

Marc de Garidel, Chairman of the Board, does not have any employment contract.

Retirement scheme

It is specified that additional pension plans are taken into account in the determination of the total compensation.

Marc de Garidel, Chairman of the Board, may potentially benefit from the Company's defined-benefit additional pension scheme pursuant to the decision of the Board of Directors held on 8 July 2016. This pension commitment more broadly benefits the Company's executives.

The benefit of the pension commitment is subject to:

- a minimum 5-year service,
- claiming Social Security pension at a full rate, and
- the termination of any professional activity with the Company at the date of the liquidation of basic and additional pensions.

However, the right is maintained in case of early retirement or dismissal after the age of 55, subject to non-resumption of professional activity or if classified as having a 2nd or 3rd category of disability.

Furthermore, in case of death of the beneficiary during retirement, the potential right to widow or widower's pension is maintained.

In accordance with regulations, the benefit of this supplementary pension plan is subject to a condition of presence and a cumulative performance condition; the performance conditions are (i) the maintenance of the operating margin rate of the Group's activities during the three years preceding the departure at a minimum threshold of 20% and a second cumulative performance condition has been introduced with (ii) the maintenance of the free cash flow before capital expenditure (CAPEX) during the three fiscal years preceding the departure at a minimum threshold of 300 million, in line with the Group's strategy.

The pension is calculated at a rate of 0.6% per year of seniority to the part of the reference compensation below 8 times the Annual Social Security Ceiling ("PASS") and at a rate of 1% for the part of the reference compensation in excess of 8 times the PASS.

The reference compensation is the average of the total gross compensation received for a full-time position (bonus included) during the last 36 months preceding the end of the contract and/or corporate mandate. Severance payments, expense reimbursement, profit-sharing and incentives are excluded.

Seniority is limited to 40 years.

Terms governing survivors' pension benefits are set forth in the plan.

The annual pension owed to the beneficiaries shall not exceed 45% of their base and variable compensation.

The potential rights are financed by non-individualized premiums paid to an insurance institution. These premiums are deductible from the corporate tax base and subject to the contribution set forth in article L.137-11, I, 2° a) of the Social Security Code at the rate of 24%.

It is reminded that the Company's supplementary defined-benefit pension plan was closed as of 30 June 2019 and that conditional rights were crystallized as of that date for each eligible beneficiary.

For Marc de Garidel, the amount of the annual pension established, as of 31 December 2022, is estimated at €49,527, an amount that remains unchanged since June 2019.

The closure of the defined-benefit scheme in 2019, reduces the expected pension for Marc de Garidel to a level below that calculated in 2016.

Therefore, it was proposed to create an additional individual defined contribution plan ("Article 82") to fill the gap left by the defined-benefit pension after crystallization and the level calculated in 2016. This would be paid at time of retirement. The term retirement here is qualified as (1) having vested full rights under the French Social Security system ("*retraite à taux plein*") and (2) not being a "*mandataire social*" (corporate officer) of Ipsen anymore.

The payment under this individual defined contribution plan will be subject to condition of presence and cumulative performance conditions.

The payment related to this scheme would require validation of the performance achievement by the Board of Directors and would be submitted to vote at the General Shareholders' Meeting.

For the year ended 31 December, 2023, the Company made no payments under this supplementary pension plan.

Payments or benefits granted or likely to be granted upon termination of his functions within the Group and non-competition indemnities.

Historically, the Chairman of the Board has entered into an agreement with the Board of Directors concerning the implementation of a severance payment and indemnities relating to a non-compete clause. These two indemnities are detailed in the 2021 universal registration document.

Since 2023, the Chairman of the Board has exceeded the maximum age for the application of his two indemnities.

As a result, the severance payment and indemnities related to a non-compete clause are no longer applicable to the Chairman of the Board.

5.4.2.3 Compensation of the CEO

At its meeting on 28 May 2020, the Board of Directors appointed David Loew as Chief Executive Officer with effect from 1 July 2020.

For FY 2023, the compensation elements of David Loew, Chief Executive Officer, were determined by the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, at its meeting held on 7 February 2024.

In accordance with Articles L.22-10-8 and L.22-10-34 of the French Commercial Code, the compensation elements paid during the fiscal year ending 31 December 2023 or granted to David Loew, Chief Executive Officer, for the fiscal year ended on 31 December 2023, in respect of his term of office, comply with the compensation policy approved by the Shareholders' Meeting held on 31 May 2023 in its eleventh ordinary resolution.

It is specified that the payment of the variable compensation elements allocated for FY 2023 will depend on the approval by the next Shareholders' Meeting, to be held in 2024, with reference to the compensation elements paid during the previous year or allocated for the previous year.

In accordance with Articles L.22-10-8 and L.22-10-34 of the French Commercial Code, the compensation policy applicable to David Loew, with respect to his duties as Chief Executive Officer, was determined by the Board of Directors, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, at its meeting held on 7 February 2024 and will be subject to a resolution submitted to the approval of the next Shareholders' Meeting.

A. Summary tables of compensations, options and shares granted to David Loew, Chief Executive Officer**Summary table of compensations, options and performance shares (table 1 of AMF recommendations)**

(gross rounded amount - in euros)	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2023
David Loew		
Chief Executive Officer from 1 July 2020		
Compensation granted for the year (see details below)	2,222,000	2,113,782
Book value of multi-annual variable compensations granted during the year	-	-
Book value of the options granted during the year	-	-
Book value of the bonus shares granted during the year ⁽¹⁾	2,106,164 ⁽²⁾	2,247,971 ⁽³⁾
Book value of other long-term compensation plans	-	-
Total	4,328,164	4,361,753

⁽¹⁾ For further details, see section 5.4.2.3 paragraphs B and C below.

⁽²⁾ It was decided by the Board to grant performance shares with a book value of €2,106,164.

⁽³⁾ It was decided by the Board to grant performance shares with a book value of €2,247,971.

Summary table of compensations (table 2 of the AMF recommendations)

(gross rounded amount - in euros)	2022		2023	
	Amounts granted	Amounts paid	Amounts granted	Amounts paid
David Loew				
Chief Executive Officer				
Base Compensation	950,000 ⁽¹⁾	950,000 ⁽¹⁾	987,500 ⁽¹⁾	987,500 ⁽¹⁾
Annual Variable Compensation	1,254,000	1,330,000	1,108,282 ⁽²⁾	1,254,000
Multi-annual variable compensation	-	-		
Exceptional Compensation	-	-		
- Integration within the Group				
Special financial indemnity	-	500,000 ⁽³⁾		
Compensation as a Director	-	-		
Benefits in kind	18,000 ⁽⁴⁾	18,000 ⁽⁴⁾	18,000 ⁽⁴⁾	18,000 ⁽⁴⁾
Total	2,222,000	2,798,000	2,113,782	2,259,500

⁽¹⁾ The Board of Directors of 28 May 2020, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, decided to set the annual compensation of the Chief Executive Officer for 2020 at €950,000. The annual compensation has been unchanged for 2021 and for 2022. The Board of Directors at its meeting held on 8 February 2023 upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, decided to set the annual base salary at €1,025,000 as of 1 July.

⁽²⁾ The Board of Directors, at its meeting held on 7 February 2024, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, decided to set the gross target annual variable compensation at €1,025,000, which may vary within a range between 0% and 150% (i.e. €0 up to €1,537,500). The Board of Directors, at its meeting held on 7 February 2024, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee and in light of the achievement of the criteria it had established, fixed the amount of the annual variable compensation for the Chief Executive Officer for 2023 at €1,108,282. This variable compensation will be paid in 2024, subject to the Shareholders' Meeting approval of the compensation elements paid during the previous fiscal year or granted for the previous fiscal year to the Chief Executive Officer. The performance criteria are presented in paragraph B below.

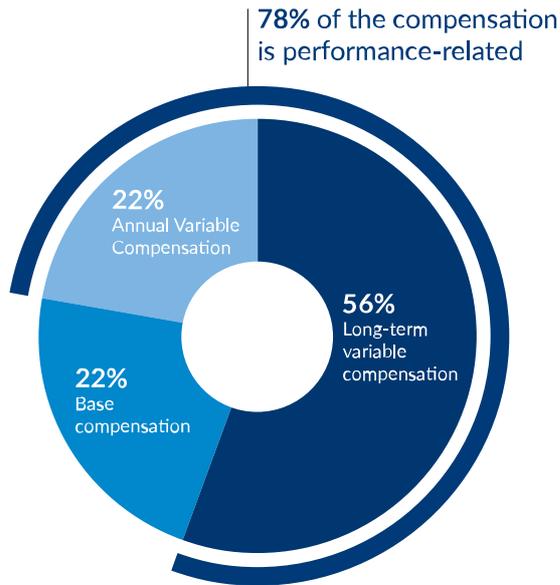
⁽³⁾ The Boards of Directors of 28 May and 29 July 2020, to compensate for the loss of his existing financial package at his current employer, decided to grant to David Loew:

- an indemnity of €1,000,000 in cash, paid half in the month of the first anniversary of the effective date of taking office as Chief Executive Officer and half in the month of the second anniversary of the effective date of taking office as Chief Executive Officer. These payments will be subject to a presence requirement of David Loew within the Company on the day on which they are made. He was present in July 2021 and received half of this indemnity and the second part in July 2022;
- an allocation of 6,579 performance shares for an equivalent amount of €500,000, which will be granted no later than the month following the effective date of taking office as Chief Executive Officer. The acquisition of these shares will be subject to a presence requirement and performance conditions (see below, paragraph B "Special financial indemnity").

⁽⁴⁾ Benefits in kind are defined in paragraph B hereunder "Other benefits".

B. Details of the compensation elements granted to David Loew, Chief Executive Officer

The compensation of the Chief Executive Officer is determined by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee.

Compensation package for the year 2023**Base compensation**

Determination of base compensation for the CEO takes into account Ipsen's reference markets. It is subject to be reviewed by the Board of Directors, typically at relatively long intervals, according to the Company's market position and taking account changing responsibilities of the CEO.

The Board of Directors, at its meeting held on 8 February 2023 and upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee, has confirmed David Loew's base compensation at a gross annual amount of €1,025,000, as of 1 July 2023.

Annual variable compensation

The annual variable compensation is linked to the Company's global performance and to the realization of personal goals set for the Chief Executive Officer.

For FY 2023, the Board of Directors decided to grant David Loew a target gross annual variable compensation of €1,025,000 (corresponding to 100% of the objectives achieved), which may vary within a range of 0 to 150% (i.e., from €0 to €1,537,500).

Half (50%) of this target amount depends on four quantifiable criteria of equal weighting, based on the levels achieved of (i) net sales, (ii) core operating income, (iii) free cash flow before capital expenditure (CAPEX), (iv) earnings per share fully diluted; 15% depends on quantifiable CSR criteria; the remaining part (35%): (i) strategy, (ii) management; details related to the strategy and to the management criteria not made public for confidentiality reasons.

The weighting, the possible variation and the percentage of realization of the quantitative and qualitative objectives decided by the Board of Directors are as follows:

Quantifiable criteria	Minimum	Target ⁽¹⁾	Maximum	Level of Achievement	Comments
Consolidated net sales	12.50%	83%	10%	€106,344	Consolidated Net Sales at constant exchange rates below the target of 3,19m€ - achieved at 3,16m€.
Core operating income	12.50%	98%	12%	€125,563	Core Operating Income (at current exchange rates) slightly below the target fixed at 980m€, achieved at 977m€.
Earnings per share	12.50%	146%	18%	€187,063	Earnings per Share Fully diluted, the target fixed at 5.2 achieved at 5.6 above the target.
Free cash flow	12.50%	109%	14%	€139,656	Free Cash Flow Excluding Capex, target fixed at 823m€ achieved at 832m€ above the target.
Sub-total	50%	109%	55%	€558,625	

Qualitative criteria	Minimum	Target ⁽¹⁾	Maximum	Level of Achievement	Comments
RSE	15.00%	95%	14%	€146,063	Diminution of Ipsen CO ₂ gaz emissions; gender pay equity between women and men: decrease of the average global gap.
Sub-total	15%		14%	146 063 €	

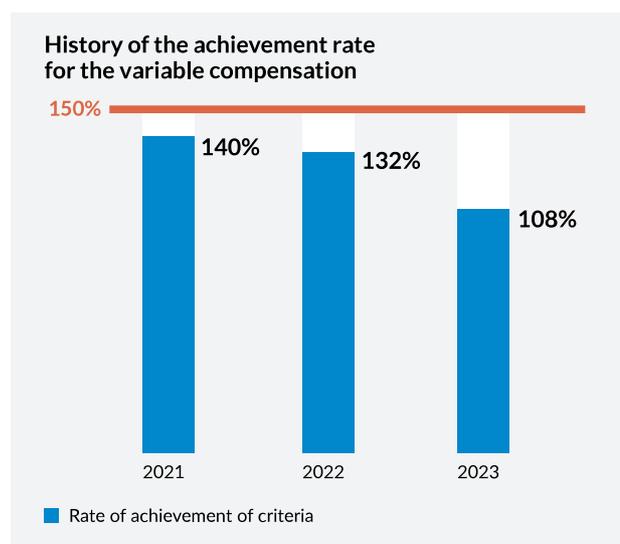
Qualitative criteria	Minimum	Target ⁽¹⁾	Maximum	Level of Achievement	Comments
Strategy	17.50%	75%	13%	€134,531	Information not communicated for confidentiality reasons.
Management	17.50%	150%	26%	€269,063	Information not communicated for confidentiality reasons.
Sub-total	35%	112.5%	39%	€403,594	
TOTAL	100%	108%	108%	€1,108,282	

(1) Percentage of achievement decided by the Board of Directors in its meeting of 7 February 2024.

At its meeting on 7 February 2024, upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee and given the realization of the criteria it had established, the Board of Directors set the amount of the Chief Executive Officer's variable annual compensation for FY 2023 to €1,108,282 corresponding to 108% of the base compensation.

The payment of the variable compensation elements for David Loew is subject to approval at the Annual Shareholders' Meeting, to be held in 2024, to approve the financial statements for the year that ended on 31 December 2023, regarding the compensation elements paid or granted in respect of the past year.

Graph of the historical achievement rate of the bonus criteria



Performance shares

Executive Corporate Officers, as well as certain senior executives of the Company, may benefit from stock options and/or performance shares under plans approved and set each year by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Compensation Committee.

The Board of Directors, at its meeting held on 31 May 2023, on recommendation of the Compensation Committee, granted to David Loew 21,789 performance shares (equivalent to 100% of the target). The number of performance shares granted was calculated on the basis of the average market value of the Ipsen share over the 20 trading days preceding a period of 10 business days before the grant date.

This grant represents 0.03% of the total share capital on the day of the grant.

The acquisition of the performance shares is subject to a condition of presence within the Company at the end of the vesting period. The number of performance shares that will be acquired will depend upon the level of achievement of

six criteria set by the Board of Directors and assessed over a period of three years:

- COI, excluding BD operations – weight of 15%;
- Free Cash Flow – weight of 15%;
- Change in Ipsen share price compared to other listed companies in the Stoxx TMI 600 Healthcare index – weight of 15%;
- Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) criteria including key environmental, patient and employee indicators – weight of 20%;
- Products' portfolio (pipeline) development including approvals and external innovation operations – weight of 20%;
- Cumulative sales of Bylvay, in connection with the acquisition of Albireo – weight of 15%.

For each of these conditions, the level of compensation (0 - 150%) is defined according to the payment scale included in the applicable plan rules.

Details regarding this allocation are given below.

Criteria	Weighting	Potential variation of the portion	
		Min	Max
Operating income from Group activities (Group COI)	15%	0%	150%
Free cash flow	15%	0%	150%
Ipsen share price performance compared to other listed companies included in the STOXX TMI 600 Health Care index	15%	0%	150%
Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)	20%	0%	150%
Evolution of the pipeline of products under development and from external innovation operations	20%	0%	150%
Cumulative sales of Bylvay, in connection with the acquisition of Albireo - weight of 15%	15%	0%	150%
Total	100%	0%	150%

Special financial indemnity

The Board of Directors, during its meeting on 28 May 2020, granted David Loew a special financial indemnity to compensate certain advantages David Loew had given up by leaving his previous employer. This special financial indemnity takes the form of:

- an indemnity of €1,000,000 in cash, paid half in the month of the first anniversary of the effective date of taking office as Chief Executive Officer and half in the month of the second anniversary of the effective date of taking office as Chief Executive Officer. These payments will be subject to a presence requirement of David Loew within the Company on the day on which they are made;
- an allocation of 6,579 performance shares for an amount of €500,000, granted on 29 July 2020. The acquisition of these shares is subject to a condition of presence within the Company and the number of performance shares that will be acquired will depend upon the level of achievement of the performance conditions set by the Board of Directors and assessed over a period of three years:

– 60% based on two internal performance conditions, based on (i) the Company Core Operating Income (Company COI) excluding Business Development for 40% and (ii) CSR criteria for 20%. For each of these conditions, the level of payout (0 – 200%) will be defined as per the payout grid enclosed in the applicable plan rules; and

– 40% based on an external performance conditions measuring the relative performance of Ipsen's stock price compared to that of the other issuers on the STOXX TMI 600 Health Care index. Based on its ranking, the level of payout (0 – 200%) will be defined as per the payout grid enclosed in the applicable plan rules.

Each of these conditions has been measured by comparing the target threshold and the actual performance of the Company (or the Company's stock price). The level of achievement of the performance criteria is 132.3%.

Other benefits

David Loew received benefits resulting from the conditions linked to the performance of his duties at Ipsen, in particular: an assistance with filing his personal income tax returns, the reimbursement of reasonable attorney fees and expenses incurred in connection with the finalization of the terms and conditions of his office, a company car and driver, the reimbursement of business travel and accommodation expenses incurred whilst exercising his duties, healthcare coverage under a global healthcare policy and death and disability coverage under the Group's policy or a specific policy, D&O liability insurance.

Payments, benefits and compensations likely to be granted to David Loew, Chief Executive Officer

Details regarding these commitments are given below (see section D).

C. Subscription and/or purchase options and performance shares granted to David Loew, Chief Executive Officer

Executive officers and other senior executives of the Company can be awarded stock options and/or performance shares in the scope of the plans approved and set every year by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the

Compensation Committee. The definitive number of stock options and/or performance shares to vest will depend on the applicable performance conditions.

a. Subscription and/or purchase options granted to David Loew, Chief Executive Officer taking effect on 1 July 2020

Subscription or purchase options granted during FY 2023 (table 4 of AMF recommendations)

No option was granted to the Chief Executive Officer, David Loew, during FY 2023.

Synthesis of the subscription or purchase options granted (table 8 of AMF recommendations)

The Chief Executive Officer, David Loew, does not hold any Ipsen options. No option was still valid as of 31 December 2023.

For more information about subscription or purchase options, see section 5.6.1.3.1.

Subscription or purchase options exercised during FY 2023 (table 5 of AMF recommendations)

No options were exercised by the Chief Executive Officer, David Loew, during FY 2023.

b. Performance shares granted to David Loew, Chief Executive Officer

Performance shares granted during the FY 2023 (table 6 of AMF recommendations)

	Plan Date	Number of performance shares granted	Book value of the shares (per share) ⁽¹⁾	Book value of the shares ⁽¹⁾	Acquisition date	Date of availability	Performance Conditions
David Loew Chief Executive Officer	31/05/2023	21,789 ⁽²⁾	€103.17	€2,247,971	31/05/2026	01/06/2026	yes

⁽¹⁾ Fair Market Value used to determine the book value of the shares.

⁽²⁾ Allocation subject to performance conditions, representing 0.03% of the share capital as of 31 May 2023.

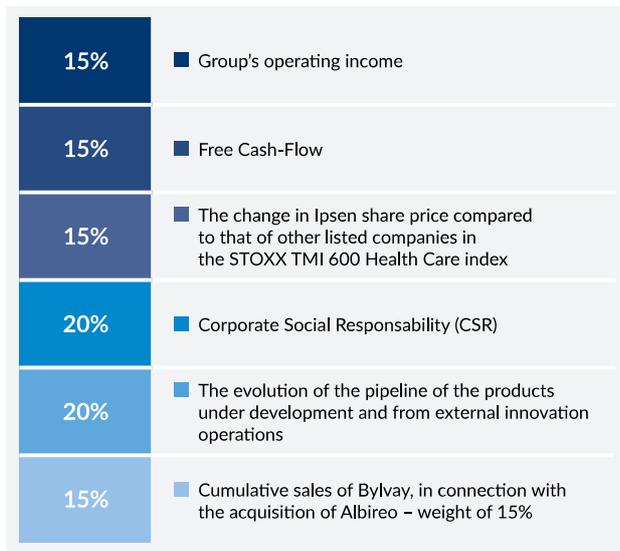
The number of performance shares granted is calculated on the basis of the average market value of the Ipsen share over the 20 trading days preceding a period of 10 business days before the grant date.

The acquisition of the performance shares will be subject to a condition of presence within the Company at the end of the vesting period. The number of performance shares that will be acquired will depend upon the level of achievement of six criteria set by the Board of Directors and assessed over a period of three years:

- COI, excluding BD operations – weight of 15%;
- Free Cash Flow – weight of 15%;
- Change in Ipsen share price compared to other listed companies in the Stoxx TMI 600, Healthcare index – weight of 15%;

- Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) criteria including key environmental, patient and employee indicators – weight of 20%;
- Products' portfolio (pipeline) development including approvals and external innovation operations – weight of 20%;
- Cumulative sales of Bylvay, in connection with the acquisition of Albireo – weight of 15%.

Each of these conditions shall be measured by comparing the target threshold and the actual performance of the Company (or the Company's stock price). Each of these conditions may generate a payout varying within a range between 0 and 150%.



According to the compensation policy of the Chief Executive Officer, approved by the Shareholders during the Shareholders' Meeting of 31 May 2023, the Board of Directors decided that the Chief Executive Officer would have to retain, until the end of his term of office, a number of shares equivalent to 20% of the net capital gain that would be realized upon the sale of the shares resulting from the performance shares.

History of performance shares granted

The table below describes, as of 31 December 2023, all performance shares granted to the Chief Executive Officer.

Corporate officer	Date of grant	Quantity granted	Definitive acquisition date	Date of availability	Nb of shares to be held
	29/07/2020	37,829 *	29/07/2023	31/07/2023	
David Loew	27/05/2021	30,063	27/05/2024	28/05/2024	20% of the net capital gain
Chief Executive Officer	24/05/2022	22,406	24/05/2025	26/05/2025	
	31/05/2023	21,789	31/05/2026	01/06/2026	
Total		112,087			

* including 6,579 performance shares related to the financial compensation indemnity.

1) 29 July 2020 performance share grant

The Board of Directors, which met on 29 July, 2020, decided, on the proposal of the Compensation Committee, to set the number of shares thus granted to David Loew, Chief Executive Officer, at 31,250 performance shares (corresponding to 100% of the expected performance), it being specified that the number of performance shares thus granted was calculated on the basis of the average stock market value of the Ipsen share over the 20 stock market trading days preceding a period of 10 business days prior to the grant date.

This grant represents 0.04% of the share capital as of the date of the grant.

Vesting of the performance shares will be subject to a condition of presence within the Company at the end of the vesting period. The number of performance shares actually acquired will depend on the level of achievement of the performance conditions set by the Board and assessed over a three-year period; namely

- 60% based on two internal performance conditions, based on (i) Group Operating Income (Group COI), excluding Business Development transactions, for 40% and (ii) Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) criteria for 20%. For each of these conditions, the level of compensation (0 - 200%) is defined according to the payment scale included in the applicable plan rules; and

- 40% with regard to an external performance condition, relating to the relative performance of the Ipsen share price compared to that of other listed companies included in the STOXX TMI 600 Health Care Index. On the basis of his ranking, the level of compensation (0 - 200%) will be defined according to the payment scale included in the applicable plan rules.

Each of these conditions has been measured by comparing the target threshold and the actual performance of the Company (or the Company's stock price). The level of achievement of the performance criteria is 132.3%.

2) 27 July 2021 performance share grant

The Board of Directors, which met on 27 May 2021, decided, on the proposal of the Compensation Committee, to set the number of performance shares granted to David Loew, Chief Executive Officer, at 30,063 (corresponding to 100% of the expected performance), it being specified that the number of performance shares granted was calculated on the basis of the average market value of Ipsen shares over the 20 trading days preceding a period of 10 business days prior to the date of grant.

This grant represents 0.04% of the share capital on the date of grant.

Vesting of the performance shares is subject to a condition of presence within the Company at the end of the vesting period. The number of performance shares actually acquired depends on the level of achievement of five performance criteria of equal weight (20% each) set by the Board and assessed over a three-year period; namely:

- operating income from Group activities (Group COI), excluding Business Development transactions;
- the evolution of the Ipsen share price compared to other listed companies included in the STOXX TMI 600 Health Care index;
- a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) criterion with several KPIs;
- the evolution of the pipeline of products under development and from external innovation operations;
- Free cash flow.

For each of these conditions, the level of remuneration (0 - 150%) is defined according to the payment scale included in the applicable plan rules.

3) 24 May 2022 performance share grant

The Board of Directors, which met on 24 May 2022, decided, on the proposal of the Compensation Committee, to set the number of performance shares granted to David Loew, Chief Executive Officer, at 22,406 (corresponding to 100% of the expected performance), it being specified that the number of performance shares granted was calculated on the basis of the average market value of Ipsen shares over the 20 trading days preceding a period of 10 business days prior to the date of grant.

This grant represents 0.03% of the share capital on the date of grant.

Vesting of the performance shares is subject to a condition of presence within the Company at the end of the vesting period. The number of performance shares actually acquired depends on the level of achievement of five performance criteria of equal weight (20% each) set by the Board and assessed over a three-year period; namely:

- the Company's operating income (Company COI), excluding Business Development transactions;
- the change in Ipsen's share price compared to that of other listed companies in the STOXX TMI 600 Health Care index;
- a Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) criteria with several KPIs;

- the evolution of the pipeline of products under development and from external innovation operations; and
- the free cash flow.

For each of these conditions, the level of compensation (variable within a range of 0 - 150%) is defined according to the payment scale included in the applicable plan rules.

4) 31 May 2023 performance share grant

The Board of Directors, at its meeting held on 31 May 2023, on recommendation of the Compensation Committee, granted to David Loew 21,789 performance shares (equivalent to 100% of the target). The number of performance shares granted was calculated on the basis of the average market value of the Ipsen share over the 20 trading days preceding a period of 10 business days before the grant date.

This grant represents 0.03% of the total share capital on the day of the grant.

The acquisition of the performance shares will be subject to a condition of presence within the Company at the end of the vesting period. The number of performance shares that will be acquired will depend upon the level of achievement of six criteria set by the Board of Directors and assessed over a period of three years, namely:

- COI, excluding BD operations – weight of 15%;
- Free Cash Flow – weight of 15%;
- Change in Ipsen share price compared to other listed companies in the Stoxx TMI 600 Healthcare index – weight of 15%;
- Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) criteria including key environmental, patient and employee indicators – weight of 20%;
- Products' portfolio (pipeline) development including approvals and external innovation operations – weight of 20%;
- Cumulative sales of Bylvay, in connection with the acquisition of Albireo – weight of 15%.

For each of these conditions, the level of remuneration (0 - 150%) is defined according to the payment scale included in the applicable plan rules.

Performance shares that became available in fiscal year 2023

During fiscal year 2023, 50,048 performance shares became available to the Chief Executive Officer taking into account the level of achievement at 132.3%.

**D. Summary of commitments issued in favor of David Loew, Chief Executive Officer
(table 11 of AMF recommendations)**

	Employment contract		Additional pension scheme		Payments or benefits granted or to be granted in connection with the termination or change of functions		Compensation under a non-compete clause	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
David Loew Chief Executive Officer		X	X		X			X

Employment contract

David Loew, Chief Executive Officer as of 1 July 2020, does not have an employment contract.

Additional pension plan

It is specified that additional pension plans are considered as part of the determination of total compensation.

David Loew should benefit from the existing defined contribution pension schemes (“régimes de retraite complémentaire à cotisations définies”) of the Company (Article 83), including the one specific to executives.

The estimated pension level for these contributions would be €10,899 per year, if he retired at the legal age of 63 and 9 months.

Payments or benefits granted or likely to be granted upon termination of his functions within the Group

At its meeting held on 29 May 2020, the Board of Directors decided to grant David Loew, Chief Executive Officer, the benefit of a severance payment on the following terms, in accordance with the recommendations of the AFEP-MEDEF Code.

In case of forced departure (“départ contraint”), David Loew will benefit from a severance payment:

- equivalent (at maximum) to the compensation (fixed and variable (STI scheme only, excluding any other variable compensation, exceptional compensation and long-term incentives)) paid for his duties as Chief Executive Officer for the last two closed fiscal years;
- subject to performance conditions in accordance with the 2020 compensation policy, and
- constituting a global lump-sum indemnity including, if applicable, up to 50% of the amount payable for the non-compete agreement described below.

Non-compete payment

On 29 May 2020, the Board of Directors fixed the non-compete payment for David Loew. With the respect to for his non-compete, David Loew will receive an indemnity:

- at the end of each month during which he has complied with the commitment (for a duration of 12 months);
- equivalent to 50% of gross average monthly compensation – fixed and variable compensation (short-term incentive scheme only, excluding any other variable compensation, exceptional compensation and long-term incentives) – received during the 12 months prior to his departure from the Company;
- deemed to be included in the severance pay, if it is due, to the extent indicated above;
- it is specified that the Board of Directors reserves its right to waive the implementation of this non-compete agreement. For confidentiality reasons, the content of this non-compete agreement cannot be made public.

It is specified that the non-compete agreement will not apply and no non-compete indemnity will be paid if David Loew leaves the Company to retire or has reached the age of 65 at the date of effective departure.

In any case, the cumulative amount paid (if applicable) for the severance package and the non-compete payment cannot exceed the threshold of 24 months of fixed and variable compensation (short-term incentive scheme only, excluding any other variable compensation, exceptional compensation and long-term incentives).

5.4.3 Comparative table of compensation of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer with respect to other employees compensation and Company performance

Under Article L.22-10-9 of the French Commercial Code, and pursuant to the recommendations of the AFEP-MEDEF Code, the changes in compensation of the Executive Corporate Officers with respect to other employees than corporate officers, based on full time equivalent, are shown below and are put into perspective against the Company's performance over the past five years.

The figures shown were calculated across the Company scope, as well as across an expanded scope including all Ipsen

employees in France, so as to consider a scope representative of Ipsen's operations in France.

The Ipsen performance criteria shown, and their changes in comparison to the changes in compensation, were determined due to their relevance to the Company's strategy in terms of growth and profitability:

- Change in Ipsen sales (%) vs. prior year, and
- Change in core operating income (%) vs. prior year.

		2019	2020	2021	2022*	2023
Information on the scope of the listed company IPSEN S.A.						
Chairman of the Board of Directors	Average	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5
	Median	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.5	0.5
Chief Executive Officer	Average	2.6	4.0	3.9	3.5	3.4
	Median	2.6	4.0	3.9	3.6	3.5
Additional information on the expanded scope (all Ipsen Group employees in France)						
Chairman of the Board of Directors	Average	7.6	7.1	7.3	6	5.9
	Median	50.4	9.7	10.1	8	7.7
Chief Executive Officer	Average	37.7	47.3	47.4	44.1	44.6
	Median	50.4	65.1	67.3	58.8	57.7
Compensation evolution						
Annual change in compensation of Corporate Officers	Chairman of the Board of Directors	-8.3%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
	Chief Executive Officer	-13.6%	34.1%	-0.3%	10.2%	2.2%
Annual change in average employee compensation		1.8%	6.9%	2.6%	20.9%	1.1%*
Employees' compensation						
Average compensation of employees in the expanded scope (all employees of the Ipsen Group in France)		€79,375	€84,832	€82,635	€99,911	€101,015
Median compensation of employees in the expanded scope (all Ipsen Group employees in France)		€59,402	€61,691	€59,494	€75,041	€78,166
Company's performances						
Annual change in Company performance as a percentage of annual change in sales (at constant exchange rates)		14.8%	3.0%	12.3%	8.5%	6.7%
Annual change in Company performance as a percentage of annual change in core operating income		18.6%	6.0%	21.9%	13.5%	-10.3%

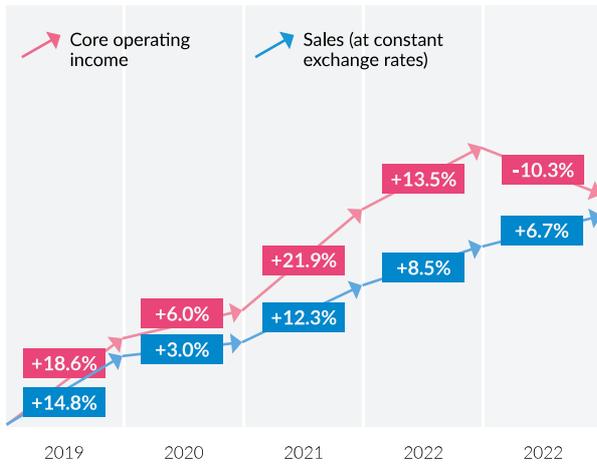
* at the end of 2022, the scope of the Company in France has been modified with the divestment of the Consumer HealthCare division.

Notes per year of reference:

- 2019: Marc de Garidel in his role of Chairman full year, David Meek in his role of CEO full year.
- 2020: Marc de Garidel in his role of Chairman full year, David Meek's annual variable payment done in 2020 for 2019, Aymeric Le Chatelier in his role of interim CEO from 1 January to 30 June, David Loew in his role of CEO with effect on 1 July.
- 2021 / Marc de Garidel in his role of Chairman full year, David Loew as CEO full year.
- 2022 / Marc de Garidel in his role of Chairman full year, David Loew as CEO full year.
- 2023 / Marc de Garidel in his role of Chairman full year, David Loew as CEO full year.

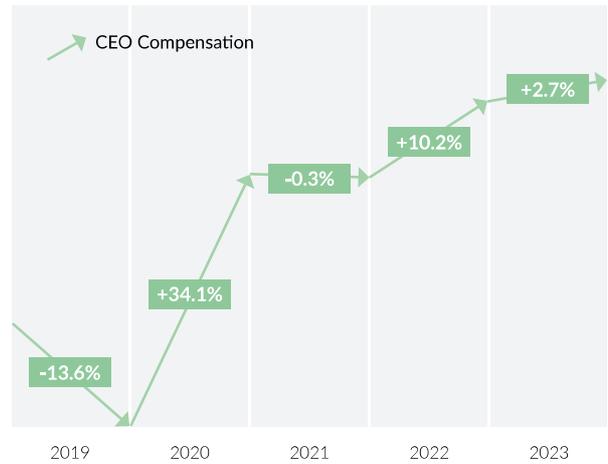
Additional methodological notes:

- Elements of compensation: all the elements paid, granted or due during the reference year: Base pay, annual bonus, exceptional bonus, director's fees, LTIs (IFRS value), benefits in kind, profit sharing.
- Full time equivalents including all fixed-term and open-ended contracts present each year.



Annual evolution between 2019 and 2023 of the Company Performance*

* measured in percentage of the annual evolution in Sales (at constant exchange rates) and the Core operating income.



Annual evolution between 2019 and 2023 of the CEO Compensation

After the resignation of David Meek effective as of 31 December 2019, Aymeric Le Chatelier was appointed CEO *ad interim* from 1 January 2020 to 30 June 2020. David Loew is CEO since 1 July 2020.

5.4.4 Compensation paid or awarded in 2023 (Article L.22-10-34 II of the French Commercial Code)

Marc de Garidel, Chairman of the Board of Directors

Compensation components of Marc de Garidel, Chairman of the Board of Directors, subject to a vote	Amounts paid during the past fiscal year	Amounts granted for the past fiscal year, or book value	Presentation
2023 Base compensation	€600,000	€600,000	Annual base compensation
Severance payment	-	-	No severance pay, as the Chairman exceeded the maximum age for application of this indemnity
Retirement scheme	-	-	No pension payments
Non-compete payment	-	-	No non-competition indemnity paid as the Chairman exceeded the maximum age for application of this indemnity

David Loew, Chief Executive Officer

Compensation components of David Loew, Chief Executive Officer, subject to a vote	Amounts paid during the past fiscal year	Amounts granted for the past fiscal year	Presentation
2023 fixed compensation	€987,500	€987,500	Fixed annual compensation.
2023 annual variable compensation	€1,254,000 (Amount paid after approval at the 2023 Shareholders' Meeting)	€1,108,282 (Amount to be paid after approval at the 2024 Shareholders' Meeting, subject to its yes vote)	For the 2023 financial year, the target gross annual variable compensation was set at EUR 1,025,000 corresponding to 100% of the objectives achieved. Half (50%) of this target amount depends on four quantifiable criteria of equal weighting, based on the levels achieved of net sales, core operating income, free cash flow before capital expenditure (CAPEX) and earnings per share fully diluted; 35% depends on two qualitative criteria in terms of strategy and management; the remaining part (15%) depends on CSR criteria. The Board of Directors, on the recommendation of the Compensation Committee on 7 February 2024, considering the realization of the pre-established criteria, set the amount of the annual variable compensation of the Chief Executive Officer for 2023 at €1,108,282. This amount will be paid following the Shareholders' Meeting held in May 2024 to approve the amounts of the compensation components to be paid or granted to David Loew for the previous year.
Stock options, performance shares, or any other long-term benefit (warrants, etc.)		€2,247,971	21,789 shares were granted representing 0,03% of the share capital. The acquisition of the performance shares is subject to a condition of presence within the Company at the end of the vesting period. The number of performance shares that will be acquired will depend upon the level of achievement of six criteria set by the Board of Directors and assessed over a period of three years, i.e.: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • COI, excluding BD operations – weight of 15%; • Free Cash Flow – weight of 15%; • Change in Ipsen share price compared to other listed companies in the Stoxx TMI 600 Healthcare index – weight of 15%; • Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) criteria including key environmental, patient and employee indicators – weight of 20%; • Products' portfolio (pipeline) development including approvals and external innovation operations – weight of 20%; • Cumulative sales of Bylvay, in connection with the acquisition of Albireo – weight of 15%. For each of these conditions, the level of remuneration (0 - 150%) is defined according to the payment scale included in the applicable plan rules.
Special financial indemnity	0	0	No financial compensation applicable for the year concerned.
Benefits in kind	€18,000	€18,000	Payment of car allowance.
Severance payment	NA	NA	No severance pay for David Loew.
Retirement scheme		€233,828	Total contributions to the defined contribution pension plan (Article 83) for David Loew.
Non-compete payment	NA	NA	No non-competition indemnity paid to David Loew.

5.5 Auditors' special report on regulated agreements

This is a translation into English of the statutory auditors' report on the consolidated financial statements of the Company issued in French and it is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking users. This statutory auditors' report includes information required by European regulation and French law, such as information about the appointment of the statutory auditors or verification of the information concerning the Group presented in the management report and other documents provided to shareholders.

This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

To the shareholders of Ipsen S.A.,
Ipsen S.A.
65, Quai Georges Gorse – 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt

For the year ended 31 December 2023

As the auditors of your company, we hereby present to you our report on the regulated agreements.

It is our duty to communicate to you, on the basis of the information provided to us, the characteristics, main methods and reasons justifying the interest for the Company of the agreements of which we have been advised or discovered during our audit, without our having to make any claims as to their usefulness or validity, or to determine the existence of any other agreements. In accordance with article R.225-31 of the French Commercial Code, it is your duty to assess the interest in finalizing these agreements with a view to their approval.

Additionally, it is our duty to advise you of the information stipulated in article R.225-31 of the French Commercial Code concerning the implementation during the previous financial year of the agreements, if any, approved by the Shareholders' Meeting.

We have conducted the due diligence we believed necessary in light of the professional code of the Compagnie nationale des commissaires aux comptes (French association of auditors) with regard to this audit.

AGREEMENTS PRESENTED FOR THE APPROVAL OF THE SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

We inform you that we were not advised of any agreements authorized and signed during the past financial year to be presented for the approval of the Shareholders' Meeting in accordance with the provisions of article L.225-38 of the French Commercial Code.

AGREEMENTS ALREADY APPROVED BY THE SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

We advise you that we have not received notice of any agreements already approved by the Shareholders' Meeting for which the implementation would have continued in the past fiscal year.

Neuilly-sur-Seine and Paris la Défense, 15 February 2024

The Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

KPMG S.A.

Stéphane Basset

Cédric Adens

5.6 Share capital and shareholding

5.6.1 Share capital

5.6.1.1 Amount of the share capital

As of 31 December 2023, the share capital of the Company amounted to €83,814,526 divided into 83,814,526 ordinary shares fully subscribed and paid-up of same class, each with a par value of €1. The share capital amount has not changed since that date.

All the shares are registered or bearer shares and are freely transferable. They are traded on Euronext Paris (Compartment A) (ISIN code FR 0010259150).

To the best of the Company's knowledge, it has not pledged any significant part of its capital.

5.6.1.2 Changes in share capital

The table below summarizes the evolution of the share capital over the past five financial years. The share capital has not been modified since 31 July 2019.

Date	Operation	Par value per share (in euros)	Number of shares	Nominal amount (in euros)	Share or contribution premium (in euros)	Cumulative share or contribution premiums (in euros)	Cumulated amount of share capital (in euros)	Cumulated number of outstanding shares
31/07/2019	Options exercises	1	5,765	5,765	138,418	741,869,880	83,814,526	83,814,526

5.6.1.3 Potential share capital

As of 31 December 2023, there are no financial instruments in force that could result in the creation of new shares.

5.6.1.3.1 Stock purchase or subscription options plans

The last stock subscription or purchase option plan implemented by the Company is expired since 10 November 2019. No option was still valid on 31 December 2023.

5.6.1.3.2 Bonus Shares and Performance shares grants

Description

The final acquisition of the shares granted as part of the 2020 and 2021 plans, also mentioned in the table below, is effective for all the beneficiaries after an acquisition period of two years for half of the acquired shares and of three years for the remainder, with the exception of the Executive Leadership Team members, for whom the acquisition period is of three years. The acquired shares are not subject to any holding period, with the exception of the limitations applicable to the corporate officers.

Under the 2023 plan, mentioned in the table below, shares are granted to all beneficiaries at the end of a three-year vesting period.

The final acquisition is effective subject to a presence condition and, for certain plans, to the achievement of performance conditions, mainly for the Executive Leadership Team members, set out by the Board of Directors at the time of the allocation.

The Shareholders' Meeting held on 24 May 2022, acting as an Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting, authorized for a twenty-six months period the Board of Directors to carry out free grants of existing shares and/or to be issued to salaried staff members and/or certain corporate officers, on one or several occasions. This Shareholders' Meeting granted all the powers to the Board of Directors to implement such free grant of shares.

During the 2023 financial year, 407,224 shares were transferred to beneficiaries at the end of the definitive acquisition period for bonus shares granted under the 29 May 2020, 29 July 2020 and 27 May 2021 plans, under the form of existing shares.

As of 31 December 2023, with respect to all Ipsen plans, 837,370 rights to bonus shares that may be acquired by beneficiaries were still valid (after deduction of the number of shares acquired or of rights cancelled to take into account the departure of certain beneficiaries), under the form of existing shares. No increase of share capital is to be planned.

The following table (**table 10 of AMF recommendations**) presents, as of 31 December 2023, the description and terms of the Ipsen bonus shares and performance shares granted, subject to the completion of presence conditions and, for certain grants, of performance conditions set out by the Board of Directors:

Date of the Shareholders' Meeting	Date of the Board of Directors	Number of Bonus shares granted				Date of final acquisition	Date of availability	Number of Bonus shares		
		Total number		Of which number granted				Cancelled as at 31/12/2023	Number of shares transferred or created	Outstanding as at 31/12/2023
		Of beneficiaries	Of Bonus shares	To Company officers	Of Bonus shares					
29/05/2020	29/05/2020	743	120,243	–	–	29/05/2023	30/05/2023	58,167	62,076	–
29/05/2020	29/05/2020	176	176,871 ⁽¹⁾	1	4,690	29/05/2023	30/05/2023	56,827	158,815 ⁽²⁾	–
29/05/2020	29/07/2020	1	37,829 ⁽¹⁾	1	37,829	29/07/2023	31/07/2023	–	50,048 ⁽²⁾	–
29/05/2020	27/05/2021	32	24,400	–	–	27/05/2023	29/05/2023	6,085	18,315	–
29/05/2020	27/05/2021	907	172,930	–	–	27/05/2023	30/05/2023	54,960	117,970	–
29/05/2020	27/05/2021	740	93,090	–	–	27/05/2024	28/05/2024	36,410	–	56,680
29/05/2020	27/05/2021	181	161,313 ⁽¹⁾	1	30,063	27/05/2024	28/05/2024	31,725	–	129,588
27/05/2021	24/05/2022	160	122,337 ⁽¹⁾	1	22,406	24/05/2025	26/05/2025	11,517	–	110,820
27/05/2021	24/05/2022	44	9,762 ⁽¹⁾	–	–	24/05/2024	27/05/2024	–	–	9,762
27/05/2021	24/05/2022	811	131,149	–	–	24/05/2024	27/05/2024	23,718	–	107,431
27/05/2021	24/05/2022	664	70,513	–	–	24/05/2025	26/05/2025	15,053	–	55,460
24/05/2022	31/05/2023	13	66,571 ⁽¹⁾	1	21,789	31/05/2026	01/06/2026	–	–	66,571
24/05/2022	31/05/2023	154	67,390 ⁽¹⁾	–	–	31/05/2026	01/06/2026	3,879	–	63,511
24/05/2022	31/05/2023	893	159,110	–	–	31/05/2025	02/06/2025	8,581	–	150,529
24/05/2022	31/05/2023	739	91,720	–	–	31/05/2026	01/06/2026	4,702	–	87,018
Total		6,258	1,505,228		116,777			311,624	407,224	837,370

⁽¹⁾ Shares granted under performance conditions, see section 5.6.1.3.2.

⁽²⁾ The Board of Directors, at its meeting held on 31 May 2023, noted the achievement of performance conditions attached to these shares.

Grants of Ipsen performance shares to the employees during financial year 2023

During the 2023 financial year, the top ten Group employees (excluding corporate officers) to whom have been granted the highest number of performance shares, received a total number of 41,896 rights to performance shares.

5.6.1.4 Authorized and non-issued share capital

The Combined Shareholders' Meetings held on 24 May 2022 and 31 May 2023 delegated its authority to the Board of Directors regarding shares capital increases as follows,

it being specified that are only mentioned below the ongoing delegations and authorizations as of 31 December 2023:

Issues reserved to shareholders

	Ongoing authorizations		
	Date of the Shareholders' Meeting (resolution number)	Duration (expiry)	Maximum nominal amount of the share capital increase authorized
Share capital increase by incorporating reserves, profits and/or premiums as bonus shares grant and/or increase share par value	31 May 2023 (17 th)	26 months (30 July 2025)	20% of the share capital ^(1,3,7)
Share capital increase by issues of ordinary shares and/or securities with retention of preferential subscription rights for shareholders	31 May 2023 (18 th)	26 months (30 July 2025)	20% of the share capital ^(1,2,3,7)

Issues without preferential subscription rights for shareholders

	Ongoing authorizations		
	Date of the Shareholders' Meeting (resolution number)	Duration (expiry)	Maximum nominal amount of the share capital increase authorized
Share capital increase by issues of ordinary shares or securities without preferential subscription rights for shareholders by offer to the public and/or as consideration for securities in connection with a public exchange offer	31 May 2023 (19 th)	26 months (30 July 2025)	10% of the share capital ^(1,2,3,7)
Share capital increase by issues of ordinary shares or securities without preferential subscription rights for shareholders by private placement	31 May 2023 (20 th)	26 months (30 July 2025)	10% of the share capital ^(1,2,3,7)
Share capital increase to compensate contributions in kind of shares or securities	31 May 2023 (22 nd)	26 months (30 July 2025)	10% of the share capital ^(1,3,7)

Issues reserved to employees (and, if applicable, to company officers)

	Ongoing authorizations		
	Date of the Shareholders' Meeting (resolution number)	Duration (expiry)	Maximum nominal amount of the share capital increase authorized
Share capital increase without preferential subscription rights reserved for members of a company savings plan	31 May 2023 (23 rd)	26 months (30 July 2025)	5% of the share capital ^(1,3)
Stock subscription and purchase options granted to employees and company officers	31 May 2023 (24 th)	26 months (30 July 2025)	3% of the share capital ^(1,3,4,6)
Authorization to allocate free of charge existing shares and/or shares to be issued to waged staff members and/or certain company officers	24 May 2022 (18 th)	26 months (23 July 2024)	3% of the share capital ^(4,5,6)

⁽¹⁾ Based on a share capital of €83,814,526 as at the date of the combined Shareholders' Meeting held on 31 May 2023.

⁽²⁾ Global common limit of 20% of the share capital as of the date of the 31 May 2023 combined Shareholders' Meeting; the issues decided under this delegation are deducted from the global common limit of 20% of the share capital.

⁽³⁾ Unused.

⁽⁴⁾ Common limit of 3% of the share capital as at the date of the combined Shareholders' Meeting held on 31 May 2023.

⁽⁵⁾ On the basis of a share capital of €83,814,526 on 24 May 2022, date of the Combined Shareholders' Meeting.

⁽⁶⁾ Sub-ceiling of 20% of the share capital within this envelop for allocation to company officers of the Company.

⁽⁷⁾ Suspended in period of public offer.

5.6.1.5 Number of shares held by the Company

Authorizations

Share repurchase program and cancellation of shares

	Ongoing authorizations		
	Date of the Shareholders' Meeting (resolution number)	Duration (expiry)	Characteristics
Share repurchase	31 May 2023 (15 th resolution)	18 months (30 November 2024)	Maximum repurchase price per share: €200 Limit of 10% of the number of shares comprising the share capital ⁽¹⁾
Cancellation of shares	31 May 2023 (16 th resolution)	24 months (30 May 2025)	10% of the share capital as of the date of decision of cancellation

⁽¹⁾ Suspended in period of public offer. This authorization has been used in 2023 as part of a share buyback program in a total number of 350,000 shares of the Company, see section 5.6.1.6 below and of the liquidity contract.

Treasury shares

As of 31 December 2023, the Company held 1,116,316 of its own shares dedicated to the covering of its bonus shares and performance shares plans.

As of 29 February 2024, the Company held 1,119,241 of its own shares dedicated to the covering of its bonus shares and performance shares plans (see section 5.6.1.3.2).

5.6.1.6 Share repurchase programs

Since 26 February 2007, the Company implements a liquidity contract compliant with the market practice admitted by regulations, for a one-year period with tacit renewal. As of 31 December 2023, the following resources were included to the dedicated liquidity account: 22,044 shares and €2,808,813.12.

This liquidity contract is implemented with the company NATIXIS ODDO BHF. The operations carried out in this context are summarized in the table below.

The Combined Shareholders' Meeting held on 31 May 2023 conferred to the Board of Directors an authorization to

repurchase the Company's shares for an 18 month period and terminated the prior authorization granted on 24 May 2022. Pursuant to this authorization, the Board of Directors decided on 31 May 2023 to set up a new share repurchase program with a limit of 10% of the share capital.

On 1 June 2023, the Company announced having given to an investment-services provider a mandate to purchase 350,000 Ipsen shares, or about 0.42% of the share capital, over a maximum period of 6 months. The shares purchased under this agreement will be allocated to cover its employee free share-allocation plan. This mandate ended on 6 November 2023 due to the acquisition of the target number of shares for a total amount of €39.5 million.

407,224 treasury shares have been used in 2023 as part of final share grants to employees (see 5.6.1.3).

Review of the share buyback program

The following tables present the purchase and sale transactions carried out by the Company in respect of its own shares, between the opening and closing dates of the 2023 financial year:

Number of shares purchased:	694,304
Average purchase price:	€109.93
Number of shares sold:	696,329
Average sale price:	€110.53
Total amount of dealing and brokerage expenses:	€62,315.65
Number of shares used in 2023:	407,224 shares for shares grant plans
Number of shares registered in the name of the Company at the end of the financial year:	1,116,316 (including 22,044 shares within the liquidity contract and 350,000 within the repurchase mandate)
Estimated value at the average purchase price:	€122.716.617,88
Nominal value:	€1,116,316 including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • €744,272 dedicated to the coverage of options and shares plans • €350,000 as part of the share buyback program • €22,044 within the liquidity contract for the purposes of the animation of shares

Distribution of own shares	% of the share capital
Animation of share price	0.03%
Coverage of plans and share buyback programs	1.31%
Securities giving right to shares	-
External growth operations	-
Cancellation	-

Description of the share buyback program submitted to the Combined Shareholders Meeting of 28 May 2024 (15th resolution)

The purpose of this program description is to indicate, in accordance with Articles 241-1 *et seq.* of the General Regulations of the *Autorité des marchés financiers*, the objectives and terms and conditions of the share buyback program to be submitted to the Combined Shareholders' Meeting to be held on 28 May 2024.

The objectives of the share buy-back program are as follows:

- to stimulate the secondary market or ensure the liquidity of Ipsen shares through the activities of an investment service provider in the form of a liquidity agreement compliant with the practices authorized under the regulations, it being specified that within this context, the number of shares used to calculate the limit corresponds to the number of shares purchased, decreased by the number of shares sold,
- retain the purchased shares and subsequently deliver them for an exchange in the context of a merger, demerger or contribution or a payment related to possible external growth transactions,
- ensure the hedging of stock option plans and/or free share plans (or similar plans) in favor of group employees and/or corporate officers as well as all allocations of shares under a Company or group savings plan (or a similar plan), as part of the sharing of the Company's profits and/or all other forms of allocation of shares to group employees and/or corporate officers, including affiliated companies or economic interest groups,
- ensure the coverage of negotiable securities giving rights to the allocation of Company shares in accordance with the regulations in force,
- possibly cancel acquired shares, subject to the authorization granted by this Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting.

The terms of the share buyback program submitted to the Shareholders' Meeting of 28 May 2024 are presented in the table below:

Features of securities	Maximum proportion of capital	Maximum number of shares	Maximum unit purchase price (per share)
Ordinary shares	10%		€200

The maximum amount of the transaction would be set at €1,676,290,400.

The authorization given to the Board of Directors to implement the share buyback program shall be granted for a period of 18 months from the Shareholders' Meeting of 28 May 2024, *i.e.* until 27 November 2025, subject to the approval of the program by the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting.

5.6.1.7 Non-equity securities

As at 2 December 2015, the Company organized an emission plan of commercial papers (NEU CP – Negotiable European Commercial Paper) to satisfy the general needs for financing the Group.

The case of financial display about the emission plan of commercial papers and the outstanding discounted bills of emissions can be consulted on the *Banque de France* website (www.banque-france.fr).

Finally, on 23 July 2019, the Company subscribed to a private placement of bonds in the United States for an amount of USD 300 million. This placement comprises two tranches with maturities of seven and ten years.

5.6.2 Shareholding

5.6.2.1 Share ownership and voting rights

As of 31 December 2023, the Company's share capital amounted to €83,814,526 divided into 83,814,526 shares, each with a par value of €1. The corresponding theoretical number of voting rights amounted to 132,105,196 and the number of net voting rights amounts to 130,988,880.

The difference between the number of shares and voting rights results from double voting rights.

The difference between the number of theoretical voting rights and the number of real voting rights corresponds to the number of treasury shares.

Evolution of share ownership and voting rights over the past three financial years (as of 31 December)

As of 31 December 2023, to the best knowledge of the Company, its main shareholders are:

	Share capital		Gross voting rights		Net voting rights	
	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage
Beech Tree ⁽¹⁾ , incl.:	21,816,679	26.03	43,633,358	33.03	43,633,358	33.31
• Directly by Beech Tree SA	8,310,253	9.92	16,620,506	12.58	16,620,506	12.69
• Indirectly through MR BMH	13,506,426	16.11	27,012,852	20.45	27,012,852	20.62
Highrock ⁽²⁾	21,816,679	26.03	43,633,358	33.03	43,633,358	33.31
MR Schwabe ⁽³⁾	3,636,455	4.34	7,272,910	5.51	7,272,910	5.55
Finvestan ⁽³⁾	187,923	0.22	375,846	0.28	375,846	0.29
Beaufour-Schwabe concert⁽⁴⁾	47,457,736	56.62	94,915,472	71.85	94,915,472	72.46
Free Float	34,063,194	40.64	34,063,194	25.78	34,063,194	26.00
Treasury shares ⁽⁵⁾	1,116,316	1.33	1,116,316	0.85	0 ⁽⁶⁾	0 ⁽⁶⁾
Other registered shareholders (including free shares to employees ⁽⁷⁾)	771,588	0.92	1,252,215	0.95	1,252,215	0.96
Employee FCP ⁽⁸⁾	210,774	0.25	421,548	0.32	421,548	0.32
Board of Directors ⁽⁹⁾	194,918	0.23	336,451	0.25	336,451	0.26
Total	83,814,526	100⁽¹⁰⁾	132,105,196	100	130,988,880	100⁽¹⁰⁾

⁽¹⁾ Beech Tree is a limited company under Luxembourg law whose capital is controlled, on the date of filing of this document, by Henri Beaufour. Beech Tree controls the limited liability company under Luxembourg law MR BMH, direct shareholders of Ipsen S.A.

⁽²⁾ Highrock is a limited liability company under Luxembourg law, the capital of which is controlled, on the date of filing of this document, by Anne Beaufour.

⁽³⁾ MR Schwabe is a limited liability company under Luxembourg law, the capital of which is indirectly controlled, on the date of this document by the Schwabe family. Finvestan is limited liability company under Luxembourg law controlled by the Schwabe family.

⁽⁴⁾ The agreements establishing the concert between the Beaufour family and the Schwabe family and the sub-concerts were subject to a notice of the French *Autorité des marchés financiers* n° 219C2985 dated 31 December 2019, as supplemented by a notice n° 220C4199 dated 9 October 2020.

⁽⁵⁾ Including the liquidity agreement.

⁽⁶⁾ Treasury shares do not carry voting rights.

⁽⁷⁾ The free shares granted mainly include the ones provided in accordance with Article L.225-102 of the French Commercial Code, these totaled 561,864 shares (0,67% of the share capital).

⁽⁸⁾ The FCP Ipsen Shares is the sole employee shareholding fund to the share capital of the Company.

⁽⁹⁾ Excluding Beech Tree and Highrock, directors since 6 January 2020.

⁽¹⁰⁾ Percentage rounded.

	2022					
	Number of shares	%	Number of gross voting rights	%	Number of net voting rights	%
Beech Tree, incl.:	21,816,679	26.03	43,633,357	33.03	43,633,357	33.33
• <i>Directly by Beech Tree</i>	8,310,253	9.92	16,620,505	12.58	16,620,505	12.70
• <i>Indirectly through MR BMH</i>	13,506,426	16.11	27,012,852	20.45	27,012,852	20.63
Highrock	21,816,679	26.03	43,633,358	33.03	43,633,358	33.33
MR Schwabe	3,636,455	4.34	7,272,910	5.51	7,272,910	5.56
Finvestan	187,923	0.22	375,846	0.28	375,846	0.29
Beaufour-Schwabe concert	47,457,736	56.62	94,915,471	71.86	94,915,471	72.50
Free Float	34,102,740	40.69	34,102,740	25.82	34,102,740	26.05
Other registered shareholders (including shares granted to employees)	1,175,285	1.40	1,175,285	0.89	0 ⁽¹⁾	0 ⁽¹⁾
Treasury shares ⁽²⁾	699,966	0.84	1,180,991	0.89	1,180,991	0.90
Employee FCP ⁽³⁾	234,860	0.28	430,255	0.33	430,255	0.33
Board of Directors ⁽⁴⁾	143,939	0.17	285,181	0.22	285,181	0.22
Total	83,814,526	100	132,089,923	100	130,914,638	100

⁽¹⁾ Treasury shares do not carry voting rights.

⁽²⁾ Including the liquidity agreement.

⁽³⁾ The FCP Ipsen Shares is the sole employee shareholding fund to the share capital of the Company.

⁽⁴⁾ Excluding shares held by the representatives of the above-mentioned Highrock S.à.r.l. and Beech Tree SA, directors since 6 January, 2020. Includes the shares held by the directors representing the employees presented in section 5.2.1.4.

	2021					
	Number of shares	%	Number of gross voting rights	%	Number of net voting rights	%
Beech Tree, incl.:	21,816,679	26.03	43,633,357	33.03	43,633,357	33.36
• <i>Directly by Beech Tree</i>	8,310,253	9.92	16,620,505	12.58	16,620,505	12.71
• <i>Indirectly through MR BMH</i>	13,506,426	16.11	27,012,852	20.45	27,012,852	20.65
Highrock	21,816,679	26.03	43,633,357	33.03	43,633,357	33.36
MR Schwabe	3,636,455	4.34	7,272,910	5.50	7,272,910	5.56
Finvestan	187,923	0.22	375,846	0.28	375,846	0.29
Beaufour-Schwabe concert	47,457,736	56.62	94,915,470	71.84	94,915,470	72.56
Free Float	33,922,804	40.47	33,922,804	25.67	33,922,804	25.93
Other registered shareholders (including shares granted to employees)	1,317,531	1.57	1,317,531	1.00	0 ⁽¹⁾	0 ⁽¹⁾
Treasury shares ⁽²⁾	700,014	0.84	1,217,479	0.92	1,217,479	0.93
Employee FCP ⁽³⁾	273,854	0.33	469,249	0.36	469,249	0.36
Board of Directors ⁽⁴⁾	142,587	0.17	283,309	0.21	283,309	0.22
Total	83,814,526	100	132,125,842	100	131,808,311	100

⁽¹⁾ Treasury shares do not carry voting rights.

⁽²⁾ Including the liquidity agreement.

⁽³⁾ The FCP Ipsen Shares is the sole employee shareholding fund to the share capital of the Company.

⁽⁴⁾ Excluding shares held by the representatives of the above-mentioned Highrock S.à.r.l. and Beech Tree SA, directors since 6 January, 2020. Includes the shares held by the directors representing the employees presented in section 5.2.1.4.

As at the setting-up date of this universal registration document and to the Company's knowledge, there were no significant alterations of the share capital distribution, with regard to the one presented above on 31 December 2023.

In accordance with the provisions of the law and its bylaws providing the disclosing of any detention of more than 1% of the share capital or voting rights, the Company has been informed of the following thresholds crossing during the last financial year:

Shareholders	Date of threshold crossing	Threshold crossed	Upwards or downwards crossing	in capital	in voting rights
Parvus Asset Management Europe Limited	9 January 2023	4%	Upwards ↗	x	
Parvus Asset Management Europe Limited	9 February 2023	3%	Upwards ↗		x
Parvus Asset Management Europe Limited	27 April 2023	5% ⁽¹⁾	Upwards ↗	x	
BlackRock, Inc.	6 June 2023	4%	Downwards ↘	x	
BlackRock, Inc.	7 June 2023	2%	Upwards ↗		x
BlackRock, Inc.	8 June 2023	3%	Downwards ↘	x	
BlackRock, Inc.	9 June 2023	3%	Upwards ↗	x	
BlackRock, Inc.	13 June 2023	2%	Upwards ↗		x
BlackRock, Inc.	23 June 2023	2%	Downwards ↘		x
BlackRock, Inc.	28 June 2023	2%	Upwards ↗		x
CDC	28 June 2023	1%	Upwards ↗	x	
Parvus Asset Management Europe Limited	29 June 2023	6%	Upwards ↗	x	
BlackRock, Inc.	12 July 2023	2%	Downwards ↘	x	
BlackRock, Inc.	13 July 2023	3%	Downwards ↘		x
CDC	13 July 2023	1%	Downwards ↘		x
Parvus Asset Management Europe Limited	21 August 2023	4%	Upwards ↗		x
BlackRock, Inc.	15 September 2023	3%	Upwards ↗	x	
BlackRock, Inc.	18 September 2023	3%	Downwards ↘	x	
CDC	26 September 2023	1%	Downwards ↘		x
BlackRock, Inc.	29 September 2023	2%	Downwards ↘		x
BlackRock, Inc.	2 October 2023	3%	Upwards ↗	x	
CDC	2 October 2023	1%	Downwards ↘	x	
BlackRock, Inc.	4 October 2023	3%	Downwards ↘	x	
Parvus Asset Management Europe Limited	12 October 2023	4%	Downwards ↘		x
Parvus Asset Management Europe Limited	29 November 2023	6%	Downwards ↘	x	
Parvus Asset Management Europe Limited	15 December 2023	6%	Upwards ↗	x	

⁽¹⁾ Avis AMF n°223C0667.

On this declaratory basis, to the Company's knowledge, no other shareholder owns, directly or indirectly, acting alone or in concert, more than 5% of the share capital or voting rights of the Company, except to what is described above.

5.6.2.2 Transactions on Company's Shares

Definition of blackout periods

The Company complies with the recommendation n° 2016-08 of the *Autorité des marchés financiers* of 26 October 2016 and modified on 29 April 2021, and the European Regulation (EU) No 596/2014 on market abuse. Accordingly, trading in Company securities (purchases, sales or any other transaction on financial instruments) is prohibited for persons having managerial responsibilities as well as any other person who holds inside information on a regular or occasional basis

(information of a precise nature, which has not been made public, relating, directly or indirectly, to the issuer or to one or more financial instruments, and which, if it were made public, would be likely to have a significant effect on the prices of those financial instruments or on the price of related derivative financial instruments).

These transactions are also prohibited during a period of:

- 30 calendar days prior to the publication of press release on the annual and half-year financial statements and the day of publication included, and
- 20 calendar days prior to the publication of quarterly information and the day of publication included.

At the beginning of every year, the Company draws up and releases, a timetable that defines the periods during which trading in Company securities is prohibited and stipulates

that the indicated periods do not anticipate the existence of other blackout periods that result from knowledge of precise non-public information that directly or indirectly concerns Ipsen, which, if it were disclosed, would be likely to have a significant affect on the price Ipsen securities.

In accordance with the recommendations of the AFEP-MEDEF Code (section 26.3.3), hedging of any kind on securities of the Company, with regard to options, to shares resulting from the exercise of options or to performance shares, is prohibited.

Marc de Garidel, Chairman of the Board of Directors, and David Loew, Chief Executive Officer, undertook a formal commitment not to engage in hedging transactions either on the options they might hold or on shares issued following the exercise of options or on performance shares granted until the end of the holding period that has been decided by the Board of Directors.

In addition, each director, with the exception of the directors representing the employees, must be a shareholder of the Company in a personal capacity and own, directly or indirectly, a relatively significant number of shares. The director, natural person or permanent representative of a legal person to whom a compensation in this capacity has been paid, must hold, before the expiry of a two-year term after his first appointment, 500 Company shares.

Corporate Officers must retain, until the end of their term of office, at least a number of shares equivalent to 20% of the net capital gain that would be realized upon the sale of the shares resulting from the exercise of stock options and/or from the performance shares.

These shares must be held in the registered form.

The Company regularly communicates to the directors the calendar of the blackout periods as well as their new obligations.

Summary of transactions on the Company's securities carried out in 2023

Pursuant to Article 223-26 of the General Regulations of the *Autorité des marchés financiers*, the table below sets out transactions on Company's securities carried out in 2023, as such transaction was notified to the Company and the *Autorité des marchés financiers*:

	Purchases			Sales			Other operations		
	Date	Number	Price per unite	Date	Number	Price per unite	Date	Number	Price per unite
David Loew, Chief Executive Officer	-	-	-	-	-	-	31/07/2023	50,048 ⁽¹⁾	-

(1) Free acquisition of shares from rights granted on 29 July 2020. The acquisition price was set at €114.50.

5.6.2.3 Shareholders' agreements and parties acting in concert

Agreements between shareholders of the Company

By letter dated 23 and 26 December 2019, the French *Autorité des marchés financiers* and the Company were informed of the conclusion, on 19 December 2019, of the following three shareholders' agreement (AMF notice 219C2985), as amended on 2 October 2020 (AMF notice 220C4199):

- The "Ipsen" shareholders' agreement: the companies Highrock, Beech Tree and Altawin (controlled by B.I.O Trust) had concluded a shareholders' agreement constituting a concert between them vis-à-vis Ipsen.

This agreement was entered into for an initial period of four years, renewable by tacit agreement for 3-year periods.

This agreement expired on 19 December 2023 at the end of its initial term.

- The "Beech Tree" governance agreement: Henri Beaufour and the company Altawin (controlled by B.I.O Trust), in presence of Beech Tree, have concluded, on 19 December 2019, a governance agreement.

This agreement is entered into for an initial period of five years, renewable by tacit agreement for 2-year periods.

The Beech Tree shareholders' agreement arranges the following particular rights to the benefit of Altawin as a result of the holding by this company of participatory notes issued by Beech Tree:

- a right of veto with regard to certain strategic decisions concerning in particular the transfer of the shares of the Company held by Beech Tree and MR BMH and the modification of the capital;
- a discretionary liquidity option;
- an enhanced information right.

The agreement also organizes the composition of the Board of Directors of Beech Tree and its representation at Ipsen's level.

- The "Schwabe" shareholders' agreement: the companies Highrock, Beech Tree and MR BMH, MR Schwabe, FinHestia, Finvestan and Finveska (controlled by the Schwabe family) on the other side, have concluded, on 19 December 2019, a shareholders' agreement constitutive of a concert between the parties with respect to Ipsen.

The agreement is entered into for a duration of four years, renewable for 3-year periods. Except express renewal the agreement will end after ten years; this agreement will terminate early in respect of a party in the event of the transfer of all of its shares under the agreement.

This pact provides for a voting syndicate mechanism relating to 28% of Ipsen shares, for which voting at shareholders' meetings will be determined by a majority of 75% of the shares under the agreement.

In terms of transfer, any plan to transfer the shares subject to the agreement (except between the parties or to entities wholly owned by them) must be authorized by the parties to the Schwabe agreement ruling by a majority of 75% of the shares subject to the agreement.

This pact has been tacitly renewed for a period of three years, until 19 December 2026.

- The French *Autorité des marchés financiers* has been informed of the intention of Anne Beaufour to set up 3 asset holdings in order to make donations of bare ownership of shares in the said holdings for the benefit of each of her children, Anne Beaufour and the said holdings (of which Anne Beaufour would retain the usufruct), owning 100% of the company Highrock. The *Autorité des marchés financiers* has also been informed of the intention of Anne Beaufour and her 3 children to conclude, once these donations have been made, an agreement organizing a concerted action between them vis-à-vis Ipsen providing for a consultation within a family meeting in order to exchange views and reach, as far as possible, a common position, in particular on the draft resolutions submitted to the vote of the shareholders of Ipsen. As of the date of this document, the donations have not been made and this shareholders' agreement has not yet been concluded.
- On July 24, 2023, Ipsen was informed of the simplification of the existing concert between the Beaufour and Schwabe families as a result of the renewal of the "Schwabe" shareholders' agreement and the termination of the "Ipsen" shareholder's agreement.
- This change in the contractual arrangements did not result in any change in the shareholdings held by the various parties to the "Schwabe" shareholders' agreement, who therefore continue to act in concert with regard to Ipsen.

Parties acting in concert

To the Company's knowledge, there are no concerts other than the Beaufour-Schwabe concert described above.

5.6.2.4 Nature of control

The Company is controlled as described above. Measures taken to avoid any abusive control are, in particular, the following:

- separation of the functions of Chairman of the Board and Chief Executive Officer;

- presence of one independent Director of three members in the Nomination Committee;
- presence of one independent Director and one Director representing the employees of four members in the Ethics, Governance and CSR Committee, including the Chairperson of the Committee;
- presence of two independent Directors and one Director representing the employees of five members in the Compensation Committee;
- presence of two independent Directors of three members in the Audit Committee, including the Chairperson of the Committee;
- presence of three independent Directors of six members in the Innovation and Development Committee;
- presence of four independent Directors of fourteen members in the Company's Board of Directors as described in section 5.2.1.3. of this universal registration document;
- presence of two directors representing the employees to the Board of Directors, designated on 6 November 2020 and on 24 May 2022. The Shareholders' Meeting held on 29 May 2020 approved a modification of the Articles of Association aiming at lowering from 12 to 8 members of the Board of Directors the threshold for the mandatory representation to designate a second director representing the employees to the Board.

5.6.2.5 Information or agreements likely to involve a change in control or to have an impact in the event of a takeover bid

Agreements likely to involve a change in control

None.

Information likely to have an impact in the event of a public offer

In accordance with provisions of Article L.22-10-11 of the French Commercial Code, the following information may have an impact in the event of a public offer:

- Ownership of the Company's share capital: see section 5.6.2 of the present document.
- Restrictions contained in the Articles of Association on voting rights: none; except, in case of none-statement of crossing a statutory threshold, temporary suspension of voting rights which may be requested during a shareholders' meeting by one or more shareholders holding at least 1% of the share capital or voting rights (article 10.3 of the Articles of Association, see section 5.6.3.5).
- Restrictions contained in the Articles of Association on transfer of shares or agreements whose the Company has knowledge in accordance with the provisions of Article L.233-11 of the French Commercial Code: not applicable (see section 5.6.2.3 of this universal registration document).
- Direct and indirect interests in the share capital known by the Company in accordance with the provisions of Articles L.233-7 and L.233-12 of the French Commercial Code: see section 5.6.2 of this document.

- Shareholders holding any share conferring specific control rights and description: there are no shares conferring specific control rights. However, a double voting right exists for any fully paid-up registered under the name of a same shareholder for at least 2 years as described in section 5.6.3.3 (Article 26 of the Articles of Association).
- Control mechanisms provided for in an employee shareholding system if controlling rights are not exercised by said system: voting rights attached to the Ipsen shares held by employees through the FCP Ipsen Shares, the only mutual fund for employees, are exercised by a person empowered by the supervisory Board of the mutual fund in order to be represented in shareholders' meeting.
- Agreements between shareholders of which the Company is aware that may cause restrictions to transfers of shares and exercises of voting rights: see section 5.6.2.3 of the present universal registration document.
- Provisions governing the election and replacement of Board Members: see section 5.2. of the present document.
- Provisions governing the amendment of the Company's Articles of Association: legal rules.
- Powers of the Board of Directors, in particular concerning issuance or repurchases of shares: see sections 5.6.1.4 and 5.6.1.5 of the present universal registration document.
- Agreements entered into by the Company that are amended or expire in the event of a change of control of the Company, unless this disclosure, except if required by law, may have a material negative impact on its interests: none.
- Agreements providing for compensations of members of the Board of Directors or employees in case of resignation or dismissal without cause or if their employment ends as a result of a public offer: see sections 5.4.2.2 D and 5.4.2.3 D of the present universal registration document.

5.6.2.6 Dividends

Dividends paid in the past three financial years

For financial year	Incomes eligible for the deduction provided by article 158-3-2° of the French Tax Code		Incomes not eligible for the deduction provided by article 158-3-2° of the French Tax Code
	Dividends	Other incomes paid out	
2020	€83,814,526.00 ⁽¹⁾ i.e. €1.00 per share	-	-
2021	€100,577,431.20 ⁽¹⁾ i.e. €1.20 per share	-	-
2022	€100,577,431.20 ⁽¹⁾ i.e. €1.20 per share	-	-

⁽¹⁾ Including the amount on the unpaid dividend or distribution corresponding to treasury shares and allocated to the account on which it has been withdrawn.

Dividends and reserves distribution policy

The dividend payout policy is determined by the Company's Board of Directors after analysis, mainly, of the Company's financial results and position. The Company's objective for future years is to develop a payout policy consistent with its growth strategy.

Statute of limitations

Dividends which are not claimed within five years of their payment date shall lapse and become the property of the State.

5.6.2.7 Related-party transactions

The Company and the Schwabe group hold joint participations in certain companies, consolidated applying the equity method; the Ipsen Group no longer has direct rights to assets and liabilities (see Chapter 3, Section 3.2.5, Note 22.2 "Transactions with related parties").

Subject to, (i) the agreements entered into with the Schwabe group, (ii) information regarding related-party transactions described in section 3.2.5, note 22, (iii) the agreements described in the Special Report of the Statutory Auditors on regulated agreements presented in section 5.5 of the universal registration document, there are no other agreements between the Group and related parties.

In addition, in accordance with Article L.22-10-12 of the French Commercial Code, an internal procedure to identify and assess agreements qualified as regulated prior to their conclusion or modification, as well as current conventions concluded at normal conditions, has been put in place to facilitate the monitoring of agreements entered into by the Company.

5.6.2.8 Financial disclosure policy

Ipsen's priority is to maintain lasting, informed relations with current and potential shareholders. The role of the Investor Relations team is to facilitate shareholders' access to accurate and precise information that faithfully reflects Ipsen's activities, results, outlook and strategic developments.

Accordingly, and with ongoing focus on clarity and transparency, a wide variety of dedicated communications media are made available, and regular meetings are arranged throughout the year.

Information available to all shareholders

Financial information and communications media are available to the market on [ipsen.com](https://www.ipsen.com), Ipsen's authoritative communications platform. These include:

- all financial and strategic information issued to the financial markets, including quarterly results and updates, press releases, presentations and webcasts of results updates, as well as video broadcasts of the Shareholders' Meeting;
- major business-development announcements and accompanying presentations and webcasts;
- all the regulatory information disclosed pursuant to the European Transparency Directive of 15 December 2004, as amended, and specifically:
 - the universal registration document, including the Annual Financial Report, the half-year report and the management report of the Board of Directors, filed with the French financial markets authority (*Autorité des marchés financiers - AMF*),
 - the Integrated Annual Report,
 - documents relating to the Shareholders' Meeting (notice of meeting, proposed resolutions, voting forms, meeting brochure, etc.).

Shareholders' Meetings

The Annual General Meeting of 31 May 2023 was recorded live and can be viewed as a replay in French on the Ipsen website. For several years, shareholders have been able to vote remotely and in advance *via* the *Votaccess* platform. Any shareholder may send written questions by e-mail to assemblee.generale@ipsen.com, or by registered letter with acknowledgement of receipt to the registered office, to the attention of the Chairman of the Board of Directors.

Relations with institutional investors and financial analysts

On a regular basis and in line with best business practices, the Investor Relations team organizes meetings between various members of Ipsen's executive management and institutional investors and financial analysts:

- **quarterly conference calls** with market participants are organized. Each April and October, sales results for first quarter and first three quarters are published, respectively. Each July and February, full financial sales results for first two quarters and full year are published, respectively. The Company's executive management present and answer questions from market participants *via* conference call and webcast; replays are available on [ipsen.com](https://www.ipsen.com);
- **each year, face-to face meetings are offered** to current and potential shareholders in key investment centers, including London, Paris, New York and Boston;
- **periodic 'Capital Markets Days' are organized**, including presentations to the market on strategy, sales, the development of the pipeline and operations. A Capital Markets Day was organized in London on 7 December 2023 to present Ipsen's 2027 Strategic outlook. A replay of the event is available on [ipsen.com](https://www.ipsen.com).
- In addition, **many events are organized throughout the year** between Ipsen and the market. In 2023, Ipsen's Executive Management and Investor Relations team took part in over 200 meetings *via* roadshows, conferences, bus tours, fireside chats and other events.

Contact for Investor Relations and Financial Communications

Investor Relations Department

- Address: 65, quai Georges Gorse – 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt, France
- Telephone: +44 (0)7584 349 193 – Craig Marks, Vice President, Investor Relations
- Telephone: +33 6 52 19 98 92 - Nicolas Bogler, Senior Manager, Investor Relations

2024 Financial calendar (dates subject to change)

25 April 2024	Publication of first-quarter 2024 results
28 May 2024	Ordinary and Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting
25 July 2024	Publication of second-quarter and first-half 2024 results
24 October 2024	Publication of third-quarter and nine-month 2024 results

5.6.3 Main provisions of the Articles of Association

5.6.3.1 Corporate purpose (Article 2 of the Articles of Association)

The Company's corporate purpose is the following in France and any other country whether directly or indirectly:

- to invent, manufacture, process, and sell pharmaceutical products, para-pharmaceutical products, cosmetics or any other manufactured products in the fields of drugs and fine chemicals, and all products and materials used to manufacture, process and sell such products;
- to conduct all industrial and commercial activities directly or indirectly related to the foregoing purpose, including research and design, acquiring, owning, exploiting and selling patents, licenses, know-how and more generally all intellectual and industrial property rights; and
- more generally, to conduct all industrial, commercial, financial or property transactions which may directly or indirectly facilitate or further the achievement of the foregoing purposes and any similar purposes.

5.6.3.2 Governance of the Company

Board of Directors

The Company is governed by a Board of Directors. The Board of Directors is responsible for defining and implementing the Company's strategic objectives. Subject to the powers expressly reserved for the Shareholders' Meeting and within the limits of the Company's corporate purpose, the Board of Directors is competent to consider and settle all issues involving the proper functioning of the Company through the passing of its resolutions.

Executive Management

In accordance with the legal provisions, the Executive Management of the Company is the responsibility either of the Chairman of the Board of Directors, who then serves as Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, or of another person appointed by the Board of Directors who then serves as Chief Executive Officer.

The Board of Directors is responsible for electing one of these two options for a period which may not be less than one year.

At its meeting on 15 February 2016, the Board of Directors decided to change the Company's form of governance by separating the duties of Chairman of the Board of Directors and Chief Executive Officer. The separation of said functions is effective since 18 July 2016 date. Within this change of governance, the appointment of Marc de Garidel as Chairman of the Board of Directors had been confirmed.

5.6.3.3 Rights and obligations attached to shares

Distribution of profits (Article 29 of the Articles of Association)

In accordance with the terms and provisions of Article 29 of the Articles of Association, after approval of the financial statements and recognition of a distributable profit within the meaning of the law, the Shareholders' Meeting may resolve to transfer the distributable profit to one or more discretionary reserve accounts, for which it fixes the allocation or use, or retained earnings or to distribute it as a dividend. After deduction of any prior year losses, at least 5% of each year's net profit is transferred to the statutory reserve as required by law. This provision ceases to apply once the statutory reserve has reached one tenth of the Company's share capital.

The Shareholders' Meeting may decide to distribute amounts from reserves to which the shareholders are entitled. In this case, the resolution must expressly indicate which reserve accounts are to be used. However, dividends must be drawn in priority from the year's distributable profit.

The Shareholders' Meeting may resolve to offer payment of all or part of the dividend or interim dividends in cash or in shares at the personal choice of each shareholder.

A shareholder's right to the profits and contribution to losses is proportional to the percentage of share capital owned.

Form of shares issued by the Company (Article 9 of the Articles of Association)

The shares issued by the Company may be registered or bearer shares. Existence of the shares is evidenced by their registration on securities accounts held in the name of the holder under the terms and conditions set out by law either by the Company or its appointed custodian in the case of registered shares or by an authorized intermediary authorized of bearer shares.

Shareholders' voting rights (Articles 26.1 and 11.3 of the Articles of Association)

In Ordinary and Extraordinary Shareholders' Meetings, each shareholder has a voting right equal to the number of shares he/she holds or represents without limit.

However, the Board of Directors held on 30 August 2005 decided that a double voting right is attached to any ordinary fully paid-up share which is owned under the registered form by the same shareholder for at least two years. The double voting rights shall automatically end with its conversion to the form of bearer share, as well as its transfer, except in cases provided for by law.

According to the provisions of article 11.3 of the Articles of Association, the voting right attached to shares belongs to the usufruct holder in Ordinary Shareholders' Meetings and to the bare owner in Extraordinary Shareholders' Meetings.

Actions necessary to modify shareholders' rights

There are no specific existing rules regarding the modification of shareholders' rights which are made in accordance with the legal provisions.

5.6.3.4 Shareholders' Meetings (Articles 21 to 26 of the Articles of Association)**Participation in Shareholders' Meetings**

Any shareholder has the right to attend Shareholders' Meetings and take part in the vote either in person or by proxy, regardless of the number of shares owned, by providing evidence of his/her status as shareholder.

The right to participate in Shareholders' Meetings is subject to the account registration of the shares being registered in an account in the name of the shareholder or of the financial intermediary acting on the shareholder's behalf, at midnight, Paris time, on the second business day preceding the date of the General Meeting, either in the registered share accounts kept by the Company or in the bearer share accounts kept by the authorized intermediary.

Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting

The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting receives the Board of Directors' report and the Statutory Auditors' reports, approves the annual financial statements and votes on the distribution of profits. It appoints and dismisses the Directors and sets their compensation in accordance with the legal provisions and the Articles of Association. It appoints the Company's Statutory Auditors.

The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting may delegate authority to the Board of Directors at the Board's request to deal with all matters not specifically reserved for Extraordinary Shareholders' Meetings.

More generally, the Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting resolves on all matters that do not entail a direct or indirect modification of the Articles of Association.

The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting is held every year no later than six months after the end of the previous financial year-end, unless this time period is extended by court order.

Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting

The Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting may amend any and all of the provisions of the Articles of Association of the Company. However, it may not increase the shareholders' liability, or change the nationality of the Company except under the terms and conditions set forth by law and international treaties.

Notice and Meeting of Shareholders' Meetings

General Shareholders' Meetings are called by the Board of Directors or, if applicable, by the Statutory Auditors or any other person duly empowered by law. The meetings take place at the registered office or any other place indicated in the notice of meeting.

The agenda is set by the person who convenes the meeting. However, one or several shareholders may request, under the terms and conditions set forth by legal and regulatory provisions in force, the inclusion of items or draft resolutions

in the agenda. The Social and Economic Committee may also require the inclusion of proposed resolutions in the agenda in accordance with the regulation in force. The Shareholders' Meeting may not resolve on items which are not on the agenda, in accordance with the current regulation. However, it may in any event remove one or more Directors from office and appoints new directors in replacement. The agenda may not be revised for an adjourned meeting.

Quorum

The Ordinary Shareholders' Meeting validly deliberates, on first notice, if the shareholders present or represented, or voting by postal vote, represent at least one fifth of the shares with voting rights. No quorum is required for an adjourned meeting. It passes its resolution by a simple majority vote of the shareholders present or represented or voting by postal vote. The quorum is calculated on the basis of the shares comprising the share capital, less any shares deprived of voting rights in accordance with the law and provisions of the Company's Articles of Association.

The Extraordinary Shareholders' Meeting validly deliberates if the shareholders present or represented, or voting by postal vote, represent, on first notice, one quarter of the shares with voting rights, and one fifth on second notice. In the event this quorum is not reached, the second Shareholders' Meeting may be postponed to a further date no later than two months from the original convening's date.

Shareholders attending the meeting by videoconferencing or other means of telecommunication allowing their identification and compliant with the legal and regulatory provisions are counted as present for the purpose of calculating the quorum.

5.6.3.5 Crossing of thresholds (Article 10.3 of the Articles of Association)

In addition to the legal disclosure requirements set out in Article L.233-7 of the French Commercial Code, any person or legal entity, acting either alone or in concert, who holds by any mean a number of shares representing one percent (1%) of the share capital or voting rights, or any multiple thereof, must no later than five (5) business days after the occurrence, advise the Company by fax of the total number and percentage of shares and voting rights held, with written confirmation sent the same day by recorded delivery mail.

Such persons are also required to advise the Company if their holding falls back below those thresholds, under the same terms and conditions.

In order to determine the capital and voting rights thresholds to be reported under the previous paragraph, the assimilation rules provided for in Article L.233-9 of the French Commercial Code are applied.

In case of failure to comply with these requirements, the shares exceeding the part that should have been disclosed are deprived of the voting right for any Shareholders' Meeting that would be held in a two-year period following the date of regularization of the disclosure. Except in the case of crossing one of the thresholds provided for by Article L.233-7 of the French Commercial Code, the deprivation of the

voting rights, which will be recorded in the minutes of the Shareholders' Meeting, may only occur if requested by one or more of the shareholders representing at least one percent (1%) of the share capital and voting rights of the Company.

5.6.3.6 Identification of bearer shareholders (Article 10.2 of the Articles of Association)

The Company may at any time, in accordance with the applicable legal and regulatory provisions, request information concerning the owners of shares or securities conferring immediate or future voting rights at shareholders' meetings.

5.6.3.7 Specific provisions governing changes in the share capital

The share capital and the rights attached to shares can only be modified in accordance with applicable legal provisions. The Articles of Association of the Company do not provide for any specific provision in that respect.

5.6.3.8 Financial year (Article 27 of the Articles of Association)

Each financial year has a 12-month term beginning on 1 January and ending on 31 December.

5.6.3.9 Provisions that could delay, defer or prevent a change in control

There is no specific provisions of the Articles of Association that could delay, defer or prevent a change in the control of the Company.

6

ANNEXES



Ronny
Living with neuroendocrine tumors
Ringwood, United Kingdom

6.1 Persons responsible	336	6.3 Consultation of legal documents	337
6.1.1 Person responsible for the universal registration document	336	6.4 Cross-reference tables	337
6.1.2 Attestation by the person responsible for the universal registration document including the Annual Financial Report	336	6.4.1 Cross-reference table for the Universal registration document	338
6.1.3 Persons responsible for financial information	336	6.4.2 Annual Financial Report cross-reference table	341
6.1.4 Persons responsible for account audit and fees	336	6.4.3 Cross-reference table of the Management Report, of the Corporate Governance Report and of the non-financial performance statement	341
6.2 Third party information, statements by experts and declarations of interests	337	6.4.4 Cross-reference table for the filing of the financial statements	344
		6.5 Glossary	345

6.1 Persons responsible

6.1.1 Person responsible for the universal registration document

David Loew

Chief Executive Officer

6.1.2 Attestation by the person responsible for the universal registration document including the Annual Financial Report

"I affirm that having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case, the information contained in this universal registration document is, to the best of my knowledge, in accordance with the facts and contains no omission likely to affect its import.

I hereby declare that, to the best of my knowledge, the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the applicable accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and results of the Company and all the other companies included in the scope of consolidation, and that the Management Report

which different sections are mentioned in the concordance table on Chapter 6 of this universal registration document gives a fair description of the business developments, results and financial position of the Company and all the other companies included in the scope of consolidation, as well as a description of the main risks and contingencies with which the Company may be confronted."

Boulogne-Billancourt,
17 April 2024
David Loew
Chief Executive Officer

6.1.3 Persons responsible for financial information

David Loew

Chief Executive Officer

Aymeric Le Chatelier

Chief Financial Officer

Craig Marks

Vice President, Investor Relations

Ipsen

65, quai Georges Gorse
92100 Boulogne-Billancourt
Phone: +33 (0)1 58 33 50 00
Fax: +33 (0)1 58 33 50 01
investor.relations@ipsen.com
www.ipsen.com

6.1.4 Persons responsible for account audit and fees

6.1.4.1 Statutory Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers Audit

Represented by Stéphane Basset
63, rue de Villiers
92200 Neuilly-sur-Seine – France

First appointed at the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on 24 May 2022.

KPMG Audit

Department of KPMG S.A.
Represented by Cédric Adens
Tour EQHO
2, avenue Gambetta
CS 60055
92066 Paris-La Défense Cedex – France

First appointed at the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on 18 June 2005. Term of office renewed by the Annual Shareholders' Meeting held on 31 May 2023.

6.1.4.2 Auditors' fees

The auditors' fees can be found in section 3.2.5, note 26.

6.2 Third party information, statements by experts and declarations of interests

None.

6.3 Consultation of legal documents

During the validity period of the present universal registration document, the Articles of incorporation, the Statutory Auditors' reports, the annual financial statements of the past three years, as well as any reports, letters or other documents and historical financial information of the Company and its subsidiaries over the past three years and, valuations and statements made by experts, where such documents are provided for by law and any other document provided for by law may be consulted at the Company's registered office.

Copies of the present universal registration document are available free of charge at the Company's registered office (located at 65 quai Georges Gorse – 92100 Boulogne-Billancourt – France – Tel.: +33 (0)1 58 33 50 00) as well as on Ipsen's website (www.ipsen.com) and on the AMF's website (www.amf-france.org).

6.4 Cross-reference tables

To facilitate the reading of this document, the tables below cross-reference:

- the main headings required under Annexes 1 and 2 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980 of 14 March, 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of 14 June, 2017;
- the main disclosures required in the Annual Financial Report as provided for in Article L. 451-1-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code (*Code monétaire et financier*) and Article 222-3 of the AMF General Regulations (*Règlement général*);
- the main disclosures required in the Management Report as provided for in Article L. 232-1 of the French Commercial Code (*Code de commerce*), including:
 - the report on corporate governance as provided for in Article L. 226-10-1 of the French Commercial Code,
 - the Non-Financial Information Statement (NFIS) as provided for in Articles L. 225-102-1 and R. 225-105 of the French Commercial Code.

Consequently, in accordance with AMF recommendation DOC-2021-02, this universal registration document is a combine “three-in-one” document, containing all of the disclosures required in the above-mentioned documents:

Documents	Reference texts	Pages
Universal registration document	Annexes 1 and 2 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980 of 14 March, 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of 14 June, 2017	339-341
Annual Financial Report	Article L. 451-1-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code Article 222-3 of the AMF General Regulations	342
Management Report	Articles L. 225-100, L. 232-1 <i>et seq.</i> and R. 225-102 <i>et seq.</i> of the French Commercial Code	342-345
Report on corporate governance	Articles L. 226-10-1 and L. 22-10-78 of the French Commercial Code	343-344
Non-Financial Information Statement	Articles L. 22-10-36, L. 225-102-1, L. 225-102-4, L. 464-2, R. 225-73-1, R. 225-105 and R. 225-105-2 of the French Commercial Code Articles 223 <i>quater</i> and 223 <i>quinquies</i> of the French Tax Code	344-345

6.4.1 Cross-reference table for the Universal registration document

Annexes 1 and 2 of Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2019/980 of 14 March, 2019 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2017/1129 of 14 June, 2017.

Title	Paragraph	Pages
1. RESPONSIBLE PERSONS, INFORMATION FROM THIRD PARTIES, EXPERT REPORTS AND APPROVAL FROM THE RELEVANT AUTHORITY		
1.1 Persons responsible for the registration document	6.1.1, 6.1.3	336, 336
1.2 Attestation from persons responsible for the document	6.1.2	336
1.3 Expert Statement	6.2	337
1.4 Other attestations in cases of information from third parties	NA	NA
1.5 Declaration regarding document approval	Front page	1
2. STATUTORY AUDITORS		
2.1 Identities and addresses	6.1.4	336
2.3 Changes	6.1.4	336
3. RISK FACTORS		
3.1 Description of key risks	2.2.2	52
4. INFORMATION ABOUT THE ISSUER		
4.1 Corporate name and trading name	1.1.1.1	10
4.2 Trade register no. and LEI	1.1.1.1	10
4.3 Date of incorporation and term	1.1.1.1	10
4.4 Headquarters – legal form – applicable law – website – others	1.1.1.1, back cover	1, 10, 350
5. BUSINESS OVERVIEW		
5.1 Principal activities	1.2	16
5.1.1 Operations and principal activities	1.1.1.2	10
5.1.2 New products and/or services	1.2.1	16
5.2 Principal markets	1.2.5	38
5.3 Key events	3.1.1	62
5.4 Financial and non-financial strategy and goals	1.1.2, 1.1.2.4, 3.1.6, 4	13, 16, 78, 162
5.5 Extent to which the issuer is dependent	2.2.2	52
5.6 Competitive position	1.2.5.2	38
5.7 Investments		
5.7.1 Key investments	3.1.3.1	70
5.7.2 Ongoing key investments or firm commitments	3.1.3.1	70
5.7.3 Joint ventures and significant interests	1.2.7, 3.1.1	39, 62
5.7.4 Environmental impact of the use of the tangible assets	4.5	207
6. ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE		
6.1 Brief description of the Group/Organization chart	1.2.7	39
6.2 List of significant subsidiaries	3.2.5 notes 25.2 and 25.3	127, 128
7. OPERATING AND FINANCIAL REVIEW		
7.1 Financial condition	Introduction, 3	6, 60
7.1.1 Description of developments and profit/loss from operations	3	60
7.1.2 Future developments and research and development activity	1.2.3, 3.1.6	28, 78
7.2 Operating results	3.1.2	66
7.2.1 Significant factors	3	60
7.2.2 Material changes in net sales or revenues	3	60

Title	Paragraph	Pages
8. CAPITAL RESOURCES		
8.1 Capital resources	3.1.3	70
8.2 Cash flows	3.1.3	70
8.3 Financing requirements and funding structure	3.1.3	70
8.4 Restrictions on the use of capital resources	3.1.3	70
8.5 Anticipated sources of funds needed	NA	NA
9. REGULATORY ENVIRONMENT		
9.1 Description of the regulatory environment and external influencing factors	1.1.2.1, 1.2.6, 3	13, 39, 60
10. TREND INFORMATIONS		
10.1 a) Recent trends production	1.1.2, 3.1.6	13, 78
10.1 b) Key changes to the financial performance of the Group since the end of the financial year	3.1.7, 3.2.5 note 24	78, 126
10.2 Events that are reasonably likely to have a material effect on prospects	1.2.6	39
11. PROFIT FORECAST OR ESTIMATES		
11.1 Ongoing profit forecast or estimation	NA	NA
11.2 Principal assumptions	NA	NA
11.3 Attestation on profit forecast or estimation	NA	NA
12. ADMINISTRATIVE, MANAGEMENT, AND SUPERVISORY BODIES		
12.1 Information regarding the corporate officers and the management of the Company	5.2, 5.3	252, 289
12.2 Conflicts of interest	5.1.3.1	249
13. COMPENSATION AND BENEFITS		
13.1 Remuneration and benefits paid or granted	5.4	291
13.2 Amounts set aside to provide pension, retirement or similar benefits	5.4	291
14. BOARD PRACTICES		
14.1 Date of expiration of the current term of office	5.2.2.2	256
14.2 Service contracts	5.1.3.4	250
14.3 Committees	5.2.2.6	281
14.4 Compliance with principles of corporate governance	5.1.1	248
14.5 Significant potential events and future changes in governance	NA	NA
15. EMPLOYEES		
15.1 Breakdown of employees	3.2.5 note 7	96
15.2 Shareholding and stock options	5.6.1	319
15.3 Arrangements for involving the employees in the capital	5.6.2	324
16. MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS		
16.1 Breakdown of capital	5.6.2.1	324
16.2 Various voting rights	5.6.2.1	324
16.3 Control of the issuer	5.6.2.1, 5.6.2.4	324, 328
16.4 Description of any arrangements	5.6.2.3, 5.6.2.5	327, 328
17. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS		
17.1 Detail of transactions	3.2.5 note 22.2, 5.6.2.7	123, 329

Title	Paragraph	Pages
18. FINANCIAL INFORMATION CONCERNING ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, THE FINANCIAL SITUATION AND RESULTS OF THE ISSUER		
18.1 Historical financial information	Introduction, 3	6, 60
18.1.1 Historical financial information	Introduction, 3	6, 60
18.1.2 Change of date of the universal accounting registration	NA	NA
18.1.3 Accounting standards	3	60
18.1.4 Change in accounting standard	3	60
18.1.5 Minimum content of audited financial information	3	60
18.1.6 Consolidated financial statements	3.2	79
18.1.7 Age of latest financial information	3.2.5 note 3	89
18.2 Interim and other financial information		
18.2.1 Quarterly or half-yearly financial information	NA	NA
18.3 Auditing of historical annual financial information		
18.3.1 Audit report	3.2.6, 3.3.5	129, 152
18.3.2 Other audited information	5.5	318
18.3.3 Non-audited financial information	NA	NA
18.4 <i>Pro forma</i> financial information	NA	NA
18.4.1 Significant changes to gross values	NA	NA
18.5 Dividend policy		
18.5.1 Description	5.6.2.6	329
18.5.2 Amount of dividend per share	3.2.5 note 18.3	116
18.6 Legal and arbitration proceedings	2.2.2	52
18.6.1 Significant procedures	2.2.2	52
18.7 Significant change in the issuer's financial or trading position	3.2.5 note 1	86
18.7.1 Significant changes since end of financial year	3.2.5 note 24	126
19. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION		
19.1 Share capital	5.6.1	319
19.1.1 Amount of capital issued	5.6.1, 5.6.1.5	319, 322
19.1.2 Shares not representing the capital	NA	NA
19.1.3 Treasury shares	5.6.1.5	322
19.1.4 Securities	5.6.1.3	319
19.1.5 Conditions of right to buy and/or any obligation	NA	NA
19.1.6 Option or agreement	NA	NA
19.1.7 History of share capital	5.6.1.2	319
19.2 Memorandum and Articles of Association	5.6.3	331
19.2.1 Register entry and corporate purpose	1.1.1.1, 5.6.3.1	10, 331
19.2.2 Categories of existing shares	5.6.3.3	331
19.2.3 Provision affecting a change in control	5.6.2.5	328
20. MATERIAL CONTRACTS		
20.1 Summary of each contract	1.2.2	24
21. AVAILABLE DOCUMENTS		
21.1 Declaration on available documents	6.3	337

6.4.2 Annual Financial Report cross-reference table

Articles L. 451-1-2 of the French Monetary and Financial Code and 222-3 of the AMF General Regulation.

N°	INFORMATION	Chapters	Pages
1	Financial statements	3.3	136
2	Consolidated financial statements	3.2	79
3	Management report (minimum information within the meaning of Article 222-3 of the AMF General Regulation)	3.1	62
4	Declaration by the persons responsible for the Annual Financial Report	6.1.2	336
5	Statutory Auditors' report on the parent company and consolidated financial statements	3.2.6, 3.3.5	129, 152

6.4.3 Cross-reference table of the Management Report, of the Corporate Governance Report and of the non-financial performance statement

Articles L. 225-100 *et seq.* of the French Commercial Code.

N°	Required elements	Chapters	Pages
1.	Group situation and activity		
1.1	Company's position during the fiscal year under review and objective, exhaustive analysis of the change in revenue, results and financial position of the Company and the Group, in particular its debt position, with respect to the volume and complexity of business	1.2, 3.2, 3.3	16, 79, 136
1.2	Financial key performance indicators	Introduction, 3.2, 3.3	6, 79, 136
1.3	Non-financial key performance indicators relating to the Company's specific activity, in particular information on environmental and staff issues with reference made to amounts featured in the annual financial statements and the relevant additional explanations	4	162
1.4	Important events between the closing date of the financial year and the date the report is established	3.1.5, 3.3.4 note 7	77, 151
1.5	Identity of the main shareholders and holders of voting rights at General Meetings, and changes made during the financial year	5.6.2.1, 5.6.2.3	324, 327
1.6	Existing branches	NA	NA
1.7	Significant equity investments in companies based in France or the takeover of such companies	NA	NA
1.8	Disposals of shares arising from the effect of regulating cross-shareholdings	NA	NA
1.8	Foreseeable developments of the Company and its outlook	3.1.6	78
1.1	Company research and development activities	1.2.3	28
1.11	Table of the Company's results during each of the last five financial years	3.4.11	160
1.12	Information regarding payment terms of suppliers and customers of the Company whose annual financial statements are certified by a Statutory Auditor	3.4.8	159
1.13	Amount of loans with a maturity of less than two years granted by the Company, on an ancillary basis to its main activity, to micro-companies or small or medium-sized companies with which it has economic links	3.3.4 note 3	143

N°	Required elements	Chapters	Pages
2.	Internal control and risk management		
2.1	Description of the main risks and uncertainties faced by the Company	2.2.2	52
2.2	Guidance on financial risks linked to the effects of climate change and steps taken by the Company to reduce them by implementing a low-carbon strategy in all areas of its activity	2.2.2, 4.5.1	52, 207
2.3	Principal characteristics of the internal control and risk management procedures put in place by the Company relating to the preparation and processing of accounting and financial information	2.1	44
2.4	Information regarding the Company's objectives and its policy as to the hedging of each main category of scheduled transactions for which hedge accounting is used, along with its exposure to price, credit, liquidity and cash risk; these indications include the Company's use of financial instruments	2.2.2, 3.2.5 note 21	52, 120
2.5	Anti-corruption system	4.3.2	188
2.6	Reporting of the effective implementation of the vigilance plan	NA	NA
3.	Information relating to corporate governance		
	<i>Information on compensation</i>		
3.1	Compensation policy for Corporate Officers	5.4.1	291
3.2	Compensation and benefits of any kind for each Corporate Officer paid or awarded during the past financial year	5.4.2	301
3.3	Relative proportion of fixed and variable compensation	5.4.3	315
3.4	Use of the option to request the return of variable compensation	NA	NA
3.5	Commitments of any kind made by the Company in favor of its Corporate Officers, and corresponding to components of compensation, indemnities or benefits due or liable to be due in respect of the taking up, termination of or change in their duties or subsequent to the exercise thereof	5.4.2	301
3.6	Compensation paid or allocated by a company included in the scope of consolidation within the meaning of Article L. 233-16 of the French Commercial Code	NA	NA
3.7	Ratios between the level of compensation of each Executive Corporate Officer and the average and median compensation of the Company's employees	5.4.3	315
3.8	Annual change in compensation, company performance, average compensation of company employees and the aforementioned ratios over the five most recent financial years	5.4.3	315
3.9	Explanation of how the total compensation complies with the agreed compensation policy, including how it contributes to the long-term performance of the Company and the way in which the performance criteria have been applied	5.4.2	301
3.1	Way in which the vote of the last Ordinary General Meeting, as provided for in I of Article L. 22-10-34 of the French Commercial Code, was taken into account	5.4.1	291
3.11	Deviation from the procedure for implementing the compensation policy and any exceptions	5.4.1.2	292
3.12	Application of the provisions of the second paragraph of Article L. 225-45 of the French Commercial Code (suspension of the payment of compensation to members of the Supervisory Board in the event of non-compliance in terms of parity in the composition of the Supervisory Board)	NA	NA
3.13	Allocation and retention of options by Corporate Officers	5.4.2.2, 5.4.2.3	303, 306
3.14	Allocation and retention of free shares to Executive Corporate Officers	5.4.1, 5.4.2.2, 5.4.2.3	291, 303, 306
	<i>Governance information</i>		
3.15	Offices and positions held in any Company by each Corporate Officer during the past financial year	5.2.2.3	261
3.16	Agreements entered into between a senior executive or significant shareholder and a subsidiary	5.5	318
3.17	Summary table of delegations of authority and powers granted by the General Meeting to Executive Management with respect to capital increases	5.6.1.4	321
3.18	Methods of implementing Group management	5.3.1	289
3.19	Composition and conditions governing the preparation and organization of Supervisory Board's work	5.2.2	256

N°	Required elements	Chapters	Pages
3.20	Application of the principle of balanced gender representation on the Board and description of the diversity policy applied within the Board	5.2.1.2	252
3.21	Possible limitations on the powers of the Executive Chairmen	5.3.2.1	289
3.22	Reference to a Corporate Governance Code and application of the "comply or explain" principle	5.1.1, 5.1.2	248, 248
3.23	Specific terms and conditions relating to shareholder participation in the General Meeting	5.6.3.4	332
3.24	Procedure implemented by the Company to regularly assess the nature of ordinary and regulated agreements	5.1.3.5	251
3.25	Information that could have a bearing on a public purchase or exchange offer: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • company share capital structure; • statutory restrictions on the exercise of voting rights and share transfers, or clauses in agreements brought to the attention of the Company pursuant to Article L. 233-11; • direct or indirect holdings in the Company's share capital of which it is aware by virtue of Articles L. 233-7 and L. 233-12; • list of holders of any securities with special control rights and a description of these – control mechanisms provided for in a possible employee shareholding system, when the control rights are not exercised by the latter; • agreements between shareholders of which the Company is aware and which may result in restrictions on the transfer of shares and the exercise of voting rights; • rules applicable to the appointment and replacement of members of the Board of Directors and the amendment of the Company's Articles of Association; • powers of the Board of Directors, in particular with regard to the issue or buyback of shares; • agreements entered into by the Company that are amended or terminated in the event of a change in control of the Company, unless such disclosure, excluding cases with a legal obligation to disclose, would seriously harm its interests; • agreements providing for compensation for members of the Board of Directors or employees, if they resign or are dismissed without real and serious cause or if their employment is terminated due to a public takeover bid or exchange offer. 	5.6.2.5	328
4.	Share ownership and share capital		
4.1	Structure, change in the Company's share capital and crossing of thresholds	5.6.2.1	324
4.2	Information regarding the Company's acquisition of its own shares with a view to allocating them to employees or Senior Executives (share buyback program)	5.6.1.5, 5.6.1.6	322, 322
4.3	Statement of employee and Senior Executive holdings in the share capital on the last day of the financial year, and proportion of the capital represented by the shares held by employees managed collectively	5.6.2.1	324
4.4	Statement of any adjustments for securities giving access to the share capital in the event of share buybacks or financial operations	NA	NA
4.5	Summary of transactions carried out on their securities by Senior Executives, senior managers or persons with which they are closely linked	5.6.2.2	326
4.6	Amount of dividends distributed over the last three years, and amount of distributed income eligible and ineligible for deductions, broken down by share class	5.6.2.6	329
5.	Non-Financial Performance Statement		
5.1	Business model (or commercial model)	1.1.2.3	15
5.2	Description of the main risks related to the business of the company or group, including, where relevant and proportionate, risks created by business relationships, products or services	2.2	51
5.3	Information on the way in which the company or group takes into account the social and environmental consequences of its activity, and the effects of this activity in terms of respect for Human Rights and the fight against corruption (description of the policies applied and due diligence procedures implemented to prevent, identify and mitigate the main risks related to the business of the company or group)	4.3.2, 4.3.4, 4.5	188, 193, 207
5.4	Results of policies applied by the company or group, including key performance indicators	4.8	222
5.5	Corporate social information (employment, work organization, health and safety, labor relations, training, equal treatment)	4.4	195

N°	Required elements	Chapters	Pages
5.6	Environmental information (general environmental policy, pollution, circular economy, climate change)	4.5	207
5.7	Societal information (societal commitments in favor of sustainable development, subcontracting and suppliers, fair practices)	4	162
5.8	Anti-corruption information	4.3.2	188
5.9	Information on actions in favor of Human Rights	4.3.4	193
5.10	Specific information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> the company's policy to prevent the risk of technological accidents; the company's ability to cover its civil liability in respect of property and persons as a result of the operation of such facilities; resources planned by the company to ensure the compensation of victims in the event of a technological accident involving its liability. 	2.1.4.4, 2.2	48, 51
5.11	Collective agreements signed within the Company and their impact on the Company's business performance as well as employee working conditions	4.4.4	205
5.12	Statement by the independent third party on the information contained in the EFPD	4.10	231
6.	Other information		
6.1	Additional tax information	3.4.9	159
6.2	Injunctions or fines for anti-competitive practices imposed by the Competition Council, the inclusion of which in the annual report was prescribed by said Council	NA	NA

6.4.4 Cross-reference table for the filing of the financial statements

INFORMATION	Chapters	Pages
Annual financial statements	3.3	136
Consolidated financial statements	3.2	79
Management Report	3.1	62
Board of Directors' Report on Corporate Governance	5, 6.4.3	246, 341
Statutory Auditors' Reports	3.2.6, 3.3.5, 5.5	129, 152, 318
Activities of the Company and the Group/Other	1.2	16
Results of the last five financial years	3.4.11	160

6.5 Glossary

5HIAA	5 HydroxyIndole Acetic Acid
ALGS	Alagille Syndrome
AMF	<i>Autorité des Marchés Financiers</i> (French financial markets authority)
ANSM	<i>Agence Nationale de Sécurité du Médicament et des produits de santé</i> - French agency for the safety of medicines and healthcare products
aRCC	Advanced Renal Cell Carcinoma
AXL	Tyrosine kinase receptor
BA	Biliary Atresia
BD&L	Business Development & Licensing
BEV	Battery Electric Vehicle
BPCIA	Biologics Price Competition and Innovation Act
BRDB	Benefit-Risk Decision Board
Capex	Capital expenditures
CCA	Climate Change Adaptation
CCM	Climate Change Mitigation
CHMP	Committee for Medicinal Products for Human Use
COI	Core Operating Income
COSO	Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission
CSP	Certificate of Supplementary Protection
CSR	Corporate Social Responsibility
DRB	Deal Review Board
DTC	Differentiated Thyroid Carcinoma
DOR	Duration Of Response
EBITDA	Earnings Before Interest, Taxes, Depreciation and Amortization
EFPIA	European Federation of Pharmaceutical Industries and Associations
EHS	Environment Health Security
ELT	Executive Leadership Team
EMA	European Medicines Agency
ERP	Enterprise Resource Planning
ES	Epithelioid Sarcoma
EU	European Union
EZH2	Enhancer of Zeste Homolog 2
FCP	<i>Fonds Commun de Placement</i> - Mutual fund
FDA	Food and Drug Administration
FL	Follicular Lymphoma
FLIP	FLICE-like inhibitory protein
FOP	Fibrodysplasia Ossificans Progressiva
FR1	Medicalized accidents with lost days' frequency rate per one million hours worked
FR2	Medicalized accidents with and without lost days' frequency rate per one million hours worked
GCLP	Good Clinical Laboratory Practices
GCP	Good Clinical Practices
GDP	Good Distribution Practices

GEP NET	Gastro-Entero-Pancreatic Neuroendocrine Tumors
GHG	GreenHouse Gas
GLP	Good Laboratory Practices
GLT	Global Leadership Team
GMP	Good Manufacturing Practices
GnRH	Gonadotrophin Releasing Hormone
GPPS	Global Product and Portfolio Strategy
GVP	Good Pharmacovigilance Practices
GWP	Global Warming Potential
GXPs	Good Quality Systems across the Good Pharmaceutical Practices
HEV	Hybrid Vehicle
HO	Heterotopic Ossification
HR	Human Resources
HVAC	Heating, Ventilation, Air Conditioning
IDMC	Independent Data Monitoring Committee
IFRS	International Financing Reporting Standards
IGF-1	Insulin-like Growth Factor-1
IHP	International Health Partners
KPI	Key Performance Indicators
LEEM	<i>Les Entreprises du Médicament</i> - French pharmaceutical industry association
LID	Levodopa-Induced Dyskinesia
LTI	Long Term Incentive plan
M&A	Mergers & Acquisitions
MAA	Marketing Authorization Application
mCRPC	metastatic Castration-Resistant Prostate Cancer
MHRA	UK Medicines & Healthcare Products Regulatory Agency
MO	Multiple Osteochondromas
MT	Mutant-Type
NCDs	Non-Communicable Diseases
NCE	New Chemical Entity
NDA	New Drug Application
NET	NeuroEndocrine Tumors
NEU CP	Negotiable European Commercial Paper
NHT	Novel Hormonal Therapy
NSCLC	Non-Small Cell Lung Cancer
ODE	Orphan Drug Exclusivity
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
Opex	Operational expenditures
ORR	Overall Response Rate
PBC	Primary Biliary Cholangitis
PBO	Projected Benefits Obligations
PC	Portfolio Committee
PFIC	Progressive Familial Intrahepatic Cholestasis
PFS	Progression-Free Survival
PHE	Public Health England

PHEV	Plug-in Hybrid Vehicle
PPC	Pollution, Prevention and Control
PPV	Pollution, Prevention and Control
PoC	Clinical Proof of Concept
PSI	Pharmaceutical Security Institute
PTA	Patent Term Adjustment
PTE	Patent Term Extension
QSEB	Quality Systems Evaluation Board
QUB	Queen's University of Belfast
R&D	Research and Development
RAI	Refractory or not eligible to radioactive iodine
RARγ	Retinoic Acid Receptor gama
RCC	Renal Cell Carcinoma
RCF	Revolving Credit Facility
REMS	Risk Evaluation and Mitigation Strategy
RET	Re-arranged during transfection
S.A.	<i>Société Anonyme</i> - Public Limited Company
S.à.r.L	<i>Société à responsabilité Limitée</i> - Limited Liability Company
SAS	<i>Société par Actions Simplifiée</i> - Simplified joint-stock Company
SDG	Sustainable Development Goals
sNDA	Supplemental New Drug Application
SPC	Supplementary Protection Certificate
SRM	Supplier Risk Management
STAR	Selective T cell Activation Repertoire
tCO₂e	Tonnes of carbon dioxide equivalent
TKI	Tyrosine Kinase Inhibitor
TPH	Enzyme tryptophan hydroxylase
VEGF	Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor
VEGFR	Vascular Endothelial Growth Factor Receptor
WT	Wild-Type

[This page is intentionally left blank]

Contacts

Readers can address any comments and questions on this document to:



Ipsen
65, quai Georges Gorse
92100 Boulogne-Billancourt

Phone: +33 1 58 33 50 00
Fax: +33 1 58 33 50 01

www.ipsen.com

2023 Universal registration document

This universal registration document is also available on the Company's website at www.ipsen.com.

Photo credits: the images used in the creation of this integrated annual report belong to Ipsen; they may not be copied in whole or in part without authorization.

Photographers: in order of appearance – Matt Branscombe / BSC Photo Studio; Pierre Olivier / CAPA Pictures; Sarah Palmer / CAPA Pictures; Ioan Saïd / CAPA Pictures; Ioan Saïd / CAPA Pictures; Adam Wiseman / CAPA Pictures.

Stock images: chapter 4 (CSR) pp. 165 et 169 Shutterstock; Getty Images.

Designed & published by



+33 (0)1 40 55 16 66



www.ipsen.com